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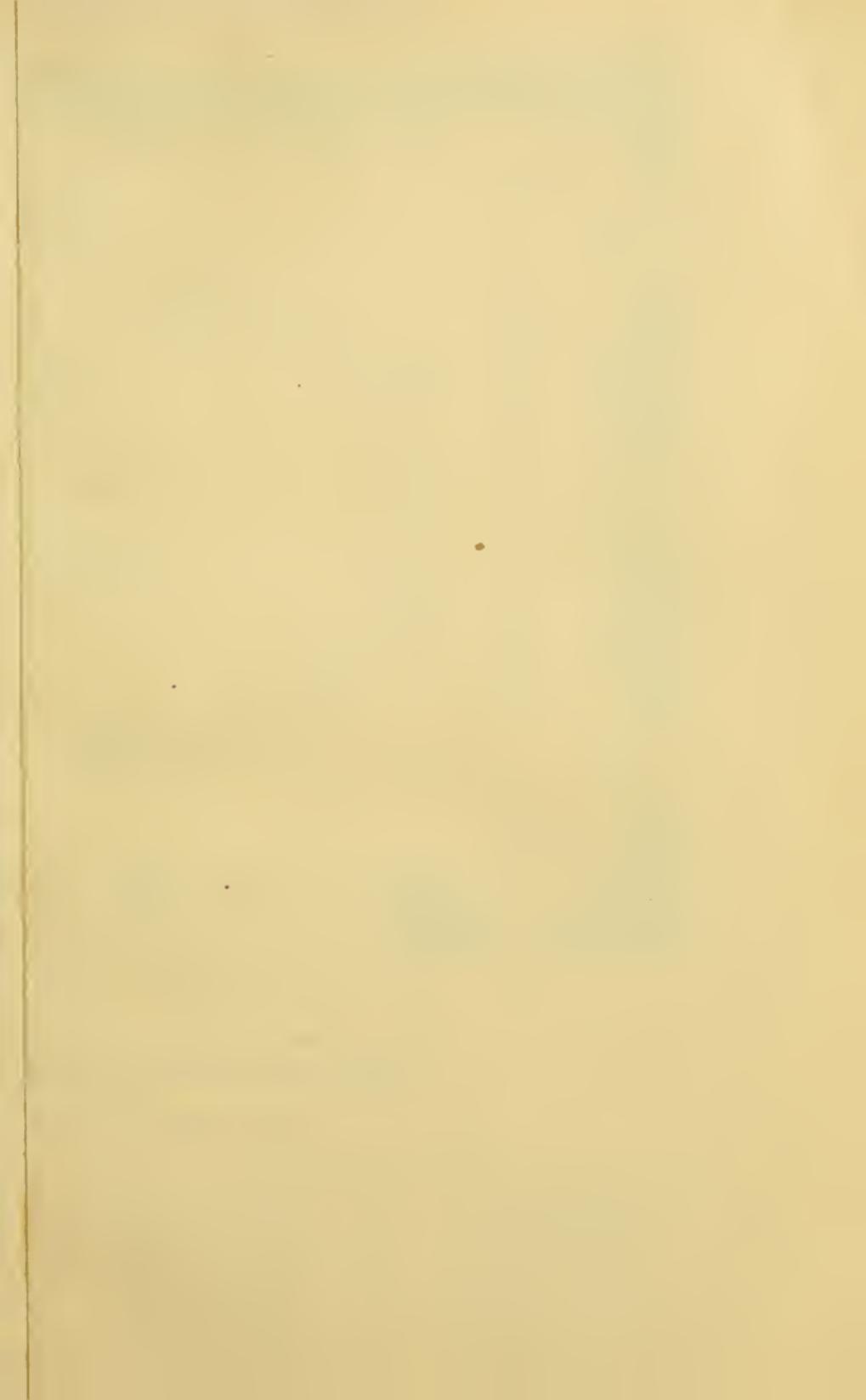




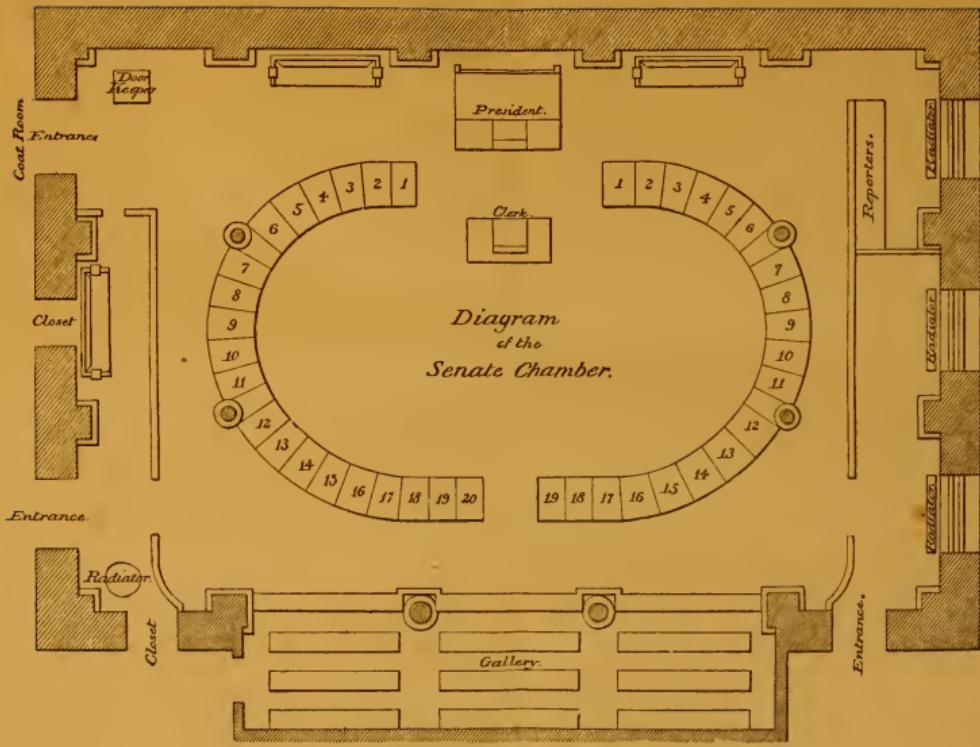












*Diagram  
of the  
Senate Chamber.*

HON. ALFRED S. PINKERTON, PRESIDENT.

ON PRESIDENT'S RIGHT.

1. Hon. Herbert L. Baker.
2. " John Read.
3. " Edward P. Shaw.
4. " Charles F. Brown.
5. " John F. Merrill.
6. " Henry A. Kimball.
7. " Henry F. Fitzgerald.
8. " Patrick J. Kennedy.
9. " Richard A. Carter.
10. " Edward J. Leary.
11. Hon. Maurice F. Coughlin.
12. " George H. R. Green.
13. " William P. Buckley.
14. " William B. Lawrence.
15. " Albert S. Burnham.
16. " Francis P. Arnold.
17. " Hiram A. Monk.
18. " John Kendrick, Jr.
19. " John H. Dee.
20. " Eben S. Stevens.

JOHN G. B. ADAMS, Sergeant-at-Arms.

ON PRESIDENT'S LEFT.

1. Hon. Robert Howard.
2. " William M. Butler.
3. " Henry Parkman.
4. " William F. Ray.
5. " Abraham C. Ratshesky.
6. " Joseph F. Bartlett.
7. " Elisha H. Shaw.
8. " Henry S. Milton.
9. " Francis W. Kittredge.
10. " Francis T. Berry.
11. Hon. Stephen Salisbury.
12. " Frederick Lawton.
13. " Stephen A. Ulcock.
14. " Everett S. Horton.
15. " Samuel L. Sawyer.
16. " Luther Dame.
17. " George K. Nichols.
18. " Solomon F. Cushman.
19. " Charles H. Baker.

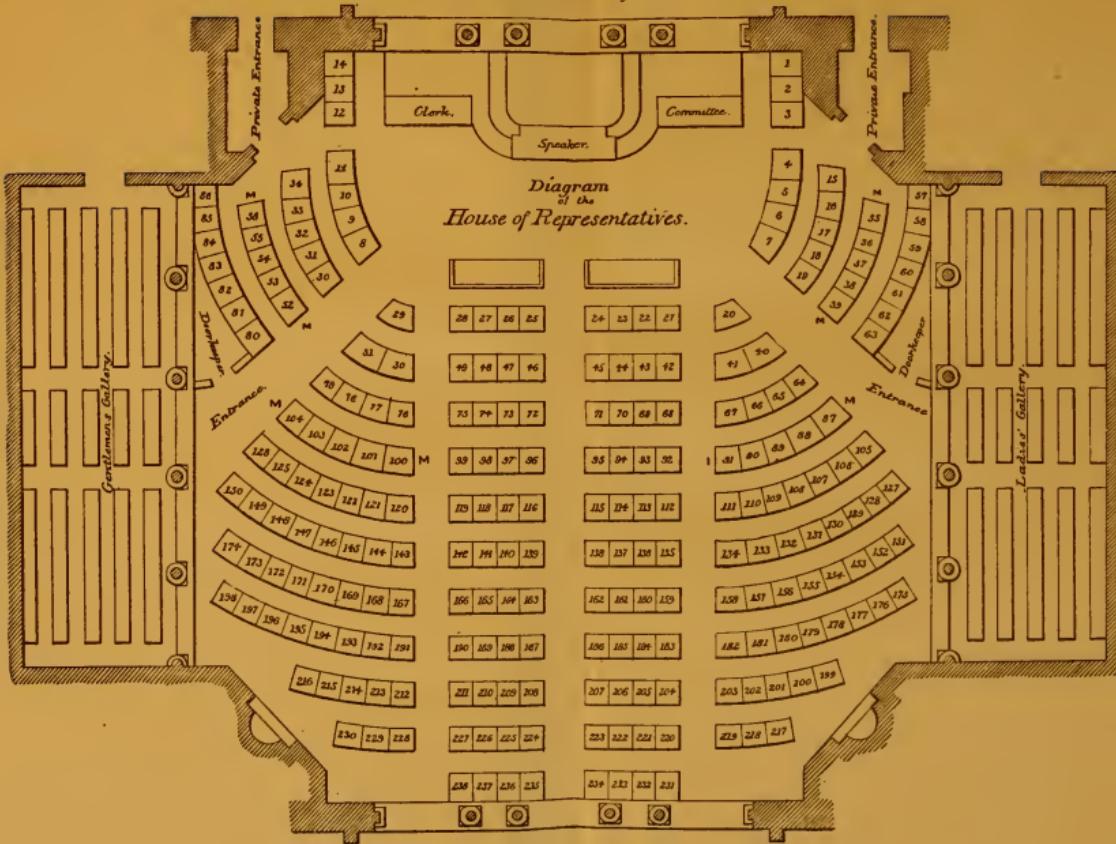
HENRY D. COOLIDGE, Clerk.







## *Reporter's Gallery.*



*Member's Gallery.*







Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

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MANUAL

FOR THE USE OF THE

GENERAL COURT:

CONTAINING THE

RULES OF THE TWO BRANCHES,

TOGETHER WITH THE

CONSTITUTION OF THE COMMONWEALTH, AND THAT  
OF THE UNITED STATES, AND A LIST OF THE  
EXECUTIVE, LEGISLATIVE, AND JUDICIAL  
DEPARTMENTS OF THE STATE GOV-  
ERNMENT, STATE INSTITUTIONS  
AND THEIR OFFICERS,

*AND OTHER STATISTICAL INFORMATION.*

*Prepared under Section 3 of Chapter 369 of the Acts of 1885,*

BY

HENRY D. COOLIDGE, CLERK OF THE SENATE,

AND

EDWARD A. McLAUGHLIN, CLERK OF THE HOUSE.

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1893.



1893  
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CONSTITUTION  
OF THE  
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

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WE the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquillity, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this CONSTITUTION for the United States of America.

## ARTICLE I.

SECTION 1. All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a congress of the United States, which shall consist of a senate and house of representatives.

SECT. 2. The house of representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several states, and the electors in each state shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the state legislature.

No person shall be a representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state in which he shall be chosen.

Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several states which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each state shall have at least one representative; and until such enumeration shall be made, the state of New Hampshire shall be entitled to choose three, Massachusetts eight, Rhode Island and Providence Plantations one, Connecticut five, New York six, New Jersey four, Pennsylvania eight, Delaware one, Maryland six, Virginia ten, North Carolina five, South Carolina five, and Georgia three.

When vacancies happen in the representation from any state, the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies.

The house of representatives shall choose their speaker and other officers; and shall have the sole power of impeachment.

SECT. 3. The senate of the United States shall be composed of two senators from each state, chosen by the legislature thereof, for six years; and each senator shall have one vote.

Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence

of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year, of the second class at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class at the expiration of the sixth year, so that one-third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen by resignation, or otherwise, during the recess of the legislature of any state, the executive thereof may make temporary appointments until the next meeting of the legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.

No person shall be a senator who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state for which he shall be chosen.

The vice-president of the United States shall be president of the senate, but shall have no vote, unless they be equally divided.

The senate shall choose their other officers, and also a president *pro tempore*, in the absence of the vice-president, or when he shall exercise the office of president of the United States.

The senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the president of the United States is tried, the chief justice shall preside: and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present.

Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust or profit under the United States: but the party convicted shall nevertheless be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment, according to law.

SECT. 4. The times, places and manner of holding elections for senators and representatives, shall be prescribed in

each state by the legislature thereof; but the congress may at any time by law make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing senators.

The congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

SECT. 5. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner, and under such penalties as each house may provide.

Each house may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and, with the concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member.

Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may in their judgment require secrecy; and the yeas and nays of the members of either house on any question shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

Neither house, during the session of congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting.

SECT. 6. The senators and representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the treasury of the United States. They shall in all cases, except treason, felony and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any speech or debate in either house, they shall not be questioned in any other place.

No senator or representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time; and no person holding any office under the United States, shall be a member of either house during his continuance in office.

SECT. 7. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the house of representatives; but the senate may propose or concur with amendments as on other bills.

Every bill which shall have passed the house of representatives and the senate, shall, before it become a law, be presented to the president of the United States; if he approve he shall sign it, but if not he shall return it, with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If after such reconsideration two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of that house, it shall become a law. But in all such cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the president within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the congress by their adjournment prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

Every order, resolution, or vote to which the concurrence of the senate and house of representatives may be necessary (except on a question of adjournment) shall be presented to the president of the United States; and before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him, or being disap-

proved by him, shall be repassed by two-thirds of the senate and house of representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill.

SECT. 8. The congress shall have power—to lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defence and general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States;—to borrow money on the credit of the United States;—to regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several states, and with the Indian tribes;—to establish an uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies throughout the United States;—to coin money, regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coin, and fix the standard of weights and measures;—to provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States;—to establish post offices and post roads;—to promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing for limited times to authors and inventors the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries;—to constitute tribunals inferior to the supreme court;—to define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas, and offences against the law of nations;—to declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water;—to raise and support armies, but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years;—to provide and maintain a navy;—to make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces;—to provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections, and repel invasions;—to provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the states respectively, the appointment of the officers, and the authority of

training the militia according to the discipline prescribed by congress;—to exercise exclusive legislation in all cases whatsoever, over such district (not exceeding ten miles square) as may, by cession of particular states, and the acceptance of congress, become the seat of the government of the United States, and to exercise like authority over all places purchased by the consent of the legislature of the state in which the same shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dock-yards, and other needful buildings;—and to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this constitution in the government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof.

**SECT. 9.** The migration or importation of such persons, as any of the states now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be prohibited by the congress prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, but a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each person.

The privilege of the writ of *habeas corpus* shall not be suspended, unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

No bill of attainder or *ex post facto* law shall be passed.

No capitation, or other direct tax, shall be laid, unless in proportion to the census or enumeration herein before directed to be taken.

No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any state.

No preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue to the ports of one state over those of another; nor shall vessels bound to, or from, one state be obliged to enter, clear or pay duties in another.

No money shall be drawn from the treasury, but in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a regular

statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published from time to time.

No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States; and no person holding any office of profit or trust under them shall, without the consent of the congress, accept of any present, emolument, office or title, of any kind whatever, from any king, prince, or foreign state.

SECT. 10. No state shall enter into any treaty, alliance, or confederation; grant letters of marque and reprisal; coin money; emit bills of credit; make anything but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts; pass any bill of attainder, *ex post facto* law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, or grant any title of nobility. No state shall, without the consent of the congress, lay any imposts or duties on imports or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection laws: and the net produce of all duties and imposts, laid by any state on imports or exports, shall be for the use of the treasury of the United States; and all such laws shall be subject to the revision and control of the congress. No state shall, without the consent of congress, lay any duty of tonnage, keep troops, or ships of war in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another state, or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay.

## ARTICLE II.

SECTION 1. The executive power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America. He shall hold his office during the term of four years, and, together with the vice-president, chosen for the same term, be elected, as follows:—

Each state shall appoint, in such manner as the legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors, equal to the whole number of senators and representatives to which the state

may be entitled in the congress : but no senator or representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States, shall be appointed an elector.

[The electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for two persons, of whom one at least shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves. And they shall make a list of all the persons voted for, and of the number of votes for each ; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the president of the senate. The president of the senate shall, in the presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be the president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed ; and if there be more than one who have such majority, and have an equal number of votes, then the house of representatives shall immediately choose by ballot one of them for president ; and if no person have a majority, then from the five highest on the list the said house shall in like manner choose the president. But in choosing the president the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote ; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. In every case, after the choice of the president, the person having the greatest number of votes of the electors shall be the vice-president. But if there should remain two or more who have equal votes, the senate shall choose from them by ballot the vice-president.]

The congress may determine the time of choosing the electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes ; which day shall be the same throughout the United States.

No person except a natural born citizen, or a citizen of the United States, at the time of the adoption of this constitution, shall be eligible to the office of president ; neither

shall any person be eligible to that office who shall not have attained to the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the United States.

In case of the removal of the president from office, or of his death, resignation, or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the vice-president, and the congress may by law provide for the case of removal, death, resignation, or inability, both of the president and vice-president, declaring what officer shall then act as president, and such officer shall act accordingly, until the disability be removed, or a president shall be elected.

The president shall, at stated times, receive for his services, a compensation, which shall neither be increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected, and he shall not receive within that period any other emolument from the United States, or any of them.

Before he enter on the execution of his office, he shall take the following oath or affirmation:—

“I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of president of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect and defend the constitution of the United States.”

SECT. 2. The president shall be commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the United States, and of the militia of the several states, when called into the actual service of the United States; he may require the opinion, in writing, of the principal officer in each of the executive departments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices, and he shall have power to grant reprieves and pardons for offences against the United States, except in cases of impeachment.

He shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the

senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the senate, shall appoint ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, judges of the supreme court, and all other officers of the United States, whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by law: but the congress may by law vest the appointment of such inferior officers, as they think proper, in the president alone, in the courts of law, or in the heads of departments.

The president shall have power to fill up all vacancies that may happen during the recess of the senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session.

SECT. 3. He shall from time to time give to the congress information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may, on extraordinary occasions, convene both houses, or either of them, and in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper; he shall receive ambassadors and other public ministers; he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and shall commission all the officers of the United States.

SECT. 4. The president, vice-president, and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of, treason, bribery, or other high crimes and misdemeanors.

### ARTICLE III.

SECTION 1. The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one supreme court, and in such inferior courts as the congress may from time to time ordain and establish. The judges, both of the supreme and infe-

rior courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior, and shall, at stated times, receive for their services, a compensation, which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

SECT. 2. The judicial power shall extend to all cases, in law and equity, arising under this constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties made, or which shall be made, under their authority ; — to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers, and consuls ; — to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction ; — to controversies to which the United States shall be a party ; — to controversies between two or more states ; — between a state and citizens of another state ; — between citizens of different states ; — between citizens of the same state claiming lands under grants of different states, and between a state, or the citizens thereof, and foreign states, citizens or subjects.

In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, and those in which a state shall be a party, the supreme court shall have original jurisdiction. In all the other cases before mentioned, the supreme court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact, with such exceptions, and under such regulations as the congress shall make.

The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury ; and such trial shall be held in the state where the said crimes shall have been committed ; but when not committed within any state, the trial shall be at such place or places as the congress may by law have directed.

SECT. 3. Treason against the United States, shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

The congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason, but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood, or forfeiture except during the life of the person attainted.

#### ARTICLE IV.

SECTION 1. Full faith and credit shall be given in each state to the public acts, records, and judicial proceedings of every other state. And the congress may by general laws prescribe the manner in which such acts, records and proceedings shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

SECT. 2. The citizens of each state shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several states.

A person charged in any state with treason, felony, or other crime, who shall flee from justice, and be found in another state, shall, on demand of the executive authority of the state from which he fled, be delivered up to be removed to the state having jurisdiction of the crime.

No person held to service or labor in one state, under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor, but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due.

SECT. 3. New states may be admitted by the congress into this Union; but no new state shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other state; nor any state be formed by the junction of two or more states, or parts of states, without the consent of the legislatures of the states concerned as well as of the congress.

The congress shall have power to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this constitution shall be so construed as to prejudice any claims of the United States, or of any particular state.

SECT. 4. The United States shall guarantee to every state in this Union a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion, and on application of the legislature, or of the executive (when the legislature cannot be convened) against domestic violence.

#### ARTICLE V.

The congress, whenever two-thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this constitution, or, on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states, shall call a convention for proposing amendments, which, in either case, shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of this constitution, when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states, or by conventions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by congress; provided that no amendment which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no state, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the senate.

#### ARTICLE VI.

All debts contracted and engagements entered into, before the adoption of this constitution, shall be as valid against the United States under this constitution, as under the confederation.

This constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof; and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every state shall be bound thereby, any thing in the constitution or laws of any state to the contrary notwithstanding.

The senators and representatives before mentioned, and the members of the several state legislatures, and all execu-

tive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several states, shall be bound by oath or affirmation, to support this constitution; but no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States.

## ARTICLE VII.

The ratification of the conventions of nine states, shall be sufficient for the establishment of this constitution between the states so ratifying the same.

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## ARTICLES

### IN ADDITION TO, AND AMENDMENT OF,

*The constitution of the United States of America, proposed by congress, and ratified by the legislatures of the several states, pursuant to the fifth article of the original constitution.*

**ARTICLE I.** Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.

**ART. II.** A well regulated militia, being necessary to the security of a free state, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.

**ART. III.** No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house, without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

**ART. IV.** The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable

searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

ART. V. No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offence to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation.

ART. VI. In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the state and district wherin the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel for his defence.

ART. VII. In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury shall be otherwise re-examined in any court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.

ART. VIII. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

ART. IX. The enumeration in the constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

ART. X. The powers not delegated to the United States by the constitution, nor prohibited by it to the states, are reserved to the states respectively, or to the people.

ART. XI. The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by citizens of another state, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign state.

ART. XII. The electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for president and vice-president, one of whom, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the person voted for as president, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as vice-president, and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as president, and of all persons voted for as vice-president, and of the number of votes for each, which lists they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the president of the senate; — the president of the senate shall, in presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted; — the person having the greatest number of votes for president, shall be the president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers not exceeding three on the list of those voted for as president, the house of representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the president. But in choosing the president, the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having

one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. And if the house of representatives shall not choose a president whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the vice-president shall act as president, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the president.

The person having the greatest number of votes as vice-president, shall be the vice-president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed, and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list, the senate shall choose the vice-president; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice.

But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of president shall be eligible to that of vice-president of the United States.

**ART. XIII.** SECT. 1. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

SECT. 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

**ART. XIV.** SECT. 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the state wherein they reside. No state shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any state deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

SECT. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several states according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each state, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for president and vice-president of the United States, representatives in congress, the executive and judicial officers of a state, or the members of the legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such state, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such state.

SECT. 3. No person shall be a senator, or representative in congress, or elector of president and vice-president, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any state, who, having previously taken an oath, as a member of congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any state legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any state, to support the constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof. But congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each house, remove such disability.

SECT. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned.

But neither the United States, nor any state, shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void.

SECT. 5. The congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

ART. XV. SECT. 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States, or by any state, on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude.

SECT. 2. The congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

[NOTE. The constitution was adopted September 17, 1787, by the unanimous consent of the states present in the convention appointed in pursuance of the resolution of the congress of the confederation of February 21, 1787, and was ratified by the conventions of the several states, as follows, viz.: By convention of *Delaware*, December 7, 1787; *Pennsylvania*, December 12, 1787; *New Jersey*, December 18, 1787; *Georgia*, January 2, 1788; *Connecticut*, January 9, 1788; *Massachusetts*, February 6, 1788; *Maryland*, April 28, 1788; *South Carolina*, May 23, 1788; *New Hampshire*, June 21, 1788; *Virginia*, June 26, 1788; *New York*, July 26, 1788; *North Carolina*, November 21, 1789; *Rhode Island*, May 29, 1790.

The first ten of the amendments were proposed at the first session of the first congress of the United States, September 25, 1789, and were finally ratified by the constitutional number of states on December 15, 1791. The eleventh amendment was proposed at the first session of the third congress, March 5, 1794, and was declared, in a message from the President of the United States to both houses of congress, dated January 8, 1798, to have been adopted by the constitutional number of states. The twelfth amendment was proposed at the first session of the eighth congress, December 12, 1803, and was adopted by the constitutional number of states in 1804, according to a public notice thereof by the secretary of state, dated September 25 of the same year.

The thirteenth amendment was proposed to the legislatures of the several states by the thirty-eighth congress on February 1, 1865, and was declared, in a proclamation of the secretary of state, dated December 18, 1865, to have been ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the states.

The fourteenth amendment was proposed to the legislatures of the several states by the thirty-ninth congress, on June 16, 1866.

On July 20, 1868, the secretary of state of the United States issued his certificate, setting out that it appeared by official documents on

file in the department of state that said amendment had been ratified by the legislatures of the states of *Connecticut, New Hampshire, Tennessee, New Jersey, Oregon, Vermont, New York, Ohio, Illinois, West Virginia, Kansas, Maine, Nevada, Missouri, Indiana, Minnesota, Rhode Island, Wisconsin, Pennsylvania, Michigan, Massachusetts, Nebraska, and Iowa*, and by newly established bodies avowing themselves to be and acting as the legislatures of the states of *Arkansas, Florida, North Carolina, Louisiana, South Carolina, and Alabama*; that the legislatures of *Ohio* and *New Jersey* had since passed resolutions withdrawing the consent of those states to said amendment; that the whole number of states in the United States was thirty-seven, that the twenty-three states first above named and the six states next above named together, constituted three-fourths of the whole number of states, and certifying that if the resolutions of *Ohio* and *New Jersey*, ratifying said amendment, were still in force, notwithstanding their subsequent resolutions, then said amendment had been ratified and so become valid as part of the constitution.

On July 21, 1868, congress passed a resolution reciting that the amendment had been ratified by *Connecticut, Tennessee, New Jersey, Oregon, Vermont, West Virginia, Kansas, Missouri, Indiana, Ohio, Illinois, Minnesota, New York, Wisconsin, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Michigan, Nevada, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Nebraska, Maine, Iowa, Arkansas, Florida, North Carolina, Alabama, South Carolina and Louisiana*, being three-fourths of the several states of the Union, and declaring said fourteenth article to be a part of the constitution of the United States, and making it the duty of the secretary of state to duly promulgate it as such.

On July 28, 1868, the secretary of state issued his certificate, reciting the above resolution, and stating that official notice had been received at the department of state that action had been taken by the legislatures of the states in relation to said amendment, as follows: "It was ratified in A.D. 1866, by *Connecticut*, June 30; *New Hampshire*, July 7; *Tennessee*, July 19; *Oregon*, September 19; *Vermont*, November 9. In A.D. 1867, by *New York*, January 10; *Illinois*, January 15; *West Virginia*, January 16; *Kansas*, January 18; *Maine*, January 19; *Nevada*, January 22; *Missouri*, January 26; *Indiana*, January 29; *Minnesota*, February 1; *Rhode Island*, February 7; *Wisconsin*, February 13; *Pennsylvania*, February 13; *Michigan*, February 15; *Massachusetts*, March 20; *Nebraska*, June 15. In A.D. 1868, by *Iowa*, April 3; *Arkansas*, April 8; *Florida*, June 9; *Louisiana*, July 9; and *Alabama*, July 13.

"It was first ratified and the ratification subsequently withdrawn by *New Jersey*, ratified September 11, 1866, withdrawn April, 1868; *Ohio*, ratified January 11, 1867, and withdrawn January, 1868.

"It was first rejected and then ratified by *Georgia*, rejected November 13, 1866, ratified July 21, 1868; *North Carolina*, rejected December 4, 1866, ratified July 4, 1868; *South Carolina*, rejected December 20, 1866, and ratified July 9, 1868.

"It was rejected by *Texas*, November 1, 1866; *Virginia*, January 9, 1867; *Kentucky*, January 10, 1867; *Delaware*, February 7, 1867; and *Maryland*, March 23, 1867."

And on said July 28, 1868, and in execution of the act proposing the amendment and of the concurrent resolution of congress above mentioned and in pursuance thereof, the secretary of state directed that said amendment to the constitution be published in the newspapers authorized to promulgate the laws of the United States, and certified that it had been adopted in the manner above specified by the states named in said resolution, and that it "has become valid to all intents and purposes as a part of the constitution of the United States."

Subsequently it was ratified by *Virginia*, October 8, 1869, by *Georgia*, again, February 2, 1870, and by *Texas*, February 18, 1870.

The fifteenth amendment was proposed to the legislatures of the several states by the fortieth congress on February 27, 1869, and was declared, in a proclamation of the secretary of state, dated March 30, 1870, to have been ratified by the constitutional number of states and to have "become valid to all intents and purposes as part of the constitution of the United States."]

CONSTITUTION  
OR  
FORM OF GOVERNMENT  
FOR THE  
Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

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### PREAMBLE.

THE end of the institution, maintenance, and administration of government, is to secure the existence of the body politic, to protect it, and to furnish the individuals who compose it with the power of enjoying in safety and tranquillity their natural rights, and the blessings of life: and whenever these great objects are not obtained, the people have a right to alter the government, and to take measures necessary for their safety, prosperity, and happiness.

The body politic is formed by a voluntary association of individuals: it is a social compact, by which the whole people covenants with each citizen, and each citizen with the whole people, that all shall be governed by certain laws for the common good. It is the duty of the people, therefore, in framing a constitution of government, to provide for an equitable mode of making laws, as well as for an impartial interpretation and a faithful execution of them; that every man may, at all times, find his security in them.

We, therefore, the people of Massachusetts, acknowledging, with grateful hearts, the goodness of the great Legis-

lator of the universe, in affording us, in the course of His providence, an opportunity, deliberately and peaceably, without fraud, violence, or surprise, of entering into an original, explicit, and solemn compact with each other; and of forming a new constitution of civil government, for ourselves and posterity; and devoutly imploring His direction in so interesting a design, do agree upon, ordain, and establish, the following *Declaration of Rights, and Frame of Government*, as the CONSTITUTION OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

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## PART THE FIRST.

### *A Declaration of the Rights of the Inhabitants of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.*

ARTICLE I. All men are born free and equal, and have certain natural, essential, and unalienable rights; among which may be reckoned the right of enjoying and defending their lives and liberties; that of acquiring, possessing, and protecting property; in fine, that of seeking and obtaining their safety and happiness.

ART. II. It is the right as well as the duty of all men in society, publicly, and at stated seasons, to worship the SUPREME BEING, the great Creator and Preserver of the universe. And no subject shall be hurt, molested, or restrained, in his person, liberty, or estate, for worshipping GOD in the manner and season most agreeable to the dictates of his own conscience; or for his religious profession or sentiments; provided he doth not disturb the public peace, or obstruct others in their religious worship.

ART. III. [As the happiness of a people, and the good order, and preservation of civil government, essentially depend upon piety, religion, and morality; and as these cannot be generally diffused through a community but by the institution of the public worship of GOD, and of public instructions

in piety, religion, and morality: Therefore, to promote their happiness, and to secure the good order and preservation of their government, the people of this commonwealth have a right to invest their legislature with power to authorize and require, and the legislature shall, from time to time, authorize and require, the several towns, parishes, precincts, and other bodies politic, or religious societies, to make suitable provision, at their own expense, for the institution of the public worship of GOD, and for the support and maintenance of public Protestant teachers of piety, religion, and morality, in all cases where such provision shall not be made voluntarily. [See Amendment, Article XI.]

And the people of this commonwealth have also a right to, and do, invest their legislature with authority to enjoin upon all the subjects an attendance upon the instructions of the public teachers aforesaid, at stated times and seasons, if there be any on whose instructions they can conscientiously and conveniently attend.

Provided, notwithstanding, that the several towns, parishes, precincts, and other bodies politic, or religious societies, shall, at all times, have the exclusive right of electing their public teachers, and of contracting with them for their support and maintenance.

And all moneys paid by the subject to the support of public worship, and of the public teachers aforesaid, shall, if he require it, be uniformly applied to the support of the public teacher or teachers of his own religious sect or denomination, provided there be any on whose instructions he attends; otherwise it may be paid towards the support of the teacher or teachers of the parish or precinct in which the said moneys are raised.

And every denomination of Christians, demeaning themselves peaceably, and as good subjects of the commonwealth, shall be equally under the protection of the law: and no subordination of any one sect or denomination to another shall ever be established by law.]

ART. IV. The people of this commonwealth have the sole and exclusive right of governing themselves, as a free, sovereign, and independent state; and do, and forever hereafter shall, exercise and enjoy every power, jurisdiction, and right, which is not, or may not hereafter be, by them expressly delegated to the United States of America, in Congress assembled.

ART. V. All power residing originally in the people, and being derived from them, the several magistrates and officers of government, vested with authority, whether legislative, executive, or judicial, are their substitutes and agents, and are at all times accountable to them.

ART. VI. No man, nor corporation, or association of men, have any other title to obtain advantages, or particular and exclusive privileges, distinct from those of the community, than what arises from the consideration of services rendered to the public; and this title being in nature neither hereditary, nor transmissible to children, or descendants, or relations by blood, the idea of a man born a magistrate, law-giver, or judge, is absurd and unnatural.

ART. VII. Government is instituted for the common good; for the protection, safety, prosperity, and happiness of the people; and not for the profit, honor, or private interest of any one man, family, or class of men: Therefore the people alone have an incontestable, unalienable, and indefeasible right to institute government; and to reform, alter, or totally change the same, when their protection, safety, prosperity, and happiness require it.

ART. VIII. In order to prevent those who are vested with authority from becoming oppressors, the people have a right, at such periods and in such manner as they shall establish by their frame of government, to cause their pub-

lic officers to return to private life; and to fill up vacant places by certain and regular elections and appointments.

**ART. IX.** All elections ought to be free; and all the inhabitants of this commonwealth, having such qualifications as they shall establish by their frame of government, have an equal right to elect officers, and to be elected, for public employments.

**ART. X.** Each individual of the society has a right to be protected by it in the enjoyment of his life, liberty, and property, according to standing laws. He is obliged, consequently, to contribute his share to the expense of this protection; to give his personal service, or an equivalent, when necessary: but no part of the property of any individual can, with justice, be taken from him, or applied to public uses, without his own consent, or that of the representative body of the people. In fine, the people of this commonwealth are not controllable by any other laws than those to which their constitutional representative body have given their consent. And whenever the public exigencies require that the property of any individual should be appropriated to public uses, he shall receive a reasonable compensation therefor.

**ART. XI.** Every subject of the commonwealth ought to find a certain remedy, by having recourse to the laws, for all injuries or wrongs which he may receive in his person, property, or character. He ought to obtain right and justice freely, and without being obliged to purchase it; completely, and without any denial; promptly, and without delay; conformably to the laws.

**ART. XII.** No subject shall be held to answer for any crimes or offence, until the same is fully and plainly, substantially and formally, described to him; or be compelled

to accuse, or furnish evidence against himself. And every subject shall have a right to produce all proofs that may be favorable to him; to meet the witnesses against him face to face, and to be fully heard in his defence by himself, or his counsel, at his election. And no subject shall be arrested, imprisoned, despoiled, or deprived of his property, immunities, or privileges, put out of the protection of the law, exiled, or deprived of his life, liberty, or estate, but by the judgment of his peers, or the law of the land.

And the legislature shall not make any law that shall subject any person to a capital or infamous punishment, excepting for the government of the army and navy, without trial by jury.

**ART. XIII.** In criminal prosecutions, the verification of facts in the vicinity where they happen, is one of the greatest securities of the life, liberty, and property of the citizen.

**ART. XIV.** Every subject has a right to be secure from all unreasonable searches, and seizures, of his person, his houses, his papers, and all his possessions. All warrants, therefore, are contrary to this right, if the cause or foundation of them be not previously supported by oath or affirmation, and if the order in the warrant to a civil officer, to make search in suspected places, or to arrest one or more suspected persons, or to seize their property, be not accompanied with a special designation of the persons or objects of search, arrest, or seizure: and no warrant ought to be issued but in cases, and with the formalities prescribed by the laws.

**ART. XV.** In all controversies concerning property, and in all suits between two or more persons, except in cases in which it has heretofore been otherways used and practised, the parties have a right to a trial by jury; and this method of procedure shall be held sacred, unless, in causes arising

on the high seas, and such as relate to mariners' wages, the legislature shall hereafter find it necessary to alter it.

**ART. XVI.** The liberty of the press is essential to the security of freedom in a state: it ought not, therefore, to be restrained in this commonwealth.

**ART. XVII.** The people have a right to keep and to bear arms for the common defence. And as, in time of peace, armies are dangerous to liberty, they ought not to be maintained without the consent of the legislature; and the military power shall always be held in an exact subordination to the civil authority, and be governed by it.

**ART. XVIII.** A frequent recurrence to the fundamental principles of the constitution, and a constant adherence to those of piety, justice, moderation, temperance, industry, and frugality, are absolutely necessary to preserve the advantages of liberty, and to maintain a free government. The people ought, consequently, to have a particular attention to all those principles, in the choice of their officers and representatives: and they have a right to require of their lawgivers and magistrates an exact and constant observance of them, in the formation and execution of the laws necessary for the good administration of the commonwealth.

**ART. XIX.** The people have a right, in an orderly and peaceable manner, to assemble to consult upon the common good; give instructions to their representatives, and to request of the legislative body, by the way of addresses, petitions, or remonstrances, redress of the wrongs done them, and of the grievances they suffer.

**ART. XX.** The power of suspending the laws, or the execution of the laws, ought never to be exercised but by

the legislature, or by authority derived from it, to be exercised in such particular cases only as the legislature shall expressly provide for.

**ART. XXI.** The freedom of deliberation, speech, and debate in either house of the legislature, is so essential to the rights of the people, that it cannot be the foundation of any accusation or prosecution, action or complaint, in any other court or place whatsoever.

**ART. XXII.** The legislature ought frequently to assemble for the redress of grievances, for correcting, strengthening, and confirming the laws, and for making new laws, as the common good may require.

**ART. XXIII.** No subsidy, charge, tax, impost, or duties ought to be established, fixed, laid, or levied, under any pretext whatsoever, without the consent of the people or their representatives in the legislature.

**ART. XXIV.** Laws made to punish for actions done before the existence of such laws, and which have not been declared crimes by preceding laws, are unjust, oppressive, and inconsistent with the fundamental principles of a free government.

**ART. XXV.** No subject ought, in any case, or in any time, to be declared guilty of treason or felony by the legislature.

**ART. XXVI.** No magistrate or court of law shall demand excessive bail or sureties, impose excessive fines, or inflict cruel or unusual punishments.

**ART. XXVII.** In time of peace, no soldier ought to be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner;

and in time of war, such quarters ought not to be made but by the civil magistrate, in a manner ordained by the legislature.

**ART. XXVIII.** No person can in any case be subject to law-martial, or to any penalties or pains, by virtue of that law, except those employed in the army or navy, and except the militia in actual service, but by authority of the legislature.

**ART. XXIX.** It is essential to the preservation of the rights of every individual, his life, liberty, property, and character, that there be an impartial interpretation of the laws, and administration of justice. It is the right of every citizen to be tried by judges as free, impartial, and independent as the lot of humanity will admit. It is, therefore, not only the best policy, but for the security of the rights of the people, and of every citizen, that the judges of the supreme judicial court should hold their offices as long as they behave themselves well; and that they should have honorable salaries ascertained and established by standing laws.

**ART. XXX.** In the government of this commonwealth, the legislative department shall never exercise the executive and judicial powers, or either of them: the executive shall never exercise the legislative and judicial powers, or either of them: the judicial shall never exercise the legislative and executive powers, or either of them: to the end it may be a government of laws and not of men.

## PART THE SECOND.

### *The Frame of Government.*

The people, inhabiting the territory formerly called the Province of Massachusetts Bay, do hereby solemnly and mutually agree with each other, to form themselves into a free, sovereign, and independent body politic, or state, by the name of **THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.**

## CHAPTER I.

### THE LEGISLATIVE POWER.

#### SECTION I.

##### *The General Court.*

**ARTICLE I.** The department of legislation shall be formed by two branches, a Senate and House of Representatives; each of which shall have a negative on the other.

The legislative body shall assemble every year [on the last Wednesday in May, and at such other times as they shall judge necessary; and shall dissolve and be dissolved on the day next preceding the said last Wednesday in May;] and shall be styled, **THE GENERAL COURT OF MASSACHUSETTS.** [See Amendments, Article X.]

**ART. II.** No bill or resolve of the senate or house of representatives shall become a law, and have force as such until it shall have been laid before the governor for his revisal; and if he, upon such revision, approve thereof, he shall signify his approbation by signing the same. But if

he have any objection to the passing of such bill or resolve, he shall return the same, together with his objections thereto, in writing, to the senate or house of representatives, in whichsoever the same shall have originated; who shall enter the objections sent down by the governor, at large, on their records, and proceed to reconsider the said bill or resolve. But if after such reconsideration, two-thirds of the said senate or house of representatives, shall, notwithstanding the said objections, agree to pass the same, it shall, together with the objections, be sent to the other branch of the legislature, where it shall also be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of the members present, shall have the force of a law; but in all such cases, the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays; and the names of the persons voting for, or against, the said bill or resolve, shall be entered upon the public records of the commonwealth.

And in order to prevent unnecessary delays, if any bill or resolve shall not be returned by the governor within five days after it shall have been presented, the same shall have the force of a law. [See Amendments, Article I.]

ART. III. The general court shall forever have full power and authority to erect and constitute judicatories and courts of record, or other courts, to be held in the name of the commonwealth, for the hearing, trying, and determining of all manner of crimes, offences, pleas, processes, plaints, actions, matters, causes, and things, whatsoever, arising or happening within the commonwealth, or between or concerning persons inhabiting, or residing, or brought within the same: whether the same be criminal or civil, or whether the said crimes be capital or not capital, and whether the said pleas be real, personal, or mixed; and for the awarding and making out of execution thereupon. To which courts and judicatories are hereby given and granted full power and authority, from time to time, to

administer oaths or affirmations, for the better discovery of truth in any matter in controversy or depending before them.

ART. IV. And further, full power and authority are hereby given and granted to the said general court from time to time to make, ordain, and establish, all manner of wholesome and reasonable orders, laws, statutes, and ordinances, directions and instructions, either with penalties or without; so as the same be not repugnant or contrary to this constitution, as they shall judge to be for the good and welfare of this commonwealth, and for the government and ordering thereof, and of the subjects of the same, and for the necessary support and defence of the government thereof; and to name and settle annually, or provide by fixed laws for the naming and settling, all civil officers within the said commonwealth, the election and constitution of whom are not hereafter in this form of government otherwise provided for; and to set forth the several duties, powers, and limits, of the several civil and military officers of this commonwealth, and the forms of such oaths or affirmations as shall be respectively administered unto them for the execution of their several offices and places, so as the same be not repugnant or contrary to this constitution; and to impose and levy proportional and reasonable assessments, rates, and taxes, upon all the inhabitants of, and persons resident, and estates lying, within the said commonwealth, and also to impose and levy reasonable duties and excises upon any produce, goods, wares, merchandise, and commodities, whatsoever, brought into, produced, manufactured, or being within the same; to be issued and disposed of by warrant, under the hand of the governor of this commonwealth for the time being, with the advice and consent of the council, for the public service, in the necessary defence and support of the government of the said commonwealth, and the protection and preservation of the

subjects thereof, according to such acts as are or shall be in force within the same.

And while the public charges of government, or any part thereof, shall be assessed on polls and estates, in the manner that has hitherto been practised, in order that such assessments may be made with equality, there shall be a valuation of estates within the commonwealth, taken anew once in every ten years at least, and as much oftener as the general court shall order. [See Amendments, Article II.]

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## CHAPTER I.

### SECTION II.

#### *Senate.*

ARTICLE I. [There shall be annually elected, by the freeholders and other inhabitants of this commonwealth, qualified as in this constitution is provided, forty persons to be councillors and senators for the year ensuing their election; to be chosen by the inhabitants of the districts into which the commonwealth may from time to time be divided by the general court for that purpose: and the general court, in assigning the numbers to be elected by the respective districts, shall govern themselves by the proportion of the public taxes paid by the said districts; and timely make known to the inhabitants of the commonwealth the limits of each district, and the number of councillors and senators to be chosen therein; provided, that the number of such districts shall never be less than thirteen; and that no district be so large as to entitle the same to choose more than six senators. [See Amendments, Articles XIII., XVI., XXII.]]

And the several counties in this commonwealth shall, until the general court shall determine it necessary to alter

the said districts, be districts for the choice of councillors and senators, (except that the counties of Dukes County and Nantucket shall form one district for that purpose) and shall elect the following number for councillors and senators, viz.: — Suffolk, six; Essex, six; Middlesex, five; Hampshire, four; Plymouth, three; Barnstable, one; Bristol, three; York, two; Dukes County and Nantucket, one; Worcester, five; Cumberland, one; Lincoln, one; Berkshire, two.]

ART. II. The senate shall be the first branch of the legislature; and the senators shall be chosen in the following manner, viz.: there shall be a meeting on the [first Monday in April,] annually, forever, of the inhabitants of each town in the several counties of this commonwealth; to be called by the selectmen, and warned in due course of law, at least seven days before the [first Monday in April,] for the purpose of electing persons to be senators and councillors: [and at such meetings every male inhabitant of twenty-one years of age and upwards, having a freehold estate within the commonwealth, of the annual income of three pounds, or any estate of the value of sixty pounds, shall have a right to give in his vote for the senators for the district of which he is an inhabitant.] And to remove all doubts concerning the meaning of the word "inhabitant" in this constitution, every person shall be considered as an inhabitant, for the purpose of electing and being elected into any office, or place within this state, in that town, district, or plantation where he dwelleth, or hath his home. [See Amendments, Articles II., III., X., XV., XX., XXII., XXIII., XXVI., XXVIII., XXX., XXXI., XXXII.]

The selectmen of the several towns shall preside at such meetings impartially; and shall receive the votes of all the inhabitants of such towns present and qualified to vote for senators, and shall sort and count them in open town meeting, and in presence of the town clerk, who shall make a

fair record, in presence of the selectmen, and in open town meeting, of the name of every person voted for, and of the number of votes against his name: and a fair copy of this record shall be attested by the selectmen and the town clerk, and shall be sealed up, directed to the secretary of the commonwealth for the time being, with a superscription, expressing the purport of the contents thereof, and delivered by the town clerk of such towns, to the sheriff of the county in which such town lies, thirty days at least before [the last Wednesday in May] annually; or it shall be delivered into the secretary's office seventeen days at least before the said [last Wednesday in May:] and the sheriff of each county shall deliver all such certificates by him received, into the secretary's office, seventeen days before the said [last Wednesday in May.] [See Amendments, Articles II., X.]

And the inhabitants of plantations unincorporated, qualified as this constitution provides, who are or shall be empowered and required to assess taxes upon themselves toward the support of government, shall have the same privilege of voting for councillors and senators in the plantations where they reside, as town inhabitants have in their respective towns; and the plantation meetings for that purpose shall be held annually [on the same first Monday in April], at such place in the plantations, respectively, as the assessors thereof shall direct; which assessors shall have like authority for notifying the electors, collecting and returning the votes, as the selectmen and town clerks have in their several towns, by this constitution. And all other persons living in places unincorporated (qualified as aforesaid) who shall be assessed to the support of government by the assessors of an adjacent town, shall have the privilege of giving in their votes for councillors and senators in the town where they shall be assessed, and be notified of the place of meeting by the selectmen of the town where they shall be assessed for

that purpose, accordingly. [See Amendments, Article XV.]

ART. III. And that there may be a due convention of senators on the [last Wednesday in May] annually, the governor with five of the council, for the time being, shall, as soon as may be, examine the return copies of such records; and fourteen days before the said day he shall issue his summons to such persons as shall appear to be chosen by [a majority of] voters, to attend on that day, and take their seats accordingly: provided, nevertheless, that for the first year the said returned copies shall be examined by the president and five of the council of the former constitution of government; and the said president shall, in like manner, issue his summons to the persons so elected, that they may take their seats as aforesaid. [See Amendments, Articles X., XIV.]

ART. IV. The senate shall be the final judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of their own members, as pointed out in the constitution; and shall, [on the said last Wednesday in May] annually, determine and declare who are elected by each district to be senators [by a majority of votes; and in case there shall not appear to be the full number of senators returned elected by a majority of votes for any district, the deficiency shall be supplied in the following manner, viz. : The members of the house of representatives, and such senators as shall be declared elected, shall take the names of such persons as shall be found to have the highest number of votes in such district, and not elected, amounting to twice the number of senators wanting, if there be so many voted for; and out of these shall elect by ballot a number of senators sufficient to fill up the vacancies in such district; and in this manner all such vacancies shall be filled up in every district of the commonwealth; and in like manner all vacancies in the

senate, arising by death, removal out of the state, or otherwise, shall be supplied as soon as may be, after such vacancies shall happen.] [See Amendments, Articles X., XIV., XXIV.]

ART. V. Provided, nevertheless, that no person shall be capable of being elected as a senator, [who is not seised in his own right of a freehold, within this commonwealth, of the value of three hundred pounds at least, or possessed of personal estate to the value of six hundred pounds at least, or of both to the amount of the same sum, and] who has not been an inhabitant of this commonwealth for the space of five years immediately preceding his election, and, at the time of his election, he shall be an inhabitant in the district for which he shall be chosen. [See Amendments, Articles XIII., XXII.]

ART. VI. The senate shall have power to adjourn themselves, provided such adjournments do not exceed two days at a time.

ART. VII. The senate shall choose its own president, appoint its own officers, and determine its own rules of proceedings.

ART. VIII. The senate shall be a court with full authority to hear and determine all impeachments made by the house of representatives, against any officer or officers of the commonwealth, for misconduct and mal-administration in their offices. But previous to the trial of every impeachment the members of the senate shall respectively be sworn, truly and impartially to try and determine the charge in question, according to evidence. Their judgment, however, shall not extend further than to removal from office and disqualification to hold or enjoy any place of honor, trust, or profit, under this commonwealth: but the party so con-

victed shall be, nevertheless, liable to indictment, trial, judgment, and punishment, according to the laws of the land.

ART. IX. [Not less than sixteen members of the senate shall constitute a quorum for doing business.] [See Amendments, Articles XXII., XXXIII.]

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## CHAPTER I.

### SECTION III.

#### *House of Representatives.*

ARTICLE I. There shall be, in the legislature of this commonwealth, a representation of the people, annually elected, and founded upon the principle of equality.

ART. II. [And in order to provide for a representation of the citizens of this commonwealth, founded upon the principle of equality, every corporate town containing one hundred and fifty ratable polls may elect one representative; every corporate town containing three hundred and seventy-five ratable polls may elect two representatives; every corporate town containing six hundred ratable polls may elect three representatives; and proceeding in that manner, making two hundred and twenty-five ratable polls the mean increasing number for every additional representative. [See Amendments, Articles XII., XIII., XXI.]

Provided, nevertheless, that each town now incorporated, not having one hundred and fifty ratable polls, may elect one representative; but no place shall hereafter be incorporated with the privilege of electing a representative, unless there are within the same one hundred and fifty ratable polls.]

And the house of representatives shall have power from

time to time to impose fines upon such towns as shall neglect to choose and return members to the same, agreeably to this constitution.

The expenses of travelling to the general assembly, and returning home, once in every session, and no more, shall be paid by the government, out of the public treasury, to every member who shall attend as seasonably as he can, in the judgment of the house, and does not depart without leave.

ART. III. Every member of the house of representatives shall be chosen by written votes; [and, for one year at least next preceding his election, shall have been an inhabitant of, and have been seised in his own right of a freehold of the value of one hundred pounds within the town he shall be chosen to represent, or any ratable estate to the value of two hundred pounds; and he shall cease to represent the said town immediately on his ceasing to be qualified as aforesaid.] [See Amendments, Articles XIII., XXI.]

ART. IV. [Every male person, being twenty-one years of age, and resident in any particular town in this commonwealth for the space of one year next preceding, having a freehold estate within the same town of the annual income of three pounds, or any estate of the value of sixty pounds, shall have a right to vote in the choice of a representative or representatives for the said town] [See Amendments, Articles III., XX., XXIII., XXVI., XXVIII., XXX., XXXI., XXXII.]

ART. V. [The members of the house of representatives shall be chosen annually in the month of May, ten days at least before the last Wednesday of that month.] [See Amendments, Articles X., XV.]

ART. VI. The house of representatives shall be the grand inquest of this commonwealth; and all impeachments made by them shall be heard and tried by the senate.

ART. VII. All money bills shall originate in the house of representatives; but the senate may propose or concur with amendments, as on other bills.

ART. VIII. The house of representatives shall have power to adjourn themselves; provided such adjournment shall not exceed two days at a time.

ART. IX. [Not less than sixty members of the house of representatives shall constitute a quorum for doing business] [See Amendments, Articles XXI., XXXIII.]

ART. X. The house of representatives shall be the judge of the returns, elections, and qualifications of its own members, as pointed out in the constitution; shall choose their own speaker; appoint their own officers, and settle the rules and orders of proceeding in their own house. They shall have authority to punish by imprisonment every person, not a member, who shall be guilty of disrespect to the house, by any disorderly or contemptuous behavior in its presence; or who, in the town where the general court is sitting, and during the time of its sitting, shall threaten harm to the body or estate of any of its members, for any thing said or done in the house; or who shall assault any of them therefor; or who shall assault, or arrest, any witness, or other person, ordered to attend the house, in his way in going or returning; or who shall rescue any person arrested by the order of the house.

And no member of the house of representatives shall be arrested, or held to bail on mean process, during his going unto, returning from, or his attending the general assembly.

ART. XI. The senate shall have the same powers in the like cases; and the governor and council shall have the same authority to punish in like cases: provided, that no imprisonment on the warrant or order of the governor, council,

senate, or house of representatives, for either of the above described offences, be for a term exceeding thirty days.

And the senate and house of representatives may try and determine all cases where their rights and privileges are concerned, and which, by the constitution, they have authority to try and determine, by committees of their own members, or in such other way as they may respectively think best.

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## CHAPTER II.

### EXECUTIVE POWER.

#### SECTION I.

##### *Governor.*

ARTICLE I. There shall be a supreme executive magistrate, who shall be styled — THE GOVERNOR OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS; and whose title shall be — HIS EXCELLENCY.

ART. II. The governor shall be chosen annually; and no person shall be eligible to this office, unless, at the time of his election, he shall have been an inhabitant of this commonwealth for seven years next preceding; [and unless he shall at the same time be seised in his own right, of a freehold, within the commonwealth, of the value of one thousand pounds;] [and unless he shall declare himself to be of the Christian religion.] [See Amendments, Articles VII, XXXIV.]

ART. III. Those persons who shall be qualified to vote for senators and representatives within the several towns of this commonwealth shall, at a meeting to be called for that purpose, on the [first Monday of April] annually, give in their votes for a governor, to the selectmen, who shall preside at such meetings; and the town clerk, in the presence

and with the assistance of the selectmen, shall, in open town meeting, sort and count the votes, and form a list of the persons voted for, with the number of votes for each person against his name; and shall make a fair record of the same in the town books, and a public declaration thereof in the said meeting; and shall, in the presence of the inhabitants, seal up copies of the said list, attested by him and the selectmen, and transmit the same to the sheriff of the county, thirty days at least before the [last Wednesday in May]; and the sheriff shall transmit the same to the secretary's office, seventeen days at least before the said [last Wednesday in May]; or the selectmen may cause returns of the same to be made to the office of the secretary of the commonwealth, seventeen days at least before the said day; and the secretary shall lay the same before the senate and the house of representatives on the [last Wednesday in May], to be by them examined; and [in case of an election by a majority of all the votes returned], the choice shall be by them declared and published; [but if no person shall have a majority of votes, the house of representatives shall, by ballot, elect two out of four persons who had the highest number of votes, if so many shall have been voted for; but, if otherwise, out of the number voted for; and make return to the senate of the two persons so elected; on which the senate shall proceed, by ballot, to elect one, who shall be declared governor.] [See Amendments, Articles II., X., XIV., XV.]

**ART. IV.** The governor shall have authority, from time to time, at his discretion, to assemble and call together the councillors of this commonwealth for the time being; and the governor with the said councillors, or five of them at least, shall, and may, from time to time, hold and keep a council, for the ordering and directing the affairs of the commonwealth, agreeably to the constitution and the laws of the land.

ART. V. The governor, with advice of council, shall have full power and authority, during the session of the general court, to adjourn or prorogue the same to any time the two houses shall desire; [and to dissolve the same on the day next preceding the last Wednesday in May; and, in the recess of the said court, to prorogue the same from time to time, not exceeding ninety days in any one recess;] and to call it together sooner than the time to which it may be adjourned or prorogued, if the welfare of the commonwealth shall require the same; and in case of any infectious distemper prevailing in the place where the said court is next at any time to convene, or any other cause happening, whereby danger may arise to the health or lives of the members from their attendance, he may direct the session to be held at some other, the most convenient place within the state. [See Amendments, Article X.]

[And the governor shall dissolve the said general court on the day next preceding the last Wednesday in May.]  
[See Amendments, Article X.]

ART. VI. In cases of disagreement between the two houses, with regard to the necessity, expediency, or time of adjournment or prorogation, the governor, with advice of the council, shall have a right to adjourn or prorogue the general court, not exceeding ninety days, as he shall determine the public good shall require.

ART. VII. The governor of this commonwealth, for the time being, shall be the commander-in-chief of the army and navy, and of all the military forces of the state, by sea and land; and shall have full power, by himself, or by any commander, or other officer or officers, from time to time, to train, instruct, exercise, and govern the militia and navy; and, for the special defence and safety of the commonwealth, to assemble in martial array, and put in warlike posture, the inhabitants thereof, and to lead and

conduct them, and with them to encounter, repel, resist, expel, and pursue, by force of arms, as well by sea as by land, within or without the limits of this commonwealth, and also to kill, slay, and destroy, if necessary, and conquer, by all fitting ways, enterprises, and means whatsoever, all and every such person and persons as shall, at any time hereafter, in a hostile manner, attempt or enterprise the destruction, invasion, detriment, or annoyance of this commonwealth; and to use and exercise, over the army and navy, and over the militia in actual service, the law-martial, in time of war or invasion, and also in time of rebellion, declared by the legislature to exist, as occasion shall necessarily require; and to take and surprise, by all ways and means whatsoever, all and every such person or persons, with their ships, arms, ammunition, and other goods, as shall, in a hostile manner, invade, or attempt the invading, conquering, or annoying this commonwealth; and that the governor be intrusted with all these and other powers, incident to the offices of captain-general and commander-in-chief, and admiral, to be exercised agreeably to the rules and regulations of the constitution, and the laws of the land, and not otherwise.

Provided, that the said governor shall not, at any time hereafter, by virtue of any power by this constitution granted, or hereafter to be granted to him by the legislature, transport any of the inhabitants of this commonwealth, or oblige them to march out of the limits of the same, without their free and voluntary consent, or the consent of the general court; except so far as may be necessary to march or transport them by land or water, for the defence of such part of the state to which they cannot otherwise conveniently have access.

**ART. VIII.** The power of pardoning offences, except such as persons may be convicted of before the senate by an impeachment of the house, shall be in the governor, by

and with the advice of council; but no charter of pardon, granted by the governor, with advice of the council before conviction, shall avail the party pleading the same, notwithstanding any general or particular expressions contained therein, descriptive of the offence or offences intended to be pardoned.

ART. IX. All judicial officers, [the attorney-general,] the solicitor-general, [all sheriffs,] coroners, [and registers of probate,] shall be nominated and appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the council; and every such nomination shall be made by the governor, and made at least seven days prior to such appointment. [See Amendments, Articles IV., XVII., XIX.]

ART. X. The captains and subalterns of the militia shall be elected by the written votes of the train-band and alarm list of their respective companies, [of twenty-one years of age and upwards;] the field officers of regiments shall be elected by the written votes of the captains and subalterns of their respective regiments; the brigadiers shall be elected, in like manner, by the field officers of their respective brigades; and such officers, so elected, shall be commissioned by the governor, who shall determine their rank. [See Amendments, Article V.]

The legislature shall, by standing laws, direct the time and manner of convening the electors, and of collecting votes, and of certifying to the governor the officers elected.

The major-generals shall be appointed by the senate and house of representatives, each having a negative upon the other; and be commissioned by the governor. [See Amendments, Article IV.]

And if the electors of brigadiers, field officers, captains or subalterns, shall neglect or refuse to make such elections, after being duly notified, according to the laws for the time being, then the governor, with advice of council, shall appoint suitable persons to fill such offices.

[And no officer, duly commissioned to command in the militia, shall be removed from his office, but by the address of both houses to the governor, or by fair trial in court-martial, pursuant to the laws of the commonwealth for the time being.] [See Amendments, Article IV.]

The commanding officers of regiments shall appoint their adjutants and quartermasters; the brigadiers their brigade-majors; and the major-generals their aids; and the governor shall appoint the adjutant-general.

The governor, with advice of council, shall appoint all officers of the continental army, whom by the confederation of the United States it is provided that this commonwealth shall appoint, as also all officers of forts and garrisons.

The divisions of the militia into brigades, regiments, and companies, made in pursuance of the militia laws now in force, shall be considered as the proper divisions of the militia of this commonwealth, until the same shall be altered in pursuance of some future law.

ART. XI. No moneys shall be issued out of the treasury of this commonwealth, and disposed of (except such sums as may be appropriated for the redemption of bills of credit or treasurer's notes, or for the payment of interest arising thereon) but by warrant under the hand of the governor for the time being, with the advice and consent of the council, for the necessary defence and support of the commonwealth; and for the protection and preservation of the inhabitants thereof, agreeably to the acts and resolves of the general court.

ART. XII. All public boards, the commissary-general, all superintending officers of public magazines and stores, belonging to this commonwealth, and all commanding officers of forts and garrisons within the same, shall once in every three months, officially, and without requisition, and

at other times, when required by the governor, deliver to him an account of all goods, stores, provisions, ammunition, cannon with their appendages, and small arms with their accoutrements, and of all other public property whatever under their care respectively; distinguishing the quantity, number, quality and kind of each, as particularly as may be; together with the condition of such forts and garrisons; and the said commanding officers shall exhibit to the governor, when required by him, true and exact plans of such forts, and of the land and sea or harbor or harbors, adjacent.

And the said boards, and all public officers, shall communicate to the governor, as soon as may be after receiving the same, all letters, despatches, and intelligences of a public nature, which shall be directed to them respectively.

ART. XIII. As the public good requires that the governor should not be under the undue influence of any of the members of the general court by a dependence on them for his support, that he should in all cases act with freedom for the benefit of the public, that he should not have his attention necessarily diverted from that object to his private concerns, and that he should maintain the dignity of the commonwealth in the character of its chief magistrate, it is necessary that he should have an honorable stated salary, of a fixed and permanent value, amply sufficient for those purposes, and established by standing laws: and it shall be among the first acts of the general court, after the commencement of this constitution, to establish such salary by law accordingly.

Permanent and honorable salaries shall also be established by law for the justices of the supreme judicial court.

And if it shall be found that any of the salaries aforesaid, so established, are insufficient, they shall, from time to time, be enlarged, as the general court shall judge proper.

## CHAPTER II.

## SECTION II.

*Lieutenant-Governor.*

ARTICLE I. There shall be annually elected a lieutenant-governor of the commonwealth of Massachusetts, whose title shall be— HIS HONOR; and who shall be qualified, in point of [religion,] property, and residence in the commonwealth, in the same manner with the governor; and the day and manner of his election, and the qualifications of the electors, shall be the same as are required in the election of a governor. The return of the votes for this officer, and the declaration of his election, shall be in the same manner; [and if no one person shall be found to have a majority of all the votes returned, the vacancy shall be filled by the senate and house of representatives, in the same manner as the governor is to be elected, in case no one person shall have a majority of the votes of the people to be governor.] [See Amendments, Articles VII., XIV.]

ART. II. The governor, and in his absence the lieutenant-governor, shall be president of the council, but shall have no vote in council; and the lieutenant-governor shall always be a member of the council, except when the chair of the governor shall be vacant.

ART. III. Whenever the chair of the governor shall be vacant, by reason of his death, or absence from the commonwealth, or otherwise, the lieutenant-governor, for the time being, shall, during such vacancy, perform all the duties incumbent upon the governor, and shall have and exercise all the powers and authorities, which by this constitution the governor is vested with, when personally present.

## CHAPTER II.

## SECTION III.

*Council, and the Manner of settling Elections by the Legislature.*

ARTICLE I. There shall be a council for advising the governor in the executive part of the government, to consist of [nine] persons besides the lieutenant-governor, whom the governor, for the time being, shall have full power and authority, from time to time, at his discretion, to assemble and call together; and the governor, with the said councillors, or five of them at least, shall and may, from time to time, hold and keep a council, for the ordering and directing the affairs of the commonwealth, according to the laws of the land. [See Amendments, Article XVI.]

ART. II. [Nine councillors shall be annually chosen from among the persons returned for councillors and senators, on the last Wednesday in May, by the joint ballot of the senators and representatives assembled in one room; and in case there shall not be found upon the first choice, the whole number of nine persons who will accept a seat in the council, the deficiency shall be made up by the electors aforesaid from among the people at large; and the number of senators left shall constitute the senate for the year. The seats of the persons thus elected from the senate, and accepting the trust, shall be vacated in the senate.] [See Amendments, Articles X., XIII., XVI.]

ART. III. The councillors, in the civil arrangements of the commonwealth, shall have rank next after the lieutenant-governor.

ART. IV. [Not more than two councillors shall be chosen out of any one district of this commonwealth.] [See Amendments, Article XVI.]

ART. V. The resolutions and advice of the council shall be recorded in a register, and signed by the members present; and this record may be called for at any time by either house of the legislature; and any member of the council may insert his opinion, contrary to the resolution of the majority.

ART. VI. Whenever the office of the governor and lieutenant-governor shall be vacant, by reason of death, absence, or otherwise, then the council, or the major part of them, shall, during such vacancy, have full power and authority to do, and execute, all and every such acts, matters, and things, as the governor or the lieutenant-governor might or could, by virtue of this constitution, do or execute, if they, or either of them, were personally present.

ART. VII. [And whereas the elections appointed to be made, by this constitution, on the last Wednesday in May annually, by the two houses of the legislature, may not be completed on that day, the said elections may be adjourned from day to day until the same shall be completed. And the order of elections shall be as follows: the vacancies in the senate, if any, shall first be filled up; the governor and lieutenant-governor shall then be elected, provided there should be no choice of them by the people; and afterwards the two houses shall proceed to the election of the council.] [See Amendments, Articles XVI., XXV.]

## CHAPTER II.

## SECTION IV.

*Secretary, Treasurer, Commissary, etc.*

ARTICLE I. [The secretary, treasurer, and receiver-general, and the commissary-general, notaries public, and] naval officers, shall be chosen annually, by joint ballot of the senators and representatives in one room. And, that the citizens of this commonwealth may be assured, from time to time, that the moneys remaining in the public treasury, upon the settlement and liquidation of the public accounts, are their property, no man shall be eligible as treasurer and receiver-general more than five years successively. [See Amendments, Articles IV., XVII.]

ART. II. The records of the commonwealth shall be kept in the office of the secretary, who may appoint his deputies, for whose conduct he shall be accountable; and he shall attend the governor and council, the senate and house of representatives, in person, or by his deputies, as they shall respectively require.

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## CHAPTER III.

## JUDICIARY POWER.

ARTICLE I. The tenure, that all commission officers shall by law have in their offices, shall be expressed in their respective commissions. All judicial officers, duly appointed, commissioned, and sworn, shall hold their offices during good behavior, excepting such concerning whom there is different provision made in this constitu-

tion: provided, nevertheless, the governor, with consent of the council, may remove them upon the address of both houses of the legislature.

ART. II. Each branch of the legislature, as well as the governor and council, shall have authority to require the opinions of the justices of the supreme judicial court, upon important questions of law, and upon solemn occasions.

ART. III. In order that the people may not suffer from the long continuance in place of any justice of the peace who shall fail of discharging the important duties of his office with ability or fidelity, all commissions of justices of the peace shall expire and become void, in the term of seven years from their respective dates; and, upon the expiration of any commission, the same may, if necessary, be renewed, or another person appointed, as shall most conduce to the well-being of the commonwealth.

ART. IV. The judges of probate of wills, and for granting letters of administration, shall hold their courts at such place or places, on fixed days, as the convenience of the people shall require; and the legislature shall, from time to time, hereafter, appoint such times and places; until which appointments, the said courts shall be holden at the times and places which the respective judges shall direct.

ART. V. All causes of marriage, divorce, and alimony, and all appeals from the judges of probate, shall be heard and determined by the governor and council, until the legislature shall, by law, make other provision.

## CHAPTER IV.

## DELEGATES TO CONGRESS.

[The delegates of this commonwealth to the congress of the United States, shall, some time in the month of June, annually, be elected by the joint ballot of the senate and house of representatives, assembled together in one room; to serve in congress for one year, to commence on the first Monday in November then next ensuing. They shall have commissions under the hand of the governor, and the great seal of the commonwealth; but may be recalled at any time within the year, and others chosen and commissioned, in the same manner, in their stead.]

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## CHAPTER V.

## THE UNIVERSITY AT CAMBRIDGE AND ENCOURAGEMENT OF LITERATURE, ETC.

## SECTION I.

*The University.*

ARTICLE I. Whereas our wise and pious ancestors, so early as the year one thousand six hundred and thirty-six, laid the foundation of Harvard College, in which university many persons of great eminence have, by the blessing of GOD, been initiated in those arts and sciences which qualified them for public employments, both in church and state, and whereas the encouragement of arts and sciences, and all good literature, tends to the honor of GOD, the advantage of the Christian religion, and the great benefit of this and the other United States of America,—it is declared, that the PRESIDENT AND FELLOWS OF HARVARD

COLLEGE, in their corporate capacity, and their successors in that capacity, their officers and servants, shall have, hold, use, exercise, and enjoy, all the powers, authorities, rights, liberties, privileges, immunities, and franchises, which they now have, or are entitled to have, hold, use, exercise, and enjoy; and the same are hereby ratified and confirmed unto them, the said president and fellows of Harvard College, and to their successors, and to their officers and servants, respectively, forever.

ART. II. And whereas there have been at sundry times, by divers persons, gifts, grants, devises of houses, lands, tenements, goods, chattels, legacies, and conveyances, heretofore made, either to Harvard College in Cambridge, in New England, or to the president and fellows of Harvard College, or to the said college by some other description under several charters, successively; it is declared, that all the said gifts, grants, devises, legacies, and conveyances, are hereby forever confirmed unto the president and fellows of Harvard College, and to their successors in the capacity aforesaid, according to the true intent and meaning of the donor or donors, grantor or grantors, devisor or devisors.

ART. III. And whereas, by an act of the general court of the colony of Massachusetts Bay, passed in the year one thousand six hundred and forty-two, the governor and deputy-governor, for the time being, and all the magistrates of that jurisdiction, were, with the president, and a number of the clergy in the said act described, constituted the overseers of Harvard College; and it being necessary, in this new constitution of government to ascertain who shall be deemed successors to the said governor, deputy-governor, and magistrates; it is declared, that the governor, lieutenant-governor, council, and senate of this commonwealth, are, and shall be deemed, their successors, who with the president of Harvard College, for the time being,

together with the ministers of the congregational churches in the towns of Cambridge, Watertown, Charlestown, Boston, Roxbury, and Dorchester, mentioned in the said act, shall be, and hereby are, vested with all the powers and authority belonging, or in any way appertaining to the overseers of Harvard College; provided, that nothing herein shall be construed to prevent the legislature of this commonwealth from making such alterations in the government of the said university, as shall be conducive to its advantage, and the interest of the republic of letters, in as full a manner as might have been done by the legislature of the late Province of the Massachusetts Bay.

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## CHAPTER V.

## SECTION II.

*The Encouragement of Literature, etc.*

Wisdom and knowledge, as well as virtue, diffused generally among the body of the people, being necessary for the preservation of their rights and liberties; and as these depend on spreading the opportunities and advantages of education in the various parts of the country, and among the different orders of the people, it shall be the duty of legislatures and magistrates, in all future periods of this commonwealth, to cherish the interests of literature and the sciences, and all seminaries of them; especially the university at Cambridge, public schools and grammar schools in the towns; to encourage private societies and public institutions, rewards and immunities, for the promotion of agriculture, arts, sciences, commerce, trades, manufactures, and a natural history of the country; to countenance and inculcate the principles of humanity and general benevo-

lence, public and private charity, industry and frugality, honesty and punctuality in their dealings; sincerity, good humor, and all social affections, and generous sentiments, among the people. [See Amendments, Article XVIII.]

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## CHAPTER VI.

OATHS AND SUBSCRIPTIONS; INCOMPATIBILITY OF AND EXCLUSION FROM OFFICES; PECUNIARY QUALIFICATIONS; COMMISSIONS; WRITS; CONFIRMATION OF LAWS; HABEAS CORPUS; THE ENACTING STYLE; CONTINUANCE OF OFFICERS; PROVISION FOR A FUTURE REVISAL OF THE CONSTITUTION, ETC.

ARTICLE I. [Any person chosen governor, lieutenant-governor, councillor, senator, or representative, and accepting the trust, shall, before he proceed to execute the duties of his place or office, make and subscribe the following declaration, viz. :

"I, A. B., do declare, that I believe the Christian religion, and have a firm persuasion of its truth; and that I am seised and possessed, in my own right, of the property required by the constitution, as one qualification for the office or place to which I am elected." [See Amendments, Article VII.]

And the governor, lieutenant-governor, and councillors, shall make and subscribe the said declaration, in the presence of the two houses of assembly; and the senators and representatives, first elected under this constitution, before the president and five of the council of the former constitution; and forever afterwards before the governor and council for the time being.]

And every person chosen to either of the places or offices aforesaid, as also any person appointed or commissioned

to any judicial, executive, military, or other office under the government, shall, before he enters on the discharge of the business of his place or office, take and subscribe the following declaration, and oaths or affirmations, viz. :

[“I, A. B., do truly and sincerely acknowledge, profess, testify, and declare, that the Commonwealth of Massachusetts is, and of right ought to be, a free, sovereign, and independent state; and I do swear that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the said commonwealth, and that I will defend the same against traitorous conspiracies and all hostile attempts whatsoever; and that I do renounce and abjure all allegiance, subjection, and obedience to the king, queen, or government of Great Britain (as the case may be), and every other foreign power whatsoever; and that no foreign prince, person, prelate, state, or potentate, hath, or ought to have, any jurisdiction, superiority, pre-eminence, authority, dispensing or other power, in any matter, civil, ecclesiastical, or spiritual, within this commonwealth, except the authority and power which is or may be vested by their constituents in the congress of the United States: and I do further testify and declare, that no man or body of men hath or can have any right to absolve or discharge me from the obligation of this oath, declaration, or affirmation; and that I do make this acknowledgment, profession, testimony, declaration, denial, renunciation, and abjuration, heartily and truly, according to the common meaning and acceptation of the foregoing words, without any equivocation, mental evasion, or secret reservation whatsoever. So help me, GOD.”] [See Amendments, Article VI.]

“I, A. B., do solemnly swear and affirm, that I will faithfully and impartially discharge and perform all the duties incumbent on me as , according to the best of my abilities and understanding, agreeably to the rules and regulations of the constitution and the laws of the commonwealth. So help me, GOD.”

Provided, always, that when any person chosen or appointed as aforesaid, shall be of the denomination of the people called Quakers, and shall decline taking the said oath[s], he shall make his affirmation in the foregoing form, and subscribe the same, omitting the words, [“*I do swear,*” “*and abjure,*” “*oath or,*” “*and abjuration,*” in the first oath; and in the second oath, the words] “*swear and,*” and [in each of them] the words “*So help me, GOD;*” subjoining instead thereof, “*This I do under the pains and penalties of perjury.*” [See Amendments, Article VI.]

And the said oaths or affirmations shall be taken and subscribed by the governor, lieutenant-governor, and councilors, before the president of the senate, in the presence of the two houses of assembly; and by the senators and representatives first elected under this constitution, before the president and five of the council of the former constitution; and forever afterwards before the governor and council for the time being; and by the residue of the officers aforesaid, before such persons and in such manner as from time to time shall be prescribed by the legislature.

ART. II. No governor, lieutenant-governor, or judge of the supreme judicial court, shall hold any other office or place, under the authority of this commonwealth, except such as by this constitution they are admitted to hold, saving that the judges of the said court may hold the offices of justices of the peace through the state; nor shall they hold any other place or office, or receive any pension or salary from any other state or government or power whatever. [See Amendments, Article VIII.]

No person shall be capable of holding or exercising at the same time, within this state, more than one of the following offices, viz.: judge of probate—sheriff—register of probate—or register of deeds; and never more than any two offices, which are to be held by appointment of the governor, or the governor and council, or the senate,

or the house of representatives, or by the election of the people of the state at large, or of the people of any county, military offices, and the offices of justices of the peace excepted, shall be held by one person.

No person holding the office of judge of the supreme judicial court — secretary — attorney-general — solicitor-general — treasurer or receiver-general — judge of probate — commissary-general — [president, professor, or instructor of Harvard College] — sheriff — clerk of the house of representatives — register of probate — register of deeds — clerk of the supreme judicial court — clerk of the inferior court of common pleas — or officer of the customs, including in this description naval officers — shall at the same time have a seat in the senate or house of representatives; but their being chosen or appointed to, and accepting the same, shall operate as a resignation of their seat in the senate or house of representatives; and the place so vacated shall be filled up. [See Amendments, Articles VIII., XXVII.]

And the same rule shall take place in case any judge of the said supreme judicial court, or judge of probate, shall accept a seat in council; or any councillor shall accept of either of those offices or places.

And no person shall ever be admitted to hold a seat in the legislature, or any office of trust or importance under the government of this commonwealth, who shall, in the due course of law, have been convicted of bribery or corruption in obtaining an election or appointment.

ART. III. In all cases where sums of money are mentioned in this constitution, the value thereof shall be computed in silver, at six shillings and eight pence per ounce; and it shall be in the power of the legislature, from time to time, to increase such qualifications, as to property, of the persons to be elected to offices, as the circumstances of the commonwealth shall require. [See Amendments, Article XIII.]

ART. IV. All commissions shall be in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, signed by the governor and attested by the secretary or his deputy, and have the great seal of the commonwealth affixed thereto.

ART. V. All writs, issuing out of the clerk's office in any of the courts of law, shall be in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts; they shall be under the seal of the court from whence they issue; they shall bear test of the first justice of the court to which they shall be returnable, who is not a party, and be signed by the clerk of such court.

ART. VI. All the laws which have heretofore been adopted, used, and approved in the Province, Colony, or State of Massachusetts Bay, and usually practised on in the courts of law, shall still remain and be in full force, until altered or repealed by the legislature; such parts only excepted as are repugnant to the rights and liberties contained in this constitution.

ART. VII. The privilege and benefit of the writ of *habeas corpus* shall be enjoyed in this commonwealth, in the most free, easy, cheap, expeditious, and ample manner; and shall not be suspended by the legislature, except upon the most urgent and pressing occasions, and for a limited time, not exceeding twelve months.

ART. VIII. The enacting style, in making and passing all acts, statutes, and laws, shall be — “Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same.”

ART. IX. To the end there may be no failure of justice, or danger arise to the commonwealth from a change of the form of government. all officers, civil and military, holding

commissions under the government and people of Massachusetts Bay in New England, and all other officers of the said government and people, at the time this constitution shall take effect, shall have, hold, use, exercise, and enjoy, all the powers and authority to them granted or committed, until other persons shall be appointed in their stead; and all courts of law shall proceed in the execution of the business of their respective departments; and all the executive and legislative officers, bodies, and powers shall continue in full force, in the enjoyment and exercise of all their trusts, employments, and authority; until the general court, and the supreme and executive officers under this constitution are designated and invested with their respective trusts, powers, and authority.

ART. X. [In order the more effectually to adhere to the principles of the constitution, and to correct those violations which by any means may be made therein, as well as to form such alterations as from experience shall be found necessary, the general court which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, shall issue precepts to the selectmen of the several towns, and to the assessors of the unincorporated plantations, directing them to convene the qualified voters of their respective towns and plantations, for the purpose of collecting their sentiments on the necessity or expediency of revising the constitution, in order to amendments. [See Amendments, Article IX.]

And if it shall appear, by the returns made, that two-thirds of the qualified voters throughout the state who shall assemble and vote in consequence of the said precepts, are in favor of such revision or amendment, the general court shall issue precepts, or direct them to be issued from the secretary's office, to the several towns to elect delegates to meet in convention for the purpose aforesaid.

The said delegates to be chosen in the same manner and

proportion as their representatives in the second branch of the legislature are by this constitution to be chosen.]

ART. XI. This form of government shall be enrolled on parchment, and deposited in the secretary's office, and be a part of the laws of the land; and printed copies thereof shall be prefixed to the book containing the laws of this commonwealth, in all future editions of the said laws.

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## ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT.

ARTICLE I. If any bill or resolve shall be objected to, and not approved by the governor; and if the general court shall adjourn within five days after the same shall have been laid before the governor for his approbation, and thereby prevent his returning it with his objections, as provided by the constitution, such bill or resolve shall not become a law, nor have force as such.

ART. II. The general court shall have full power and authority to erect and constitute municipal or city governments, in any corporate town or towns in this commonwealth, and to grant to the inhabitants thereof such powers, privileges, and immunities, not repugnant to the constitution, as the general court shall deem necessary or expedient for the regulation and government therof, and to prescribe the manner of calling and holding public meetings of the inhabitants, in wards or otherwise, for the election of officers under the constitution, and the manner of returning the votes given at such meetings. Provided, that no such government shall be erected or constituted in any town not containing twelve thousand inhabitants, nor

unless it be with the consent, and on the application of a majority of the inhabitants of such town, present and voting thereon, pursuant to a vote at a meeting duly warned and holden for that purpose. And provided, also, that all by-laws, made by such municipal or city government, shall be subject, at all times, to be annulled by the general court.

ART. III. Every male citizen of twenty-one years of age and upwards, excepting paupers and persons under guardianship, who shall have resided within the commonwealth one year, and within the town or district in which he may claim a right to vote, six calendar months next preceding any election of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, or representatives, [and who shall have paid, by himself, or his parent, master, or guardian, any state or county tax, which shall, within two years next preceding such election, have been assessed upon him, in any town or district of this commonwealth; and also every citizen who shall be, by law, exempted from taxation, and who shall be in all other respects, qualified as above mentioned,] shall have a right to vote in such election of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators and representatives; and no other person shall be entitled to vote in such elections. [See Amendments, Articles XX., XXIII., XXVI., XXVIII., XXX , XXXI., XXXII.]

ART. IV. Notaries public shall be appointed by the governor in the same manner as judicial officers are appointed, and shall hold their offices during seven years, unless sooner removed by the governor, with the consent of the council, upon the address of both houses of the legislature.

[In case the office of secretary or treasurer of the commonwealth shall become vacant from any cause, during the recess of the general court, the governor, with the advice and consent of the council, shall nominate and appoint, under such regulations as may be prescribed by law, a com-

petent and suitable person to such vacant office, who shall hold the same until a successor shall be appointed by the general court.] [See Amendments, Article XVII.]

Whenever the exigencies of the commonwealth shall require the appointment of a commissary-general, he shall be nominated, appointed, and commissioned, in such manner as the legislature may, by law, prescribe.

All officers commissioned to command in the militia may be removed from office in such manner as the legislature may, by law, prescribe.

**ART. V.** In the elections of captains and subalterns of the militia, all the members of their respective companies, as well those under as those above the age of twenty-one years, shall have a right to vote.

**ART. VI.** Instead of the oath of allegiance prescribed by the constitution, the following oath shall be taken and subscribed by every person chosen or appointed to any office, civil or military, under the government of this commonwealth, before he shall enter on the duties of his office, to wit:—

“I, A. B., do solemnly swear, that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and will support the constitution thereof. So help me, God.”

*Provided,* That when any person shall be of the denomination called Quakers, and shall decline taking said oath, he shall make his affirmation in the foregoing form, omitting the word “swear” and inserting, instead thereof, the word “affirm,” and omitting the words “So help me, God,” and subjoining, instead thereof, the words, “This I do under the pains and penalties of perjury.”

**ART. VII.** No oath, declaration, or subscription, excepting the oath prescribed in the preceding article, and

the oath of office, shall be required of the governor, lieutenant-governor, councillors, senators, or representatives, to qualify them to perform the duties of their respective offices.

ART. VIII. No judge of any court of this commonwealth, (except the court of sessions,) and no person holding any office under the authority of the United States, (postmasters excepted,) shall, at the same time, hold the office of governor, lieutenant-governor, or councillor, or have a seat in the senate or house of representatives of this commonwealth; and no judge of any court in this commonwealth, (except the court of sessions,) nor the attorney-general, solicitor-general, county attorney, clerk of any court, sheriff, treasurer, and receiver-general, register of probate, nor register of deeds, shall continue to hold his said office after being elected a member of the Congress of the United States, and accepting that trust; but the acceptance of such trust, by any of the officers aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken to be a resignation of his said office; and judges of the courts of common pleas shall hold no other office under the government of this commonwealth, the office of justice of the peace and militia offices excepted.

ART. IX. If, at any time hereafter, any specific and particular amendment or amendments to the constitution be proposed in the general court, and agreed to by a majority of the senators and two-thirds of the members of the house of representatives present and voting thereon, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be entered on the journals of the two houses, with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and referred to the general court then next to be chosen, and shall be published; and if, in the general court next chosen as aforesaid, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be agreed to by a majority of the sen-

ators and two-thirds of the members of the house of representatives present and voting thereon, then it shall be the duty of the general court to submit such proposed amendment or amendments to the people; and if they shall be approved and ratified by a majority of the qualified voters, voting thereon, at meetings legally warned and holden for that purpose, they shall become part of the constitution of this commonwealth.

**ART X.** The political year shall begin on the first Wednesday of January, instead of the last Wednesday of May; and the general court shall assemble every year on the said first Wednesday of January, and shall proceed, at that session, to make all the elections, and do all the other acts, which are by the constitution required to be made and done at the session which has heretofore commenced on the last Wednesday of May. And the general court shall be dissolved on the day next preceding the first Wednesday of January, without any proclamation or other act of the governor. But nothing herein contained shall prevent the general court from assembling at such other times as they shall judge necessary, or when called together by the governor. The governor, lieutenant-governor, and councillors, shall also hold their respective offices for one year next following the first Wednesday of January, and until others are chosen and qualified in their stead.

[The meeting for the choice of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, and representatives, shall be held on the second Monday of November in every year; but meetings may be adjourned, if necessary, for the choice of representatives, to the next day, and again to the next succeeding day, but no further. But in case a second meeting shall be necessary for the choice of representatives, such meetings shall be held on the fourth Monday of the same month of November.] [See Amendments, Article XV.]

All the other provisions of the constitution, respecting the elections and proceedings of the members of the general court, or of any other officers or persons whatever, that have reference to the last Wednesday of May, as the commencement of the political year, shall be so far altered, as to have like reference to the first Wednesday of January.

This article shall go into operation on the first day of October, next following the day when the same shall be duly ratified and adopted as an amendment of the constitution; and the governor, lieutenant-governor, councillors, senators, representatives, and all other state officers, who are annually chosen, and who shall be chosen for the current year, when the same shall go into operation, shall hold their respective offices until the first Wednesday of January then next following, and until others are chosen and qualified in their stead, and no longer; and the first election of the governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, and representatives, to be had in virtue of this article, shall be had conformably thereunto, in the month of November following the day on which the same shall be in force, and go into operation, pursuant to the foregoing provision.

All the provisions of the existing constitution, inconsistent with the provisions herein contained, are hereby wholly annulled.

ART. XI. Instead of the third article of the bill of rights, the following modification and amendment thereof is substituted:—

“As the public worship of God and instructions in piety, religion, and morality, promote the happiness and prosperity of a people, and the security of a republican government; therefore, the several religious societies of this commonwealth, whether corporate or unincorporate, at any meeting legally warned and holden for that purpose, shall ever have the right to elect their pastors or religious

teachers, to contract with them for their support, to raise money for erecting and repairing houses for public worship, for the maintenance of religious instruction, and for the payment of necessary expenses; and all persons belonging to any religious society shall be taken and held to be members until they shall file with the clerk of such society a written notice, declaring the dissolution of their membership, and thenceforth shall not be liable for any grant or contract which may be thereafter made, or entered into by such society; and all religious sects and denominations, demeaning themselves peaceably, and as good citizens of the commonwealth, shall be equally under the protection of the law; and no subordination of any one sect or denomination to another shall ever be established by law."

ART. XII. [In order to provide for a representation of the citizens of this commonwealth, founded upon the principles of equality, a census of the ratable polls, in each city, town, and district of the commonwealth, on the first day of May, shall be taken and returned into the secretary's office, in such manner as the legislature shall provide, within the month of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, and in every tenth year thereafter, in the month of May, in manner aforesaid; and each town or city having three hundred ratable polls at the last preceding decennial census of polls, may elect one representative, and for every four hundred and fifty ratable polls in addition to the first three hundred, one representative more.

Any town having less than three hundred ratable polls shall be represented thus: The whole number of ratable polls, at the last preceding decennial census of polls, shall be multiplied by ten, and the product divided by three hundred; and such town may elect one representative as many

years within ten years, as three hundred is contained in the product aforesaid.

Any city or town having ratable polls enough to elect one or more representatives, with any number of polls beyond the necessary number, may be represented, as to that surplus number, by multiplying such surplus number by ten and dividing the product by four hundred and fifty; and such city or town may elect one additional representative as many years, within the ten years, as four hundred and fifty is contained in the product aforesaid.

Any two or more of the several towns and districts may, by consent of a majority of the legal voters present at a legal meeting, in each of said towns and districts, respectively, called for that purpose, and held previous to the first day of July, in the year in which the decennial census of polls shall be taken, form themselves into a representative district to continue until the next decennial census of polls, for the election of a representative, or representatives; and such district shall have all the rights, in regard to representation, which would belong to a town containing the same number of ratable polls.

The governor and council shall ascertain and determine, within the months of July and August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, according to the foregoing principles, the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of years, within the period of ten years then next ensuing, that each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and the same shall be done once in ten years, thereafter, by the governor and council, and the number of ratable polls in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each

city, town, and representative district may elect as aforesaid; and when the number of representatives to be elected by each city, town, or representative district is ascertained and determined as aforesaid, the governor shall cause the same to be published forthwith for the information of the people, and that number shall remain fixed and unalterable for the period of ten years.

All the provisions of the existing constitution inconsistent with the provisions herein contained, are hereby wholly annulled.] [See Amendments, Articles XIII., XXI.]

ART. XIII. [A census of the inhabitants of each city and town, on the first day of May, shall be taken, and returned into the secretary's office, on or before the last day of June, of the year one thousand eight hundred and forty, and of every tenth year thereafter; which census shall determine the apportionment of senators and representatives for the term of ten years. [See Amendments, Articles XXI., XXII.]

The several senatorial districts now existing shall be permanent. The senate shall consist of forty members; and in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty, and every tenth year thereafter, the governor and council shall assign the number of senators to be chosen in each district, according to the number of inhabitants in the same. But, in all cases, at least one senator shall be assigned to each district. [See Amendments, Article XXII.]

The members of the house of representatives shall be apportioned in the following manner: Every town or city containing twelve hundred inhabitants may elect one representative; and two thousand four hundred inhabitants shall be the mean increasing number, which shall entitle it to an additional representative. [See Amendments, Article XXI.]

Every town containing less than twelve hundred inhabitants shall be entitled to elect a representative as many

times within ten years as the number one hundred and sixty is contained in the number of the inhabitants of said town. Such towns may also elect one representative for the year in which the valuation of estates within the commonwealth shall be settled.

Any two or more of the several towns may, by consent of a majority of the legal voters present at a legal meeting, in each of said towns, respectively, called for that purpose, and held before the first day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty, and every tenth year thereafter, form themselves into a representative district, to continue for the term of ten years; and such district shall have all the rights, in regard to representation, which would belong to a town containing the same number of inhabitants.

The number of inhabitants which shall entitle a town to elect one representative, and the mean increasing number which shall entitle a town or city to elect more than one, and also the number by which the population of towns not entitled to a representative every year is to be divided, shall be increased, respectively, by one-tenth of the numbers above mentioned, whenever the population of the commonwealth shall have increased to seven hundred and seventy thousand, and for every additional increase of seventy thousand inhabitants, the same addition of one-tenth shall be made, respectively, to the said numbers above mentioned.

In the year of each decennial census, the governor and council shall, before the first day of September, apportion the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and ascertain how many years, within ten years, any town may elect a representative, which is not entitled to elect one every year; and the governor shall cause the same to be published forthwith.

Nine councillors shall be annually chosen from among

the people at large, on the first Wednesday of January, or as soon thereafter as may be, by the joint ballot of the senators and representatives, assembled in one room, who shall, as soon as may be, in like manner, fill up any vacancies that may happen in the council, by death, resignation, or otherwise. No person shall be elected a councillor, who has not been an inhabitant of this commonwealth for the term of five years immediately preceding his election; and not more than one councillor shall be chosen from any one senatorial district in the commonwealth.] [See Amendments, Article XVI.]

No possession of a freehold, or of any other estate, shall be required as a qualification for holding a seat in either branch of the general court, or in the executive council.

**ART. XIV.** In all elections of civil officers by the people of this commonwealth, whose election is provided for by the constitution, the person having the highest number of votes shall be deemed and declared to be elected.

**ART. XV.** The meeting for the choice of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, and representatives, shall be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, annually; but in case of a failure to elect representatives on that day, a second meeting shall be holden, for that purpose, on the fourth Monday of the same month of November.

**ART. XVI.** Eight councillors shall be annually chosen by the inhabitants of this commonwealth, qualified to vote for governor. The election of councillors shall be determined by the same rule that is required in the election of governor. The legislature, at its first session after this amendment shall have been adopted, and at its first session after the next state census shall have been taken, and at its

first session after each decennial state census thereafterwards, shall divide the commonwealth into eight districts of contiguous territory, each containing a number of inhabitants as nearly equal as practicable, without dividing any town or ward of a city, and each entitled to elect one councillor: *provided, however,* that if, at any time, the constitution shall provide for the division of the commonwealth into forty senatorial districts, then the legislature shall so arrange the councillor districts, that each district shall consist of five contiguous senatorial districts, as they shall be, from time to time, established by the legislature. No person shall be eligible to the office of councillor who has not been an inhabitant of the commonwealth for the term of five years immediately preceding his election. The day and manner of the election, the return of the votes, and the declaration of the said elections, shall be the same as are required in the election of governor. [Whenever there shall be a failure to elect the full number of councillors, the vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as is required for filling vacancies in the senate; and vacancies occasioned by death, removal from the state, or otherwise, shall be filled in like manner, as soon as may be, after such vacancies shall have happened.] And that there may be no delay in the organization of the government on the first Wednesday of January, the governor, with at least five councillors for the time being, shall, as soon as may be, examine the returned copies of the records for the election of governor, lieutenant-governor, and councillors; and ten days before the said first Wednesday in January he shall issue his summons to such persons as appear to be chosen, to attend on that day to be qualified accordingly; and the secretary shall lay the returns before the senate and house of representatives on the said first Wednesday in January, to be by them examined; and in case of the election of either of said officers, the choice shall be by them declared and published; but in case there

shall be no election of either of said officers, the legislature shall proceed to fill such vacancies in the manner provided in the constitution for the choice of such officers. [See Amendments, Article XXV.]

**ART. XVII.** The secretary, treasurer and receiver-general, auditor, and attorney-general, shall be chosen annually, on the day in November prescribed for the choice of governor; and each person then chosen as such, duly qualified in other respects, shall hold his office for the term of one year from the third Wednesday in January next thereafter, and until another is chosen and qualified in his stead. The qualification of the voters, the manner of the election, the return of the votes, and the declaration of the election, shall be such as are required in the election of governor. In case of a failure to elect either of said officers on the day in November aforesaid, or in case of the decease, in the mean time, of the person elected as such, such officer shall be chosen on or before the third Wednesday in January next thereafter, from the two persons who had the highest number of votes for said offices on the day in November aforesaid, by joint ballot of the senators and representatives, in one room; and in case the office of secretary, or treasurer and receiver-general, or auditor, or attorney-general, shall become vacant, from any cause, during an annual or special session of the general court, such vacancy shall in like manner be filled by choice from the people at large; but if such vacancy shall occur at any other time, it shall be supplied by the governor by appointment, with the advice and consent of the council. The person so chosen or appointed, duly qualified in other respects, shall hold his office until his successor is chosen and duly qualified in his stead. In case any person chosen or appointed to either of the offices aforesaid, shall neglect, for the space of ten days after he could otherwise enter upon his duties, to qualify

himself in all respects to enter upon the discharge of such duties, the office to which he has been elected or appointed shall be deemed vacant. No person shall be eligible to either of said offices unless he shall have been an inhabitant of this commonwealth five years next preceding his election or appointment.

**ART. XVIII.** All moneys raised by taxation in the towns and cities for the support of public schools, and all moneys which may be appropriated by the state for the support of common schools, shall be applied to, and expended in, no other schools than those which are conducted according to law, under the order and superintendence of the authorities of the town or city in which the money is to be expended; and such money shall never be appropriated to any religious sect for the maintenance, exclusively, of its own school.

**ART. XIX.** The legislature shall prescribe, by general law, for the election of sheriffs, registers of probate commissioners of insolvency, and clerks of the courts, by the people of the several counties, and that district-attorneys shall be chosen by the people of the several districts, for such term of office as the legislature shall prescribe.

**ART. XX.** No person shall have the right to vote, or be eligible to office under the constitution of this commonwealth, who shall not be able to read the constitution in the English language, and write his name: *provided, however,* that the provisions of this amendment shall not apply to any person prevented by a physical disability from complying with its requisitions, nor to any person who now has the right to vote, nor to any persons who shall be sixty years of age or upwards at the time this amendment shall take effect. [See Amendments, Articles III., XXIII., XXVI.]

ART. XXI. A census of the legal voters of each city and town, on the first day of May, shall be taken and returned into the office of the secretary of the commonwealth, on or before the last day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven; and a census of the inhabitants of each city and town, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and of every tenth year thereafter. In the census aforesaid, a special enumeration shall be made of the legal voters; and in each city, said enumeration shall specify the number of such legal voters aforesaid, residing in each ward of such city. The enumeration aforesaid shall determine the apportionment of representatives for the periods between the taking of the census.

The house of representatives shall consist of two hundred and forty members, which shall be apportioned by the legislature, at its first session after the return of each enumeration as aforesaid, to the several counties of the commonwealth, equally, as nearly as may be, according to their relative numbers of legal voters, as ascertained by the next preceding special enumeration; and the town of Cohasset, in the county of Norfolk, shall, for this purpose, as well as in the formation of districts, as herein-after provided, be considered a part of the county of Plymouth; and it shall be the duty of the secretary of the commonwealth, to certify, as soon as may be after it is determined by the legislature, the number of representatives to which each county shall be entitled, to the board authorized to divide each county into representative districts. The mayor and aldermen of the city of Boston, the county commissioners of other counties than Suffolk, — or in lieu of the mayor and aldermen of the city of Boston, or of the county commissioners in each county other than Suffolk, such board of special commissioners in each county, to be elected by the people of the county, or of the towns therein, as may for that purpose be pro-

vided by law,—shall, on the first Tuesday of August next after each assignment of representatives to each county, assemble at a shire town of their respective counties, and proceed, as soon as may be, to divide the same into representative districts of contiguous territory, so as to apportion the representation assigned to each county equally, as nearly as may be, according to the relative number of legal voters in the several districts of each county; and such districts shall be so formed that no town or ward of a city shall be divided therefor, nor shall any district be made which shall be entitled to elect more than three representatives. Every representative, for one year at least next preceding his election, shall have been an inhabitant of the district for which he is chosen, and shall cease to represent such district when he shall cease to be an inhabitant of the commonwealth. The districts in each county shall be numbered by the board creating the same, and a description of each, with the numbers thereof and the number of legal voters therein, shall be returned by the board, to the secretary of the commonwealth, the county treasurer of each county, and to the clerk of every town in each district, to be filed and kept in their respective offices. The manner of calling and conducting the meetings for the choice of representatives, and of ascertaining their election, shall be prescribed by law. [Not less than one hundred members of the house of representatives shall constitute a quorum for doing business; but a less number may organize temporarily, adjourn from day to day, and compel the attendance of absent members.] [See Amendments, Article XXXIII.]

ART. XXII. A census of the legal voters of each city and town, on the first day of May, shall be taken and returned into the office of the secretary of the commonwealth, on or before the last day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven; and a census of the inhabitants of each city and town, in the year one

thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and of every tenth year thereafter. In the census aforesaid, a special enumeration shall be made of the legal voters, and in each city said enumeration shall specify the number of such legal voters aforesaid, residing in each ward of such city. The enumeration aforesaid shall determine the apportionment of senators for the periods between the taking of the census. The senate shall consist of forty members. The general court shall, at its first session after each next preceding special enumeration, divide the commonwealth into forty districts of adjacent territory, each district to contain, as nearly as may be, an equal number of legal voters, according to the enumeration aforesaid: *provided, however,* that no town or ward of a city shall be divided therefor; and such districts shall be formed, as nearly as may be, without uniting two counties, or parts of two or more counties, into one district. Each district shall elect one senator, who shall have been an inhabitant of this commonwealth five years at least immediately preceding his election, and at the time of his election shall be an inhabitant of the district for which he is chosen; and he shall cease to represent such senatorial district when he shall cease to be an inhabitant of the commonwealth. [Not less than sixteen senators shall constitute a quorum for doing business; but a less number may organize temporarily, adjourn from day to day, and compel the attendance of absent members] [See Amendments, Articles XXIV., XXXIII.]

**ART. XXIII.** [No person of foreign birth shall be entitled to vote, or shall be eligible to office, unless he shall have resided within the jurisdiction of the United States for two years subsequent to his naturalization, and shall be otherwise qualified, according to the constitution and laws of this commonwealth: *provided,* that this amendment shall not affect the rights which any person of

foreign birth possessed at the time of the adoption thereof; and, *provided, further,* that it shall not affect the rights of any child of a citizen of the United States, born during the temporary absence of the parent therefrom. [See Amendments, Article XXVI.]

**ART. XXIV.** Any vacancy in the senate shall be filled by election by the people of the unrepresented district, upon the order of a majority of the senators elected.

**ART. XXV.** In case of a vacancy in the council, from a failure of election, or other cause, the senate and house of representatives shall, by concurrent vote, choose some eligible person from the people of the district wherein such vacancy occurs, to fill that office. If such vacancy shall happen when the legislature is not in session, the governor, with the advice and consent of the council, may fill the same by appointment of some eligible person.

**ART. XXVI.** The twenty-third article of the articles of amendment of the constitution of this commonwealth, which is as follows, to wit: "No person of foreign birth shall be entitled to vote, or shall be eligible to office, unless he shall have resided within the jurisdiction of the United States for two years subsequent to his naturalization, and shall be otherwise qualified, according to the constitution and laws of this commonwealth; *provided,* that this amendment shall not affect the rights which any person of foreign birth possessed at the time of the adoption thereof; and *provided, further,* that it shall not affect the rights of any child of a citizen of the United States, born during the temporary absence of the parent therefrom," is hereby wholly annulled.

**ART. XXVII.** So much of article two of chapter six of the constitution of this commonwealth as relates to per-

sons holding the office of president, professor, or instructor of Harvard College, is hereby annulled.

ART. XXVIII. No person having served in the army or navy of the United States in time of war, and having been honorably discharged from such service, if otherwise qualified to vote, shall be disqualified therefor on account of [being a pauper]; or, [if a pauper,] because of the non-payment of a poll-tax. [See Amendments, Article XXXI.]

ART. XXIX. The General Court shall have full power and authority to provide for the inhabitants of the towns in this Commonwealth more than one place of public meeting within the limits of each town for the election of officers under the constitution, and to prescribe the manner of calling, holding, and conducting such meetings.

All the provisions of the existing constitution inconsistent with the provisions herein contained are hereby annulled.

ART. XXX. No person, otherwise qualified to vote in elections for governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, and representatives, shall, by reason of a change of residence within the Commonwealth, be disqualified from voting for said officers in the city or town from which he has removed his residence, until the expiration of six calendar months from the time of such removal.

ART. XXXI. Article twenty-eight of the Amendments of the Constitution is hereby amended by striking out in the fourth line thereof the words "being a pauper," and inserting in place thereof the words: — receiving or having received aid from any city or town, — and also by striking out in said fourth line the words "if a pauper," so that the article as amended shall read as follows: ARTICLE XXVIII. No person having served in the army or navy of the United States in time of war, and having been honorably discharged from such service, if otherwise qualified to vote, shall be disqualified therefor on account of receiving or having received aid from any city or town, or because of the non-payment of a poll-tax.

ART. XXXII. So much of article three of the Amendments of the Constitution of the Commonwealth as is contained in the following words: “and who shall have paid, by himself, or his parent, master, or guardian, any state or county tax, which shall, within two years next preceding such election, have been assessed upon him, in any town or district of this Commonwealth; and also every citizen who shall be, by law, exempted from taxation, and who shall be, in all other respects, qualified as above mentioned,” is hereby annulled.

ART. XXXIII. A majority of the members of each branch of the General Court shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, but a less number may adjourn from day to day, and compel the attendance of absent members. All the provisions of the existing Constitution inconsistent with the provisions herein contained are hereby annulled.

ART. XXXIV. So much of article two of section one of chapter two of part the second of the Constitution of the Commonwealth as is contained in the following words: “and unless he shall at the same time, be seized in his own right, of a freehold within the Commonwealth of the value of one thousand pounds,” is hereby annulled.

[NOTE.—Soon after the Declaration of Independence, steps were taken in Massachusetts towards framing a Constitution or Form of Government. The Council and House of Representatives, or the General Court of 1777-78, in accordance with a recommendation of the General Court, of the previous year, met together as a Convention, and adopted a form of Constitution “for the State of Massachusetts Bay,” which was submitted to the people, and by them rejected. This attempt to form a Constitution having proved unsuccessful, the General Court on the 20th of February, 1779, passed a Resolve calling upon the qualified voters to give in their votes upon the questions—Whether they chose to have a new Constitution or Form of Government made,

and, Whether they will empower their representatives to vote for calling a State Convention for that purpose. A large majority of the inhabitants having voted in the affirmative to both these questions, the General Court, on the 17th of June, 1779, passed a Resolve calling upon the inhabitants to meet and choose delegates to a Constitutional Convention, to be held at Cambridge, on the 1st of September, 1779. The Convention met at time and place appointed, and organized by choosing James Bowdoin, President, and Samuel Barrett, Secretary. On the 11th of November the Convention adjourned, to meet at the Representatives' Chamber, in Boston, January 5th, 1780. On the 2d of March, of the same year, a form of Constitution having been agreed upon, a Resolve was passed by which the same was submitted to the people, and the Convention adjourned to meet at the Brattle Street Church, in Boston, June the 7th. At that time and place, the Convention again met, and appointed a Committee to examine the returns of votes from the several towns. On the 14th of June the Committee reported, and on the 15th, the Convention resolved, "That the people of the State of Massachusetts Bay have accepted the Constitution as it stands, in the printed form submitted to their revision." A Resolve providing for carrying the new Constitution into effect was passed; and the Convention then, on the 10th of June, 1780, was finally dissolved. In accordance with the Resolves referred to, elections immediately took place in the several towns; and the first General Court of the COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS met at the State House, in Boston, on Wednesday, October 25th, 1780.

The Constitution contained a provision providing for taking, in 1795, the sense of the people as to the expediency or necessity of revising the original instrument. But no such revision was deemed necessary at that time. On the 16th of June, 1820, an Act was passed by the General Court, calling upon the people to meet in their several towns, and give in their votes upon the question, "Is it expedient that delegates should be chosen to meet in Convention for the purpose of revising or altering the Constitution of Government of this Commonwealth?" A large majority of the people of the State having voted in favor of revision, the Governor issued a proclamation announcing the fact, and calling upon the people to vote, in accordance with the provisions of the aforesaid Act, for delegates to the proposed Convention. The delegates met at the State House, in Boston, November 15, 1820, and organized by choosing John Adams, President, and Benjamin Pollard, Secretary. Mr. Adams, however, declined the appointment, and Isaac Parker was chosen in his stead. On the 9th of January, 1821, the Convention agreed to fourteen Articles of Amendment, and after passing a Resolve providing for submitting the same to the people, and appointing a committee to meet to count the votes upon the subject, was dissolved. The

people voted on Monday, April 19th, 1821, and the Committee of the Convention met at the State House to count the votes, on Wednesday, May 24th. They made their return to the General Court; and at the request of the latter the Governor issued his proclamation on the 5th of June, 1821, announcing that nine of the fourteen Articles of Amendment had been adopted. These articles are numbered in the preceding pages from *one* to *nine* inclusive.

The *tenth* Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the political years 1829-30, and 1830-31, and was approved and ratified by the people May 11th, 1831.

The *eleventh* Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1832 and 1833, and was approved and ratified by the people November 11th, 1833.

The *twelfth* Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1835 and 1836, and was approved and ratified by the people November 14th, 1836.

The *thirteenth* Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1839 and 1840, and was approved and ratified by the people April 6th, 1840.

The General Court of the year 1851 passed an Act calling a third Convention to revise the Constitution. The Act was submitted to the people, and a majority voted against the proposed Convention. In 1852, on the 7th of May, another Act was passed calling upon the people to vote upon the question of calling a Constitutional Convention. A majority of the people having voted in favor of the proposed Convention, election for delegates thereto took place in March, 1853. The Convention met in the State House, in Boston, on the 4th day of May, 1853, and organized by choosing Nathaniel P. Banks, Jr., President, and William S. Robinson and James T. Robinson, Secretaries. On the 1st of August, this Convention agreed to a form of Constitution, and on the same day was dissolved, after having provided for submitting the same to the people, and appointed a committee to meet to count the votes, and to make a return thereof to the General Court. The Committee met at the time and place agreed upon, and found that the proposed Constitution had been rejected.

The *fourteenth*, *fifteenth*, *sixteenth*, *seventeenth*, *eighteenth*, and *nineteenth* Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1854 and 1855, and were approved and ratified by the people May 23d, 1855.

The *twentieth*, *twenty-first*, and *twenty-second* Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1856 and 1857, and were approved and ratified by the people May 1st, 1857.

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The *twenty-third* Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1858 and 1859, and was approved and ratified by the people May 9th, 1859.

The *twenty-fourth* and *twenty-fifth* Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1859 and 1860, and were approved and ratified by the people May 17th, 1860.

The *twenty-sixth* Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1862 and 1863, and was approved and ratified April 6th, 1863.

The *twenty-seventh* Article was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1876 and 1877, and was approved and ratified by the people on the 6th day of November, 1877.

The *twenty-eighth* Article was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1880 and 1881, and was approved and ratified by the people on the 8th day of November, 1881.

The *twenty-ninth* Article was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1884 and 1885, and was approved and ratified by the people on the 3d day of November, 1885.

The *thirtieth* and *thirty-first* Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1889 and 1890, and were approved and ratified by the people on the 4th day of November, 1890.

The *thirty-second* and *thirty-third* Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1890 and 1891, and were approved and ratified by the people on the 3d day of November, 1891.

The *thirty-fourth* Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1891 and 1892, and was approved and ratified by the people on the 8th day of November, 1892.]

CHAPTER CCXLV.

AN ACT to regulate the Times and Manner of holding  
Elections for Senators in Congress.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives  
of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*  
That the legislature of each State which shall be chosen  
next preceding the expiration of the time for which any  
senator was elected to represent said State in Congress  
shall, on the second Tuesday after the meeting and orga-  
nization thereof, proceed to elect a senator in Con-  
gress, in the place of such senator so going out of office,  
in the following manner: Each house shall openly, by a  
*viva voce* vote of each member present, name one person  
for senator in Congress from said State, and the name of  
the person so voted for, who shall have a majority of  
the whole number of votes cast in each house, shall be  
entered on the journal of each house by the clerk or  
secretary thereof; but if either house shall fail to give  
such majority to any person on said day, that fact shall be  
entered on the journal. At twelve o'clock, meridian, on  
the day following that on which proceedings are required  
to take place, as aforesaid, the members of the two houses  
shall convene in joint assembly, and the journal of each  
house shall then be read, and if the same person shall  
have received a majority of all the votes in each house,  
such person shall be declared duly elected senator to rep-  
resent said State in the Congress of the United States;  
but if the same person shall not have received a majority  
of the votes in each house, or if either house shall have  
failed to take proceedings as required by this act, the joint  
assembly shall then proceed to choose, by a *viva voce* vote  
of each member present, a person for the purpose afore-  
said, and the person having a majority of all the votes of

the said joint assembly, a majority of all the members elected to both houses being present and voting, shall be declared duly elected; and in case no person shall receive such majority on the first day, the joint assembly shall meet at twelve o'clock, meridian, of each succeeding day during the session of the legislature, and take at least one vote, until a senator shall be elected.

SECT. 2. *And be it further enacted,* That whenever, on the meeting of the legislature of any State, a vacancy shall exist in the representation of such State in the senate of the United States, said legislature shall proceed, on the second Tuesday after the commencement and organization of its session, to elect a person to fill such vacancy, in the manner hereinbefore provided for the election of a senator for a full term; and if a vacancy shall happen during the session of the legislature, then on the second Tuesday after the legislature shall have been organized, and shall have notice of such vacancy.

SECT. 3. *And be it further enacted,* That it shall be the duty of the governor of the State from which any senator shall have been chosen as aforesaid, to certify his election, under the seal of the State, to the president of the senate of the United States, which certificate shall be countersigned by the secretary of state of the State. *Approved July 25, 1866.*

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## STATISTICS.

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HISTORICAL, STATE, COUNTY, DISTRICT,  
POST-OFFICE, ETC.

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## COUNTIES, CITIES, AND TOWNS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

This table is prepared by ROBERT T. SWAN, Esq., *Commissioner of Public Records*. Authority for the earlier dates will be found in the first report of the Commission on Public Records of Parishes, Towns, and Counties.

[Names of cities are printed in **small capitals**; of extinct cities, towns, and districts, in *italics*. Much legislation in regard to territorial changes in towns will appear in the forthcoming volume of the Province Laws, containing resolves, orders, etc., relating to the establishment, etc., of towns, etc.]

### BARNSTABLE COUNTY. INCORPORATED JUNE 2, 1685.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Barnstable, . . . .	Mar. 5, 1638	Common land. June 17, 1641 bounds between Barnstable and Yarmouth established. Mar. 2, 1652 bounds between Barnstable and Sandwich to be established. Mar. 11, 1658 Barnstable and Yarmouth agreed upon bounds. June 3, 1662 additional lands granted to Barnstable. June 10, 1662 bounds between Barnstable and Sandwich to be established.
Bourne, . . . .	April 2, 1884	Part of Sandwich.

Brewster,	•	•	•	Feb.	19, 1803	Part of Harwich. June 21, 1811 part of Harwich annexed. April 25, 1848 part unexed to Harwich. Feb. 20, 1861 bounds between Brewster and Orleans established.
Chatham,	•	•	•	June	11, 1712	District of Manamoit. April 14, 1862 bounds between Chatham and Orleans and Chatham and Harwich established.
Dennis,	•	•	•	June	19, 1733	Part of Yarmouth.
Eastham,	•	•	•	June	7, 1651	Name changed from Nawssett. Mar. 5, 1678 Eastham and purchasers on both sides to settle the bounds. June 16, 1763 part established as the district of Wellfleet. July 14, 1772 part of Harwich annexed. Mar. 3, 1797 part of Eastham established as Orleans. Mar. 9, 1839 part annexed to Orleans. April 26, 1847 part annexed to Wellfleet. Mar. 23, 1867 bounds between Eastham and Orleans established and part of each town annexed to the other town. May 6, 1887 bounds between tidewaters of Eastham and Wellfleet established.
Falmouth,	•	•	•	Sept.	14, 1694	Common land, Mar. 17, 1841 a tract of land formerly in the plantation of Mashpee annexed. Mar. 19, 1880 bounds between Falmouth and Sandwich established. June 18, 1885 bounds between Falmouth and Mashpee established.
Harwich,	•	•	•	Sept.	14, 1694	Tract of land known as Satucket. July 14, 1772 part annexed to Eastham. Feb. 19, 1803 part established as Brewster. June 21, 1811 part annexed to Brewster. April 25, 1848 part of Brewster annexed. April 4, 1862 bounds between Harwich and Orleans established. April 14, 1862 bounds between Harwich and Chatham established.
<i>Mashpee, District of,</i>				Mar.	31, 1834	Plantation of Marshpee. Mar. 17, 1841 a tract of land formerly in the plantation of Marshpee annexed to Falmouth. April 1, 1859 part annexed to Sandwich. Mar. 13, 1860 part annexed to Sandwich. May 28, 1870 district of Marshpee abolished and the town of Marshpee established.

BARNSTABLE COUNTY — *Concluded.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
<i>Mashpee, District of, .</i>	June 14, 1763	Common land called Mashpee. Act of June 14, 1763 revived, to be in force until July 1, 1770. Nov. 15, 1770 the act again revived, to be in force until the end of the session of the General Court next after Nov. 1, 1775. Feb. 9, 1776 the act to continue in force until the end of the session next after Nov. 1, 1779. Nov. 25, 1779 the act again continued until Nov. 1, 1785. June 13, 1788 the above act repealed and three "Guardians to the Proprietors" appointed, the act now passed to be in force for ten years. Mar. 7, 1797 the act of June 13, 1788 made perpetual until repealed by the legislature. Feb. 26, 1811 part of the "plantation of Marshpee" [sic] annexed to Sandwich.
<i>Mashpee,</i> . . . . .	May 28, 1870	District of Marshpee. Mar. 19, 1872 part of Sandwich re-annexed. June 18, 1885 bounds between Mashpee and Falmouth established. May 27, 1887 bounds between Mashpee and Sandwich established, and part of Sandwich annexed.
<i>Nausett,</i> . . . . .	—, 1643	Common land. Mar. 3, 1645 certain common lands "lying between sea and sea" granted to those who go to dwell at "Nossett." June 2, 1646 established as a township. June 7, 1651 name changed to Eastham.
<i>Orleans,</i> . . . . .	Mar. 3, 1797	Part of Eastham. Mar. 9, 1839 part of Eastham annexed. Feb. 20, 1861 bounds between Orleans and Brewster established. April 4, 1862 bounds between Orleans and Harwich established. April 14, 1862 bounds between Orleans and Chatham established. Mar. 23, 1867 bounds between Orleans and Eastham established and part of each town annexed to the other town.

Provincetown, . . . . .	June 14, 1727	Precinct of Cape Cod. June 12, 1813 part of Truro annexed and bounds between the towns established. Mar. 2, 1829 part of Truro annexed and bounds again established. Mar. 30, 1836 part of Truro annexed.
Sandwich, . . . . .	Mar. 6, 1638	Common land called "Sanditch." Mar. 2, 1652 bounds between Sandwich and Barnstable to be established. June 10, 1662 bounds between Sandwich and Barnstable to be established. June 7, 1670 the bounds established Jan. 19, 1663 ordered to be entered on the records of the court. Oct. 28, 1684 bounds established. Feb. 26, 1811 part of the "plantation of Marshpee" [sic] annexed. April 1, 1859 part of the district of Marshpee annexed. Mar. 13, 1860 part of the district of Marshpee annexed. Mar. 19, 1872 part re-annexed to Mashpee. Mar. 19, 1880 bounds between Sandwich and Falmouth established. April 2, 1884 part established as Bourne. May 27, 1887 bounds between Sandwich and Mashpee established and part annexed to Mashpee.
Truro, . . . . .	July 16, 1709	Common land called Pawmett. June 12, 1813 part annexed to Provincetown and bounds between the towns established. Mar. 2, 1829 part annexed to Provincetown and bounds again established. Mar. 30, 1836 part annexed to Provincetown. Feb. 22, 1837 bounds between Truro and Wellfleet established.
Wellfleet, . . . . .	June 16, 1763	Part of Eastham established as the district of Wellfleet. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 22, 1837 bounds between Wellfleet and Truro established. April 26, 1847 part of Eastham annexed. May 6, 1887 bounds between the tidewaters of Wellfleet and Eastham established.
Yarmouth, . . . . .	Jan. 7, 1639	Common land called Mattacheeset. June 17, 1641 bounds between Yarmouth and Barnstable established. Mar. 11, 1658 Yarmouth and Barnstable agreed upon bounds. June 19, 1793 part of Yarmouth established as Dennis.

## BERKSHIRE COUNTY. INCORPORATED APRIL 21, 1761.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Adams, . . . . .	Oct. 15, 1778	The plantation called East Hoosuck. April 10, 1780 the plantation called New Providence annexed. Mar. 14, 1793 part included in the new town of Cheshire. April 16, 1878 part established as North Adams.
Alford, . . . . .	Feb. 16, 1773	Part of Great Barrington and certain common lands established as the district of Alford. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 11, 1779 part of Great Barrington annexed. Feb. 6, 1790 bounds between Alford and Egremont established. Feb. 18, 1819 part of Great Barrington annexed. Mar. 17, 1847 part of West Stockbridge annexed.
Becket, . . . . .	June 21, 1765	The new plantation called Number Four. Mar. 12, 1783 part included in the new town of Middlefield. Feb. 3, 1798 certain common lands lying between Becket, Blandford, Chester, and Loudon annexed. Mar. 1, 1810 part of Loudon annexed.
Bethlehem, District of, .	June 24, 1789	The North Eleven Thousand Acres. June 19, 1809 district of Bethlehem and the town of Loudon united as the town of Loudon. Mar. 1, 1810 act of June 19, 1809 took effect.
Boston Corner, District of,	April 14, 1838	Common land. Mar. 12, 1847 bounds between the district of Boston Corner and Mount Washington established. May 14, 1853 ceded to the State of New York.
Cheshire, . . . . .	Mar. 14, 1793	Parts of Adams, Lanesborough, Windsor, and the district of New Ashford. Feb. 6, 1798 part of the district of New Ashford annexed.

Clarksburg,	.	.	Mar. 2, 1798	Common land, May 2, 1848 part annexed to Florida. May 20, 1852 part annexed to Clarksburg.
Dalton,	.	.	Mar. 20, 1784	The new plantation of Ashuelot Equivalent. Feb. 28, 1795 part of Windsor annexed.
Egremont,	.	.	Feb. 13, 1760	Common land established as the district of Egremont. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 6, 1790 bounds between Egremont and Alford established. Feb. 22, 1790 part of Sheffield annexed. June 17, 1817 bounds between Egremont and Mount Washington established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Feb. 16, 1824 part of Sheffield annexed. June 4, 1869 bounds between Egremont and Sheffield established.
Florida,	.	.	June 15, 1805	Barnardstone's Grant and part of Bullock's Grant. May 2, 1848 part of Clarksburg annexed. May 20, 1852 part annexed to Clarksburg.
Gageborough,	.	.	July 4, 1771	The new plantation called Number Four. Oct. 16, 1778 part of the plantation called Number Five annexed, and the town of Gageborough, together with this annexed tract of land, to be a town by the name of Windsor.
Great Barrington,	.	.	June 30, 1761	Part of Sheffield. Feb. 16, 1773 part included in the new district of Alford. Feb. 16, 1773 lands adjoining annexed. Oct. 21, 1777 Part included in the new town of Lee. Feb. 11, 1779 part annexed to Alford. Feb. 18, 1819 part annexed to Alford.
Hancock,	.	.	July 2, 1776	The plantation called Jerico. June 26, 1798 part annexed to the district of New Ashford. May 20, 1851 bounds between Hancock and New Ashford established.
Hinsdale,	.	.	June 21, 1804	Part of Partridgefield.
Lanesborough,	.	.	June 21, 1765	The plantation of New Framingham. Mar. 14, 1793 part included in the new town of Cheshire.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Lee, . . . . .	Oct. 21, 1777	Parts of Great Barrington and Washington, the Glass Works Grant, and part of William's Grant. Mar. 7, 1806 bounds between Lee and Lenox established. Feb. 7, 1820 bounds between Lee and Lenox established.
Lenox, . . . . .	Feb. 26, 1767	Part of Richmont. Nov. 20, 1770 land adjoining annexed. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Jan. 31, 1795 part of Washington annexed. Feb. 18, 1802 part of Washington annexed. Mar. 7, 1806 bounds between Lenox and Lee established. Feb. 7, 1820 bounds between Lenox and Lee established.
Loudon, . . . . .	Feb. 27, 1773	Common land called Tyringham Equivalent. June 19, 1809 Loudon and the district of Bethlehem united as the town of Loudon. Mar. 1, 1810 the act of June 19, 1809 took effect, and part was annexed to Becket. June 13, 1810 name changed to Otis.
Monterey, . . . . .	April 12, 1847	Part of Tyringham. May 24, 1851 part of New Marlborough annexed. April 24, 1875 part of Sandisfield annexed. May 19, 1875 the act of April 24, 1875 accepted by the town. June 1, 1875 the act of April 24, 1875 took effect.
Mount Washington, . . .	June 21, 1779	The plantation called Tauconnuck Mountain. June 17, 1817 bounds between Mount Washington and Egremont established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Mar. 12, 1847 bounds between Mount Washington and the district of Boston Corner established.

New Ashford, . . . .	Feb. 26, 1781	Land called New Ashford, lying between Adams, Hancock, Lanesborough, and Williamstown, established as the district of New Ashford. Mar. 14, 1793 part of the district of New Ashford included in the new town of Cheshire. Feb. 6, 1798 part of the district of New Ashford annexed to Cheshire. June 26, 1798 part of Hancock annexed to the district of New Ashford. May 1, 1836 the district made a town by chapter 15 of the Revised Statutes. May 20, 1851 bounds between New Ashford and Hancock established.
New Marlborough, . .	June 15, 1759	The plantation called New Marlborough established as the district of New Marlborough. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. June 19, 1795 part of Sheffield annexed. Feb. 7, 1798 part of Sheffield annexed. Feb. 27, 1811 part of Tyringham annexed. Feb. 11, 1812 part annexed to Tyringham. May 24, 1851 part annexed to Monterey. April 19, 1871 part of Sheffield annexed and bounds established.
North Adams, . . . .	April 16, 1878	Part of Adams.
Otis, . . . . .	June 13, 1810	Name changed from Loudon. April 9, 1838 part of the common lands called East Eleven Thousand Acres annexed.
Partridgefield, . . . .	July 4, 1771	The new plantation called Number Two. Mar. 12, 1783 part included in the new town of Middlefield. June 21, 1804 part established as Hinsdale. June 19, 1806 name changed to Peru.
Peru, . . . . .	June 19, 1806	Name changed from Parridgefield.
PITTSFIELD, . . . .	April 21, 1761	The plantation called Pontoosuck. June 5, 1889 Pittsfield incorporated as a city. Feb. 11, 1890 act of incorporation accepted by the town.
Richmond, . . . . .	Mar. 3, 1785	Name changed from Richmond. Mar. 27, 1834 bounds between Richmond and West Stockbridge established.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY — *Concluded.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
<i>Richmont,</i> . . . . .	June 21, 1765	The new plantation called Yokum Town and Mount Ephraim. Feb. 26, 1767 part established as the district of Lenox. Mar. 3, 1785 name changed to Richmond.
<i>Sandisfield,</i> . . . . .	Mar. 6, 1762	The new plantation called Number Three. Feb. 10, 1819 the district of Southfield and the town of Sandisfield united as the town of Sandisfield. April 9, 1838 part of the common lands called East Eleven Thousand Acres annexed. May 4, 1853 bounds between Sandisfield and Tolland established. May 15, 1855 bounds between Sandisfield and Tolland established. April 24, 1875 part annexed to Monterey. May 19, 1875 act of April 24, 1875 accepted by Monterey. June 1, 1875 act of April 24, 1875 took effect.
<i>Savoy,</i> . . . . .	Feb. 20, 1797	Common land.
<i>Sheffield,</i> . . . . .	June 22, 1733	Part of the lower plantation called Houssatannick. June 30, 1761 part established as Great Barrington. Feb. 22, 1790 part annexed to Egremont. June 19, 1795 part annexed to New Marlborough. Feb. 7, 1798 part annexed to New Marlborough. Feb. 16, 1824 part annexed to Egremont. June 4, 1869 bounds between Sheffield and Egremont established. April 19, 1871 part annexed to New Marlborough and bounds established.
<i>Southfield, District of,</i> .	June 19, 1797	The South Eleven Thousand Acres. Feb. 8, 1819 district of Southfield and town of Sandisfield united as the town of Sandisfield.

Stockbridge,	• . .	June 22, 1739	The plantation called the Indian Town. Mar. 9, 1774 part established as the district of West Stockbridge. Mar. 2, 1829 part annexed to West Stockbridge. Feb. 6, 1830 the act of Mar. 2, 1829 perfected.
Tyningham,	• . .	Mar. 6, 1762	The new plantation called Number One. Feb. 27, 1811 part annexed to New Marlborough. Feb. 11, 1812 part of New Marlborough annexed. April 12, 1847 part established as Monterey.
Washington,	• . .	April 12, 1777	The plantation called Hartwood and several contiguous grants. Oct. 21, 1777 part included in the new town of Lee. Mar. 12, 1783 part included in the new town of Middlefield. Jan. 31, 1795 part annexed to Lenox. Feb. 18, 1802 part annexed to Lenox.
West Stockbridge,	• . .	Mar. 9, 1774	Part of Stockbridge established as the district of West Stockbridge. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Mar. 2, 1793 a gore of common land annexed. Mar. 2, 1829 part of Stockbridge annexed. Feb. 6, 1830 the act of Mar. 2, 1829 perfected. Mar. 27, 1834 bounds between West Stockbridge and Richmond established. Mar. 17, 1847 part annexed to Alford.
Williamstown,	• . .	June 21, 1765	The plantation called West Hoosuck. April 9, 1838 certain unincorporated lands annexed.
Windsor,	• . .	Oct. 16, 1778	The town of Gageborough and certain annexed lands. Mar. 14, 1793 part included in the new town of Cheshire. Feb. 26, 1794 part of Cheshire re-annexed. Feb. 28, 1795 part annexed to Dalton.

## BRISTOL COUNTY. INCORPORATED JUNE 2, 1685.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Aeushnet, • • •	Feb. 13, 1680	Part of Fairhaven. April 9, 1875 part annexed to New Bedford.
Attleborough, • • •	Oct. 19, 1694	Part of Rehoboth called The North Purchase. Sept. 10, 1697 bounds between Attleborough and Rehoboth established. Feb. 18, 1830 bounds between Attleborough and Wrentham established and part annexed to Wrentham. June 14, 1887 part established as North Attleborough. July 30, 1887 act of June 14, 1887 accepted by the town. Mar. 6, 1888 the acceptance of the act by the town confirmed.
Berkley, • • •	April 18, 1735	Parts of Dighton and Taunton. Feb. 26, 1799 part of Dighton annexed. Feb. 6, 1810 certain lands in Berkley belonging to Taunton annexed. Mar. 3, 1842 certain lands in Berkley belonging to Taunton annexed. April 1, 1879 part of Taunton annexed. April 12, 1879 act of April 1, 1879 accepted by the town.
Dartmouth, • • •	Oct. 5, 1652	Common land. June 8, 1664 the tract of land called Acishena, Pona-ganset, and Coanksett established as Dartmouth. June 3, 1668 bounds established. Feb. 23, 1787 part established as New Bedford. July 2, 1787 part established as Westport. Feb. 25, 1783 part annexed to Westport. Feb. 28, 1795 part annexed to Westport. Mar. 4, 1805 part annexed to Westport. Feb. 20, 1828 bounds between Dartmouth and Westport established. Feb. 19, 1831 bounds between Dartmouth and New Bedford established. Mar. 20, 1845 part annexed to New Bedford. May 3, 1888 part annexed to New Bedford.

Dighton, . . . . .	May 30, 1712	Part of Taunton. April 12, 1735 part included in the new town of Berkley. Mar. 2, 1743 bounds reported by a committee. Jan. 8, 1745 bounds established. Feb. 26, 1799 part annexed to Berkley. June 9, 1814 part established as Wellington. Feb. 12, 1824 bounds between Dighton and Wellington established and part annexed to Wellington. Feb. 22, 1826 Dighton and Wellington united as the town of Dighton if the act is accepted previous to Mar. 1, 1826. Feb. 25, 1826 act accepted by Dighton. April 4, 1854 part annexed to Somerset.
Easton, . . . . .	Dec. 1, 1725	Part of the land in Norton called the Taunton North Purchase.
Fairhaven, . . . . .	Feb. 22, 1812	Part of New Bedford. June 15, 1815 part of Freetown annexed. April 9, 1836 part of Rochester annexed and bounds established. Feb. 13, 1860 part established as Acushnet.
FALL RIVER, . . . . .	Feb. 26, 1803	Part of Freetown. June 18, 1804 name changed to Troy. Feb. 12, 1834 name changed from Troy. April 12, 1854 Fall River incorporated as a city. April 22, 1854 act of incorporation accepted by the town. April 10, 1861 certain lands on the east side of Mount Hope Bay annexed by the change of the bounds of Massachusetts and Rhode Island.
Freetown, . . . . .	July -, 1683	Common land called Freemen's land. June 17, 1700 bounds between Freetown and Tiverton established. Feb. 26, 1803 part established as Fall River. June 15, 1815 part annexed to Fairhaven.
Mansfield, . . . . .	April 26, 1770	Part of Norton made the district of Mansfield. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act.
NEW BEDFORD, . . . . .	Feb. 23, 1787	Part of Dartmouth. Feb. 22, 1812 part established as Fairhaven. Feb. 19, 1831 bounds between Dartmouth and New Bedford established. Mar. 20, 1845 part of Dartmouth annexed. Mar. 9, 1847 New Bedford incorporated as a city. Mar. 18, 1847 act of incorporation accepted by the town. April 9, 1875 part of Acushnet annexed. May 3, 1888 part of Dartmouth annexed.

BRISTOL COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
North Attleborough, . . .	June 14, 1887	Part of Attleborough. July 30, 1887 act of June 14, 1887 accepted by the town of Attleborough. Mar. 6, 1888 the acceptance of the act by the town confirmed.
Norton, . . . .	Mar. 17, 1710	Part of Taunton. June 12, 1711 bill to perfect the grant passed. Dec. 21, 1725 part established as Easton. April 26, 1770 part established as the district of Mansfield.
Raynham, . . .	April 2, 1731	Part of Tammon. Feb. 27, 1866 bounds between Raynham and Taunton established.
Rehoboth, . . . .	June 4, 1645	Common land called Seadneck. June 6, 1643 bounds to be established. Mar. 5, 1668 part included in the new town of Swansea. June 3, 1668 certain common lands annexed. Aug. 11, 1670 bounds between Rehoboth and Swansea established. July 5, 1671 the land called the North Purchase granted to Rehoboth. July 7, 1682 bounds established. Oct. 19, 1694 part called the North Purchase established as Attleborough. Sept. 10, 1697 bounds between Rehoboth and Attleborough established. Feb. 26, 1812 part established as Seekonk.
Seekonk, . . . .	Feb. 26, 1812	Part of Rehoboth. April 10, 1861 part of Pawtucket, R. I. and certain lands over which Seekonk may have claimed jurisdiction lying east of a conventional line to be determined by the U. S. Supreme Court, after the entry of the decree of said court, to be part of Seekonk. Jan. 29, 1862 a municipal district by the name of East Seekonk to consist of the territory named in the act of April 10, 1861 established. Said district to cease "so soon as the proper officers of the future town of Seekonk shall have been elected and qualified."

Somerset,	•	•	Feb.	20, 1790	Part of Swansea called Shewamet Purchase. April 4, 1854 part of Dighton annexed.
Swansea,	•	•	Mar.	5, 1688	The township of Wannanoisett (a part of Rehoboth) and places adjacent. July 5, 1659 a neck of land called Papasquash Neck, excepting one hundred acres, annexed. Aug. 11, 1670 bounds between Swansea and Rehoboth established. July 5, 1679 bounds established. Nov. 1, 1679 bounds between Swansea and Mount Hope to be established. Feb. 20, 1790 part established as Somerset.
TAUNTON,	•	•	Mar.	3, 1639	Common land called Cobannett. Mar. 3, 1640 land at Assonet granted to Taunton. June 19, 1640 bounds established. Oct. 29, 1672 certain lands granted to Taunton. July 7, 1682 land called Assonet Neck annexed. Mar. 17, 1710 the North 1 <sup>1</sup> /2 recinct of Taunton granted to be a town by the name of Norton. June 12, 1711 bill to perfect the grant passed. May 30, 1712 part established as Dighton. April 2, 1731 part established as Raynham. April 18, 1735 part included in the new town of Berkley. Feb. 6, 1810 certain lands in Berkley belonging to Taunton annexed to Berkley. Mar. 3, 1842 certain lands in Berkley belonging to Taunton annexed to Berkley. May 11, 1864 Taunton incorporated as a city. June 6, 1864 act of incorporation accepted by the town. Feb. 27, 1866 bounds between Taunton and Raynham established. June 1, 1867 bounds between Taunton and Lakeville established. April 1, 1879 part annexed to Berkley. April 12, 1879 act of April 1, 1879 accepted by Berkley.
Troy,	•	•	June	18, 1804	Name changed from Fall River. Feb. 12, 1834 name changed to Fall River.
Wellington,	•	•	June	9, 1814	Part of Dighton. Feb. 12, 1824 bounds between Dighton and Wellington established and part of Dighton annexed. Feb. <sup>22</sup> , 1826 Wellington and Dighton united as the town of Dighton. June 16, 1827 Wellington revived to exist one year.

BRISTOL COUNTY — *Concluded.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Westport, . . . .	July 2, 1787	Part of Dartmouth. Feb. 25, 1793 part of Dartmouth annexed. Feb. 28, 1795 part of Dartmouth annexed. Mar. 4, 1805 part of Dartmouth annexed. Feb. 20, 1828 bounds between Westport and Dartmouth established. April 10, 1861 certain lands lying east and south of a line described, after the entry of the decree of the U. S. Supreme Court concerning the Rhode Island boundary, to be a part of Westport.

## COUNTY OF DUKES COUNTY. INCORPORATED JUNE 22, 1695.

Chilmark, . . . .	Sept. 14, 1694	Common land. Oct. 30, 1714 "the Mannour of Tisbury, commonly called Chilmark," to have all the powers of a town. May 28, 1856 bounds between Chilmark and the lands of the Indians of Gay Head, as established May 9, 1855 confirmed. Mar 17, 1864 part of Chilmark known as the Elizabeth Islands established as Gosnold. Feb. 27, 1882 bounds between Chilmark and Tisbury established.
Cottage City, . . . .	Feb. 17, 1880	Part of Edgartown.

Edgartown, . . . . .	July 8, 1671*	Name changed from Great Harbour. Feb. 5, 1830 bounds between Edgartown and Tisbury established. April 23, 1862 bounds between Edgartown and Tisbury established. Feb. 17, 1880 part established as Cottage City.
Gay Head, . . . . .	May 28, 1856	Indian lands. April 30, 1870 the district of Gay Head made the town of Gay Head.
Gosnold, . . . . .	Mar. 17, 1864	Part of Chilmark known as the Elizabeth Islands.
<i>Great Harbour,</i> . . . . .	July 8, 1671*	Common land. Name changed to Edgartown.
<i>Middleton,</i> . . . . .	July 8, 1671†	Common land. Name changed to Tisbury.
Tisbury, . . . . .	July 8, 1671†	Name changed from Middletown. Feb. 5, 1830 bounds between Tisbury and Edgartown established. April 23, 1862 bounds between Tisbury and Edgartown established. Feb. 27, 1882 bounds between Tisbury and Chilmark established. April 28, 1892 part established as West Tisbury.
West Tisbury, . . . . .	April 28, 1892	Part of Tisbury.

\* "The said Towne being formerly known by the name of the Great Harbour." New York Book of Patents, Vol. 4, p. 75.

† "A township formerly known as Middletowne." New York Book of Patents, Vol. 4, p. 77.

## ESSEX COUNTY. INCORPORATED MAY 10, 1643.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Amesbury, . . . . .	May 27, 1668	Part of Salisbury. May 12, 1675 just and full bounds allowed to Amesbury. Mar. 15, 1844 part of Salisbury called "Little Salisbury," annexed. April 11, 1876 part established as Merrimac. June 16, 1886 part of Salisbury annexed. July 1, 1886 act of June 16, 1886 took effect.
Andover, . . . . .	May 22, 1646	Common land called Cochicawick. May 26, 1658 bounds between Andover and Billerica established. May 9, 1678 bounds between Andover and "Wills Hill" established. June 20, 1728 part included in the new town of Middleton. April 17, 1847 part included in the new town of Lawrence. April 7, 1865 part established as North Andover. Feb. 4, 1879 part annexed to Lawrence.
Beverly, . . . . .	Oct. 14, 1668	Part of Salem called Bass River. Sept. 11, 1753 part of Salem annexed. April 27, 1857 part annexed to Danvers.
Boxford, . . . . .	Sept. 14, 1694	Part of Rowley. Feb. 25, 1701 bounds between Boxford and Topsfield established. June 20, 1728 part included in the new town of Middleton. June 10, 1803 part of Rowley annexed. Mar. 18, 1825 bounds between Boxford and Rowley established. Mar. 7, 1846 part of Ipswich annexed. Mar. 21, 1856 part annexed to Groveland.
Bradford, . . . . .	Oct. 13, 1675	A part of Rowley called Merrimak or Rowley Village. Feb. 24, 1701 agreed bounds between Bradford and Rowley confirmed. Mar. 8, 1850 part established as Groveland.

Danvers,	•	•	•	•	Jan.	28, 1752	The village and Middle Parishes in Salem established as the district of Danvers. June 16, 1757 the district made a town. (Act disallowed by the Privy Council, Aug. 19, 1759.) Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Mar. 17, 1840 bounds between Danvers and Salem established. May 18, 1855 part established as South Danvers. May 31, 1856 bounds between Danvers and South Danvers established. April 27, 1857 part of Beverly annexed.
Essex,	•	•	•	•	Feb.	15, 1819	Part of Ipswich. April 19, 1892 boundary lines in tide-water between Essex and Gloucester, and Essex and Ipswich established.
Georgetown,	•	•	•	•	April	21, 1838	Part of Rowley.
GLoucester,	•	•	•	•	May	18, 1642	Common land called "Cape Anne." May 15, 1672 bounds between Gloucester and Manchester established. Feb. 27, 1840 part established as Rockport. April 28, 1873 Gloucester incorporated as a city. May 15, 1873 act of incorporation accepted by the town. April 19, 1892 boundary lines in tide-water between Gloucester, and Essex and Ipswich established.
Groveland,	•	•	•	•	Mar.	8, 1850	Part of Bradford. Mar. 21, 1856 part of Boxford annexed.
Hamilton,	•	•	•	•	June	21, 1793	Part of Ipswich called the Parish of Ipswich-Hamlet.
HAVERHILL,	•	•	•	•	June	2, 1641	Common land called Pautucket. May 10, 1643 Haverhill is named as in one of the four shires established. May 23, 1650 an island in the Merrimack River granted to Haverhill unless some person prove a clear title to it within three years. Oct. 30, 1851 bounds established. Nov. 1, 1654 bounds between Haverhill and Salisbury established; May 18, 1664 bounds between Haverhill and "lands of Maj. Gen'l Dennisou established." May 15, 1667 bounds established. May 12, 1675 bounds established. Dec. 8, 1725 part included in the new town of Methuen. Mar. 10, 1869 Haverhill incorporated as a city. May 15, 1869 act of incorporation accepted by the town.

ESSEX COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Ipswich, . . . . .	Aug. 5, 1634	Common land called "Agawam." Oct. 18, 1648 part called the Village at the New Meadow's named "Toppesfield." Feb. 28, 1694 bounds between Ipswich and Topsfield established. Nov. 29, 1785 part annexed to Rowley. June 21, 1793 part established as Hamilton. Feb. 15, 1819 part established as Essex. Mar. 7, 1846 part annexed to Boxford. April 19, 1892 boundary lines in tide-water between Ipswich and Essex, and Ipswich and Gloucester established.
LAWRENCE, . . . . .	April 17, 1847	Parts of Andover and Methuen. Mar. 21, 1853 Lawrence incorporated as a city. Mar. 29, 1853 act of incorporation accepted by the town. April 4, 1854 part of Methuen annexed. Feb. 4, 1879 parts of Andover and North Andover annexed.
LYNN, . . . . .	Nov. 29, 1637	The first Saugus. May 29, 1644 part established as Reading. July 3, 1782 part established as the district of Lynnfield. Feb. 17, 1815 part established as Saugus. April 10, 1850 Lynn incorporated as a city. April 19, 1850 act of incorporation accepted by the town. May 21, 1852 part established as Swampscott. Mar. 29, 1853 part established as Nahant.
Lynnfield, . . . . .	July 3, 1782	Part of Lynn established as the district of Lynnfield. Feb. 28, 1814 the district made a town. April 10, 1854 bounds between Lynnfield and Reading established. May 27, 1857 bounds between Lynnfield and North Reading established and part of each town annexed to the other town, provided the act is accepted by both towns. Nov. 3, 1857 act of May 27, 1857 accepted by Lynnfield. (Accepted by North Reading Jan. 7, 1858.)

Manchester,	•	•	•	May 14, 1645	Part of Salem called "Jeffryes Creek." May 15, 1672 bounds between Manchester and Gloucester established.
Marblehead,	•	•	•	July 2, 1633	Part of Salem called Marble Harbor. May 6, 1635 a plantation established at Marblehead. May 2, 1649 Marblehead established as a town.
Merrimac,	•	•	•	April 11, 1876	Part of Amesbury.
Methuen,	•	•	•	Dec. 8, 1725	Part of Haverhill and certain common lands. April 17, 1847 part included in the new town of Lawrence. April 4, 1854 part annexed to Lawrence.
Middleton,	•	•	•	June 20, 1728	Parts of Andover, Boxford, Salem, and Topsfield.
Nahant,	•	•	•	Mar. 29, 1853	Part of Lynn.
Newbury,	•	•	•	May 6, 1635	The plantation called Wessacucon. Jan. 28, 1764 part established as Newburyport. Feb. 18, 1819 part established as Parsons. April 17, 1851 part annexed to Newburyport.
NEWBURYPORT,	•	•	•	Jan. 28, 1764	Part of Newbury. April 17, 1851 part of Newbury annexed. May 24, 1851 Newburyport incorporated as a city. June 3, 1851 act of incorporation accepted by the town.
North Andover,	•	•	•	April 7, 1855	Part of Andover. Feb. 4, 1879 part annexed to Lawrence.
Parsons,	•	•	•	Feb. 18, 1819	Part of Newbury. June 14, 1820 name changed to West Newbury.
Peabody,	•	•	•	April 13, 1868	Name changed from South Danvers. April 30, 1868 act of April 13, 1863 accepted by the town. Mar. 27, 1882 part annexed to Salem.

ESSEX COUNTY — *Concluded.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Rockport, . . . . .	Feb. 27, 1840	Part of Gloucester.
Rowley, . . . . .	Sept. 4, 1639	"Mr. Ezechi Rogers plantation." — "1675 part established as Bradford. — "1694 part established as Boxford. Feb. 24, 1701 bounds between Rowley and Bradford established. Nov. 29, 1785 part of Ipswich annexed. June 10, 1808 part annexed to Boxford. June 18, 1825 bounds between Rowley and Boxford established. April 21, 1838 part established as Georgetown.
SALEM, . . . . .	Aug. 23, 1630	Common land. Mar. 4, 1635 bounds between Salem and Saugus (now Lynn), and Salem and Marble Harbor, to be established. Sept. 7, 1643 part called Enon established as Wenham. May 14, 1645 part called "Jeffryes Creek" established as Manchester. May 2, 1649 part established as Marblehead. Oct. 19, 1658 bounds between Salem and Topsfield established. May 29, 1664 bounds between Salem and Topsfield established. Oct. 14, 1668 part called Bass River established as Beverly. June 20, 1728 part included in the new town of Middleton. Jan. 28, 1752 part established as the district of Danvers. Sept. 11, 1753 part annexed to Beverly. Mar. 23, 1836 Salem incorporated as a city. April 4, 1836 act of incorporation accepted by the town. Mar. 17, 1840 bounds between Salem and Danvers established. April 30, 1856 bounds between Salem and South Danvers established and part of each place annexed to the other place. April 3, 1867 part annexed to Swampscott. Mar. 27, 1882 part of Peabody annexed.

Salisbury, • • •	Oct. 7, 1640	Common land called Colchester. June 2, 1641 bounds between Salisbury and "Pantucket, ali: Haverell," established. Nov. 1, 1654 bounds between Salisbury and Haverhill established. May 27, 1668 part established as Amesbury. Mar. 15, 1844 part annexed to Amesbury. June 16, 1886 part annexed to Amesbury. July 1, 1886 act of June 16, 1886 took effect.
Saugus, • • •	July 5, 1631	The plantation of Saugus. Mar. 4, 1635 bounds between Saugus and Salem, and between Saugus and Marble Harbor, to be established. Nov. 20, 1637 name changed to Lynn.
Saugus,	Feb. 17, 1815	Part of Lynn. Feb. 22, 1841 part of Chelsea annexed.
South Danvers, •	May 18, 1855	Part of Danvers. April 30, 1856 bounds between South Danvers and Salem established and part of each place annexed to the other place. May 31, 1856 bounds between South Danvers and Danvers established. April 13, 1868 name changed to Peabody. April 30, 1868 name of Peabody accepted by the town.
Swampscott,	May 21, 1852	Part of Lynn. April 3, 1867 part of Salem annexed.
Topsfield, • • •	Oct. 18, 1648	Part of Ipswich called the Village at the New Meadows. Oct. 18, 1650 Topsfield established as a town. Oct. 19, 1658 bounds between Topsfield and Salem established. May 29, 1664 bounds between Topsfield and Salem established. Feb. 28, 1694 bounds between Topsfield and Ipswich established. Feb. 25, 1701 bounds between Topsfield and Boxford established. June 20, 1728 part included in the new town of Middleton.
Wenham, • • •	Sept. 7, 1643	Part of Salem called Enon.
West Newbury, •	June 14, 1820	Name changed from Parsons.

## FRANKLIN COUNTY. INCORPORATED JUNE 24, 1811.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Ashfield, . . . . .	June 21, 1765	The new plantation called Huntstown.
Bernardston, . . . . .	Mar. 6, 1762	The new plantation called Falltown. Dec. 2, 1779 part annexed to Colrain. Mar. 12, 1784 part established as the district of Leyden. April 14, 1838 part of Greenfield annexed. May 7, 1886 part of Leyden annexed, if this act is accepted by Bernardston. June 7, 1886 act of May 7, 1886 accepted.
Buckland, . . . . .	April 14, 1779	The plantation called No.town, and part of Charlemont. April 14, 1838 part of Conway annexed.
Charlemont, . . . . .	June 21, 1765	The new plantation called Charlemont. April 14, 1779 part included in the new town of Buckland. Feb. 14, 1785 part included in the new town of Heath. Mar. 19, 1793 certain common lands between Charlemont and North River annexed. April 2, 1838 part of the common lands called Zoar annexed.
Colrain, . . . . .	June 30, 1761	The new plantation of Colrain. Dec. 2, 1779 part of Bernardston annexed.
Conway, . . . . .	June 17, 1767	Part of Deerfield established as the district of Conway. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 19, 1781 part of Shelburne annexed. Feb. 9, 1785 part annexed to Goshen. June 17, 1791 part of Deerfield annexed. June 21, 1811 part of Deerfield annexed and bounds between Conway and Whately established. April 14, 1838 part annexed to Buckland.

Deerfield,	•	•	•	Oct. 22, 1677	Common land. Oct. —, 1678 the encouraging of the rebuilding of the plantation of Deerfield provided for. June 9, 1753 part established as the district of Greenfield. June 17, 1767 part established as the district of Conway. June 21, 1768 part established as the district of Sheburne. June 17, 1791 part annexed to Conway. Mar. 5, 1810 part annexed to Whately. June 21, 1811 part annexed to Conway and bounds established.
Erving,	•	•	•	April 17, 1838	The common land called Erving's Grant. Feb. 27, 1841 bounds between Erving and Orange established. Feb. 10, 1860 part of Northfield called Hack's Grant annexed.
Gill,	•	•	•	Sept. 28, 1793	Part of Greenfield. Feb. 28, 1795 part of Northfield annexed. Mar. 14, 1805 the island called Great Island annexed after April 1, 1805.
Greenfield,	•	•	•	June 9, 1753	Part of Deerfield established as the district of Greenfield. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Sept. 28, 1793 part established as Gill. April 14, 1838 part annexed to Bernardston.
Hawley,	•	•	•	Feb. 6, 1792	The plantation called Number Seven. Mar. 9, 1793 part of plantation Number Seven, accidentally omitted in the bounds, annexed to Hawley. June 21, 1803 part annexed to the district of Plainfield.
Heath,	•	•	•	Feb. 14, 1785	Part of Charlemont and common lands called Green and Walker's land.
Leverett,	•	•	•	Mar. 5, 1774	Part of Sunderland.
Leyden,	•	•	•	Mar. 12, 1784	Part of Bernardston established as the district of Leyden. Feb. 22, 1809 the district made a town. May 7, 1886 part annexed to Bernardston, if the act is accepted by Bernardston. June 7, 1886 the act accepted by Bernardston.
Monroe,	•	•	•	Feb. 21, 1822	Part of Rowe and a gore of common land.

FRANKLIN COUNTY — *Concluded.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Montague, . . . . .	Jan. 25, 1754	Part of Sunderland established as the district of Montague. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 28, 1803 part annexed to Wendell.
New Salem, . . . . .	June 15, 1753	The township of New Salem with the additional grant made to said township established as the district of New Salem. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Jan. 28, 1822 part included in the new town of Prescott. Feb. 20, 1824 part of Shutesbury annexed. Feb. 5, 1830 part annexed to Athol. Mar. 16, 1837 part called Little Grant annexed to Orange and part to Athol.
Northfield, . . . . .	Feb. 22, 1714	The plantation called Squakend. June 29, 1773 two tracts of land lying south of Northfield annexed. Feb. 28, 1795 part annexed to Gill. Feb. 10, 1860 part called Hack's Grant annexed to Erving.
Orange, . . . . .	Oct. 15, 1783	Parts of Athol, Royalston, Warwick, and certain common lands called Ervingshire made the district of Orange. Feb. 24, 1810 the district made a town. Feb. 7, 1816 part annexed to Athol. Mar. 16, 1837 part of the common lands called Erving's Grant annexed. Mar. 16, 1837 part of New Salem called Little Grant annexed. Feb. 27, 1841 bounds between Orange and Erving established.
Rowe, . . . . .	Feb. 9, 1785	The common lands called Myrifield and lands adjoining. Feb. 21, 1822 part of Rowe and certain common lands established as Monroe. April 2, 1838 part of the common lands called Zoar annexed.

Shelburne, . . . . .	June 21, 1768	Part of Deerfield established as the district of Shelburne. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 19, 1781 part annexed to Conway. Mar. 19, 1793 certain common lands between Shelburne and North River annexed.
Shutesbury, . . . . .	June 30, 1761	The plantation called Roadtown. May 8, 1781 part included in the new town of Wendell. Feb. 20, 1824 part annexed to New Salem.
Sunderland, . . . . .	Nov. 12, 1718	Common land. Jan. 2, 1740 bounds between Hadley and Sunderland established. Jan. 29, 1754 part established as the district of Montague. Mar. 5, 1774 part established as Leverett.
Warwick, . . . . .	Feb. 17, 1763	The plantation called Roxbury Canada with sundry farms lying therein, and certain common lands. Oct. 15, 1783 part included in the new town of Orange.
Wendell, . . . . .	May 8, 1781	Part of Shutesbury and part of the common land called Ervingshire. Feb. 28, 1803 part of Montague and a gore of common land annexed.
Whately, . . . . .	April 24, 1771	Part of Hatfield. Mar. 5, 1810 part of Deerfield annexed. June 21, 1811 bounds between Whately and Conway established. Feb. 2, 1849 bounds between Whately and Williamsburg established.

HAMPDEN COUNTY. INCORPORATED FEB. 25, 1812.

Agawam, . . . . .	May 17, 1855	Part of West Springfield.
Blandford, . . . . .	April 10, 1741	Suffield equivalent lands, commonly called Glasgow. Feb. 22, 1809 bounds between Blandford and Russell, and Blandford and Chester established. June 13, 1810 bounds between Blandford and Chester established. May 25, 1853 part annexed to Norwich.

HAMPDEN COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Brimfield, . . . . .	Aug. 16, 1722	Common land. Dec. 24, 1731 the town incorporated. Jan. 16, 1742 part included in the new town of Western. April 28, 1760 part established as the district of Monson. Sept. 18, 1762 part established as the district of South Brimfield. Feb. 7, 1763 bounds definitely established.
Chester, . . . . .	Feb. 21, 1783	Name changed from Murrayfield. Mar. 12, 1783 part included in the new town of Middlefield. June 21, 1799 part annexed to Worthington. Feb. 22, 1809 bounds between Chester and Blandford established. June 13, 1810 bounds between Chester and Blandford established. May 25, 1853 part annexed to Norwich.
CHICOOPEE, . . . . .	April 29, 1848	Part of Springfield. April 18, 1890 Chicopee incorporated as a city. May 6, 1890 act of incorporation accepted by the town.
Granville, . . . . .	Jan. 25, 1754	The plantation of Bedford established as the district of Granville. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. June 14, 1810 part established as Tollaund.
Hampden, . . . . .	Mar. 28, 1878	Part of Wilbraham.
Holland, . . . . .	July 5, 1783	Part of South Brimfield established as the district of Holland. Feb. 8, 1796 bounds between the district of Holland and South Brimfield established. May 1, 1836 the district made a town by the provisions of chapter 15 of the Revised Statutes.

HOLYOKE,	.	.	Mar. 14, 1850	Part of West Springfield. April 7, 1873 Holyoke incorporated as a city. May 29, 1873 act of incorporation accepted by the town.
Longmeadow,	.	.	Oct. 13, 1783	Part of Springfield called Longmeadow. Nov. 16, 1787 certain common lands called the Gore annexed. June 2, 1890 part annexed to Springfield.
Ludlow,	.	.	Feb. 28, 1774	Part of Springfield called Stony Hill established as the district of Ludlow. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. June 5, 1830 bounds between Ludlow and Springfield established.
Monson,	.	.	April 28, 1760	Part of Brimfield established as the district of Monson. Feb. 7, 1763 bounds definitely established. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 8, 1828 bounds between Monson and Palmer established.
Montgomery,	.	.	Nov. 28, 1780	Parts of Westfield, Norwich, and Southampton. Feb. 25, 1792 part included in the new town of Russell. Mar. 6, 1792 parts of Norwich and Southampton annexed.
Murrayfield,	.	.	Oct. 31, 1765	The new plantation called Murrayfield. June 29, 1773 part established as the district of Norwich. May 8, 1781 part annexed to Norwich. Feb. 21, 1783 name changed to Chester.
Palmer,	.	.	Jan. 30, 1752	The plantation called The Elbows* established as the district of Palmer. Feb. 7, 1763 bounds definitely established. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 8, 1828 bounds between Palmer and Monson established. Feb. 7, 1831 part of Western annexed.
Russell,	.	.	Feb. 25, 1792	Parts of Westfield and Montgomery. Feb. 22, 1809 bounds between Blandford and Russell established.

\* Sometimes called New Marlborough and sometimes Kingsfield.

HAMPDEN COUNTY — *Concluded.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Dale of Establish- ment or In- corporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
<i>South Brimfield</i> , . . .	Sept. 18, 1762	Part of Brimfield established as the district of South Brimfield. Feb. 21, 1766 the district divided into two parishes, the east and west. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. July 5, 1783 the east parish of South Brimfield established as the district of Holland. Feb. 8, 1796 bounds between South Brimfield and the district of Holland established. Feb. 20, 1828 name changed to Wales.
<i>Southwick</i> , . . .	Nov. 7, 1770	Part of Westfield established as the district of Southwick. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Oct. 6, 1779 part of Westfield annexed. Mar. 20, 1837 bounds between Southwick and Westfield established.
<i>SPRINGFIELD</i> , . . .	June 2, 1641	Common land called Agawam. Nov. 11, 1647 "Woronoko" to be a part of Springfield. Mar. 7, 1648 certain common lands annexed. May 19, 1669 part called Woroonoake established as Westfield. May 31, 1670 bounds between Springfield and Westfield established. May 17, 1684 bounds established. June 4, 1685 bounds between Springfield and Northampton established. June 15, 1763 part established as Wilbraham. Feb. 23, 1774, part established as West Springfield. Feb. 28, 1774 part called Stony Hill established as Ludlow. Oct. 13, 1783 part established as Longmeadow. June 11, 1799 part annexed to Wilbraham. June 5, 1830 bounds between Springfield and Ludlow established. April 29, 1848 part established as Chicopee. April 12, 1852 Springfield incorporated as a city. April 21, 1852 act accepted by the town. June 2, 1890 part of Longmeadow annexed.

Tolland,	•	•	•	•	June 14, 1810	Part of Granville. May 4, 1853 bounds between Tolland and Sandisfield established. May 15, 1855 bounds between Tolland and Sandisfield established.
Wales,	•	•	•	Feb.	20, 1828	Name changed from South Brimfield.
Westfield,	•	•	•	May	19, 1669	Part of Springfield called Woroonoake. May 31, 1670 bounds between Westfield and Springfield established. June 4, 1701 a strip of common land divided between Westfield and Northampton. Nov. 7, 1770 part established as the district of Southwick. Oct. 6, 1779 part annexed to Southwick. Nov. 28, 1780 part included in the new town of Montgomery. Feb. 25, 1792 part included in the new town of Russell. Mar. 3, 1802 part annexed to West Springfield. Mar. 20, 1837 bounds between Westfield and Southwick established.
West Springfield,	•	•	Feb.	23, 1774	Part of Springfield. Mar. 3, 1802 part of Westfield annexed. Mar. 14, 1850 part established as Holyoke. May 17, 1855 part established as Agawam.	
Wilbraham,	•	•	June 15, 1763	Part of Springfield. June 11, 1779 part of Springfield called The Elbows annexed. Mar. 28, 1878 part of Wilbraham established as Hampden.		

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY. INCORPORATED MAY 7, 1662.

Amherst,	•	•	Feb. 13, 1759	Part of Hadley established as the district of Amherst. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Jan. 15, 1789 part of Hadley annexed. Feb. 28, 1811 part of Hadley annexed. Feb. 18, 1812 part of Hadley annexed. Feb. 17, 1814 part of Hadley annexed. Mar. 1, 1815 bounds between Amherst and Hadley established and part of each town annexed to the other town.
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HAMPshire COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Belchertown, . . .	June 30, 1761	The plantation called Cold Spring. June 22, 1771 part annexed to Greenwich. June 16, 1788 part annexed to Pelham. Feb. 15, 1817 part included in the new town of Enfield.
Chesterfield, . . .	June 11, 1762	The new plantation called New Hingham. Jan. 31, 1763 certain common lands annexed. May 14, 1781 part of Chesterfield and the plantation called Chesterfield Gore established as Goshen. June 8, 1789 part of Goshen annexed. Feb. 22, 1794 part of Norwich annexed. June 24, 1795 bounds between Chesterfield and Williamsburg established. Feb. 7, 1797 bounds between Chesterfield and Williamsburg established. Feb. 16, 1810 bounds between Chesterfield, Goshen, and Williamsburg established.
Cummington; . . .	June 23, 1779	Part of the plantation called Number Five. Mar. 16, 1785 part established as the district of Plainfield. Mar. 21, 1788 certain common lands, called Murrayfield Grant and Minot's Grant, and a gore of 2,200 acres annexed. Feb. 4, 1794 part annexed to Plainfield.
Easthampton, . . .	June 17, 1785	Parts of Northampton and Southampton established as the district of Easthampton. June 16, 1809 the district made a town. Feb. 1, 1828 bounds between Easthampton and Southampton established. Mar. 13, 1841 part of Southampton annexed. April 4, 1860 part of Southampton annexed. Feb. 21, 1862 bounds between Easthampton and Southampton established. Mar. 12, 1872 bounds between Easthampton and Westhampton established.

Enfield, . . . . .	Feb. 15, 1816	Parts of Belchertown and Greenwich. June 12, 1818 bounds between Enfield and Greenwich established and part of each town annexed to the other town.
Goshen, . . . . .	May 14, 1781	Part of Chesterfield and the plantation called Chesterfield Gore. Feb. 9, 1785 part of Conway annexed. June 8, 1789 part annexed to Chesterfield. June 24, 1795 bounds between Goshen and Williamsburg established. Feb. 7, 1797 bounds between Goshen and Williamsburg established. Feb. 16, 1810 bounds between Goshen, Chesterfield, and Williamsburg established.
Granby, . . . . .	June 11, 1768	Part of South Hadley. June 28, 1781 bounds between Granby and South Hadley established. Mar. 9, 1792 part of South Hadley established. June 12, 1824 bounds between Granby and South Hadley established. June 20, 1826 bounds between Granby and South Hadley established. June 16, 1827 bounds between Granby and South Hadley established.
Greenwich, . . . . .	April 20, 1754	The plantation called Quabbin. June 22, 1771 part of Belcher town annexed. Feb. 18, 1801 part included in the new town of Dana. June 19, 1811 bounds between Greenwich and Dana established. Feb. 15, 1816 part included in the new town of Enfield. June 12, 1818 bounds between Greenwich and Enfield established and part of each town annexed to the other town.
Hadley, . . . . .	May 22, 1661	The new plantation near Northampton. Oct. 21, 1663 bounds established. May 18, 1664 certain common lands granted to Hadley. May 31, 1670 part established as Hatfield. May 7, 1673 certain common lands granted to Hadley. May 16, 1683 certain common lands granted to Hadley. Jan. 2, 1740 bounds between Hadley and Sunderland established. April 12, 1753 part made the district of South Hadley. Feb. 13, 1759 part made the district of Amherst. Jan. 15, 1789 part annexed to Amherst. Feb. 28, 1811 part annexed to Amherst. Feb. 18, 1812 part annexed to Amherst. Feb. 17, 1814 part annexed to Amherst. Mar. 1, 1815 bounds between Hadley and Amherst established and part of each town annexed to the other town. April 15, 1850 part annexed to Northampton.

HAMPshire COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Hatfield, . . . .	May 31, 1670	Part of Hadley, Oct. 9, 1672 bounds established. Nov. 26, 1695 certain common lands annexed. April 24, 1771 part established as Whately. April 24, 1771 part included in the new district of Williamsburg, Mar. 14, 1845 bounds between Hatfield and Williamsburg established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Mar. 19, 1846 bounds between Hatfield and Williamsburg established and part of each town annexed to the other town.
Huntington, . . . .	Mar. 9, 1855	Name changed from Norwich.
Middlefield, . . . .	Mar. 12, 1783	Parts of Becket, Chester, Partridgefield, Washington, and Worthington, and the common lands called Prescott's Grant.
NORTHAMPTON, . . . .	May 14, 1656	Common land called Nonotuck. June 4, 1685 bounds between Northampton and Springfield established. June 4, 1701 a strip of common land divided between Northampton and Westfield. Jan. 5, 1753 part established as Southampton. Sept. 29, 1778 part established as Westhampton. Sept. 29, 1778 part annexed to Southampton. June 17, 1785 part included in the new district of Easthampton. April 15, 1850 part of Hadley annexed. Mar. 12, 1872 bounds between Northampton and Westhampton established. June 23, 1883 Northampton incorporated as a city. Sept. 5, 1883 act of incorporation accepted by the town.

<i>Norwich,</i>	•	•	•	June 29, 1773	Part of Murrayfield established as the district of Norwich. Aug 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Nov. 28, 1780 part included in the new town of Montgomery. May 8, 1781 part of Murrayfield annexed. Mar. 6, 1792 part annexed to Montgomery. Feb. 22, 1794 part annexed to Chesterfield. May 25, 1853 parts of Blandford and Chester annexed. Mar. 9, 1855 name changed to Huntington.
Pelham,	•	•	•	Jan. 15, 1743	Common land called New Lisburne. June 16, 1788 part of Belchertown unincorporated. Jan. 28, 1822 part included in the new town of Prescott.
Plainfield,	•	•	•	Mar. 16, 1785	Part of Cummington established as the district of Plainfield. Feb. 4, 1794 part of Cummington annexed to the district of Plainfield. June 21, 1803 part of Hawley annexed to the district of Plainfield. June 15, 1807 the district made a town.
Prescott,	•	•	•	Jan. 28, 1822	Parts of Pelham and New Salem.
Southampton,	•	•	•	Jan. 5, 1753	Part of Northampton established as the district of Southampton. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Sept. 29, 1778 part of Northampton annexed. Nov. 28, 1780 part included in the new town of Montgomery. June 17, 1785 part included in the new district of Easthampton. Mar. 6, 1792 part annexed to Montgomery. Feb. 1, 1828 bounds between Southampton and Easthampton established. Mar. 13, 1841 part annexed to Easthampton. April 4, 1850 part annexed to Easthampton. Feb. 21, 1862 bounds between Southampton and Easthampton established. Mar. 12, 1872 bounds between Southampton and Westhampton established.
South Hadley,	•	•	•	April 12, 1753	Part of Hadley established as the district of South Hadley. June 11, 1768 part of the district established as Granby. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. June 28, 1781 bounds between South Hadley and Granby established. Mar. 9, 1792 part annexed to Granby. June 12, 1824 bounds between South Hadley and Granby established. June 20, 1826 bounds between South Hadley and Granby established. June 16, 1827 bounds between South Hadley and Granby established.

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY — *Concluded.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Ware, . . . . .	Nov. 25, 1761	Parts of Brookfield, Palmer, and Western, and certain common lands, all forming Ware-River Parish, established as the district of Ware, Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 8, 1823 parts of Brookfield and Western annexed.
Westhampton, . . . . .	Sept. 29, 1778	Part of Northampton. Mar. 12, 1872 bounds between Westhampton, and Easthampton, Northampton, and Southampton established.
Williamsburg, . . . . .	April 24, 1771	Part of Hatfield and certain common lands adjoining established as the district of Williamsburg. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. June 24, 1795 bounds between Williamsburg and Chesterfield and Goshen established. Feb. 7, 1797 bounds between Williamsburg and Chesterfield and Goshen established. Feb. 16, 1810 bounds between Williamsburg, Chesterfield and Goshen established. Mar. 14, 1845 bounds between Williamsburg and Hatfield established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Mar. 19, 1846 bounds between Williamsburg and Hatfield established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Feb. 2, 1849 bounds between Williamsburg and Whately established.
Worthington, . . . . .	June 30, 1768	The new plantation called Number Three. Mar. 12, 1783 part included in the new town of Middlefield. June 21, 1799 part of Chester annexed.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY. INCORPORATED MAY 10, 1643.

Acton, *	•	•	•	•	July 3, 1735	Part of Concord with Willard's Farms. April 28, 1780 part included in the second district of Carlisle.
Arlington, *	•	•	•	•	April 13, 1867	Name changed from West Cambridge. April 30, 1867 the act took effect.
Ashby, *	•	•	•	•	Mar. 6, 1767	Parts of Ashburnham, Fitchburg, and Townsend. Nov. 16, 1792 part of Ashburnham annexed. Mar. 3, 1829 part of Fitchburg annexed.
Ashland, *	•	•	•	•	Mar. 16, 1846	Parts of Framingham, Holliston, and Hopkinton. April 23, 1853 part to be annexed to Hopkinton when a certain sum is paid by Hopkinton. May 2, 1853 the act took effect.
Ayer, *	•	•	•	•	Feb. 14, 1871	Parts of Groton and Shirley.
Bedford,	•	•	•	•	Sept. 23, 1729	Parts of Billerica and Concord. Feb. 26, 1767 part of Billerica annexed.
Belmont,	•	•	•	•	Mar. 18, 1859	Parts of Waltham, Watertown, and West Cambridge. Jan. 31, 1861 bounds between Belmont and West Cambridge established. Feb. 25, 1862 part of Cambridge annexed and bounds established. April 19, 1880 part annexed to Cambridge. April 28, 1891 bounds between Belmont and Cambridge established and part of each place annexed to the other place.
Billerica, *	•	•	•	•	May 29, 1655	Common land. May 14, 1656 eight thousand acres of common land granted to Billerica. May 15, 1657 certain lands granted to Billerica. May 26, 1658 bounds between Billerica and Andover established. June 7, 1661 four thousand acres of land granted to Billerica. Oct. 10, 1666 bounds between Billerica and Woburn established. June 27, 1701 bounds between Billerica and Chelmsford and Concord established. Sept. 23, 1729 part included in the new town of Bedford. Dec. 17, 1734 part established as Tewksbury. Feb. 26, 1767 part annexed to Bedford. April 28, 1780 part included in the second district of Carlisle.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY—*Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Boxborough,	Feb. 25, 1783	Parts of Harvard, Littleton, and Stow established as the district of Boxborough. Feb. 20, 1794 bounds between Boxborough and Littleton established. May 1, 1836 the district made a town by chapter 15 of the Revised Statutes. April 30, 1890 bounds between Boxborough and Littleton established.
Brighton,	Feb. 24, 1807	Part of Cambridge. Jan. 27, 1816 part of Cambridge annexed. May 21, 1873 Brighton annexed to Boston if the act is accepted by both places. Oct. 7, 1873 the act accepted by both. Jan. 5, 1874 the act took effect.
Burlington,	Feb. 28, 1799	Part of Woburn. Jan. 20, 1800 part annexed to Lexington.
CAMBRIDGE,	Sept. 8, 1636	The town of Newe Towne. May 2, 1638 name changed to Cambridge. Mar. 13, 1639 bounds between Cambridge and Watertown established. Oct. 7, 1641 bounds between Cambridge and Boston established. Nov. 12, 1659 one thousand acres of land granted to Cambridge. Oct. 19, 1664 the grant renewed. Mar. 20, 1713 part established as Lexington. April 18, 1761 part of Charlestown annexed. Mar. 6, 1802 part of Charlestown annexed. Feb. 24, 1807 part established as Brighton. Feb. 27, 1807 part established as West Cambridge. Jan. 27, 1816 part annexed to Brighton. Feb. 12, 1818 part of Charlestown annexed. June 17, 1820 part of Charlestown annexed. Mar. 17, 1846 Cambridge incorporated as a city. Mar. 30, 1846 act of incorporation accepted by the town. April 27, 1855 part of Watertown annexed. April 30, 1856 bounds between Cambridge and Somerville established and part of each place annexed to the other place. Feb. 25, 1862 parts of

CAMBRIDGE—Con.	.	.	Sept. 8, 1636	Belmont and West Cambridge annexed. Parts annexed to Belmont and West Cambridge, and bounds established. April 29, 1862 bounds between Cambridge and Somerville established and part of each place annexed to the other place. April 19, 1880 part of the district of Carlisle annexed to the other place. April 1, 1783 part of the district of Carlisle annexed. Mar. 10, 1885 part of Watertown annexed. April 28, 1891 bounds between Cambridge and Belmont established and part of each place annexed to the other place.
<i>Carlisle, District of</i>	.	.	April 19, 1754	Part of Concord. Oct 6, 1756 the district annexed to Concord.
Carlisle,	.	.	April 28, 1780	Parts of Acton, Billerica, Chelmsford, and Concord established as the district of Carlisle. Sept. 12, 1780 part of the district of Carlisle annexed to Concord. Mar. 1, 1783 part of the district of Carlisle annexed to Chelmsford. Feb. 18, 1805 the district made a town. Feb. 17, 1865 part of Chelmsford annexed to Carlisle and bounds established.
<i>Charlestown,</i>	.	.	Aug. 23, 1630	Common land. Mar. 6, 1632 bounds between Charlestown and Newe Towne established. July 8, 1635 bounds between Charlestown and Boston established. Mar. 3, 1636 bounds established "eight miles into the country from their meeting-house." Mar. 28, 1636 bounds between Charlestown and Boston established. Oct. 28, 1636 Lovel's Island granted to Charlestown provided they employ it for fishing. May 13, 1640 certain common lands granted to Charlestown. Oct. 7, 1640 certain common lands granted to Charlestown. Sept. 27, 1642 part established as Woburn. Oct. 27, 1648 Lovel's Island granted to Charlestown provided "half the timber and firewood shall belong to the garrison at the castle." May 2, 1649 part established as Malden. Nov. 12, 1659 one thousand acres of land granted to Charlestown. Oct. 21, 1663 certain common lands granted to Charlestown. Oct. 19, 1664 the grant made Nov. 12, 1659 renewed. Dec. 17, 1725 part established as Stoneham. April 18, 1761 part annexed to Cambridge. Mar. 6, 1802 part annexed to Cambridge. June 21, 1811 part of Medford annexed. Feb. 12, 1818 part annexed to Cambridge. June 17, 1820 part annexed to Cambridge. Feb. 25,

MIDDLESEX COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Charlestown — Con.	Aug. 23, 1630	1842 part annexed to West Cambridge. Mar. 3, 1842 part established as Somerville. Feb. 22, 1847 Charlestown incorporated as a city. Mar. 10, 1847 act of incorporation accepted by the town. May 14, 1873 Charlestown annexed to Boston if the act is accepted by both cities. Oct. 7, 1873 act accepted by both. Jan. 5, 1874 the act took effect.
Chelmsford,	May 29, 1655	Common land. May 31, 1660 bounds between Chelmsford and the Indian plantation at Patucket established. June 27, 1701 bounds between Chelmsford and Billerica established. June 13, 1726 "Wameset" annexed. Sept. 23, 1729 part established as Westford. April 28, 1780 part included in the second district of Carlisle. Mar. 1, 1783 part of the second district of Carlisle annexed. Mar. 1, 1828 part established as Lowell. Feb. 17, 1865 part annexed to Carlisle and bounds established. May 18, 1874 part annexed to Lowell. June 23, 1874 act of May 18, 1874 accepted by Lowell. Aug. 1, 1874 the act took effect.
Concord,	Sept. 3, 1635	A plantation at Musketequid. Aug. 20, 1638 bounds between Concord, Dedham, and Watertown established. June 27, 1701 bounds between Concord and Billerica established. Sept. 23, 1729 part included in the new town of Bedford. July 3, 1735 part included in the new town of Acton. April 19, 1754 part included in the new town of Lincoln. April 19, 1754 part made the first district of Carlisle. Oct. 6, 1756 the first district of Carlisle annexed. April 28, 1780 part included in the second district of Carlisle. Sept. 12, 1780 part of the district of Carlisle annexed.

Dracut, . . . .	Feb. 26, 1701	Common land. Feb. 28, 1851 part annexed to Lowell. May 18, 1874 part annexed to Lowell. June 23, 1874 the act accepted by Lowell. Aug. 1, 1874 the act took effect. April 1, 1879 part annexed to Lowell.
Dunstable, . . .	Oct. 13, 1680	Common land. Jan. 4, 1733 part established as Nottingham (N. H.). July 4, 1735 part included in the new town of Litchfield (N. H.). June 22, 1789 part established as the district of Tyngsborough. Mar. 3, 1792 part annexed to the district of Tyngsborough. Feb. 25, 1793 part of Groton annexed. Jan. 26, 1796 part of Groton annexed. Jan. 29, 1798 bounds between Dunstable and the district of Tyngsborough established. June 18, 1803 part of Groton annexed. June 10, 1814 bounds between Dunstable and Tyngsborough established. Feb. 15, 1820 bounds between Dunstable and Groton established.
East Sudbury, . .	April 10, 1780	Part of Sudbury. Mar. 11, 1835 name changed to Wayland.
EVERETT, . . .	Mar. 9, 1870	Part of Malden. April 20, 1875 part annexed to Medford. June 11, 1892 Everett incorporated as a city. July 19, 1892 act of incorporation accepted by the town.
Framingham, . . .	Oct. 13, 1675	Common land. June 25, 1700 the plantation of Framingham established as Framingham. July 5, 1700 certain common lands annexed. July 11, 1700 part of Sherborn annexed. June 13, 1701 bounds between Framingham and Sudbury established. Mar. 7, 1786 part annexed to Southborough. Feb. 23, 1791 part annexed to Marlborough. Feb. 11, 1833 part of Holliston annexed. Mar. 16, 1846 part included in the new town of Ashland. April 22, 1871 part of Natick annexed.
Groton, . . . .	May 29, 1655	The plantation of Petapawag. June 29, 1732 part included in the new town of Harvard. Jan. 5, 1753 part established as the district of Shirley. April 12, 1753 part established as the district of Pepperell. Feb. 25, 1793 part annexed to Dunstable. Jan. 26, 1796 part annexed to Dunstable. Feb. 6, 1798 part annexed to Shirley. Feb. 3, 1803 part of Pepperell annexed. June 18, 1803 part annexed to Dunstable. Feb. 15, 1820 bounds between Groton and Dunstable established. May 18, 1857 part annexed to Pepperell. Feb. 14, 1871 part included in the new town of Ayer.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Holliston, . . . .	Dee. 3, 1724	Part of Sherborn. April 28, 1781 part of Hopkinton annexed. Mar. 3, 1829 part of Medway annexed and bounds established. Feb. 11, 1833 part annexed to Framingham. Mar. 27, 1835 part annexed to Milford. Mar. 16, 1846 part included in the new town of Ashland. April 1, 1859 bounds between Holliston and Milford established.
Hopkinton, . . . .	Dec. 13, 1715	Certain common lands and the plantation called Mogruncoy. June 14, 1735 part included in the new town of Upton. April 28, 1781 part annexed to Holliston. Mar. 8, 1808 part annexed to Upton. Mar. 27, 1835 part of Milford annexed, part annexed to Milford, and bounds between Hopkinton, Holliston, and Milford established. Mar. 15, 1846 part included in the new town of Ashland. April 28, 1853 part of Ashland to be annexed when a certain sum is paid by Hopkinton. May 2, 1853 three hundred dollars paid by Hopkinton and the act in effect.
Hudson, . . . .	Mar. 19, 1866	Parts of Marlborough and Stow. Mar. 20, 1868 part of Bolton annexed.
Lexington, . . . .	Mar. 20, 1713	The North Precinct in Cambridge. April 19, 1754 part included in the new town of Lincoln. Jan. 20, 1800 part of Burlington annexed. Feb. 28, 1833 bounds between Lexington and Lincoln established.
Lincoln, . . . .	April 19, 1754	Parts of Concord, Lexington and Weston. Feb. 28, 1853 bounds between Lincoln and Lexington established.

Littleton, . . . . .	Dec. 3, 1715	Common land, Feb. 25, 1783 part included in the new district of Boxborough. Feb. 20, 1794 bounds between Littleton and Boxborough established. April 30, 1890 bounds between Littleton and Boxborough established.
LOWELL, . . . . .	Mar. 1, 1826	Part of Chelmsford. Mar. 29, 1834 part of Tewksbury annexed. April 1, 1836 Lowell incorporated as a city. April 11, 1836 act of incorporation accepted by the town. Feb. 28, 1851 part of Dracut annexed. May 18, 1874 parts of Chelmsford and Dracut annexed. June 5, 1874 part of Tewksbury annexed. June 23, 1874 act of May 18, 1874 accepted by Lowell. Aug. 1, 1874 the act took effect. April 1, 1879 part of Dracut annexed. May 17, 1888 part of Tewksbury annexed.
MALDEN, . . . . .	May 2, 1649	Part of Charlestown called Mystic Side. June 10, 1817 part annexed to Medford. May 3, 1850 part established as Melrose. Mar. 9, 1870 part established as Everett. April 20, 1877 part of Medford annexed. Feb. 29, 1878 bounds between Malden and Medford established. Mar. 31, 1881 Malden incorporated as a city. June 9, 1881 act of incorporation accepted by the town.
MARLBOROUGH, . . . . .	May 31, 1660	Common land. July 2, 1700 certain common lands granted to Marlborough. Nov. 16, 1716 a tract of land called Aggaquauasset confirmed to Marlborough. Nov. 18, 1717 part established as Westborough. July 6, 1727 part established as Southborough. Mar. 16, 1784 part included in the new district of Berlin. Feb. 23, 1791 part of Framingham annexed. June 20, 1807 part annexed to Northborough and bounds established. Feb. 11, 1829 part annexed to Bolton. Mar. 16, 1838 bounds between Marlborough and Bolton established. Mar. 24, 1843 part of Southborough annexed. Mar. 19, 1866 part included in the new town of Hudson. May 23, 1890 Marlborough incorporated as a city. July 14, 1890 act of incorporation accepted by the town.
Maynard, . . . . .	April 19, 1871	Parts of Sudbury and Stow.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
MEDFORD, . . . .	Sept. 28, 1630	Common land. June 21, 1811 part annexed to Charlestown. June 10, 1817 part of Malden annexed. April 30, 1830 part included in the new town of Winchester. April 20, 1875 part of Everett annexed. April 20, 1877 part annexed to Malden. Feb. 20, 1878 bounds between Medford and Malden established. May 1, 1892 Medford incorporated as a city. Oct. 6, 1892 act of incorporation accepted by the town.
Melrose, Natick,	May 3, 1850 April 16, 1679	Part of Malden. Mar. 15, 1853 part of Stonham annexed. Common land. Under this date an exchange of land made between the plantation of Natick and Sherborn is recorded. May 30, 1679 th <sup>e</sup> exchange of land with Sherborn ratified by the General Court. Oct. 18, 1701 bounds between Natick and Dedham established. Feb. 23, 1762 the parish of Natick established as the district of Natick. Feb. 19, 1781 the district of Natick made a town. June 22, 1797 bounds between Natick and Needham established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Feb. 7, 1820 part of Sherborn annexed. April 26, 1850 bounds between Natick and Wayland established. April 22, 1871 part annexed to Framingham.
NEWTON, . . . .	Dec. 15, 1691	The town of Cambridge Village, sometimes called Little Cambridge. June 21, 1803 an island in Charles River annexed. April 23, 1838 part annexed to Roxbury. April 16, 1849 part annexed to Waltham. June 2, 1873 Newton incorporated as a city. Oct. 13, 1873 act of incorporation accepted by the town. May 29, 1874 bounds between Newton and Boston established. May 5, 1875 part of Boston annexed. June 23, 1875 the act accepted by Newton. July 1, 1875 the act took effect.

Newton,	.	.	July 26, 1631	Common land. Mar. 6, 1632 bounds between "Charles-Towne and New Towne" established. May 2, 1638 name changed to Cambridge.
North Reading,	.	.	Mar. 22, 1853	Part of Reading. May 27, 1857 bounds between North Reading and Lynnfield established and part of each town annexed to the other town, provided the act is accepted by both towns. Jan. 7, 1858 the act accepted by North Reading. (Accepted by Lynnfield Nov. 3, 1857.)
Pepperell,	.	.	April 12, 1753	The second precinct of Groton made the district of "Pepperell." Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 3, 1803 part annexed to Groton. May 18, 1857 part of Groton annexed.
Reading,	.	.	May 29, 1644	Part of Lynn. May 29, 1644 bounds between Reading and Woburn established. Sept. 25, 1730 part included in the new town of Wilmington. Feb. 25, 1812 First or South Parish of Reading established as South Reading. June 16, 1813 part of South Reading annexed. Mar. 22, 1853 part established as North Reading. April 10, 1854 bounds between Reading and Lynnfield established.
Sherborn,*	.	.	Oct. 7, 1674	Common land. April 16, 1679 exchange of land made with the plantation of Natick. May 30, 1679 the exchange ratified by the General Court. May 17, 1684 the grant of Oct. 7, 1674 and the name Sherborne, then given, confirmed. July 11, 1700 part annexed to Framingham. Dec. 3, 1724 part established as Holliston. Mar. 3, 1792 bounds between Sherburne and Medway established. Feb. 7, 1820 part annexed to Natick. May 3, 1852 the name of the town of Sherburne [sic] changed to Sherborn.

\* See the extinct town of Sherburne. The spelling of the town name is given in each instance as found in the records.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Shirley, . . . .	Jan. 5, 1753	Part of Groton established as the district of Shirley. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 6, 1798 part of Groton annexed. Mar. 3, 1846 bounds between Shirley and Lunenburg established. April 25, 1848 bounds between Shirley and Lunenburg established. Feb. 14, 1871 part included in the new town of Ayer.
SOMERVILLE, . . .	Mar. 3, 1842	Part of Charlestown. April 30, 1856 bounds between Somerville and Cambridge established and part of each place annexed to the other place. April 29, 1862 bounds between Somerville and Cambridge established and part of each place annexed to the other place. April 14, 1871 Somerville incorporated as a city. April 27, 1871 act of incorporation accepted by the town. May 4, 1891 bounds between Somerville and Boston established.
South Reading, . . .	Feb. 25, 1812	Part of Reading. June 16, 1813 part annexed to Reading. April 5, 1856 part of Stoneham annexed. Feb. 25, 1868 name changed to Wakefield. June 30, 1868 the act took effect.
Stoneham, . . . .	Dec. 17, 1725	Part of Charlestown. Mar. 15, 1853 part annexed to Melrose. April 5, 1856 part annexed to South Reading. Mar. 13, 1889 part annexed to Wakefield.
Stow, . . . .	May 16, 1683	The plantation between Concord and Lancaster called Pomposittuit. June 29, 1732 part included in the new town of Harvard. Feb. 25, 1783 part included in the new town of Boxborough. Mar. 19, 1866 part included in the new town of Hudson. April 19, 1871 part included in the new town of Maynard.

Sudbury, . . . . .	Sept. 4, 1639	The new plantation by Concord. April 10, 1651 bounds between Sudbury and Watertown established. June 13, 1701 bounds between Sudbury and Framingham established. April 10, 1780 part established as East Sudbury. April 19, 1871 part included in the new town of Maynard.
Tewksbury, . . . . .	Dec. 17, 1734	Part of Billerica. Mar. 29, 1834 part annexed to Lowell. June 5, 1874 part annexed to Lowell. May 17, 1888 part annexed to Lowell.
Townsend, . . . . .	June 29, 1732	The north part of Turkey Hill. Mar. 6, 1767 part included in the new town of Ashby.
Tyngsborough, . . . . .	June 22, 1789	Part of Dunstable established as the district of Tyngsborough. Mar. 3, 1792 part of Dunstable annexed to the district of Tyngsborough. Jan. 29, 1798 part of Dunstable annexed to the district of Tyngsborough and bounds established. Feb. 23, 1809 the district made a town. June 10, 1814 bounds between Tyngsborough and Dunstable established.
Wakefield, . . . . .	Feb. 25, 1868	Name changed from South Reading. June 30, 1868 the act took effect. Mar. 13, 1889 part of Stowham annexed.
WALTHAM, . . . . .	Jan. 4, 1738	Part of Watertown. April 16, 1849 part of Newton annexed. Mar. 18, 1859 part included in the new town of Belmont. June 2, 1884 Waltham incorporated as a city. July 16, 1884 act of incorporation accepted by the town.
Watertown, . . . . .	Sept. 7, 1630	"The town upon Charles River." Sept. 25, 1634 part of New Towne to revert to Watertown, "if Mr. Hooker and his congregation shall remove hence." April 7, 1635 bounds between Watertown and New Towne established. Aug. 20, 1638 bounds between Watertown, Concord, and Dedham established. Mar. 12, 1639 bounds between Watertown and Cambridge established. May 22, 1639 bounds between Watertown and Dedham established. April 10, 1651 bounds

MIDDLESEX COUNTY — *Concluded.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	Date of Establishment or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Watertown — Con.	Sept. 7, 1630	between Watertown and Sudbury established. Jan. 1, 1712 part established as Weston. Jan. 4, 1738 part established as Waltham. April 27, 1855 part annexed to Cambridge. Mar. 18, 1859 part included in the new town of Belmont. Mar. 10, 1885 part annexed to Cambridge.
Wayland,	Mar. 11, 1835	Name changed from East Sudbury. April 26, 1850 bounds between Wayland and Natick established.
<i>West Cambridge,</i>	Feb. 27, 1807	Part of Cambridge. Feb. 25, 1842 part of Charlestown annexed. April 30, 1850 part included in the new town of Winchester. Mar. 18, 1859 part included in the new town of Belmont. Jan. 31, 1861 bounds between West Cambridge and Belmont established. Feb. 25, 1862 part of Cambridge annexed. April 13, 1867 name changed to Arlington. April 30, 1867 the act took effect.
Westford,	Sept. 23, 1729	Part of Chelmsford.
Weston,	Jan. 1, 1712	The West Precinct of Watertown. April 19, 1754 part included in the new town of Lincoln.
Wilmington,	Sept. 25, 1730	Parts of Reading and Woburn.
Winchester,	April 30, 1850	Parts of Medford, West Cambridge, and Woburn. May 12, 1873 part annexed to Woburn.

WOBURN, . . . . .	Sept. 27, 1642	Charlestowne Village. May 29, 1644 bounds between Woburn and Reading established. Oct. 19, 1664 two thousand acres of land granted to Woburn. Oct. 10, 1666 bounds between Woburn and Billerica established. Sept. 25, 1730 part included in the new town of Wilmington. Feb. 28, 1799 part established as Burlington. April 30, 1850 part included in the new town of Winchester. May 12, 1873 part of Winchester annexed. May 18, 1888 Woburn incorporated as a city. May 29, 1888 act of incorporation accepted by the town.
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NANTUCKET COUNTY. INCORPORATED JUNE 22, 1695.

Nantucket, . . . . .	June 27, 1687	Common land. —, 1692 the island of Nantucket granted to the Province of Massachusetts Bay. June 8, 1795 name changed to Nantucket.
Sherburn, . . . . .	June 8, 1795	Name changed from Sherburn.

NORFOLK COUNTY. INCORPORATED MAR. 26, 1793.

Avon, . . . . .	Feb. 21, 1888	Part of Stoughton. April 16, 1889 parts of Holbrook and Randolph annexed.
Bellingham, . . . . .	Nov. 27, 1719	Parts of Dedham, Mendon, and Wrentham. Feb. 23, 1832 bounds between Bellingham and Franklin established. Mar. 7, 1872 bounds between Bellingham and Mendon established.

NORFOLK COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Brantree,	May 13, 1640	Land belonging to Boston called Mount Woollaston. Feb. 22, 1792 part included in the new town of Quincy. Mar. 9, 1793 part established as Randolph. June 22, 1811 certain estates in Braintree re-annexed to Randolph. April 24, 1856 part annexed to Quincy.
Brookline,	Nov. 13, 1705	Part of Boston called Muddy River. Feb. 22, 1825 bounds between Brookline and Boston confirmed. Feb. 24, 1844 part of Roxbury annexed. June 18, 1870 part annexed to Boston. Nov. 4, 1870 the act accepted by Boston. April 27, 1872 bounds between Brookline and Boston established. May 8, 1874 part annexed to Boston. May 27, 1890 bounds between Brookline and Boston established.
Canton,	Feb. 23, 1797	Part of Stoughton. Mar. 31, 1847 part annexed to Stoughton.
Cohasset,	April 26, 1770	Part of Hingham established as the district of Cohasset. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. June 14, 1823 part of Scituate annexed. Mar. 20, 1840 bounds between Cohasset and Scituate established and part of each town annexed to the other town.
Dedham,	Sept. 8, 1636	Common land. May 16, 1633 bounds between Dedham and Roxbury established. May 17, 1633 bounds between Dedham and Dorchester established. Aug. 20, 1638 bounds between Dedham, Concord, and Watertown established. May 22, 1639 bounds between Dedham and Watertown established. May 22, 1650 part established as Medfield. Oct. 18, 1701 bounds between Dedham and Natick established. Nov.

Dedham — Con. . . . . Sept. 8, 1636 5, 1711 part established as Needham. Nov. 27, 1719 part included in the new town of Bellingsham. Dec. 10, 1724 part established as Walpole. April 25, 1733 part of Stoughton annexed. Dec. 10, 1737 part of Stoughton annexed. Dec. 11, 1738 bounds between Dedham and Stoughton established. June 7, 1739 part annexed to Dorchester. June 17, 1780 part of Stoughton annexed. July 7, 1784 part established as the district of Dover. Mar. 7, 1791 bounds between Dedham and Dover established. June 21, 1811 part re-annexed to Walpole. June 17, 1831 part annexed to Dorchester. April 21, 1832 part annexed to West Roxbury upon payment of \$400 by West Roxbury. April 30, 1852 the act accepted by West Roxbury. April 30, 1852 part annexed to Walpole. July 4, 1853 \$400 paid by West Roxbury to Dedham, and act of April 21, 1852, in effect. April 22, 1868 part included in the new town of Hyde Park. May 1, 1868 bounds fixed in the act of April 22, 1868 changed. Feb. 23, 1872 part included in the new town of Norwood.

Common land called Mattapan. Mar. 4, 1635 Thompson's Island granted to Dorchester. Mar. 28, 1636 bounds established. May 17, 1638 bounds between Dorchester and Dedham established. June 2, 1641 "Squantum's Neck and Mennens Moone" annexed. Nov. 12, 1659 one thousand acres of common land granted to Dorchester. May 7, 1662 part established as Milton. Dec. 22, 1726 part established as Stoughton. June 7, 1739 part of Dedham annexed. Feb. 22, 1792 part annexed to Quincy. Mar. 6, 1804 part annexed to Boston. Feb. 10, 1814 part annexed to Quincy. Feb. 12, 1819 part annexed to Quincy. Feb. 21, 1829 bounds between Dorchester and Quincy established. June 17, 1831 part of Dedham annexed. Mar. 25, 1834 Thompson's Island set off and annexed to Boston. May 2, 1855 part annexed to Quincy. May 21, 1855 part annexed to Boston. April 22, 1868 part included in the new town of Hyde Park. May 1, 1868 act of April 22, 1868 amended and bounds changed. June 4, 1869 Dorchester annexed to Boston if this act is accepted by both places. June 22, 1869 act accepted by both. Jan. 3, 1870 the act took effect.

Dorchester, . . . . . Sept. 7, 1630

Dedham — Con. . . . . Sept. 8, 1636

NORFOLK COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Dover, . . . . .	July 7, 1784	Part of Dedham established as the district of Dover. Mar. 7, 1791 bounds between the district of Dover and Dedham established. Mar. 31, 1836 the district made a town. May 2, 1836 the act accepted by the district. Feb. 27, 1872 bounds between Dover and Walpole established.
Foxborough, . . . . .	June 10, 1778	Parts of Stoughton, Stoughtonham, Walpole, and Wrentham. Mar. 12, 1753 parts of Sharon and Stoughton annexed and bounds established. Feb. 3, 1819 bounds between Foxborough and Wrentham established. Feb. 7, 1831 part of Wrentham annexed. Jan. 30, 1833 bounds between Foxborough and Sharon established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Mar. 27, 1833 part annexed to Walpole. Mar. 28, 1834 part annexed to Walpole. Feb. 28, 1850 part of Sharon annexed.
Franklin, . . . . .	Mar. 2, 1778	Part of Wrentham. June 25, 1792 part of Medway annexed. Nov. 13, 1792 bounds between Franklin and Medway established. Feb. 23, 1832 bounds between Franklin and Belligham and Medway established. Mar. 13, 1839 bounds between Franklin and Medway established. Feb. 23, 1870 part included in the new town of Norfolk.
Holbrook, . . . . .	Feb. 29, 1872	Part of Randolph. April 16, 1889 part annexed to Avon.
Hyde Park, . . . . .	April 22, 1868	Parts of Dedham, Dorchester, and Milton. May 1, 1868 the act amended and bounds changed.
Medfield, . . . . .	May 22, 1650	Part of Dedham. May 28, 1659 land granted to Medfield. Oct. 24, 1713 part established as Medway.

Medway,	•	•	•	Oct.	24, 1713	Part of Medfield. Mar. 3, 1792 bounds between Medway and Sherborn established. June 25, 1792 part annexed to Franklin. Nov. 13, 1792 bounds between Medway and Franklin established. Mar. 3, 1829 bounds between Medway and Holliston established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Feb. 23, 1832 bounds between Medway and Franklin established. Mar. 13, 1839 part of Franklin annexed and bounds established. Feb. 23, 1870 part included in the new town of Norfolk. Feb. 24, 1885 part established as Millis.
Millis,	•	•	•	Feb.	24, 1885	Part of Medway.
Milton,	•	•	•	May	7, 1632	Part of Dorchester called Uncataquissett. April 22, 1868 part included in the new town of Hyde Park. May 1, 1868 the act amended and bounds established. April 16, 1885 bounds between Milton and Quincy established and part of each town annexed to the other town.
Needham,	•	•	•	Nov.	5, 1711	Part of Dedham. June 22, 1797 bounds between Needham and Natick established and part of Natick annexed. April 6, 1881 part established as Wellesley.
Norfolk,	•	•	•	Feb.	23, 1870	Parts of Franklin, Medway, Walpole, and Wrentham. April 19, 1871 bounds between Norfolk and Wrentham established.
Norwood,	•	•	•	Feb.	23, 1872	Parts of Dedham and Walpole.
QUINCY,	•	•	•	Feb.	22, 1792	Part of Braintree established as Quincy, and part of that part of Dorchester called "Squantum and the Farms" annexed. Feb. 10, 1814 part of "Squantum and the Farms" annexed. Feb. 12, 1819 part of Dorchester annexed. Feb. 21, 1820 bounds between Quincy and Dorchester established, and part of Squantum annexed. May 2, 1855 part of Squantum annexed. April 24, 1856 part of Braintree annexed. April 16, 1885 bounds between Quincy and Milton established and part of each town annexed to the other town. May 17, 1888 Quincy incorporated as a city. June 11, 1888 act of incorporation accepted by the town.

NORFOLK COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Randolph, . . . . .	Mar. 9, 1793	Part of Braintree. June 22, 1811 certain estates in Braintree re-annexed. Mar. 21, 1861 bounds between Randolph and Abington established. Feb. 29, 1872 part established as Millbrook. April 16, 1889 part annexed to Avon.
Roxbury, . . . . .	Sept. 28, 1630	Common land. Mar. 4, 1633 bounds between Roxbury and Boston established. April 7, 1635 bounds between Roxbury and Newe Towne established. May 25, 1636 certain lands granted to Roxbury. May 2, 1638 certain lands granted to Roxbury. May 16, 1638 bounds between Roxbury and Dedham established. Oct. 7, 1641 bounds between Roxbury and Boston established. Oct. 16, 1660 certain lands granted to Roxbury. May 12, 1675 bounds between Roxbury and Dedham established. Mar. 16, 1836 bounds between Roxbury and Boston established. April 19, 1837 bounds between Roxbury and Boston established. April 23, 1839 part of Newton annexed. Feb. 24, 1844 part annexed to Brookline. Mar. 12, 1846 Roxbury incorporated as a city. Mar. 25, 1846 act of incorporation accepted by the town. May 3, 1850 bounds between Roxbury and Boston established. May 24, 1851 part established as West Roxbury. April 3, 1860 part annexed to Boston and bounds established if the act is accepted by both cities. April 16, 1860 the act accepted by Roxbury. May 8, 1860 the act accepted by Boston. June 1, 1867 Roxbury annexed to Boston if this act is accepted by both cities. Sept. 9, 1867 the act accepted by both. Jan. 5, 1868 the act took effect.

sharon, . . . . .	Feb. 25, 1783	Name changed from Stoughtonham. Feb. 16, 1789 part of Stoughton annexed. Feb. 22, 1792 part of Stoughton annexed. Mar. 12, 1793 bounds between Sharon and Foxborough established and parts of Sharon and Stoughton annexed to Foxborough. Feb. 28, 1804 part annexed to Walpole. June 21, 1811 part annexed to Walpole. Jan. 30, 1833 bounds between Sharon and Fuxborough established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Feb. 28, 1850 part annexed to Foxborough. Mar. 26, 1864 part of Stoughton annexed. May 1, 1874 part annexed to Walpole.
Stoughton, . . . . .	Dec. 22, 1726	Part of Dorchester. April 25, 1733 part annexed to Dedham. Dec. 10, 1737 part annexed to Dedham. Dec. 11, 1738 bounds between Stoughton and Dedham established. June 21, 1765 part established as the district of Stoughtonham. Nov. 20, 1770 part annexed to Bridgewater. June 10, 1778 part included in the new town of Foxborough. June 17, 1780 part annexed to Dedham. Feb. 16, 1789 part annexed to Sharon. Feb. 22, 1792 part annexed to Sharon. Mar. 12, 1793 part annexed to Foxborough. Feb. 23, 1797 part established as Canton. Feb. 8, 1798 part annexed to Bridgewater. Mar. 31, 1847 part of Canton annexed. Mar. 26, 1864 part annexed to Sharon. Feb. 21, 1888 part established as Avon.
Stoughtonham, . . .	June 21, 1765	Part of Stoughton established as the district of Stoughtonham. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. June 10, 1778 part included in the new town of Foxborough. Feb. 25, 1783 name changed to Sharon.
Walpole, . . . . .	Dec. 10, 1724	Part of Dedham. June 10, 1778 part included in the new town of Foxborough. Feb. 28, 1804 part of Sharon annexed. June 21, 1811 part of Sharon annexed and part of Dedham re-annexed. Mar. 27, 1833 part of Foxborough annexed. Mar. 28, 1834 part of Foxborough annexed. April 30, 1832 part of Dedham annexed. Feb. 23, 1870 part included in the new town of Norfolk. Feb. 23, 1872 part included in the new town of Norwood. Feb. 27, 1872 bounds between Walpole and Dover established. May 1, 1874 part of Sharon annexed.

NORFOLK COUNTY — *Concluded.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Wellesley, . . . .	May 24, 1851	Part of Roxbury. April 21, 1852 part of Dedham annexed upon payment of \$400 by West Roxbury. April 30, 1852 the act accepted by West Roxbury. July 4, 1853 \$400 paid by West Roxbury to Dedham, and the act in eff et. April 2, 1870 bounds between West Roxbury and Boston established. April 12, 1872 part (Mount Hope Cemetery) annexed to Boston. May 29, 1873 West Roxbury annexed to Boston if the act is accepted by both places. Oct. 7, 1873 the act accepted by both. Jan. 5, 1874 the act took effect.
Weymouth, . . . .	Sept. 2, 1635	The plantation of Wessagusset. Mar. 31, 1847 bounds between Weymouth and Abington established.
Wrentham, . . . .	Oct. 15, 1673	Common land. Nov. 27, 1719 part included in the new town of Bellingsham. Mar. 2, 1778 part established as Franklin. June 10, 1778 part included in the new town of Foxborough. Feb. 5, 1819 bounds between Wrentham and Foxborough established. Feb. 18, 1830 bounds between Wrentham and Attleborough established and part of Attleborough annexed. Feb. 7, 1831 part annexed to Foxborough. Feb. 23, 1870 part included in the new town of Norfolk. April 19, 1871 bounds between Wrentham and Norfolk established.

## PLYMOUTH COUNTY. INCORPORATED JUNE 2, 1685.

A比ugton, . . . . .	June 10, 1712	Part of Bridgewater and certain lands adjoining. June 14, 1727 part included in the new town of Ilanover. Mar. 31, 1847 bounds between Abington and Weymouth established. Mar. 21, 1861 bounds between Abington and Randolph established. Mar. 21, 1861 bounds between Abington and Hingham established. Mar. 9, 1874 part established as Rockland. Mar. 4, 1875 part included in the new town of South Abington.
Bridgewater, . . . . .	June 3, 1656	Part of Duxbury called the New Plantation. June 3, 1662 certain lands granted to Bridgewater. Feb. 11, 1691 lands between Bridgewater and Weymouth, called Foor's Farms, and lands adjoining, annexed. June 16, 1712 part included in the new town of Abington. Nov. 20, 1770 part of Stoughton annexed. Feb. 8, 1798 part of Stoughton annexed. June 15, 1821 part established as North Bridgewater. Feb. 16, 1829 part established as West Bridgewater. June 14, 1823 part established as East Bridgewater. Feb. 20, 1824 part annexed to Halifax. Feb. 23, 1838 bounds between Bridgewater and East Bridgewater established. Mar. 20, 1846 bounds between Bridgewater and East Bridgewater established and part of each town annexed to the other town.
BROCKTON, . . . . .	Mar. 23, 1874	North Bridgewater authorized to change its name. May 5, 1874 Brockton adopted as the name. April 24, 1875 part annexed to South Abington, and parts of East Bridgewater and South Abington annexed. April 9, 1881 Brockton incorporated as a city. May 23, 1881 the act accepted by the town.
Carver, . . . . .	June 9, 1790	Part of Plympton. Feb. 8, 1793 bounds between Carver and Plympton established. Jan. 29, 1827 part annexed to Wareham. Mar. 24, 1849 bounds between Carver and Middleborough established.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Duxbury, . . . .	June 7, 1637	Common land. Mar. 2, 1641 bounds established. June 3, 1656 part called the New Plantation established as Bridgewater. Mar. 2, 1658 Namassakeasett annexed. Mar. 5, 1661 certain lands granted to Duxbury and Marshfield. July 5, 1670 bounds between Duxbury and "the Major's Purchase," established. June 5, 1678 bounds established. Feb. 23, 1683 bounds between Duxbury and Marshfield established. Mar. 21, 1712 part included in the new town of Pembroke. June 14, 1813 bounds between Duxbury and Marshfield established. April 14, 1857 part annexed to Kingston.
East Bridgewater, . . . .	June 14, 1823	Part of Bridgewater. Feb. 23, 1838 bounds between East Bridgewater and Bridgewater established. Mar. 20, 1846 part of Bridgewater annexed and bounds established. April 11, 1857 part of Halifax annexed and bounds established. Mar. 4, 1875 part included in the new town of South Abington. April 24, 1875 part annexed to Brockton.
Halifax, . . . .	July 4, 1734	Parts of Middleborough, Pembroke, and Plympton. Feb. 20, 1824 part of Bridgewater annexed. Mar. 16, 1831 part of Plympton annexed. April 11, 1857 part annexed to East Bridgewater and bounds established. Feb. 6, 1863 bounds between Halifax and Plympton established and part of each town annexed to the other town.

Hanover,	.	.	.	.	June 14, 1727	Parts of Abington and Scituate. Mar. 6, 1836 bounds between Hanover and Pembroke established. May 15, 1857 bounds between Hanover and South Scituate established. Feb. 11, 1878 bounds between Hanover and North Scituate established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Mar. 23, 1878 bounds between Hanover and Rockland established and part of each town annexed to the other town. April 23, 1885 bounds between Hanover and Pembroke established.
Hanson,	.	.	.	.	Feb. 22, 1820	Part of Pembroke.
Hingham,	.	.	.	.	Sept. 2, 1635	Common land called Barecove. May 13, 1640 land at Conibasset granted to Ilmugh.m. April 26, 1770 part established as the district of Cohasset. Mar. 21, 1861 bounds between Hingham and Abington established.
Hull,	.	.	.	.	May 29, 1644	The plantation called "Nantascot" May 26, 1647 Hull is mentioned as a town.
Kingston,	.	.	.	.	June 16, 1726	Part of Plymouth. April 14, 1857 part of Duxbury annexed.
Lakeville,	.	.	.	.	May 13, 1853	Part of Middleborough. June 1, 1867 bounds between Lakeville and Taunton established.
Marion,	.	.	.	.	May 14, 1852	Part of Rochester. April 8, 1853 bounds between Marion and Rochester established. Feb. 18, 1859 bounds between Marion and Wareham established. Feb. 13, 1866 bounds between Marion and Wareham established.
Marshfield,	.	.	.	.	Mar. 1, 1642	Nafne changed from Rexhame though not recorded. Mar. 7, 1643 bounds established. Mar. 5, 1661 certain lands granted to Marshfield and Duxbury. Feb. 23, 1683 bounds between Marshfield and Duxbury established. Mar. 21, 1712 part included in the new town of Pembroke. Mar. 10, 1788 part of Scituate annexed. June 14, 1813 bounds between Marshfield and Duxbury established. May 11, 1887 bounds between Marshfield and Scituate established.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Mattapoisett, . . . .	May 20, 1857	Part of Rochester.
Middleborough, . . . .	June 1, 1669	Common Land called N massakett. Sept. 28, 1680 certain Lands at Assowamset Neck and places adjacent granted to Middleborough. July 4, 1734 part included in the new town of Halifax. Mar. 24, 1849 bounds between Middleborough and Carver established. May 13, 1853 part established as Lakeville.
<i>North Bridgewater, . . . .</i>	June 15, 1821	Part of Bridgewater. Jan. 26, 1825 bounds between North Bridgewater and West Bridgewater established. Mar. 28, 1874 name authorized to be changed. May 5, 1874 Brockton adopted as the name.
Norwell, . . . .	Feb. 27, 1833	South Scituate authorized to change its name. Mar. 5, 1888 Norwell adopted as the name.
Pembroke, . . . .	Mar. 21, 1712	Part of Duxbury called Mattakeset, a tract of land known as the Major's Purchase, and the land called Marshfield upper lands at Mattakeset. July 4, 1734 part included in the new town of Halifax. Feb. 22, 1820 part established as Hanover. Mar. 6, 1835 bounds between Pembroke and Hanover established. April 23, 1885 bounds between Pembroke and Hanover established.

Plymouth, . . . . .	—, —, 1620	Common land; June 7, 1670 the bounds between Plymouth and Sand-wich established. Jan. 19, 1663 bounds ordered to be recorded. June 4, 1707 part established as Plympton. June 16, 1726 part established as Kingston. July 10, 1739 part included in the new town of Wareham. Jan. 20, 1827 part annexed to Wareham.
Plympton, . . . . .	June 4, 1707	Part of Plymouth. July 4, 1734 part included in the new town of Halifax. June 9, 1790 part established as Carver. Feb. 8, 1793 bounds between Plympton and Carver established. Mar. 16, 1831 part annexed to Halifax. Feb. 6, 1863 bounds between Plympton and Halifax established and part of each town annexed to the other town.
<i>Rexhame,</i> . . . . .	Mar. 2, 1641	Common land called Green's Harbour. Mar. 2, 1641 Rexhame is in the list of places for which constables were chosen. June 1, 1641 Rexhame is mentioned in a list of towns; the name then disappears from the records, and the town afterward became Marshfield.
Rochester, . . . . .	June 4, 1686	Common land called Sippican. July 10, 1739 part included in the new town of Wareham. April 9, 1836 part annexed to Fairhaven and bounds established. May 14, 1852 part established as Marion. April 8, 1853 bounds between Rochester and Marion established. May 20, 1857 part established as Mattapoisett. April 20, 1864 bounds between Rochester and Wareham established. Feb. 15, 1866 bounds between Rochester and Wareham established. June 3, 1887 bounds between Rochester and Wareham established.
Rockland, . . . . .	Mar. 9, 1874	Part of Abington. Mar. 23, 1878 bounds between Rockland and Hanover established and part of each town annexed to the other town.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY — *Concluded.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	July 1, 1633	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Scituate, . . . . .		Common land. Oct. 4, 1636 the town of Scituate was authorized to dispose of lands. Nov. 30, 1640 land granted to Scituate. Mar. 7, 1643 bounds established. June 14, 1727 part included in the new town of Hanover. Mar. 10, 1788 part annexed to Marshfield. June 14, 1823 part annexed to Cohasset. Mar. 20, 1840 bounds between Scituate and Cohasset established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Feb. 14, 1849 part established as South Scituate. May 11, 1887 bounds between Scituate and Marshfield established.	
South Abington, . . .	Mar. 4, 1875	Parts of Abington and East Bridgewater. April 24, 1875 part annexed to Brockton, and part of Abington annexed to Whitman.	
South Scituate, . . .	Feb. 14, 1849	Part of Scituate. May 15, 1857 bounds between South Scituate and Hanover established. Feb. 11, 1878 bounds between South Scituate and Hanover established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Feb. 27, 1888 South Scituate authorized to change its name. Mar. 5, 1888 name changed to Norwell.	
Wareham, . . . . .	July 10, 1739	Part of Rochester and a plantation in Plymouth called Agawam. Jan. 20, 1827 parts of Carver and Plymouth annexed. Feb. 18, 1859 bounds between Wareham and Marion established. April 20, 1864 bounds between Wareham and Rochester established. Feb. 13, 1865 bounds between Wareham and Marion established. Feb. 15, 1866 bounds between Wareham and Rochester established. June 3, 1887 bounds between Wareham and Rochester established.	

West Bridgewater, . . . | Feb. 16, 1822 | Part of Bridgewater. Jan. 26, 1825 bounds between West Bridge-water and North Bridgewater established.

Whitman, . . . . | Mar. 5, 1886 | South Abington authorized to change its name. May 3, 1886 name changed to Whitman.

SUFFOLK COUNTY. INCORPORATED MAY 10, 1643.

BOSTON, . . . .   Sept. 7, 1630   Common land called Tri-mountain. Nov. 7, 1632 "ordered that the neck of land betwixt Powder Hill and Tuilen Poynt shall belong to Boston." Mar. 4, 1633 bounds between Boston and Roxbury established. May 14, 1634 "Boston shall have convenient enlargement at Mount Wooliston," to be reported to the next general court. Sept. 3, 1634 "ordered that Wynetsenit shall belong to Boston." Sept. 25, 1634 Mount Wooliston and Runney Marsh annexed. Mar. 4, 1635 Deer, Hog, Long, and Spectacle Islands granted to Boston. July 8, 1635 bounds between Boston and Charlestown established. Mar. 28, 1636 bounds between Boston and Charlestown and Boston and Dorchester established. Mar. 9, 1637 Noddle's Island annexed May 13, 1640 "Mount Woollaston," established as Braintree. Oct. 7, 1641 bounds between Boston and Roxbury at Muddy River, established. Oct. 7, 1641 bounds between Boston and Cambridge established. Nov. 13, 1705 part called Muddy River established as Brookline. Jan. 10, 1739 part called Winnisimmet, Runney Marsh, and Tuilen Point (excepting Noddle's Island and Hog Island) established as Chelsea. Mar. 6, 1804 part of Dorchester annexed. Feb. 23, 1822 Boston incorporated as a city. Mar 4, 1822 the act accepted by the town. Feb. 22, 1825 bounds between Boston and Brookline established. Mar. 25, 1834 Thompson's Island set off from Dorchester and annexed to Boston while it shall be used for charitable purposes. Mar. 16, 1836 bounds between Boston and
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SUFFOLK COUNTY — *Concluded.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
BOSTON — Con.	Sept. 7, 1630	Roxbury established. April 19, 1837 bounds between Boston and Roxbury established. May 3, 1800 part of Roxbury annexed and bounds established. May 21, 1855 part of Dorchester annexed. April 3, 1860 part of Roxbury annexed and bounds established if the act is accepted by both cities. April 16, 1860 the act accepted by Roxbury. May 8, 1860 the act accepted by Boston. June 1, 1867 Roxbury annexed if the act is accepted by both cities. Sept. 9, 1867 the act accepted by both. Jan. 5, 1868 the act took effect. June 4, 1869 Dorchester annexed if the act is accepted by both places. June 22, 1869 the act accepted by both. Jan. 3, 1870 the act took effect. April 2, 1870 bounds between Boston and West Roxbury established. June 18, 1870 part of Brookline annexed. Nov. 4, 1870 the act accepted by Boston. April 12, 1872 part of West Roxbury (Mount Hope Cemetery) annexed. April 27, 1872 bounds between Boston and Brookline established. May 14, 1873 Charlestown annexed if the act is accepted by both cities. May 21, 1873 Brighton annexed if the act is accepted by both places. May 29, 1873 West Roxbury annexed if the act is accepted by both places. Oct. 7, 1873 acts of annexation accepted by Boston, Charlestown, Brighton, and West Roxbury. Jan. 5, 1874 acts of annexation to Boston of Charlestown, Brighton, and West Roxbury took effect. May 8, 1874 part of Brookline annexed. May 29, 1874 bounds between Boston and Newton established. May 5, 1875 part annexed to Newton. June 23, 1875 the act accepted by Newton. July 1, 1875 the act took effect. May 27, 1890 bounds between Boston and Brookline established. May 4, 1891 bounds between Boston and Somerville established.

CHELSEA, . . . . .	Jan. 10, 1739	Part of Boston called Winnissinet, Rumney Marsh, and Pullen Point excepting Noddle's Island and Hog Island. Feb. 22, 1841 part annexed to Saugus. Mar. 19, 1846 part established as North Chelsea. Mar. 13, 1857 Chelsea incorporated as a city. Mar. 23, 1857 the act of incorporation accepted by the town.
North Chelsea, . . . . .	Mar. 19, 1846	Part of Chelsea. Mar. 27, 1852 part established as Winthrop. Mar. 24, 1871 name changed to Revere if accepted within ninety days. April 3, 1871 the act accepted.
Revere, . . . . .	Mar. 24, 1871	North Chelsea authorized to change its name. April 3, 1871 name changed to Revere.
Winthrop, . . . . .	Mar. 27, 1852	Part of North Chelsea.

WORCESTER COUNTY. INCORPORATED APRIL 2, 1731.

Ashburnham, . . . . .	Feb. 22, 1765	The plantation of Dorchester-Canada. Mar. 6, 1767 part included in the new town of Ashby. June 27, 1785 part included in the new town of Gardner. Nov. 16, 1792 part of Gerry annexed. Feb. 16, 1815 part of Orange annexed. June 11, 1829 certain common lands annexed. Feb. 5, 1830 part of New Salem annexed. Mar. 16, 1837 part of New Salem called Little Grant annexed.
Athol, . . . . .	Mar. 6, 1762	The plantation called Payquage. Oct. 15, 1783 part included in the district of Orange. Oct. 20, 1786 part included in the new town of Gerry. Feb. 26, 1799 part annexed to Royalston. Mar. 7, 1803 part annexed to Royalston. Feb. 28, 1806 part of Gerry annexed. Feb. 7, 1816 part of Orange annexed. June 11, 1829 certain common lands annexed. Feb. 5, 1830 part of New Salem annexed. Mar. 16, 1837 part of New Salem called Little Grant annexed.

WORCESTER COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Auburn,	Feb. 17, 1837	Name changed from Ward. May 24, 1851 part annexed to Millbury.
Barre, .	Nov. 7, 1776	Name changed from Hutchinson.
Berlin, .	Mar. 16, 1784	Parts of Bolton and Marlborough established as the district of Berlin. Feb. 8, 1791 part of Lancaster annexed to the district of Berlin. Feb. 15, 1806 bounds between Berlin and Northborough established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Feb. 6, 1812 the district of Berlin made the town of Berlin.
Blackstone, .	Mar. 25, 1845	Part of Mendon.
Bolton, .	June 24, 1738	Part of Lancaster. Mar. 16, 1784 part included in the new district of Berlin. Feb. 11, 1829 part of Marlborough annexed. Mar. 16, 1838 bounds between Bolton and Marlborough established. Mar. 20, 1863 part annexed to Hudson.
Boylston, .	Mar. 1, 1786	Part of Shrewsbury. Jan. 30, 1808 part included in the new town of West Boylston. Feb. 10, 1820 Part annexed to West Boylston. June 17, 1820 part annexed to West Boylston.
Brookfield, .	Oct. 15, 1673	Common land called Quobauge. Nov. 12, 1718 Brookfield invested with the privileges of a town. Jan. 16, 1742 part included in the new town of Western. June 10, 1791 bounds between Brookfield and New Braintree established and part of each town annexed to

Brookfield — Con.	.	Oct.	15, 1673	the other town. Mar. 8, 1792 bounds between Brookfield and New Brantree established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Feb. 28, 1812 part established as North Brookfield. Feb. 8, 1823 part annexed to Ware. Mar. 3, 1848 part established as West Brookfield. April 15, 1854 part of North Brookfield annexed.
Charlton,	•	•	Nov. 21, 1754	Part of Oxford established as the district of Charlton. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Jan. 5, 1789 part annexed to Oxford. June 26, 1792 part annexed to Sturbridge. Feb. 23, 1809 part annexed to Oxford. Feb. 15, 1816 part included in the new town of Southbridge.
Clinton,	•	•	Mar. 14, 1850	Part of Lancaster.
Dana,	•	Feb.	18, 1801	Parts of Greenwich, Hardwick, and Petersham. Feb. 12, 1803 bounds between Dana and Petersham established. June 19, 1811 bounds between Dana and Greenwich established. Feb. 4, 1842 parts of Hardwick and Petersham annexed. April 10, 1882 bounds between Dana and Petersham established.
Douglas,	•	•	June 5, 1746	The district of New Sherburn to be called by the name of Douglas. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 27, 1841 bounds between Douglas and Webster established. April 25, 1864 bounds between Douglas and Uxbridge established.
Dudley,	•	•	Feb. 2, 1732	Part of Oxford and certain common lands. June 25, 1794 part of a gore of common land known as Middlesex Gore annexed. Feb. 15, 1816 part included in the new town of Southbridge. Feb. 23, 1822 part annexed to Southbridge. Mar. 6, 1832 part included in the new town of Webster.
FITCHBURG,	•	Feb.	3, 1764	Part of Lunenburg. Mar. 6, 1767 part included in the new town of Ashby. Feb. 26, 1783 certain common lands annexed. Feb. 27, 1796 part annexed to Westminster. Feb. 16, 1813 part annexed to Westminster. Mar. 3, 1829 part annexed to Ashby. Mar. 8, 1872 Fitchburg incorporated as a city. April 8, 1872 act of incorporation accepted by the town.

WORCESTER COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Gardner, . . . . .	June 27, 1785	Parts of Ashburnham, Templeton, Westminster, and Winchendon. Mar. 2, 1787 part annexed to Winchendon. Feb. 22, 1794 part of Winchendon annexed. Feb. 16, 1815 part annexed to Ashburnham. May 24, 1851 part of Winchendon annexed.
Gerry, * . . . . .	Oct. 20, 1786	Parts of Athol and Templeton. Feb. 26, 1799 part annexed to Royalston. Feb. 28, 1806 part annexed to Athol. Feb. 5, 1814 name changed to Phillipston.
Grafton, . . . . .	April 18, 1735	The plantation of Passanamisco. June 14, 1823 certain common lands annexed. Mar. 3, 1826 part of Shrewsbury annexed. Mar. 3, 1842 part of Sutton annexed.
Hardwick, . . . . .	Jan. 10, 1739	The plantation called Lambstown. Jan. 31, 1751 part of Hardwick and the precinct of New Braintree made a district. Feb. 18, 1801 part included in the new town of Dana. June 10, 1814 part of New Braintree annexed. Feb. 7, 1831 certain common lands annexed. Feb. 6, 1833 certain common land called Hardwick Gore annexed. Feb. 4, 1842 part annexed to Dana.
Harvard, . . . . .	June 29, 1732	Parts of Groton, Lancaster, and Stow. Feb. 25, 1783 part included in the new district of Boxborough.

Holden,	.	.	.	.	Jan. 9, 1741	Part of Worcester called North Worcester. Mar. 27, 1793 bounds between Holden and Paxton established. Feb. 13, 1804 part annexed to Paxton. Jan. 30, 1808 part included in the new town of West Boylston. Mar. 19, 1831 part of Paxton annexed. April 9, 1838 part annexed to Paxton.
Hopedale,	.	.	.	April 7, 1886	Part of Milford.	
Hubbardston,	.	.	June 13, 1767	Part of Rutland established as the district of Hubbardston. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 16, 1810 part annexed to Princeton.		
Hutchinson,	.	.	June 17, 1754	Rutland District. Nov. 7, 1776 name changed to Barre.		
Lancaster,	.	.	May 18, 1653	Common land called Nashaway. Oct. 11, 1672 bounds established. June 29, 1732 part included in the new town of Harvard. June 24, 1738, part established as Bolton. June 23, 1740 part established as Leominster. Feb. 27, 1768 part of Shrewsbury annexed. Feb. 26, 1781 part annexed to Shrewsbury. April 25, 1781 part established as Sterling. Feb. 8, 1791 part annexed to Berlin. Mar. 12, 1793 bounds between Lancaster and Sterling established. Mar. 7, 1837 part annexed to Sterling and bounds established. Mar. 14, 1850 part established as Clinton.		
Leicester,	.	.	Feb. 15, 1713	Common land called Towtail. April 1 <sup>o</sup> , 1753 part made the district of Spencer. Feb. 12 <sup>o</sup> , 1765 part included in the new district of Paxton. April 10, 1778 a parish set off from Leicester and other towns established as Ward.		
Leominster,	.	.	June 23, 1740	Part of Lancaster. April 13, 1838 part of certain common land called No Town annexed.		
Lunenburg,	.	.	Aug. 1, 1728	The south part of Turkey Hill. Feb. 3, 1764 part established as Fitchburg. Mar. 3, 1846 bounds between Lunenburg and Shirley established. April 25, 1848 bounds between Lunenburg and Shirley established.		

WORCESTER COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Mendon,	May 15, 1667	The township of Quinshaipage. May 20, 1669 certain lands granted to Mendon. June 29, 1710 certain lands annexed. Nov. 27, 1719 part included in the new town of Bellngham. June 27, 1727 part established as Uxbridge. June 14, 1735 part included in the new town of Upton. April 24, 1770 part of Uxbridge annexed. April 11, 1780 part established as Milford. Mar. 25, 1845 part established as Blackstone. Mar. 7, 1872 bounds between Mendon and Bellngham established.
Milford,	April 11, 1780	Part of Mendon. Mar. 27, 1825 bounds between Milford, Holliston, and Hopkinton established, and parts of Holliston and Hopkinton annexed to Milford, and part of Milford annexed to Holliston. April 1, 1859 bounds between Milford and Holliston established. April 7, 1886 part established as Hopedale.
Millbury,	June 11, 1813	Part of Sutton. May 24, 1851 part of Auburn annexed.
New Braintree, . . .	Jan. 31, 1751	Common land called New Braintree and part of the town of Hardwick established as the district of New Braintree. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. June 10, 1791 bounds between New Braintree and Brookfield established, and part of each town annexed to the other town. Mar. 8, 1792 bounds between New Braintree and Brookfield established and part of each town annexed to the other town. June 10, 1814 part annexed to Hardwick.

Northborough, . . . .	Jan. 24, 1766	Part of Westborough established as the district of Northborough. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 15, 1806 bounds between Northborough and Berlin established and part of each town annexed to the other town. June 20, 1807 part of Marlborough annexed and bounds established.
Northbridge, . . . .	July 14, 1772	Part of Uxbridge established as the district of Northbridge. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. April 29, 1780 part of Sutton annexed. Feb. 17, 1801 part of Sutton annexed. June 15, 1831 part annexed to Sutton. Mar. 7, 1837 bounds between Northbridge and Sutton established. Mar. 16, 1844 part of Sutton annexed. April 30, 1856 bounds between Northbridge and Uxbridge established and part of each town annexed to the other town.
North Brookfield, . . .	Feb. 28, 1812	Part of Brookfield. April 15, 1854 part annexed to Brookfield.
Oakham, . . . .	June 7, 1762	Part of Rutland established as the district of Oakham. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act.
Oxford, . . . .	May 31, 1693	Common land. Feb. 2, 1732 part included in the new town of Dudley. Nov. 21, 1754 part established as the district of Charlton. April 10, 1778 a parish set off from Oxford and other towns established as Ward. Jan. 5, 1789 part of Charlton annexed. Feb. 18, 1793 part of Sutton annexed. Feb. 6, 1807 the Oxford South Gore annexed. Feb. 23, 1809 part of Charlton annexed. Mar. 6, 1832 part included in the new town of Webster. Mar. 22, 1838 the Oxford North Gore annexed.
Paxton, . . . .	Feb. 12, 1765	Parts of Leicester and Rutland established as the district of Paxton. July 14, 1772 part of Rutland adjudged to belong to the district of Paxton. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Mar. 27, 1793 bounds between Paxton and Holden established. Feb. 13, 1804 part of Holden annexed. Feb. 20, 1829 bounds between Paxton and Rutland established. Mar. 19, 1831 part annexed to Holden. April 9, 1838 part of Holden annexed. May 24, 1851 part of Rutland annexed.

WORCESTER COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Petersham,	April 20, 1754	The plantation called Nichewoang. Feb 18, 1801 part included in the new town of Dana. Feb. 12, 1803 bounds between Petersham and Dana established. Feb. 4, 1842 part annexed to Dana. April 10, 1882 bounds between Petersham and Dana established.
Phillipston,	Feb. 5, 1814	Name changed from Gerry. Mar. 29, 1837 bounds between Phillipston and Royalston established. April 5, 1892 part of Phillipston annexed to Templeton.
Princeton,	Oct. 20, 1759	Part of Rutland and certain common lands adjacent established as the district of Princeton. April 24, 1771 the district and all lands adjacent not belonging to any town or district established as the town. Mar. 6, 1773 all lands which did not belong to Princeton when it was a district are set off as they were before the passage of the act of April 24, 1771. Feb. 16, 1810 part of Hubbardston annexed. April 4, 1838 part of the common lands of No Town annexed. April 22, 1870 part of Westminster annexed.
Royalston,	Feb. 19, 1765	Common land called Royalshire. June 17, 1780 part annexed to Winchendon. Oct. 15, 1783 part included in the new district of Orange. Feb. 26, 1799 parts of Athol and Gerry annexed. Mar. 7, 1803 part of Athol annexed. Mar. 29, 1837 bounds between Royalston and Phillipston established.

Rutland,	•	•	•	•	Feb.	23, 1713	Common land called Naquag. June 18, 1722 Rutland granted the privileges that other towns enjoy. April 12, 1753 part established as the Rutland district. Oct. 20, 1759 part established as Princeton. June 7, 1762 part established as the district of Oakham. Feb. 12, 1765 part included in the new town of Paxton. June 13, 1767 part established as Hubbardston. July 14, 1772 part adjudged to belong to Paxton. Feb. 20, 1829 bounds between Rutland and Paxton established. May 24, 1851 part annexed to Paxton.	
<i>Rutland, District of,</i> •								
Shrewsbury,	•	•	•	•	Dec.	6, 1720	Common land. Aug. 16, 1722 Shrewsbury is mentioned in the list of frontier towns. Dec. 19, 1727 Shrewsbury endowed with equal powers with any other town in the province. June 3, 1762 part annexed to Westborough. Feb. 27, 1768 part annexed to Lancaster. Feb. 26, 1781 part of Lancaster annexed. Mar. 1, 1786 part established as Boylston. Mar. 2, 1793 part annexed to Westborough. Mar. 3, 1826 part annexed to Grafton.	
Southborough,	•	•	•	•	July	6, 1727	Part of Marlborough. Mar. 7, 1786 part of Framingham annexed. Mar 5, 1835 bounds between Southborough and Westborough established. Mar. 24, 1843 part annexed to Marlborough.	
Southbridge,	•	•	•	•	Feb.	15, 1816	Parts of Charlton, Dudley, and Sturbridge. Feb. 23, 1822 part of Dudley annexed. April 6, 1839 part of Sturbridge annexed. May 4, 1871 bounds between Southbridge and Sturbridge established.	
Spencer,	•	•	•	•	April	12, 1753	Part of Leicester established as the district of Spencer. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act.	
Sterling,	•	•	•	•	April	25, 1781	Part of Lancaster. Mar. 12, 1793 bounds between Sterling and Lancaster established. Jan. 30, 1808 part included in the new town of West Boylston. Mar. 7, 1837 bounds between Sterling and Lancaster established.	

WORCESTER COUNTY—*Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Establishment or Incorporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Sturbridge, . . . . .	June 24, 1738	Common land called New Medfield. June 26, 1792 part of Charlton annexed. June 25, 1794 part of Middlesex Gore annexed. Feb. 15, 1816 part included in the new town of Southbridge. April 6, 1839 part annexed to Southbridge. May 4, 1871 bounds between Sturbridge and Southbridge established.
Sutton, . . . . .	Oet. 28, 1714	Common land. June 21, 1715 "certain common lands allowed to the proprietors of Sutton." June 5, 1728 part annex'd to Westborough. June 14, 1735 part included in the new town of Upton. April 10, 1778 a parish set off from Sutton and other towns established as Ward. April 20, 1780 part annexed to Northbridge. June 5, 1789 a certain gore of land annexed. Feb. 18, 1793 part annexed to Oxford. Feb. 17, 1801 part annexed to Northbridge. June 11, 1813 part established as Millbury. June 15, 1831 part of Northbridge annexed. Mar. 7, 1837 bounds between Sutton and Northbridge established. Mar. 3, 1842 part annexed to Grafton. Mar. 16, 1844 part annexed to Northbridge.
Templeton, . . . . .	Mar. 6, 1762	The plantation called Narragansett Number Six. June 27, 1785 part included in the new town of Gardner. Oct. 20, 1786 part included in the new town of Gerry. April 5, 1892 part of Phillipston annexed.
Upton, . . . . .	June 14, 1735	Parts of Hopkinton, Mendon, Sutton, and Uxbridge. Jan. 24, 1763 part annexed to Westborough. Mar. 8, 1808 part of Hopkinton annexed.

Uxbridge, • • • .	June 27, 1727	Part of Mendon. June 14, 1735 part included in the new town of Upton. April 24, 1770 part annexed to Mendon. July 14, 1772 part established as the distict of Northbridge. April 30, 1856 bounds between Uxbridge and Northbridge established and part of each town annexed to the other town. April 25, 1864 bounds between Uxbridge and Douglas established.
Ward, . . . . .	April 10, 1778	The parish set off from Leicester, Oxford, Sutton, and Worcester r. Feb. 17, 1837 name changed to Auburn.
Warren, . . . . .	Mar. 13, 1834	Name changed from Western.
Webster, . . . . .	Mar. 6, 1832	Common land and parts of Dudley and Oxford. Feb. 27, 1841 bounds between Webster and Douglas established.
Westborough, . . . . .	Nov. 18, 1717	Part of Marlborough called Channer, and other lands. June 5, 1728 part of Sutton annexed. June 3, 1762 part of Shrewsbury annexed. Jan. 24, 1763 part of Upton annexed. Jan. 24, 1766 part established as the district of Northborough. Mar. 2, 1793 part of Shrewsbury annexed. Mar. 5, 1835 bounds between Westborough and Southborough established.
West Boylston, . . . . .	Jan. 30, 1808	Parts of Boylston, Holden, and Sterling. Feb. 20, 1820 part of Boylston annexed. June 17, 1820 part of Boylston annexed.
West Brookfield, . . . . .	Mar. 3, 1848	Part of Brookfield.
Western, . . . . .	Jan. 16, 1742	Parts of Brimfield, Brookfield, and Kingsfield (now Palmer). Feb 8, 1823 part annexed to Ware. Feb. 7, 1831 part annexed to Palmer. Mar. 13, 1834 name changed to Warren.

WORCESTER COUNTY — *Concluded.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Estab-lishment or In-corporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	Date of Estab-lishment or In-corporation, or first mention in the Records of the State.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Westminster, . . . .	Oct. 20, 1759	The plantation called Narragansett Number Two established as the district of Westminster. April 26, 1770 the district made a town. June 27, 1785 part included in the new town of Gardner. Feb. 27, 1796 part of Fitchburg annexed. Feb. 16, 1813 part of Fitchburg annexed. Jan. 28, 1824 part annexed to Ashburnham. April 10, 1838 part of the common lands called No Town annexed. April 22, 1870 part annexed to Princeton.	
Winchendon, . . . .	June 14, 1761	The plantation called Ipswich-Canada. June 17, 1780 part of Royalston annexed and the bounds of Winchendon extended to embrace all the lands on the north as far as the New Hampshire state line. June 27, 1785 part included in the new town of Gardner. Mar. 2, 1787 part of Gardner annexed. Feb. 22, 1794 part annexed to Gardner. May 24, 1851 part annexed to Gardner.	
WORCESTER, . . . .	Oct. 15, 1681	The plantation called Quansigamond. Jan. 9, 1741 part called North Worcester established as Holden. April 10, 1778 the parish set off from Worcester and other towns established as Ward. June 14, 1785 certain common lands annexed. Mar. 22, 1835 Grafton Gore annexed. Feb. 29, 1848 Worcester incorporated as a city. Mar. 18, 1848 act of incorporation accepted by the town.	

## CITIES IN THE COMMONWEALTH,

WITH THE DATES OF THEIR INCORPORATION AND THEIR POPULATION.

NAME.	INCORPORATED.	POPULATION,	POPULATION,
		1885. (State Census.)	1890. (U. S. Census.)
Boston . . . .	Feb. 23, 1822,	390,393	448,477
Salem . . . .	March 23, 1836,	28,090	30,801
Lowell . . . .	April 1, 1836,	64,107	77,696
Cambridge . . . .	March 17, 1846,	59,658	70,028
New Bedford . . . .	March 9, 1847,	33,393	40,783
Worcester . . . .	Feb. 29, 1848,	68,389	84,655
Lynn . . . .	April 10, 1850,	45,867	55,727
Newburyport . . . .	May 24, 1851,	13,716	13,947
Springfield . . . .	April 12, 1852,	37,575	44,179
Lawrence . . . .	March 21, 1853,	38,862	44,654
Fall River . . . .	April 12, 1854,	56,870	74,398
Chelsea . . . .	March 13, 1857,	25,709	27,909
Taunton . . . .	May 11, 1864,	23,674	25,448
Haverhill . . . .	March 10, 1869,	21,795	27,412
Somerville . . . .	April 14, 1871,	29,971	40,152
Fitchburg . . . .	March 8, 1872,	15,375	22,037
Holyoke . . . .	April 7, 1873,	27,895	35,637
Gloucester . . . .	April 28, 1873,	21,703	24,651
Newton . . . .	June 2, 1873,	19,759	24,379
Malden . . . .	March 31, 1881,	16,407	23,031
Brockton . . . .	April 9, 1881,	20,783	27,294
Northampton . . . .	June 23, 1883,	12,896	14,990
Waltham . . . .	June 2, 1884,	14,600	18,707
Quincy . . . .	May 17, 1888,	12,145	16,723
Woburn . . . .	May 18, 1888,	11,750	13,499
Pittsfield . . . .	June 5, 1889,	14,466	17,281
Chicopee . . . .	April 18, 1890,	11,516	14,050
Marlborough . . . .	May 23, 1890,	10,941	13,805
Medford . . . .	May 31, 1892,	9,042	11,079
Everett . . . .	June 11, 1892,	5,825	11,068

## CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

[Established by Chapter 396, Acts of 1891.]

## DISTRICT No. 1.

TOWNS.	Population 1890.	TOWNS.	Population 1890.
<i>Berkshire County.</i>		<i>Berkshire Co.—Con.</i>	
Adams, . . . . .	9,213	West Stockbridge, . . . . .	1,492
Alford, . . . . .	297	Williamstown, . . . . .	4,221
Becket, . . . . .	946	Windsor, . . . . .	612
Cheshire, . . . . .	1,308		
Clarksburg, . . . . .	884	<i>Franklin County.</i>	
Dalton, . . . . .	2,885	Ashfield, . . . . .	1,025
Egremont, . . . . .	845	Bernardston, . . . . .	770
Florida, . . . . .	436	Buckland, . . . . .	1,570
Great Barrington, . . . . .	4,612	Charlemont, . . . . .	972
Hancock, . . . . .	506	Colrain, . . . . .	1,671
Hinsdale, . . . . .	1,739	Conway, . . . . .	1,451
Lanesborough, . . . . .	1,018	Deerfield, . . . . .	2,910
Lee, . . . . .	3,785	Gill, . . . . .	960
Lenox, . . . . .	2,889	Greenfield, . . . . .	5,252
Monterey, . . . . .	495	Hawley, . . . . .	515
Mount Washington, . . . . .	148	Heath, . . . . .	503
New Ashford, . . . . .	125	Leyden, . . . . .	407
New Marlborough, . . . . .	1,305	Monroe, . . . . .	282
North Adams, . . . . .	16,074	Rowe, . . . . .	541
Otis, . . . . .	583	Shelburne, . . . . .	1,553
Peru, . . . . .	305	Whately, . . . . .	779
Pittsfield, . . . . .	17,281		
Richmond, . . . . .	796	<i>Hampden County.</i>	
Sandisfield, . . . . .	807	Agawam, . . . . .	3,352
Savoy, . . . . .	569	Blandford, . . . . .	871
Sheffield, . . . . .	1,954	Chester, . . . . .	1,295
Stockbridge, . . . . .	2,132	Granville, . . . . .	1,061
Tyringham, . . . . .	412	Holyoke, . . . . .	35,637
Washington, . . . . .	434	Montgomery, . . . . .	266

DISTRICT No. 1—*Concluded.*

TOWNS.	Population 1890.	TOWNS.	Population 1890.
<i>Hampden Co.—Con.</i>		<i>Hampshire Co.—Con.</i>	
Russell, . . .	879	Hadfield, . . .	1,246
Southwick, . . .	914	Huntington, . . .	1,385
Tolland, . . .	393	Middlefield, . . .	455
Westfield, . . .	9,805	Plainfield, . . .	435
West Springfield, . . .	5,077	Southampton, . . .	1,017
<i>Hampshire County.</i>		Westhampton, . . .	477
Chesterfield, . . .	608	Williamsburg, . . .	2,057
Cummington, . . .	787	Worthington, . . .	714
Goshen, . . .	297	Total, . . .	170,297

## DISTRICT No. 2.

<i>Franklin County.</i>		<i>Hampshire Co.—Con.</i>	
Erving, . . .	972	Enfield, . . .	952
Leverett, . . .	702	Granby, . . .	765
Montague, . . .	6,296	Greenwich, . . .	526
New Salem, . . .	856	Hadley, . . .	1,669
Northfield, . . .	1,869	Northampton, . . .	14,990
Orange, . . .	4,568	Pelham, . . .	486
Shutesbury, . . .	453	Prescott, . . .	376
Sunderland, . . .	663	South Hadley, . . .	4,261
Warwick, . . .	565	Ware, . . .	7,329
Wendell, . . .	505		
<i>Hampden County.</i>		<i>Worcester County.</i>	
Brimfield, . . .	1,096	Athol, . . .	6,319
Chicopee, . . .	14,050	Barre, . . .	2,239
Hampden, . . .	831	Brookfield, . . .	3,352
Holland, . . .	201	Dana, . . .	700
Longmeadow, . . .	2,183	Hardwick, . . .	2,922
Ludlow, . . .	1,939	New Braintree, . . .	573
Monson, . . .	3,650	North Brookfield, . . .	3,871
Palmer, . . .	6,520	Oakham, . . .	738
Springfield, . . .	44,179	Petersham, . . .	1,050
Wales, . . .	700	Phillipston, . . .	502
Wilbraham, . . .	1,814	Royalston, . . .	1,030
<i>Hampshire County.</i>		Templeton, . . .	2,999
Amherst, . . .	4,512	Warren, . . .	4,681
Belchertown, . . .	2,120	West Brookfield, . . .	1,592
Easthampton, . . .	4,395	Winchendon, . . .	4,390
		Total, . . .	173,951

## DISTRICT No. 3.

TOWNS.	Population 1890.	TOWNS.	Population 1890.
<i>Middlesex County.</i>		<i>Worcester Co.—Con</i>	
Hopkinton, . . .	4,088	Paxton, . . .	445
<i>Worcester County.</i>		Rutland, . . .	980
Auburn, . . .	1,532	Shrewsbury, . . .	1,449
Blackstone, . . .	6,138	Southbridge, . . .	7,655
Charlton, . . .	1,847	Spencer, . . .	8,747
Douglas, . . .	1,908	Sturbridge, . . .	2,074
Dudley, . . .	2,944	Sutton, . . .	3,180
Gratton, . . .	5,002	Upton, . . .	1,878
Holden, . . .	2,623	Uxbridge, . . .	3,408
Leicester, . . .	3,120	Webster, . . .	7,031
Mendon, . . .	919	Westborough, . . .	5,195
Millbury, . . .	4,428	West Boylston, . . .	3,019
Northbridge, . . .	4,603	Worcester, . . .	84,655
Oxford, . . .	2,616	Total, . . .	171,484

## DISTRICT No. 4.

<i>Middlesex County.</i>		<i>Middlesex Co.—Con.</i>	
Acton, . . .	1,897	Waltham, . . .	18,707
Ashby, . . .	825	Wayland, . . .	2,060
Ashland, . . .	2,532	Westford, . . .	2,250
Ayer, . . .	2,148	Weston, . . .	1,664
Bedford, . . .	1,092	<i>Norfolk County.</i>	
Billerica, . . .	2,380	Wellesley, . . .	3,600
Boxborough, . . .	325	<i>Worcester County.</i>	
Burlington, . . .	617	Ashburnham, . . .	2,074
Carlisle, . . .	481	Berlin, . . .	884
Chelmsford, . . .	2,695	Bolton, . . .	827
Concord, . . .	4,427	Boylston, . . .	770
Dunstable, . . .	413	Clinton, . . .	10,424
Framingham, . . .	9,239	Fitchburg, . . .	22,037
Groton, . . .	2,057	Gardner, . . .	8,424
Hudson, . . .	4,670	Harvard, . . .	1,095
Lexington, . . .	3,197	Hubbardston, . . .	1,346
Lincoln, . . .	987	Lancaster, . . .	2,201
Littleton, . . .	1,025	Leominster, . . .	7,269
Marlborough, . . .	13,805	Lunenburg, . . .	1,146
Maynard, . . .	2,700	Northborough, . . .	1,952
Natick, . . .	9,118	Princeton, . . .	982
Pepperell, . . .	3,127	Southborough, . . .	2,114
Shirley, . . .	1,191	Sterling, . . .	1,244
Stow, . . .	903	Westminster, . . .	1,688
Sudbury, . . .	1,197	Total, . . .	170,221
Townsend, . . .	1,750		
Tyngsborough, . . .	662		

## DISTRICT No. 5.

TOWNS.	Population 1890.	TOWNS.	Population 1890.
<i>Essex County.</i>		<i>Middlesex Co.—Con.</i>	
Andover, . . . .	6,142	Lowell, . . . .	77,696
Lawrence, . . . .	44,654	North Reading, . . . .	874
Lynnfield, . . . .	787	Reading, . . . .	4,088
Methuen, . . . .	4,814	Tewksbury, . . . .	2,515
North Andover, . . . .	3,742	Wilmington, . . . .	1,213
Peabody, . . . .	10,158	Woburn, . . . .	13,499
<i>Middlesex County.</i>		Total, . . . .	172,178
Dracut, . . . .	1,996		

## DISTRICT No. 6.

<i>Essex County.</i>		<i>Essex Co.—Con.</i>	
Amesbury, . . . .	9,798	Merrimac, . . . .	2,633
Beverly, . . . .	10,821	Middleton, . . . .	924
Boxford, . . . .	865	Newbury, . . . .	1,427
Bradford, . . . .	3,720	Newburyport, . . . .	13,947
Danvers, . . . .	7,454	Rockport, . . . .	4,087
Essex, . . . .	1,713	Rowley, . . . .	1,248
Georgetown, . . . .	2,117	Salem, . . . .	30,801
Gloucester, . . . .	24,651	Salisbury, . . . .	1,316
Groveland, . . . .	2,191	Swampscott, . . . .	3,198
Hamilton, . . . .	961	Topsfield, . . . .	1,022
Haverhill, . . . .	27,412	Wenham, . . . .	886
Ipswich, . . . .	4,439	West Newbury, . . . .	1,796
Manchester, . . . .	1,789		
Marblehead, . . . .	8,202	Total, . . . .	169,418

## DISTRICT No. 7.

<i>Essex County.</i>		<i>Middlesex Co.—Con.</i>	
Lynn, . . . .	55,727	Wakefield, . . . .	6,982
Nahant, . . . .	880		
Saugus, . . . .	3,673		
<i>Middlesex County.</i>		<i>Suffolk County.</i>	
Everett, . . . .	11,068	Boston, Ward 4, . . . .	12,842
Malden, . . . .	23,031	Ward 5, . . . .	12,412
Melrose, . . . .	8,519	Chelsea, . . . .	27,909
Stoneham, . . . .	6,155	Revere, . . . .	5,668
		Total, . . . .	174,866

*Congressional Districts.*

## DISTRICT No. 8.

TOWNS.	Population 1890.	TOWNS.	Population 1890.
<i>Middlesex County.</i>			
Arlington, . . .	5,629	Boston, Ward 9, .	12,660
Cambridge, . . .	70,028	Ward 10, .	8,205
Medford, . . .	11,079	Ward 11, .	21,660
Somerville, . . .	40,152	Total, . . .	174,274
Winchester, . . .	4,861		

## DISTRICT No. 9.

<i>Suffolk County.</i>		<i>Suffolk Co.—Con.</i>	
Boston, Ward 1, .	19,633	Boston, Ward 18, .	16,035
Ward 2, .	17,297	Ward 19—	
Ward 3, .	13,094	Precinct 2, .	2,377
Ward 6, .	18,447	Precinct 3, .	3,221
Ward 7, .	13,145	Precinct 4, .	2,290
Ward 8, .	13,026	Precinct 6, .	2,896
Ward 12, .	12,585	Winthrop, . . .	2,726
Ward 16, .	18,048	Total, . . .	
Ward 17, .	15,638		170,458

## DISTRICT No. 10.

<i>Norfolk County.</i>		<i>Suffolk Co.—Con.</i>	
Milton, . . .	4,278	Boston, Ward 19—	
Quincy, . . .	16,723	Precinct 5, .	1,459
<i>Suffolk County.</i>			
Boston, Ward 13, .	22,375	Precinct 7, .	2,959
Ward 14, .	26,367	Precinct 8, .	2,663
Ward 15, .	18,049	Precinct 9, .	2,246
Ward 19—		Ward 20, .	24,335
Precinct 1, .	2,905	Ward 22, .	20,011
		Ward 24, .	29,638
		Total, . . .	174,008

## DISTRICT No. 11.

<i>Bristol County.</i>		<i>Middlesex Co.—Con.</i>	
North Attleborough, .	6,727	Holliston, . . .	2,619
<i>Middlesex County.</i>			
Belmont, . . .	2,098	Newton, . . .	24,379
		Sherborn, . . .	1,381
		Watertown, . . .	7,073

## DISTRICT No. 11—Concluded.

TOWNS.	Population 1890.	TOWNS.	Population 1890.
<i>Norfolk County.</i>			
Bellingham,	1,334	Walpole,	2,604
Brookline,	12,103	Wrentham,	2,566
Dedham,	7,123		
Dover,	727		
Foxborough,	2,933	<i>Suffolk County.</i>	
Franklin,	4,831	Boston, Ward 21,	22,930
Hyde Park,	10,193	Ward 23,	24,997
Medfield,	1,493	Ward 25,	12,032
Medway,	2,985		
Millis,	786	<i>Worcester County.</i>	
Needham,	3,035	Hopedale,	1,176
Norfolk,	913	Milford,	8,780
Norwood,	3,733		
Sharon,	1,634	Total,	173,185

## DISTRICT No. 12.

TOWNS.	Population 1890.	TOWNS.	Population 1890.
<i>Bristol County.</i>			
Attleborough,	7,577	Plymouth Co.—Con.	
Berkley,	894	Brockton,	27,294
Dighton,	1,889	Carver,	994
Easton,	4,493	Duxbury,	1,908
Mansfield,	3,432	East Bridgewater,	2,911
Norton,	1,785	Halifax,	562
Raynham,	1,340	Hanover,	2,093
Rochoboth,	1,786	Hanson,	1,267
Seekonk,	1,317	Hingham,	4,564
Taunton,	25,448	Hull,	989
<i>Norfolk County.</i>		Kingston,	1,659
Avon,	1,384	Lakeville,	935
Braintree,	4,848	Marshfield,	1,713
Canton,	4,538	Middleborough,	6,065
Cohasset,	2,448	Norwell,	1,635
Holbrook,	2,474	Pembroke,	1,320
Randolph,	3,946	Plymouth,	7,314
Stoughton,	4,852	Plympton,	597
Weymouth,	10,866	Rockland,	5,213
<i>Plymouth County.</i>		Scituate,	2,318
Abington,	4,260	West Bridgewater,	1,917
Bridgewater,	4,249	Whitman,	4,441
		Total,	171,535

## DISTRICT No. 13.

TOWNS.	Population <b>1890.</b>	TOWNS.	Population <b>1890.</b>
<i>Barnstable County.</i>			
Barnstable, . . .	4,023	<i>Bristol Co.—Con.</i>	
Bourne, . . .	1,442	Somerset, . . .	2,106
Brewster, . . .	1,003	Swanzey, . . .	1,456
Chatham, . . .	1,954	Westport, . . .	2,599
Dennis, . . .	2,899		
Eastham, . . .	602	<i>Dukes County.</i>	
Falmouth, . . .	2,567	Chilmark, . . .	353
Harwich, . . .	2,734	Cottage City, . . .	1,080
Mashpee, . . .	298	Edgartown, . . .	1,156
Orleans, . . .	1,219	Gay Head, . . .	139
Provincetown, . . .	4,642	Gosnold, . . .	135
Sandwich, . . .	1,819	Tisbury, . . .	1,506
Truro, . . .	919	West Tisbury,* . . .	-
Wellfleet, . . .	1,291		
Yarmouth, . . .	1,760	<i>Nantucket County.</i>	
<i>Bristol County.</i>			
Acushnet, . . .	1,027	Nantucket, . . .	3,268
Dartmouth, . . .	3,122		
Fairhaven, . . .	2,919	<i>Plymouth County.</i>	
Fall River, . . .	74,398	Mariou, . . .	871
Freetown, . . .	1,417	Mattapoisett, . . .	1,148
New Bedford, . . .	40,733	Rochester, . . .	1,012
		Wareham, . . .	3,451
		Total, . . .	173,068

\* West Tisbury was incorporated from a part of Tisbury, April 28, 1892.

## COUNCIL DISTRICTS.

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AS ESTABLISHED BY CHAPTER 348 OF THE ACTS OF 1886.

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I.—The Cape, First and Second Plymouth, and the Second and Third Bristol Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 54,950.

*Cape District.*—Barnstable, Bourne, Brewster, Chatham, Dennis, Eastham, Falmouth, Harwich, Mashpee, Orleans, Provincetown, Sandwich, Truro, Wellfleet, and Yarmouth, in the county of Barnstable, and Chilmark, Cottage City, Edgartown, Gay Head, Gosnold, and Tisbury,\* in the county of Dukes County, and Nantucket.

*First Plymouth District.*—Abington, Cohasset (Norfolk County), Duxbury, Hanover, Hanson, Hingham, Hull, Kingston, Marshfield, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton, Rockland, Scituate, South Scituate† and Whitman.

*Second Plymouth District.*—Bridgewater, Brockton, Carver, East Bridgewater, Halifax, Lakeville, Marion, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Rochester, Wareham, and West Bridgewater.

*Second Bristol District.*—Berkley, Dighton, Fall River, Rehoboth, Somerset, and Swanzye.

*Third Bristol District.*—Acushnet, Dartmouth, Fairhaven, Freetown, New Bedford, and Westport.

II.—The First Bristol, First and Second Norfolk, Eighth and Ninth Suffolk Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 56,627.

*First Bristol District.*—Attleborough, Easton, Mansfield, North Attleborough, Norton, Raynham, Seckonk, and Taunton.

*First Norfolk District.*—Braintree, Canton, Holbrook, Hyde Park, Milton, Quincy, Randolph, and Weymouth.

*Second Norfolk District.*—Bellingham, Brookline, Dedham, Dover, Foxborough, Franklin, Medfield, Medway, Millis, Needham, Norfolk, Norwood, Sharon, Stoughton,† Walpole, Wellesley, and Wrentham.

*Eighth Suffolk District.*—Wards Nos. 19, 22, and 25, Boston.

*Ninth Suffolk District.*—Wards Nos. 21, 23, and 24, Boston.

\* Tisbury divided and West Tisbury incorporated, April 28, 1892.

† Name changed to Norwell, March 5, 1888.

‡ Stoughton divided and Avon incorporated, Feb. 21, 1888.

**III.—The First and Second Suffolk, and the First, Second, and Third Middlesex Senatorial Districts.** Legal voters, 51,780.

*First Suffolk District.*—Chelsea, Revere, Winthrop, and Ward No. 1, Boston.

*Second Suffolk District.*—Wards Nos. 3, 4, and 5, Boston.

*First Middlesex District.*—Arlington, Medford, Somerville, and Winchester.

*Second Middlesex District.*—Belmont, Concord, Lexington, Lincoln, Newton, Waltham, and Watertown.

*Third Middlesex District.*—Wards Nos. 1, 2, 4, and 5, Cambridge.

**IV.—The Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, and Seventh Suffolk Senatorial Districts.** Legal voters, 57,237.

*Third Suffolk District.*—Wards Nos. 6, 7, and 8, Boston, and Ward No. 3, Cambridge.

*Fourth Suffolk District.*—Wards Nos. 2, 12, and 16, Boston.

*Fifth Suffolk District.*—Wards Nos. 9, 10, and 11, Boston.

*Sixth Suffolk District.*—Wards Nos. 13, 14, and 15, Boston.

*Seventh Suffolk District.*—Wards Nos. 17, 18, and 20, Boston.

**V.—The First, Second, Third, Fourth, and Fifth Essex Senatorial Districts.** Legal voters, 52,429.

*First Essex District.*—Wards Nos. 2, 3, 4, and 5, Lynn, and Nahant and Swampscott.

*Second Essex District.*—Beverly, Marblehead, and Salem.

*Third Essex District.*—Essex, Gloucester, Hamilton, Ipswich, Manchester, Newbury, Newburyport (Wards Nos. 1 and 2), Rockport, Rowley, Topsfield, and West Newbury.

*Fourth Essex District.*—Amesbury, Haverhill, Merrimac, Newburyport (Wards Nos. 3, 4, 5, and 6), and Salisbury.

*Fifth Essex District.*—Boxford, Danvers, Georgetown, Groveland, Lynn (Wards Nos. 1, 6, and 7), Lynnfield, Middleton, North Andover, Peabody, Saugus, and Wenham.

**VI.—The Sixth Essex, and the Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, and Seventh Middlesex Senatorial Districts.** Legal voters, 55,764.

*Sixth Essex District.*—Andover, Bradford, Lawrence, and Methuen.

*Fourth Middlesex District.*—Ashland, Framingham, Holliston, Hopkinton, Marlborough, Maynard, Natick, Sherborn, Sudbury, Wayland, and Weston.

*Fifth Middlesex District.*—Acton, Ashby, Ayer, Bedford, Billerica, Boxborough, Burlington, Carlisle, Chelmsford, Dracut, Dunstable, Groton, Hudson, Littleton, Pepperell, Shirley, Stow, Tewksbury, Townsend, Tyngsborough, Westford, and Woburn.

*Sixth Middlesex District.*—Everett, Malden, Melrose, North Reading, Reading, Stoneham, Wakefield, and Wilmington.

*Seventh Middlesex District.*—Lowell.

**VII.**—The First, Second, Third, and Fourth Worcester, and the Worcester and Hampshire Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 56,662.

*First Worcester District.*—Worcester (Wards Nos. 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8), in the county of Worcester.

*Second Worcester District.*—Berlin, Blackstone, Bolton, Boylston, Clinton, Grafton, Harvard, Hopedale, Mendon, Milford, Northborough, Northbridge, Shrewsbury, Southborough, Upton, Uxbridge, and Westborough.

*Third Worcester District.*—Auburn, Brookfield, Charlton, Douglas, Dudley, Leicester, Millbury, North Brookfield, Oxford, Paxton, Southbridge, Spencer, Sturbridge, Sutton, Warren, Webster, and West Brookfield.

*Fourth Worcester District.*—Fitchburg, Holden, Lancaster, Leominster, Lunenburg, Princeton, Sterling, West Boylston, Westminster, and Worcester (Wards Nos. 2 and 3).

*Worcester and Hampshire District.*—Athol, Barre, Dana, Gardner, Hardwick, Hubbardston, New Braintree, Oakham, Petersham, Philipston, Rutland, and Templeton, in the county of Worcester, and Amherst, Belchertown, Enfield, Granby, Greenwich, Hadley, Pelham, Prescott, South Hadley, and Ware, in the county of Hampshire.

**VIII.**—The Franklin, First and Second Hampden, Berkshire, and the Berkshire and Hampshire Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 57,167.

*Franklin District.*—Ashfield, Bernardston, Buckland, Charlemont, Colrain, Conway, Deerfield, Erving, Gill, Greenfield, Hawley, Heath, Leverett, Leyden, Monroe, Montague, New Salem, Northfield, Orange, Rowe, Shelburne, Shutesbury, Sunderland, Warwick, Wendell, and Whately, in the county of Franklin, and Ashburnham, Royalston, and Winchendon, in the county of Worcester.

*First Hampden District.*—Brimfield, Holland, Monson, Palmer, Springfield, Wales, and Wilbraham, in the county of Hampden.

*Second Hampden District.*—Agawam, Chicopee, Granville, Hampden, Holyoke, Longmeadow, Ludlow, Montgomery, Southwick, Tolland, Westfield, and West Springfield, in the county of Hampden.

*Berkshire District.*—Adams, Cheshire, Clarksburg, Dalton, Florida, Hancock, Hinsdale, Lanesborough, Lenox, New Ashford, North Adams, Peru, Pittsfield, Richmond, Savoy, Washington, Williams-town, and Windsor, in the county of Berkshire.

*Berkshire and Hampshire District.*—Alford, Becket, Egremont, Great Barrington, Lee, Monterey, Mount Washington, New Marlborough, Otis, Sandisfield, Sheffield, Stockbridge, Tyringham, and West Stockbridge, in the county of Berkshire, and Chesterfield, Cummington, Easthampton, Goshen, Hatfield, Huntington, Middlefield, Northampton, Plainfield, Southampton, Westhampton, Williamsburg, and Worthington, in the county of Hampshire, and Blandford, Chester, and Russell, in the county of Hampden.

## SENATE DISTRICTS.

As ESTABLISHED BY CHAPTER 338 OF THE ACTS OF 1886.

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[Average ratio for the State, 11,065+] 

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SUFFOLK COUNTY (including Ward 3, Cambridge, Middlesex County) — *Nine Senators.*

[Ratio for one Senator, 11,050+] 

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*First District.* — Chelsea, Revere, Winthrop, and Ward No. 1, Boston. Legal voters, 10,805.

*Second District.* — Wards Nos. 3, 4, and 5, Boston. Legal voters, 9,416.

*Third District.* — Wards Nos. 6, 7, and 8, Boston, and Ward 3, Cambridge. Legal voters, 11,434.

*Fourth District.* — Wards Nos. 2, 12, and 16, Boston. Legal voters, 10,818.

*Fifth District.* — Wards Nos. 9, 10, and 11, Boston. Legal voters, 10,637.

*Sixth District.* — Wards Nos. 13, 14, and 15, Boston. Legal voters, 12,225.

*Seventh District.* — Wards Nos. 17, 18, and 20, Boston. Legal voters, 12,123.

*Eighth District.* — Wards Nos. 19, 22, and 25, Boston. Legal voters, 9,603.

*Ninth District.* — Wards Nos. 21, 23, and 24, Boston. Legal voters, 12,396.

ESSEX COUNTY — *Six Senators.*

[Ratio for one Senator, 10,437+] 

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*First District.* — Wards Nos. 2, 3, 4, and 5, Lynn, Nahant, and Swampscott. Legal voters, 9,911.

*Second District.* — Beverly, Marblehead, and Salem. Legal voters, 10,533.

*Third District.* — Essex, Gloucester, Hamilton, Ipswich, Manchester, Newbury, Newburyport (Wards Nos. 1 and 2), Rockport, Rowley, Topsfield, and West Newbury. Legal voters, 10,757.

*Fourth District.*—Amesbury, Haverhill, Merrimac, Newburyport (Wards Nos. 3, 4, 5, and 6), and Salisbury. Legal voters, 10,836.

*Fifth District.*—Boxford, Danvers, Georgetown, Groveland, Lynn (Wards Nos. 1, 6, and 7), Lynnfield, Middleton, North Andover, Peabody, Saugus, and Wenham. Legal voters, 10,392.

*Sixth District.*—Andover, Bradford, Lawrence, and Methuen. Legal voters, 10,196.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY (excluding Ward 3, Cambridge)—  
Seven Senators.

[Ratio for one Senator, 11,018+.]

*First District.*—Arlington, Medford, Somerville, and Winchester. Legal voters, 10,771.

*Second District.*—Belmont, Concord, Lexington, Lincoln, Newton, Waltham, and Watertown. Legal voters, 10,608.

*Third District.*—Wards Nos. 1, 2, 4, and 5, Cambridge. Legal voters, 10,180.

*Fourth District.*—Ashland, Framingham, Holliston, Hopkinton, Marlborough, Maynard, Natick, Sherborn, Sudbury, Wayland, and Weston. Legal voters, 10,949.

*Fifth District.*—Acton, Ashby, Ayer, Bedford, Billerica, Boxborough, Burlington, Carlisle, Chelmsford, Dracut, Dunstable, Groton, Hudson, Littleton, Pepperell, Shirley, Stow, Tewksbury, Townsend, Tyngsborough, Westford, and Woburn. Legal voters, 11,180.

*Sixth District.*—Everett, Malden, Melrose, North Reading, Reading, Stoneham, Wakefield, and Wilmington. Legal voters, 11,073.

*Seventh District* — Lowell. Legal voters, 12,366.

WORCESTER, FRANKLIN, HAMPSHIRE, HAMPDEN, AND BERKSHIRE COUNTIES—Ten Senators.

[Ratio for one Senator, 11,382+.]

*First Worcester District.*—Wards Nos. 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8, Worcester. Legal voters, 10,786.

*Second Worcester District.*—Berlin, Blackstone, Bolton, Boylston, Clinton, Grafton, Harvard, Hopedale, Mendon, Milford, Northborough, Northbridge, Shrewsbury, Southborough, Upton, Uxbridge, and Westborough. Legal voters, 11,433.

*Third Worcester District.*—Auburn, Brookfield, Charlton, Douglas, Dudley, Leicester, Milbury, North Brookfield, Oxford, Paxton, Southbridge, Spencer, Sturbridge, Sutton, Warren, Webster, and West Brookfield. Legal voters, 11,217.

*Fourth Worcester District.*—Fitchburg, Holden, Lancaster, Leominster, Lunenburg, Princeton, Sterling, West Boylston, Westminster, and Worcester (Wards Nos. 2 and 3). Legal voters, 12,099.

*Worcester and Hampshire District.*—Athol, Barre, Dana, Gardner, Hardwick, Hubbardston, New Braintree, Oakham, Petersham, Philipston, Rutland, and Templeton, in the county of Worcester; and Amherst, Belchertown, Enfield, Granby, Greenwich, Hadley, Pelham, Prescott, South Hadley, and Ware, in the county of Hampshire. Legal voters, 11,127.

*Franklin District.*—Ashfield, Bernardston, Buckland, Charlemont, Colrain, Conway, Deerfield, Erving, Gill, Greenfield, Hawley, Heath, Leverett, Leyden, Monroe, Montague, New Salem, Northfield, Orange, Rowe, Shelburne, Shutesbury, Sunderland, Warwick, Wendell, and Whately, in the county of Franklin; and Ashburnham, Royalston, and Winchendon, in the county of Worcester. Legal voters, 11,268.

*First Hampden District.*—Brimfield, Holland, Monson, Palmer, Springfield, Wales, and Wilbraham. Legal voters, 11,534.

*Second Hampden District.*—Agawam, Chicopee, Granville, Hampden, Holyoke, Longmeadow, Ludlow, Montgomery, Southwick, Tolland, Westfield, and West Springfield. Legal voters, 11,397.

*Berkshire District.*—Adams, Cheshire, Clarksburg, Dalton, Florida, Hancock, Hinsdale, Lanesborough, Lenox, New Ashford, North Adams, Peru, Pittsfield, Richmond, Savoy, Washington, Williams-town, and Windsor. Legal voters, 10,915.

*Berkshire and Hampshire District.*—Alford, Becket, Egremont, Great Barrington, Lee, Monterey, Mount Washington, New Marlborough, Otis, Sandisfield, Sheffield, Stockbridge, Tyringham, and West Stockbridge, in the county of Berkshire; Chesterfield, Cummington, East-ampton, Goshen, Hatfield, Huntington, Middlefield, Northampton, Plainfield, Southampton, Westhampton, Williamsburg, and Worthington, in the county of Hampshire; and Blandford, Chester, and Russell, in the county of Hampden. Legal voters, 12,053.

#### NORFOLK COUNTY (excluding Cohasset) — *Two Senators.*

[Ratio for one Senator, 11,765.]

*First District.*—Braintree, Canton, Holbrook, Hyde Park, Milton-Quincy, Randolph, and Weymouth. Legal voters, 11,930.

*Second District.*—Bellingham, Brookline, Dedham, Dover, Foxborough, Franklin, Medfield, Medway, Millis, Needham, Norfolk, Norwood, Sharon, Stoughton\* Walpole, Wellesley, and Wrentham. Legal voters, 11,600.

\* Stoughton divided and Avon incorporated, Feb. 21, 1888.

**PLYMOUTH COUNTY** (including Cohasset, in Norfolk County) —  
*Two Senators.*

[Ratio for one Senator, 11,329+.]

*First District.* — Abington, Cohasset (Norfolk County), Duxbury, Hanover, Hanson, Hingham, Hull, Kingston, Marshfield, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton, Rockland, Scituate, South Scituate,\* and Whitman. Legal voters, 11,303.

*Second District.* — Bridgewater, Brockton, Carver, East Bridgewater, Halifax, Lakeville, Marion, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Rochester, Wareham, and West Bridgewater. Legal voters, 11,356.

**BRISTOL COUNTY** — *Three Senators.*

[Ratio for one Senator, 11,014+.]

*First District.* — Attleborough, Easton, Mansfield, North Attleborough, Norton, Raynham, Seekonk, and Taunton. Legal voters, 11,098.

*Second District.* — Berkley, Dighton, Fall River, Rehoboth, Somerset, and Swanzye. Legal voters, 11,665.

*Third District.* — Acushnet, Dartmouth, Fairhaven, Freetown, New Bedford, and Westport. Legal voters, 10,281.

**BARNSTABLE, DUKES, AND NANTUCKET COUNTIES** —  
*One Senator.*

*Cape District.* — Barnstable, Bourne, Brewster, Chatham, Dennis, Eastham, Falmouth, Harwich, Mashpee, Orleans, Provincetown, Sandwich, Truro, Wellfleet, and Yarmouth, in the county of Barnstable; Chilmark, Cottage City, Edgartown, Gay Head, Gosnold, and Tisbury,† in the county of Dukes County, and Nantucket. Legal voters, 10,345.

\* Name changed to Norwell, March 5, 1888.

† Tisbury divided and West Tisbury incorporated, April 28, 1892.

## REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICTS.

ESTABLISHED UNDER CHAPTER 256, ACTS OF 1886.

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[Average ratio for the State, 1,844+.]

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### SUFFOLK COUNTY.

#### FIFTY-TWO REPRESENTATIVES.

##### DISTRICT

1.—Boston, 1st Ward.	Legal voters, 3,487.	Two representatives.
2.—Boston, 2d Ward.	Legal voters, 3,345.	Two representatives.
3.—Boston, 3d Ward.	Legal voters, 3,011.	Two representatives.
4.—Boston, 4th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,131.	Two representatives.
5.—Boston, 5th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,274.	Two representatives.
6.—Boston, 6th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,024.	Two representatives.
7.—Boston, 7th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,038.	Two representatives.
8.—Boston, 8th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,069.	Two representatives.
9.—Boston, 9th Ward.	Legal voters, 2,854.	Two representatives.
10.—Boston, 10th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,306.	Two representatives.
11.—Boston, 11th Ward.	Legal voters, 4,477.	Two representatives.
12.—Boston, 12th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,527.	Two representatives.
13.—Boston, 13th Ward.	Legal voters, 4,056.	Two representatives.
14.—Boston, 14th Ward.	Legal voters, 4,815.	Two representatives.
15.—Boston, 15th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,354.	Two representatives.
16.—Boston, 16th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,946.	Two representatives.
17.—Boston, 17th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,634.	Two representatives.
18.—Boston, 18th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,603.	Two representatives.
19.—Boston, 19th Ward.	Legal voters, 4,267.	Two representatives.
20.—Boston, 20th Ward.	Legal voters, 4,886.	Two representatives.
21.—Boston, 21st Ward.	Legal voters, 3,646.	Two representatives.
22.—Boston, 22d Ward.	Legal voters, 3,254.	One representative.
23.—Boston, 23d Ward.	Legal voters, 3,865.	Two representatives.
24.—Boston, 24th Ward.	Legal voters, 4,885.	Two representatives.
25.—Boston, 25th Ward.	Legal voters, 2,082.	One representative.

**DISTRICT**

**26.**—Chelsea, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, and 3d Ward. Legal voters, 4,284.  
Two representatives.

**27.**—Chelsea, 4th Ward, Revere, and Winthrop. Legal voters, 3,034.  
Two representatives.

**ESSEX COUNTY.****THIRTY-FOUR REPRESENTATIVES.****DISTRICT**

- 1.**—Salisbury, Amesbury, Merrimac, and West Newbury. Legal voters, 3,477. Two representatives.
- 2.**—Haverhill, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 4th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 3,375. Two representatives.
- 3.**—Haverhill, 3d and 5th Wards, Methuen, and Bradford. Legal voters, 3,810. Two representatives.
- 4.**—Lawrence, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, and 3d Ward. Legal voters, 3,689. Two representatives.
- 5.**—Lawrence, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 3,702. Two representatives.
- 6.**—Andover and North Andover. Legal voters, 2,023. One representative.
- 7.**—Groveland, Georgetown, Boxford, and Topsfield. Legal voters, 1,764. One representative.
- 8.**—Newburyport, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, and Newbury. Legal voters, 3,668. Two representatives.
- 9.**—Rowley, Ipswich, Hamilton, and Wenham. Legal voters, 1,913. One representative.
- 10.**—Gloucester, 1st Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, 7th Ward, 8th Ward, Essex, and Manchester. Legal voters, 5,107. Three representatives.
- 11.**—Gloucester, 2d Ward, and Rockport. Legal voters, 1,753. One representative.
- 12.**—Beverly. Legal voters, 2,437. One representative.
- 13.**—Salem, 1st Ward and 2d Ward. Legal voters, 2,039. One representative.
- 14.**—Salem, 3d Ward and 5th Ward. Legal voters, 1,932. One representative.
- 15.**—Salem, 4th Ward and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 1,985. One representative.
- 16.**—Marblehead. Legal voters, 2,060. One representative.
- 17.**—Swampscott, Lynn, 2d Ward and 3d Ward. Legal voters, 3,781. Two representatives.

**DISTRICT**

- 18.— Lynn, 4th Ward, and Nahant. Legal voters, 3,230. Two representatives.
- 19.— Lynn, 1st Ward, 5th Ward, and Lynnfield. Legal voters, 3,338. Two representatives.
- 20.— Lynn, 6th Ward, 7th Ward, and Saugus. Legal voters, 3,456. Two representatives.
- 21.— Peabody. Legal voters, 2,192. One representative.
- 22.— Danvers and Middleton. Legal voters, 1,814. One representative.

**MIDDLESEX COUNTY.****FORTY-THREE REPRESENTATIVES.****DISTRICT**

- 1.— Cambridge, 1st Ward and 5th Ward. Legal voters, 3,681. Two representatives.
- 2.— Cambridge, 2d Ward. Legal voters, 3,439. Two representatives.
- 3.— Cambridge, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 2,303. One representative.
- 4.— Cambridge, 4th Ward. Legal voters, 3,060. Two representatives.
- 5.— Somerville, 1st Ward. Legal voters, 1,989. One representative.
- 6.— Somerville, 2d Ward. Legal voters, 2,183. One representative.
- 7.— Somerville, 3d Ward and 4th Ward. Legal voters, 2,484. One representative.
- 8.— Medford. Legal voters, 2,119. One representative.
- 9.— Malden, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 3,934. Two representatives.
- 10.— Everett. Legal voters, 1,204. One representative.
- 11.— Melrose. Legal voters, 1,491. One representative.
- 12.— Stoneham. Legal voters, 1,547. One representative.
- 13.— Wakefield. Legal voters, 1,535. One representative.
- 14.— Woburn and Reading. Legal voters, 3,773. Two representatives.
- 15.— Arlington and Winchester. Legal voters, 1,996. One representative.
- 16.— Watertown and Belmont. Legal voters, 1,794. One representative.
- 17.— Newton, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, and 7th Ward. Legal voters, 3,976. Two representatives.
- 18.— Waltham, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, 7th Ward, and Weston. Legal voters, 3,555. Two representatives.
- 19.— Lexington, Lincoln, Concord, Bedford, and Burlington. Legal voters, 1,987. One representative.
- 20.— Chelmsford, Billerica, Tewksbury, Wilmington, and North Reading. Legal voters, 1,994. One representative.

## DISTRICT

- 21.— Lowell, 1st Ward. Legal voters, 1,894. One representative.
- 22.— Lowell, 2d Ward. Legal voters, 2,064. One representative.
- 23.— Lowell, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 2,268. One representative.
- 24.— Lowell, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, Dracut, and Tyngsborough. Legal voters, 4,844. Three representatives.
- 25.— Lowell, 6th Ward. Legal voters, 1,870. One representative.
- 26.— Natick. Legal voters, 2,117. One representative.
- 27.— Hopkinton and Ashland. Legal voters, 1,730. One representative.
- 28.— Holliston, Sherborn, Framingham, and Wayland. Legal voters, 3,513. Two representatives.
- 29.— Marlborough, Hudson, and Sudbury. Legal voters, 3,733. Two representatives.
- 30.— Maynard, Stow, Boxborough, Littleton, Acton, and Carlisle. Legal voters, 1,808. One representative.
- 31.— Westford, Groton, Pepperell, and Dunstable. Legal voters, 1,887. One representative.
- 32.— Ayer, Shirley, Townsend, and Ashby. Legal voters, 1,658. One representative.

## WORCESTER COUNTY.

## TWENTY-NINE REPRESENTATIVES.

## DISTRICT

- 1.— Athol, Royalston, and Phillipston. Legal voters, 1,764. One representative.
- 2.— Gardner, Winchendon, Templeton, and Ashburnham. Legal voters, 3,807. Two representatives.
- 3.— Barre, Dana, Petersham, Hardwick, and Rutland. Legal voters, 1,865. One representative.
- 4.— Westminster, Hubbardston, Princeton, Holden, and Paxton. Legal voters, 1,780. One representative.
- 5.— Brookfield, North Brookfield, West Brookfield, New Braintree, Oakham, Sturbridge, and Warren. Legal voters, 3,684. Two representatives.
- 6.— Spencer and Leicester. Legal voters, 1,970. One representative.
- 7.— Charlton, Dudley, and Southbridge. Legal voters, 1,989. One representative.
- 8.— Webster, Oxford, and Auburn. Legal voters, 1,863. One representative.
- 9.— Douglas, Millbury, and Sutton. Legal voters, 1,914. One representative.
- 10.— Uxbridge, Northbridge, and Upton. Legal voters, 1,943. One representative.

## DISTRICT

- 11.— Blackstone, Mendon, Milford, \* and Hopedale.\* Legal voters, 3,578. Two representatives.
- 12.— Westborough, Northborough, Southborough, Berlin, Shrewsbury, and Grafton. Legal voters, 3,562. Two representatives.
- 13.— Boylston, Bolton, West Boylston, Clinton, Harvard, Lancaster, and Sterling. Legal voters, 3,655. Two representatives.
- 14.— Leominster and Lunenburg. Legal voters, 1,805. One representative.
- 15.— Fitchburg, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 3,659. Two representatives.
- 16.— Worcester, 1st Ward. Legal voters, 1,632. One representative.
- 17.— Worcester, 2d Ward. Legal voters, 2,375. One representative.
- 18.— Worcester, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 1,682. One representative.
- 19.— Worcester, 4th Ward. Legal voters, 1,640. One representative.
- 20.— Worcester, 5th Ward. Legal voters, 2,219. One representative.
- 21.— Worcester, 6th Ward. Legal voters, 1,522. One representative.
- 22.— Worcester, 7th Ward. Legal voters, 1,895. One representative.
- 23.— Worcester, 8th Ward. Legal voters, 1,878. One representative.

## HAMPSHIRE COUNTY.

## SIX REPRESENTATIVES.

## DISTRICT

- 1.— Northampton, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, 7th Ward, Easthampton, and Scuthampton. Legal voters, 3,589. Two representatives.
- 2.— Chesterfield, Cummington, Goshen, Huntington, Middlefield, Plainfield, Westhampton, and Worthington. Legal voters, 1,494. One representative.
- 3.— Hatfield, Hadley, South Hadley, and Williamsburg. Legal voters, 1,976. One representative.
- 4.— Amherst, Belchertown, and Granby. Legal voters, 1,908. One representative.
- 5.— Enfield, Greenwich, Pelham, Prescott, and Ware. Legal voters, 1,664. One representative.

## HAMPDEN COUNTY.

## THIRTEEN REPRESENTATIVES.

## DISTRICT

- 1.— Chester, Blandford, Tolland, Granville, Southwick, and Agawam. Legal voters, 1,846. One representative.

\* Milford divided and Hopedale incorporated April 7, 1886.

**DISTRICT**

- 2.— Montgomery, Russell, Westfield, and West Springfield. Legal voters, 3,561. Two representatives.
- 3.— Holyoke, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, and 7th Ward. Legal voters, 1,834. One representative.
- 4.— Holyoke, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, and 4th Ward. Legal voters, 2,212. One representative.
- 5.— Chicopee. Legal voters, 1,871. One representative.
- 6.— Springfield, 1st Ward, 4th Ward, and 8th Ward. Legal voters, 3,389. Two representatives.
- 7.— Springfield, 5th Ward. Legal voters, 1,800. One representative.
- 8.— Springfield, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 6th Ward, and 7th Ward, Legal voters, 3,510. Two representatives.
- 9.— Longmeadow, Hampden, Wilbraham, Monson, and Wales. Legal voters, 1,988. One representative.
- 10.— Ludlow, Palmer, Brimfield, and Holland. Legal voters, 1,741. One representative.

**FRANKLIN COUNTY.****FIVE REPRESENTATIVES.****DISTRICT**

- 1.— Greenfield, Shelburne, and Bernardston. Legal voters, 1,964. One representative.
- 2.— Warwick, Orange, New Salem, Erving, and Shutesbury. Legal voters, 1,913. One representative.
- 3.— Northfield, Gill, Montague, and Wendell. Legal voters, 1,849. One representative.
- 4.— Leverett, Sunderland, Whately, Deerfield, and Conway. Legal voters, 1,789. One representative.
- 5.— Ashfield, Buckland, Charlemont, Colrain, Hawley, Heath, Leyden, Rowe, and Monroe. Legal voters, 2,003. One representative.

**BERKSHIRE COUNTY.****NINE REPRESENTATIVES.****DISTRICT**

- 1.— New Ashford, Williamstown, North Adams, Florida, and Clarksburg. Legal voters, 3,599. Two representatives.
- 2.— Adams, Cheshire, and Savoy. Legal voters, 1,803. One representative.
- 3.— Hancock, Lanesborough, Lenox, Windsor, Peru, Hinsdale, Washington, and Richmond. Legal voters, 1,789. One representative.

**DISTRICT**

- 4.— Pittsfield and Dalton. Legal voters, 3,724. Two representatives.
- 5.— Stockbridge, Lee, and Becket. Legal voters, 1,802. One representative.
- 6.— West Stockbridge, Alford, Egremont, and Great Barrington. Legal voters, 1,805. One representative.
- 7.— Monterey, Otis, Sandisfield, New Marlborough, Sheffield, Mount Washington, and Tyringham. Legal voters, 1,725. One representative.

**NORFOLK COUNTY.**

(Excluding Cohasset.)

**THIRTEEN REPRESENTATIVES.****DISTRICT**

- 1.— Dedham and Norwood. Legal voters, 2,184. One representative.
- 2.— Brookline. Legal voters, 1,820. One representative.
- 3.— Hyde Park. Legal voters, 1,824. One representative.
- 4.— Milton and Canton. Legal voters, 1,772. One representative.
- 5.— Quincy and Weymouth. Legal voters, 5,603. Three representatives.
- 6.— Braintree and Holbrook. Legal voters, 1,657. One representative.
- 7.— Randolph, Stoughton\* Sharon, and Walpole. Legal voters, 3,368. Two representatives.
- 8.— Franklin, Foxborough, Wrentham, Bellingham, Medway, and Norfolk. Legal voters, 3,435. Two representatives.
- 9.— Needham, Dover, Medfield, Wellesley, and Millis. Legal voters, 1,867. One representative.

**BRISTOL COUNTY.****EIGHTEEN REPRESENTATIVES.****DISTRICT**

- 1.— Attleborough, North Attleborough, Norton, and Seekonk. Legal voters, 3,827. Two representatives.
- 2.— Mansfield, Easton, and Raynham. Legal voters, 2,039. One representative.
- 3.— Taunton, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, 7th Ward, 8th Ward, and Berkley. Legal voters, 5,512. Three representatives.
- 4.— Fairhaven, Acushnet, and Freetown. Legal voters, 1,529. One representative.
- 5.— New Bedford, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, and 3d Ward. Legal voters, 3,549. Two representatives.
- 6.— New Bedford, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 3,502. Two representatives.

\* Stoughton divided and Avon incorporated, Feb. 21, 1888.

## DISTRICT

- 7.—Westport and Dartmouth. Legal voters, 1,701. One representative.
- 8.—Fall River, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 5,600. Three representatives.
- 9.—Fall River, 5th Ward, 7th Ward, 8th Ward, and 9th Ward. Legal voters, 3,826. Two representatives.
- 10.—Dighton, Somerset, Swansey, and Rehoboth. Legal voters, 1,959. One representative.

## PLYMOUTH COUNTY.

(Including Cohasset, in Norfolk County.)

## TWELVE REPRESENTATIVES.

## DISTRICT

- 1.—Plymouth. Legal voters, 1,896. One representative.
- 2.—Marshfield, Plympton, Kingston, and Duxbury. Legal voters, 1,737. One representative.
- 3.—Scituate, South Scituate\* Hanson, and Pembroke. Legal voters, 1,845. One representative.
- 4.—Cohasset, Hingham, and Hull. Legal voters, 1,874. One representative.
- 5.—Rockland and Hanover. Legal voters, 1,835. One representative.
- 6.—Whitman and Abington. Legal voters, 2,116. One representative.
- 7.—Mattapoisett, Marion, Wareham, Rochester, and Carver. Legal voters, 1,980. One representative.
- 8.—Middleborough, Lakeville, and Halifax. Legal voters, 1,922. One representative.
- 9.—Bridgewater, East Bridgewater, and West Bridgewater. Legal voters, 2,064. One representative.
- 10.—Brockton, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 2,213. One representative.
- 11.—Brockton, 2d Ward and 3d Ward. Legal voters, 1,733. One representative.
- 12.—Brockton, 1st Ward and 7th Ward. Legal voters, 1,444. One representative.

## BARNSTABLE COUNTY.

## FOUR REPRESENTATIVES.

## DISTRICT

- 1.—Falmouth, Bourne, Sandwich, Mashpee, Barnstable, Yarmouth and Dennis. Legal voters, 4,340. Two representatives.

\* Name changed to Norwell, March 5, 1888.

## DISTRICT

2.—Harwich, Chatham, Brewster, and Orleans. Legal voters, 2,076.  
One representative.

3.—Eastham, Wellfleet, Truro, and Provincetown. Legal voters, 1,841.  
One representative.

## DUKES COUNTY.

ONE REPRESENTATIVE.

## DISTRICT

1.—Chilmark, Cottage City, Edgartown, Gay Head, Gosnold, and Tisbury.\* Legal voters, 1,276. One representative.

## NANTUCKET COUNTY.

ONE REPRESENTATIVE.

## DISTRICT

1.—Nantucket. Legal voters, 812. One representative.

\* Tisbury divided and West Tisbury incorporated, April 28, 1892.

## VALUATION OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

[Established by Chapter 96, of the Acts of 1892.\* See Public Statutes, Chapter 11, Sections 96 and 97.]

## BARNSTABLE COUNTY.

TOWNS.	Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Barnstable, . . . . .	1,099	\$4,079,413 00	\$1 68
Bourne, . . . . .	439	1,409,157 00	59
Brewster, . . . . .	258	604,185 00	26
Chatham, . . . . .	564	980,088 00	43
Dennis, . . . . .	790	1,606,610 00	70
Eastham, . . . . .	166	282,232 00	13
Falmouth, . . . . .	758	5,948,265 00	2 37
Harwich, . . . . .	773	1,189,116 00	54
Mashpee, . . . . .	84	171,646 00	07
Orleans, . . . . .	348	649,662 00	29
Provincetown, . . . . .	1,381	2,375,270 00	1 05
Sandwich, . . . . .	422	1,035,160 00	44
Truro, . . . . .	259	350,574 00	16
Wellfleet, . . . . .	328	757,112 00	33
Yarmouth, . . . . .	517	1,986,688 00	82
Total, . . . . .	8,186	\$23,425,178 00	\$9 86

## BERKSHIRE COUNTY.

Adams, . . . . .	1,832	\$3,805,500 00	\$1 65
Alford, . . . . .	100	252,726 00	11
Becket, . . . . .	274	439,407 00	20
Cheshire, . . . . .	348	774,169 00	33
Clarksburg, . . . . .	212	221,558 00	11
Dalton, . . . . .	707	2,671,377 00	1 10
Egremont, . . . . .	236	451,030 00	20
Florida, . . . . .	128	169,811 00	08
Great Barrington, . . . . .	1,221	3,538,680 00	1 49
Hancock, . . . . .	134	421,300 00	18
Hinsdale, . . . . .	443	753,960 00	34

\* This schedule constitutes the basis of apportionment for State and County taxes until the year 1895, when a new apportionment will be made.

## BERKSHIRE COUNTY—Concluded.

TOWNS.	Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Lanesborough, . . . .	270	\$535,957 00	\$0 23
Lee, . . . .	1,019	1,970,239 00	.86
Lenox, . . . .	658	2,941,587 00	1 20
Monterey, . . . .	139	237,678 00	11
Mount Washington, . . . .	34	79,738 00	03
New Ashford, . . . .	37	73,723 00	03
New Marlborough, . . . .	342	607,363 00	27
North Adams, . . . .	4,224	6,208,142 00	2 82
Otis, . . . .	173	222,191 00	10
Peru, . . . .	83	120,117 00	05
Pittsfield, . . . .	4,926	12,181,687 00	5 19
Richmond, . . . .	192	489,870 00	21
Sandisfield, . . . .	213	365,904 00	16
Savoy, . . . .	174	177,909 00	09
Sheffield, . . . .	482	918,159 00	40
Stockbridge, . . . .	505	3,412,285 00	1 37
Tyringham, . . . .	109	236,305 00	10
Washington, . . . .	115	202,783 00	09
West Stockbridge, . . . .	404	710,745 00	31
Williamstown, . . . .	942	2,290,879 00	98
Windsor, . . . .	162	202,952 00	09
Total, . . . .	20,838	\$47,685,731 00	\$20 48

## BRISTOL COUNTY.

Acushnet, . . . .	250	\$677,879 00	\$0 29
Attleborough, . . . .	2,155	4,376,533 00	1 90
Berkley, . . . .	248	492,394 00	21
Dartmouth, . . . .	773	2,224,902 00	94
Dighton, . . . .	443	822,815 00	36
Easton, . . . .	1,282	5,440,944 00	2 23
Fairhaven, . . . .	558	1,909,847 00	79
Fall River, . . . .	19,342	55,260,403 00	23 24
Freetown, . . . .	365	967,035 00	41
Mansfield, . . . .	930	1,678,306 00	74
New Bedford, . . . .	11,160	43,595,890 00	17 93
North Attleborough, . . . .	1,645	3,991,190 00	1 70
Norton, . . . .	380	847,976 00	37
Raynham, . . . .	370	976,705 00	41
Rehoboth, . . . .	457	743,095 00	33
Seekonk, . . . .	312	866,470 00	37
Somerset, . . . .	559	1,084,560 00	47
Swanzey, . . . .	429	1,384,436 00	58
Taunton, . . . .	6,866	19,577,110 00	8 24
Westport, . . . .	642	1,485,037 00	64
Total, . . . .	49,166	\$148,403,527 00	\$62 15

## DUKES COUNTY.

TOWNS.	Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Chilmark, . . . . .	121	\$232,878 00	\$0 10
Cottage City, . . . . .	269	1,530,147 00	62
Edgartown, . . . . .	355	809,914 00	35
Gay Head, . . . . .	26	18,296 00	01
Gosnold, . . . . .	41	210,493 00	09
Tisbury, . . . . .	439	1,125,983 00	48
Total, . . . . .	1,251	\$3,927,711 00	\$1 65

## ESSEX COUNTY.

Amesbury, . . . . .	2,625	\$4,740,934 00	\$2 09
Andover, . . . . .	1,234	5,157,472 00	2 11
Beverly, . . . . .	2,945	14,515,637 00	5 89
Boxford, . . . . .	214	737,643 00	31
Bradford, . . . . .	1,059	2,233,146 00	97
Danvers, . . . . .	1,960	4,246,814 00	1 83
Essex, . . . . .	483	991,848 00	43
Georgetown, . . . . .	593	1,074,967 00	47
Gloucester, . . . . .	6,920	14,727,477 00	6 37
Groveland, . . . . .	608	928,438 00	42
Hamilton, . . . . .	247	1,058,075 00	43
Haverhill, . . . . .	8,002	21,055,940 00	8 92
Ipswich, . . . . .	931	2,799,133 00	1 17
Lawrence, . . . . .	12,018	32,080,719 00	13 57
Lynn, . . . . .	17,613	46,071,649 00	19 53
Lynnfield, . . . . .	221	603,375 00	26
Manchester, . . . . .	470	8,505,578 00	3 33
Marblehead, . . . . .	2,336	5,315,305 00	2 28
Merrimac, . . . . .	801	1,511,451 00	66
Methuen, . . . . .	1,299	3,420,005 00	1 45
Middleton, . . . . .	265	574,375 00	25
Nahant, . . . . .	194	6,330,626 00	2 46
Newbury, . . . . .	402	1,139,233 00	48
Newburyport, . . . . .	3,903	11,112,829 00	4 68
North Andover, . . . . .	1,001	3,557,595 00	1 47
Peabody, . . . . .	2,862	8,088,997 00	3 41
Rockport, . . . . .	896	2,228,178 00	95
Rowley, . . . . .	381	635,869 00	28
Salem, . . . . .	9,014	28,949,267 00	12 06
Salisbury, . . . . .	368	621,321 00	28
Saugus, . . . . .	1,085	2,656,379 00	1 13
Swampscott, . . . . .	722	6,090,837 00	2 42
Topsfield, . . . . .	273	1,087,964 00	45
Wenham, . . . . .	263	609,289 00	26
West Newbury, . . . . .	533	1,022,766 00	45
Total, . . . . .	84,741	\$246,481,129 00	\$103 52

## FRANKLIN COUNTY.

TOWNS.	Polls.	Property.	TAX OF \$1,000, INCLUD. POLLS AT ONE-TENTH OF MILL EACH.
Ashfield, . . . . .	287	\$504,983 00	\$0 22
Bernardston, . . . . .	227	467,717 00	20
Buckland, . . . . .	416	552,558 00	26
Charlemont, . . . . .	291	360,245 00	17
Colrain, . . . . .	394	576,788 00	26
Conway, . . . . .	370	769,956 00	33
Deerfield, . . . . .	821	1,487,115 00	66
Erving, . . . . .	298	372,516 00	17
Gill, . . . . .	239	496,760 00	22
Greenfield, . . . . .	1,600	5,482,008 00	2 25
Hawley, . . . . .	167	150,985 00	08
Heath, . . . . .	138	167,167 00	08
Leverett, . . . . .	217	288,276 00	13
Leyden, . . . . .	99	179,114 00	08
Monroe, . . . . .	104	134,363 00	06
Montague, . . . . .	1,634	3,492,076 00	1 51
New Salem, . . . . .	211	296,502 00	14
Northfield, . . . . .	441	908,785 00	39
Orange, . . . . .	1,546	2,813,752 00	1 24
Rowe, . . . . .	165	228,223 00	10
Shelburne, . . . . .	396	945,332 00	40
Shutesbury, . . . . .	120	155,633 00	07
Sunderland, . . . . .	199	432,146 00	19
Warwick, . . . . .	165	303,442 00	13
Wendell, . . . . .	148	222,029 00	10
Whately, . . . . .	250	480,872 00	21
Total, . . . . .	10,943	\$22,219,343 00	\$9 65

## HAMPDEN COUNTY.

Agawam, . . . . .	589	\$1,309,646 00	\$0 56
Blandford, . . . . .	229	406,912 00	18
Brimfield, . . . . .	270	443,306 00	20
Chester, . . . . .	372	584,348 00	26
Chicopee, . . . . .	3,106	7,083,348 00	3 04
Granville, . . . . .	280	367,234 00	17
Hampden, . . . . .	211	404,737 00	18
Holland, . . . . .	51	94,602 00	04
Holyoke, . . . . .	8,241	24,209,988 00	10 16
Longmeadow, . . . . .	774	1,312,026 00	58
Ludlow, . . . . .	457	891,175 00	39
Monson, . . . . .	917	2,169,711 00	91
Montgomery, . . . . .	81	144,957 00	06
Palmer, . . . . .	1,517	2,658,448 00	1 18
Russell, . . . . .	211	513,323 00	22
Southwick, . . . . .	259	548,654 00	24

HAMPDEN COUNTY — *Concluded.*

TOWNS.	Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. at one-tenth of mill each.
Springfield, . . . . .	12,867	\$53,984,475 00	\$22 10
Tolland, . . . . .	100	162,663 00	07
Wales, . . . . .	225	289,913 00	13
Westfield, . . . . .	2,742	7,716,301 00	3 25
West Springfield, . . . . .	1,368	3,701,734 00	1 56
Wilbraham, . . . . .	382	838,279 00	36
Total, . . . . .	35,249	\$109,775,780 00	\$45 84

## HAMPSHIRE COUNTY.

Amherst, . . . . .	1,012	\$3,522,851 00	\$1 46
Belchertown, . . . . .	550	861,295 00	39
Chesterfield, . . . . .	179	309,238 00	14
Cummington, . . . . .	200	322,782 00	14
Easthampton, . . . . .	1,035	2,507,523 00	1 07
Enfield, . . . . .	293	859,949 00	36
Goshen, . . . . .	79	139,810 00	06
Granby, . . . . .	207	471,611 00	20
Greenwich, . . . . .	143	287,214 00	13
Hadley, . . . . .	430	1,055,498 00	45
Hatfield, . . . . .	391	1,100,803 00	46
Huntington, . . . . .	340	520,468 00	24
Middlefield, . . . . .	104	251,520 00	11
Northampton, . . . . .	3,726	10,086,563 00	4 26
Pelham, . . . . .	130	169,453 00	08
Plainfield, . . . . .	142	174,240 00	08
Prescott, . . . . .	133	171,254 00	08
Southampton, . . . . .	263	507,677 00	22
South Hadley, . . . . .	1,056	2,162,373 00	94
Ware, . . . . .	1,630	4,322,338 00	1 83
Westhampton, . . . . .	113	260,115 00	11
Williamsburg, . . . . .	532	1,005,769 00	44
Worthington, . . . . .	200	303,366 00	14
Total, . . . . .	12,888	\$31,373,719 00	\$13 39

## MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

Acton, . . . . .	606	\$1,532,586 00	\$0 65
Arlington, . . . . .	1,723	6,318,432 00	2 61
Ashby, . . . . .	264	539,254 00	23
Ashland, . . . . .	698	1,283,808 00	57
Ayer, . . . . .	688	1,375,519 00	60
Bedford, . . . . .	305	1,068,910 00	44
Belmont, . . . . .	588	4,037,459 00	1 62

## MIDDLESEX COUNTY—Concluded.

TOWNS.	Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Billerica,	608	\$2,125,627 00	\$0 88
Boxborough,	103	252,357 00	11
Burlington,	173	512,662 00	22
Cambridge,	20,582	75,421,868 00	31 14
Carlisle,	143	387,740 00	16
Chelmsford,	797	1,976,107 00	84
Concord,	1,036	4,391,983 00	1 80
Dracut,	605	1,615,223 00	68
Dunstable,	124	330,379 00	14
Everett,	3,523	8,944,054 00	3 80
Framingham,	2,607	8,668,698 00	3 60
Groton,	556	3,340,309 00	1 34
Holliston,	832	1,631,930 00	71
Hopkinton,	1,150	2,424,851 00	1 05
Hudson,	1,492	2,670,344 00	1 18
Lexington,	937	3,875,446 00	1 59
Lincoln,	273	2,845,602 00	1 12
Littleton,	312	862,235 00	36
Lowell,	20,751	67,984,799 00	28 29
Malden,	6,692	21,032,277 00	8 78
Marlborough,	4,038	7,647,048 00	3 35
Maynard,	796	2,045,087 00	87
Medford,	3,106	12,362,219 00	5 08
Melrose,	2,412	7,916,061 00	3 29
Natick,	2,635	5,821,146 00	2 51
Newton,	6,879	43,134,045 00	17 32
North Reading,	243	542,809 00	23
Pepperell,	992	2,062,767 00	89
Reading,	1,028	3,136,762 00	1 31
Sherborn,	312	890,377 00	37
Shirley,	357	721,115 00	31
Somerville,	11,557	37,666,705 00	15 69
Stoneham,	1,822	3,697,703 00	1 61
Stow,	274	895,576 00	37
Sudbury,	363	1,228,545 00	51
Tewksbury,	456	1,460,951 00	61
Townsend,	515	1,226,635 00	52
Tyngsborough,	181	410,269 00	18
Wakefield,	2,106	4,990,845 00	2 14
Waltham,	5,833	17,259,239 00	7 24
Watertown,	1,964	8,062,066 00	3 31
Wayland,	592	1,743,680 00	73
Westford,	568	1,354,531 00	58
Weston,	515	3,162,661 00	1 27
Wilmington,	327	732,485 00	32
Winchester,	1,287	5,553,159 00	2 27
Woburn,	3,734	9,555,430 00	4 06
Total,	123,160	\$412,730,375 00	\$171 45

## NANTUCKET COUNTY.

TOWNS.	Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Nantucket, . . . .	901	\$3,243,706 00	\$1 34

## NORFOLK COUNTY.

Avon, . . . .	451	\$661,595 00	\$0 30
Bellingham, . . . .	358	681,216 00	30
Braintree, . . . .	1,271	4,532,885 00	1 88
Brookline, . . . .	3,530	59,392,861 00	23 25
Canton, . . . .	1,267	4,505,317 00	1 86
Cohasset, . . . .	626	5,526,449 00	2 19
Dedham, . . . .	1,991	6,612,361 00	2 75
Dover, . . . .	181	855,330 00	35
Foxborough, . . . .	786	1,589,703 00	69
Franklin, . . . .	1,387	2,808,562 00	1 22
Holbrook, . . . .	727	1,553,889 00	67
Hyde Park, . . . .	2,500	8,005,710 00	3 34
Medfield, . . . .	449	1,301,350 00	55
Medway, . . . .	788	1,218,066 00	55
Millis, . . . .	245	594,741 00	25
Milton, . . . .	1,023	16,737,122 00	6 56
Needham, . . . .	898	2,588,380 00	1 09
Norfolk, . . . .	232	522,663 00	23
Norwood, . . . .	1,133	2,768,746 00	1 18
Quiney, . . . .	5,160	14,821,079 00	6 23
Randolph, . . . .	1,130	2,541,765 00	1 09
Sharon, . . . .	389	1,333,789 00	55
Stoughton, . . . .	1,495	2,581,391 00	1 15
Walpole, . . . .	731	2,031,415 00	86
Wellesley, . . . .	770	6,721,103 00	2 67
Weymouth, . . . .	3,950	7,070,324 00	3 03
Wrentham, . . . .	695	1,497,934 00	65
Total, . . . .	33,263	\$161,055,746 00	\$65 44

## PLYMOUTH COUNTY.

Abington, . . . .	1,327	\$2,318,108 00	\$1 03
Bridgewater, . . . .	1,069	2,756,519 00	1 17
Brockton, . . . .	8,693	18,713,498 00	8 09
Carver, . . . .	223	773,819 00	32
Duxbury, . . . .	518	1,474,157 00	62
East Bridgewater, . . . .	834	1,662,239 00	72
Halifax, . . . .	156	283,010 00	13
Hanover, . . . .	582	1,390,845 00	59

## PLYMOUTH COUNTY—Concluded.

TOWNS.	Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Hanson,	406	\$653,863 00	\$0 29
Hingham,	1,175	4,633,170 00	1 90
Hull,	228	2,514,104 00	99
Kingston,	481	1,884,367 00	78
Lakeville,	266	547,044 00	24
Marion,	222	1,146,388 00	46
Marshfield,	482	1,329,648 00	56
Mattapoisett,	280	1,712,394 00	69
Middleborough,	1,791	4,050,180 00	1 74
Norwell,	464	1,149,499 00	49
Pembroke,	379	683,987 00	30
Plymouth,	2,122	6,507,874 00	2 72
Plympton,	170	314,554 00	14
Rochester,	206	526,231 00	22
Rockland,	1,623	2,776,072 00	1 23
Scituate,	659	2,061,538 00	86
Wareham,	660	2,046,845 00	86
West Bridgewater,	498	1,141,544 00	49
Whitman,	1,561	3,333,942 00	1 44
Total,	27,065	\$68,385,439 00	\$29 07

## SUFFOLK COUNTY.

Boston,	132,809	\$914,153,109 00	\$365 75
Chelsea,	8,070	22,191,374 00	9 36
Revere,	1,683	5,558,026 00	2 31
Winthrop,	770	3,777,712 00	1 53
Total,	143,332	\$945,680,221 00	\$378 95

## WORCESTER COUNTY.

Ashburnham,	582	\$1,034,488 00	\$0 46
Athol,	1,807	3,219,798 00	1 42
Auburn,	347	522,049 00	24
Barre,	608	1,594,826 00	68
Berlin,	222	519,711 00	22
Blackstone,	1,777	2,585,542 00	1 18
Bolton,	251	511,068 00	22
Boylston,	229	520,179 00	22
Brookfield,	935	1,400,783 00	63
Charlton,	543	976,449 00	43
Clinton,	2,747	6,375,114 00	2 73
Dana,	189	297,060 00	13

## WORCESTER COUNTY—Concluded.

TOWNS.	Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of null each.
Douglas,	530	\$1,030,178 00	\$0 45
Dudley, .	645	1,038,580 00	47
Fitchburg,	6,885	18,345,619 00	7 76
Gardner,	2,645	4,560,050 00	2 02
Grafton,	1,217	2,458,765 00	1 07
Hardwick,	749	1,505,679 00	66
Harvard,	307	1,247,299 00	51
Holden, .	596	1,092,387 00	48
Hopedale,	393	2,371,021 00	95
Hubbardston,	404	725,628 00	32
Lancaster,	484	3,679,779 00	1 47
Leicester,	827	2,441,356 00	1 02
Leominster,	2,335	5,084,220 00	2 19
Lunenburg,	337	754,604 00	32
Mendon,	252	609,206 00	26
Milford, .	2,824	5,222,117 00	2 30
Millbury,	1,160	2,130,279 00	94
New Braintree,	156	444,342 00	19
Northborough,	545	1,330,036 00	59
Northbridge,	1,202	3,574,773 00	1 50
North Brookfield,	1,150	1,961,971 00	87
Oakhamp, .	210	346,377 00	15
Oxford, .	782	1,383,889 00	61
Paxton, .	131	287,025 00	12
Petersham,	259	610,330 00	26
Phillipston,	142	284,363 00	12
Princeton,	304	890,874 00	37
Royalston,	346	723,757 00	31
Rutland,	299	524,996 00	23
Shrewsbury, .	407	1,092,379 00	46
Southborough,	586	1,786,423 00	75
Southbridge, .	1,692	3,830,397 00	1 65
Spencer, .	2,241	4,839,817 00	2 09
Sterling,	370	887,220 00	38
Sturbridge,	502	990,858 00	43
Sutton, .	707	1,292,998 00	57
Templeton,	835	1,366,474 00	61
Upton, .	517	960,796 00	42
Uxbridge,	962	2,265,133 00	97
Warren,	1,335	2,645,958 00	1 15
Webster,	1,752	3,482,241 00	1 52
Westborough,	1,423	2,929,109 00	1 27
West Boylston,	744	1,316,327 00	58
West Brookfield,	450	869,945 00	38
Westminster,	463	814,430 00	36
Winchendon,	1,317	2,170,577 00	97
Worcester, .	25,608	85,637,712 00	35 58
Total, . . . . .	80,264	\$205,445,361 00	\$87 21

## RECAPITULATION BY COUNTIES.

COUNTIES.	Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Barnstable, . . . . .	8,186	\$23,425,178 00	\$9 86
Berkshire, . . . . .	20,838	47,685,731 00	20 48
Bristol, . . . . .	49,166	148,403,527 00	62 15
Dukes, . . . . .	1,251	3,927,711 00	1 65
Essex, . . . . .	84,741	246,481,129 00	103 52
Franklin, . . . . .	10,943	22,219,343 00	9 65
Hampden, . . . . .	35,249	109,775,780 00	45 84
Hampshire, . . . . .	12,888	31,373,719 00	13 39
Middlesex, . . . . .	123,160	412,730,375 00	171 45
Nantucket, . . . . .	901	3,243,706 00	1 34
Norfolk, . . . . .	33,263	161,055,746 00	65 44
Plymouth, . . . . .	27,065	68,385,439 00	29 07
Suffolk, . . . . .	143,332	945,680,221 00	378 95
Worcester, . . . . .	80,264	205,445,361 00	87 21
Total, . . . . .	631,247	\$2,429,832,966 00	\$1,000 00

## CITIES AND TOWNS ALPHABETICALLY,

WITH THE

**Congressional, Councillor, Senatorial and Representative  
District of each.**

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con- gres- sional.	Coun- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Abington, .	12	1	1st Plymouth, .	6th Plymouth.
Acton, .	4	6	5th Middlesex, .	30th Middlesex.
Acushnet, .	13	1	3d Bristol, .	4th Bristol.
Adams, .	1	8	Berkshire, .	2d Berkshire.
Agawam, .	1	8	2d Hampden, .	1st Hampden.
Alford, .	1	8	Berks. & Hamps.,	6th Berkshire.
Amesbury, .	6	5	4th Essex, .	1st Essex.
Amherst, .	2	7	Wor. & Hamps.,	4th Hampshire.
Andover, .	5	6	6th Essex, .	6th Essex.
Arlington, .	8	3	1st Middlesex, .	15th Middlesex.
Ashburnham, .	4	8	Franklin, .	2d Worcester.
Ashby, .	4	6	5th Middlesex, .	32d Middlesex.
Ashfield, .	1	8	Franklin, .	5th Franklin.
Ashland, .	4	6	4th Middlesex, .	27th Middlesex.
Athol, .	2	7	Wor. & Hamps,	1st Worcester.
Attleborough, .	12	2	1st Bristol, .	1st Bristol.
Auburn, .	3	7	3d Worcester, .	8th Worcester.
Avon, .	12	2	2d Norfolk, .	7th Norfolk.
Ayer, .	4	6	5th Middlesex, .	32d Middlesex.
Barnstable, .	13	1	Cape, . . .	1st Barnstable.
Barre, .	2	7	Wor. & Hamps.,	3d Worcester.
Becket, .	1	8	Berks. & Hamps.,	5th Berkshire.
Bedford, .	4	6	5th Middlesex, .	19th Middlesex.
Belchertown, .	2	7	Wor. & Hamps.,	4th Hampshire.
Bellingham, .	11	2	2d Norfolk, .	8th Norfolk.
Belmont, .	11	3	2d Middlesex, .	16th Middlesex.
Berkley, .	12	1	2d Bristol, .	3d Bristol.
Berlin, .	4	7	2d Worcester, .	12th Worcester.
Bernardston, .	1	8	Franklin, .	1st Franklin.
Beverly, .	6	5	2d Essex, .	12th Essex.
Billerica, .	4	6	5th Middlesex, .	20th Middlesex.
Blackstone, .	3	7	2d Worcester, .	11th Worcester.
Blandford, .	1	8	Berks. & Hamps.,	1st Hampden.
Bolton, .	4	7	2d Worcester, .	13th Worcester.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con- gres- sional.	Coun- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Boston, .			1st Suffolk, W'd 1, 2d Suffolk, W'ds 3, 4, 5, 3d Suffolk, W'ds 6, 7, 8, 4th Suffolk, W'ds 2, 12, 16, 5th Suffolk, W'ds 9, 10, 11, 6th Suffolk, W'ds 13, 14, 15, 7th Suffolk, W'ds 17, 18, 20, 8th Suffolk, W'ds 19, 22, 25, 9th Suffolk, W'ds 21, 23, 24,	1st to 25th Suffolk.
Bourne, .	13	1	Cape, . . .	1st Barnstable.
Boxborough, .	4	6	5th Middlesex, .	30th Middlesex.
Boxford, .	6	5	5th Essex, .	7th Essex.
Boylston, .	4	7	2d Worcester, .	13th Worcester.
Bradford, .	6	6	6th Essex, .	3d Essex.
Braintree, .	12	2	1st Norfolk, .	6th Norfolk.
Brewster, .	13	1	Cape, . . .	2d Barnstable.
Bridgewater, .	12	1	2d Plymouth, .	9th Plymouth.
Brimfield, .	2	8	1st Hampden, .	10th Hampden. Wards 4, 5, 6, 10th Plymouth.
Brockton, .	12	1	2d Plymouth, .	Wards 2, 3, 11th Plymouth. Wards 1, 7, 12th Plymouth.
Brookfield, .	2	7	3d Worcester, .	5th Worcester.
Brookline, .	11	2	2d Norfolk, .	2d Norfolk.
Buckland, .	1	8	Franklin, .	5th Franklin.
Burlington, .	4	6	5th Middlesex, .	19th Middlesex.
Cambridge, .	8		3d Middlesex, W'ds 1, 2, 4, 5, 3d Suffolk, Ward 3,	Wards 1, 5, 1st Middlesex. Ward 2, 2d Middlesex. Ward 3, 3d Middlesex. Ward 4, 4th Middlesex.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con-gres-sional.	Coun-cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Canton, . .	12	2	1st Norfolk, . .	4th Norfolk.
Carlisle, . .	4	6	5th Middlesex, . .	30th Middlesex.
Carver, . .	12	1	2d Plymouth, . .	7th Plymouth.
Charlemon, . .	1	8	Franklin, . .	5th Franklin.
Charlton, . .	3	7	3d Worcester, . .	7th Worcester.
Chatham, . .	13	1	Cape, . .	2d Barnstable.
Chelmsford, . .	4	6	5th Middlesex, . .	29th Middlesex. Wards 1, 2, 3, 26th Suffolk.
Chelsea, . .	7	3	1st Suffolk, . .	Ward 4, 27th Suffolk.
Cheshire, . .	1	8	Berkshire, . .	2d Berkshire.
Chester, . .	1	8	Berks. & Hamps., . .	1st Hampden.
Chesterfield, . .	1	8	Berks. & Hamps., . .	2d Hampshire.
Chicopee, . .	2	8	2d Hampden, . .	5th Hampden.
Chilmark, . .	13	1	Cape, . .	1st Dukes.
Clarksburg, . .	1	8	Berkshire, . .	1st Berkshire.
Clinton, . .	4	7	2d Worcester, . .	13th Worcester.
Cohasset, . .	12	1	1st Plymouth, . .	4th Plymouth.
Colrain, . .	1	8	Franklin, . .	5th Franklin.
Concord, . .	4	3	2d Middlesex, . .	19th Middlesex.
Conway, . .	1	8	Franklin, . .	4th Franklin.
Cottage City, . .	13	1	Cape, . .	1st Dukes.
Cummington, . .	1	8	Berks. & Hamps., . .	2d Hampshire.
Dalton, . .	1	8	Berkshire, . .	4th Berkshire.
Dana, . .	2	7	Wor. & Hamps., . .	3d Worcester.
Danvers, . .	6	5	5th Essex, . .	22d Essex.
Dartmouth, . .	13	1	3d Bristol, . .	7th Bristol.
Dedham, . .	11	2	2d Norfolk, . .	1st Norfolk.
Deerfield, . .	1	8	Franklin, . .	4th Franklin.
Dennis, . .	13	1	Cape, . .	1st Barnstable.
Dighton, . .	12	1	2d Bristol, . .	10th Bristol.
Douglas, . .	3	7	3d Worcester, . .	9th Worcester.
Dover, . .	11	2	2d Norfolk, . .	9th Norfolk.
Dracut, . .	5	6	5th Middlesex, . .	24th Middlesex.
Dudley, . .	3	7	3d Worcester, . .	7th Worcester.
Dunstable, . .	4	6	5th Middlesex, . .	31st Middlesex.
Duxbury, . .	12	1	1st Plymouth, . .	2d Plymouth.
E.Bridgewater, . .	12	1	2d Plymouth, . .	9th Plymouth.
Eastham, . .	13	1	Cape, . .	3d Barnstable.
Easthampton, . .	2	8	Berks. & Hamps., . .	1st Hampshire.
Easton, . .	12	2	1st Bristol, . .	2d Bristol.
Edgartown, . .	13	1	Cape, . .	1st Dukes.
Egremont, . .	1	8	Berks. & Hamps., . .	6th Berkshire.
Eufield, . .	2	7	Wor. & Hamps., . .	5th Hampshire.
Erving, . .	2	8	Franklin, . .	2d Franklin.
Essex, . .	6	5	3d Essex, . .	10th Essex.
Everett, . .	7	6	6th Middlesex, . .	10th Middlesex.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Congressional.	Councilor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Fairhaven, .	13	1	3d Bristol, .	4th Bristol. Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8th Bristol.
Fall River, .	13	1	2d Bristol,	Wards 5, 7, 8, 9, 9th Bristol.
Falmouth, .	13	1	Cape, . . .	1st Barnstable.
Fitchburg, .	4	7	4th Worcester, .	15th Worcester.
Florida, .	1	8	Berkshire, .	1st Berkshire.
Foxborough, .	11	2	2d Norfolk,	8th Norfolk.
Framingham, .	4	6	4th Middlesex,	28th Middlesex.
Franklin, .	11	2	2d Norfolk,	8th Norfolk.
Freetown, .	13	1	3d Bristol, .	4th Bristol.
Gardner, .	4	7	Wor. & Hamps.,	2d Worcester.
Gay Head, .	13	1	Cape, . . .	1st Dukes.
Georgetown, .	6	5	5th Essex, .	7th Essex.
Gill, .	1	8	Franklin, . .	3d Franklin.
Gloucester, .	6	5	3d Essex, .	Wards 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10th Essex. Ward 2, 11th Essex.
Goshen, .	1	8	Berks. & Hamps.,	2d Hampshire.
Gosnold, .	13	1	Cape, . . .	1st Dukes.
Grafton, .	3	7	2d Worcester, .	12th Worcester.
Granby, .	2	7	Wor. & Hamps.,	4th Hampshire.
Granville, .	1	8	2d Hampden, .	1st Hampden.
Gt. Barrington, .	1	8	Berks. & Hamps.,	6th Berkshire.
Greenfield, .	1	8	Franklin, . .	1st Franklin.
Greenwich, .	2	7	Wor. & Hamps.,	5th Hampshire.
Groton, .	4	6	5th Middlesex, .	31st Middlesex.
Groveland, .	6	5	5th Essex, . .	7th Essex.
Hadley, .	2	7	Wor. & Hamps.,	3d Hampshire.
Halifax, .	12	1	2d Plymouth, .	8th Plymouth.
Hamilton, .	6	5	3d Essex, . .	9th Essex.
Hampden, .	2	8	2d Hampden, .	9th Hampden.
Hancock, .	1	8	Berkshire, . .	3d Berkshire.
Hanover, .	12	1	1st Plymouth, .	5th Plymouth.
Hanson, .	12	1	1st Plymouth, .	3d Plymouth.
Hardwick, .	2	7	Wor. & Hamps.,	3d Worcester.
Harvard, .	4	7	2d Worcester, .	13th Worcester.
Harwich, .	13	1	Cape, . . .	2d Barnstable.
Hatfield, .	1	8	Berks. & Hamps.,	3d Hampshire.
				Wards 1, 2, 4, 6, 2d Essex.
Haverhill, .	6	5	4th Essex, .	Wards 3, 5, 3d Essex.
Hawley, .	1	8	Franklin, . .	5th Franklin.
Heath, .	1	8	Franklin, . .	5th Franklin.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con-gres-sional.	Coun-cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Hingham, .	12	1	1st Plymouth, .	4th Plymouth.
Hinsdale, .	1	8	Berkshire, .	3d Berkshire.
Holbrook, .	12	2	1st Norfolk, .	6th Norfolk.
Holden, .	3	7	4th Worcester, .	4th Worcester.
Holland, .	2	8	1st Hampden, .	10th Hampden.
Holliston, .	11	6	4th Middlesex, .	28th Middlesex. Wards 5, 6, 7, 3d Hampden.
Holyoke, .	1	8	2d Hampden, .	Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 4th Hampden.
Hopedale, .	11	7	2d Worcester, .	11th Worcester.
Hopkinton, .	3	6	4th Middlesex, .	27th Middlesex.
Hubbardston, .	4	7	Wor. & Hamps., .	4th Worcester.
Hudson, .	4	6	5th Middlesex, .	29th Middlesex.
Hull, .	12	1	1st Plymouth, .	4th Plymouth.
Huntington, .	1	8	Berks. & Hamps., .	2d Hampshire.
Hyde Park, .	11	2	1st Norfolk, .	3d Norfolk.
Ipswich, .	6	5	3d Essex, .	9th Essex.
Kingston, .	12	1	1st Plymouth, .	2d Plymouth.
Lakeville, .	12	1	2d Plymouth, .	8th Plymouth.
Lancaster, .	4	7	4th Worcester, .	13th Worcester.
Lanesborough, .	1	8	Berkshire, .	3d Berkshire. Wards 1, 2, 3,
Lawrence, .	5	6	6th Essex, .	4th Essex. Wards 4, 5, 6, 5th Essex.
Lee, .	1	8	Berks. & Hamps., .	5th Berkshire.
Leicester, .	3	7	3d Worcester, .	6th Worcester.
Lenox, .	1	8	Berkshire, .	3d Berkshire.
Leominster, .	4	7	4th Worcester, .	14th Worcester.
Levrett, .	2	8	Franklin, .	4th Franklin.
Lexington, .	4	3	2d Middlesex, .	19th Middlesex.
Leyden, .	1	8	Franklin, .	5th Franklin.
Lincoln, .	4	3	2d Middlesex, .	19th Middlesex.
Littleton, .	4	6	5th Middlesex, .	30th Middlesex.
Longmeadow, .	2	8	2d Hampden, .	9th Hampden. Ward 1, 21st Middlesex.
Lowell, .	5	6	7th Middlesex, .	Ward 2, 22d Middlesex. Ward 3, 23d Middlesex. Wards 4, 5, 24th Middlesex. Ward 6, 25th Middlesex.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con-gres-sional.	Coun-cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Ludlow, .	2	8	2d Hampden,	10th Hampden.
Lunenburg, .	4	7	4th Worcester,	14th Worcester.
			{ 1st Essex, Wards 2, 3, 4, 5	Wards 2, 3, 17th Essex.
Lynn, .	7	5	{ 5th Essex, Wards 1, 6, 7,	Ward 4, 18th Essex.
Lynnfield, .	5	5	5th Essex, .	Wards 1, 5, 19th Essex.
Malden, .	7	6	6th Middlesex,	Wards 6, 7, 20th Essex.
Manchester, .	6	5	3d Essex, .	19th Essex.
Mansfield, .	12	2	1st Bristol, .	2d Bristol.
Marblehead, .	6	5	2d Essex, .	16th Essex.
Marion, .	13	1	2d Plymouth,	7th Plymouth.
Marlborough, .	4	6	4th Middlesex,	29th Middlesex.
Marshfield, .	12	1	1st Plymouth,	2d Plymouth.
Mashpee, .	13	1	Cape, .	1st Barnstable.
Mattapoisett, .	13	1	2d Plymouth,	7th Plymouth.
Maynard, .	4	6	4th Middlesex,	30th Middlesex.
Medfield, .	11	2	2d Norfolk,	9th Norfolk.
Medford, .	8	3	1st Middlesex,	8th Middlesex.
Medway, .	11	2	2d Norfolk,	8th Norfolk.
Melrose, .	7	6	6th Middlesex,	11th Middlesex.
Mendon, .	3	7	2d Worcester,	11th Worcester.
Merrimac, .	6	5	4th Essex, .	1st Essex.
Methuen, .	5	6	6th Essex, .	3d Essex.
Middleborough, .	12	1	2d Plymouth,	8th Plymouth.
Middlefield, .	1	8	Berks. & Hamps.,	2d Hampshire.
Middleton, .	6	5	5th Essex, .	22d Essex.
Milford, .	11	7	2d Worcester,	11th Worcester.
Millbury, .	3	7	3d Worcester,	9th Worcester.
Millis, .	11	2	2d Norfolk,	9th Norfolk.
Milton, .	10	2	1st Norfolk,	4th Norfolk.
Monroe, .	1	8	Franklin, .	5th Franklin.
Monson, .	2	8	1st Hampden,	9th Hampden.
Montague, .	2	8	Franklin, .	3d Franklin.
Monterey, .	1	8	Berks. & Hamps.,	7th Berkshire.
Montgomery, .	1	8	2d Hampden,	2d Hampden.
Mt. Washington	1	8	Berks. & Hamps.,	7th Berkshire.
Nahant, .	7	5	1st Essex, .	18th Essex.
Nantucket, .	13	1	Cape, .	Nantucket.
Natick, .	4	6	4th Middlesex,	26th Middlesex.
Needham, .	11	2	2d Norfolk,	9th Norfolk.
New Ashford, .	1	8	Berkshire, .	1st Berkshire.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con-gres-sional.	Coun-cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
New Bedford, .	13	1	3d Bristol, .	Wards 1, 2, 3, 5th Bristol. Wards 4, 5, 6, 6th Bristol.
New Braintree, .	2	7	Wor. & Hamps., .	5th Worcester.
Newbury, .	6	5	3d Essex, .	8th Essex.
Newburyport, .	6	5	3d Essex, Wards 1, 2 4th Essex, Wards 3, 4, 5, 6	8th Essex.
New Marlboro', .	1	8	Berks. & Hamps., .	7th Berkshire.
New Salem, .	2	8	Franklin, . . .	2d Franklin.
Newton, . .	11	3	2d Middlesex, .	17th Middlesex.
Norfolk, . .	11	2	2d Norfolk, .	8th Norfolk.
North Adams, .	1	8	Berkshire, . . .	1st Berkshire.
Northampton, .	2	8	Berks. & Hamps., .	1st Hampshire.
N. Andover, .	5	5	5th Essex, . . .	6th Essex.
N. Attleborough	11	2	1st Bristol, . . .	1st Bristol.
Northborough,	4	7	2d Worcester, . . .	12th Worcester.
Northbridge, .	3	7	2d Worcester, . . .	10th Worcester.
N. Brookfield, .	2	7	3d Worcester, . . .	5th Worcester.
Northfield, .	2	8	Franklin, . . .	3d Franklin.
N. Reading, .	5	6	6th Middlesex, . . .	20th Middlesex.
Norton, . .	12	2	1st Bristol, . . .	1st Bristol.
Norwell, . .	12	1	1st Plymouth, . . .	3d Plymouth.
Norwood, . .	11	2	2d Norfolk, . . .	1st Norfolk.
Oakham, . .	2	7	Wor. & Hamps., .	5th Worcester.
Orange, . .	2	8	Franklin, . . .	2d Franklin.
Orleans, . .	13	1	Cape, . . .	2d Barnstable.
Otis, . .	1	8	Berks. & Hamps., .	7th Berkshire.
Oxford, . .	3	7	3d Worcester, . . .	8th Worcester.
Palmer, . .	2	8	1st Hampden, . . .	10th Hampden.
Paxton, . .	3	7	3d Worcester, . . .	4th Worcester.
Peabody, . .	5	5	5th Essex, . . .	21st Essex.
Pelham, . .	2	7	Wor. & Hamps., .	5th Hampshire.
Pembroke, . .	12	1	1st Plymouth, . . .	3d Plymouth.
Pepperell, . .	4	6	5th Middlesex, . . .	31st Middlesex.
Peru, . .	1	8	Berkshire, . . .	3d Berkshire.
Petersham, . .	2	7	Wor. & Hamps., .	3d Worcester.
Phillipston, . .	2	7	Wor. & Hamps., .	1st Worcester.
Pittsfield, . .	1	8	Berkshire, . . .	4th Berkshire.
Plainfield, . .	1	8	Berks. & Hamps., .	2d Hampshire.
Plymouth, . .	12	1	1st Plymouth, . . .	1st Plymouth.
Plympton, . .	12	1	1st Plymouth, . . .	2d Plymouth.
Prescott, . .	2	7	Wor. & Hamps., .	5th Hampshire.
Princeton, . .	4	7	4th Worcester, . . .	4th Worcester.
Provincetown, .	13	1	Cape, . . .	3d Barnstable.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con- gres- sional.	Com- muni- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Quincy, . .	10	2	1st Norfolk, .	5th Norfolk.
Randolph, . .	12	2	1st Norfolk, .	7th Norfolk.
Raynham, . .	12	2	1st Bristol, .	2d Bristol.
Reading, . .	5	6	6th Middlesex, .	14th Middlesex.
Rehoboth, . .	12	1	2d Bristol, .	10th Bristol.
Revere, . .	7	3	1st Suffolk, .	27th Suffolk.
Richmond, . .	1	8	Berkshire, .	3d Berkshire.
Rochester, . .	13	1	2d Plymouth, .	7th Plymouth.
Rockland, . .	12	1	1st Plymouth, .	5th Plymouth.
Rockport, . .	6	5	3d Essex, .	11th Essex.
Rowe, . .	1	8	Franklin, .	5th Franklin.
Rowley, . .	6	5	3d Essex, .	9th Essex.
Royalston, . .	2	8	Franklin, .	1st Worcester.
Russell, . .	1	8	Berks. & Hamps.,	2d Hampden.
Rutland, . .	3	7	Wor. & Hamps.,	3d Worcester.
Salem, . .	6	5	2d Essex, .	Wards 1, 2, 13th Essex.
Salisbury, . .	6	5	4th Essex, .	Wards 3, 5, 14th Essex.
Sandisfield, . .	1	8	Berks. & Hamps.,	Wards 4, 6, 15th Essex.
Sandwich, . .	13	1	Cape, .	1st Essex.
Saugus, . .	7	5	5th Essex, .	7th Berkshire.
Savoy, . .	1	8	Berkshire, .	1st Barnstable.
Scituate, . .	12	1	1st Plymouth, .	20th Essex.
Seekonk, . .	12	2	1st Bristol, .	2d Berkshire.
Sharon, . .	11	2	2d Norfolk, .	3d Plymouth.
Sheffield, . .	1	8	Berks. & Hamps.,	1st Bristol.
Shelburne, . .	1	8	Franklin, .	7th Norfolk.
Sherborn, . .	11	6	4th Middlesex, .	7th Berkshire.
Shirley, . .	4	6	5th Middlesex, .	1st Franklin.
Shrewsbury, . .	3	7	2d Worcester, .	28th Middlesex.
Shutesbury, . .	2	8	Franklin, .	32d Middlesex.
Somerset, . .	13	1	2d Bristol, .	12th Worcester.
Somerville, . .	8	3	1st Middlesex,	2d Franklin.
Southampton, . .	1	8	Berks. & Hamps.	10th Bristol.
Southborough, . .	4	7	2d Worcester, .	Ward 1, 5th Middlesex.
Southbridge, . .	3	7	3d Worcester, .	Ward 2, 6th Middlesex.
South Hadley, . .	2	7	Wor. & Hamps.,	Wards 3, 4, 7th Middlesex.
				1st Hampshire.
				12th Worcester.
				7th Worcester.
				3d Hampshire.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con-gres-sional.	Coun-cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Southwick, . .	1	8	2d Hampden,	1st Hampden.
Spencer, . .	3	7	3d Worcester,	6th Worcester. Wards 1, 4, 8, 6th Hampden.
Springfield, . .	2	8	1st Hampden,	Ward 5, 7th Hampden. Wards 2, 3, 6, 7, 8th Hampden.
Sterling, . .	4	7	4th Worcester,	13th Worcester.
Stockbridge, . .	1	8	Berks. & Hamps.,	5th Berkshire.
Stoneham, . .	7	6	6th Middlesex,	12th Middlesex.
Stoughton, . .	12	2	2d Norfolk,	7th Norfolk.
Stow, . .	4	6	5th Middlesex,	30th Middlesex.
Sturbridge, . .	3	7	3d Worcester,	5th Worcester.
Sudbury, . .	4	6	4th Middlesex,	29th Middlesex.
Sunderland, . .	2	8	Franklin, . .	4th Franklin.
Sutton, . .	3	7	3d Worcester,	9th Worcester.
Swampscott, . .	6	5	1st Essex, . .	17th Essex.
Swanzey, . .	13	1	2d Bristol, . .	10th Bristol.
Taunton, . .	12	2	1st Bristol, . .	3d Bristol.
Templeton, . .	2	7	Wor. & Hamps.,	2d Worcester.
Tewksbury, . .	5	6	5th Middlesex,	20th Middlesex.
Tisbury, . .	13	1	Cape, . .	1st Dukes.
Tolland, . .	1	8	2d Hampden,	1st Hampden.
Topsfield, . .	6	5	3d Essex, . .	7th Essex.
Townsend, . .	4	6	5th Middlesex,	32d Middlesex.
Truro, . .	13	1	Cape, . .	3d Barnstable.
Tyngsborough, . .	4	6	5th Middlesex,	24th Middlesex.
Tyringham, . .	1	8	Berks. & Hamps.,	7th Berkshire.
Upton, . .	3	7	2d Worcester, . .	10th Worcester.
Uxbridge, . .	3	7	2d Worcester, . .	10th Worcester.
Wakefield, . .	7	6	6th Middlesex, . .	13th Middlesex.
Wales, . .	2	8	1st Hampden, . .	9th Hampden.
Walpole, . .	11	2	2d Norfolk, . .	7th Norfolk.
Waltham, . .	4	3	2d Middlesex, . .	18th Middlesex.
Ware, . .	2	7	Wor. & Hamps.,	5th Hampshire.
Wareham, . .	13	1	2d Plymouth, . .	7th Plymouth.
Warren, . .	2	7	3d Worcester, . .	5th Worcester.
Warwick, . .	2	8	Franklin, . .	2d Franklin.
Washington, . .	1	8	Berkshire, . .	3d Berkshire.
Watertown, . .	11	3	2d Middlesex, . .	16th Middlesex.
Wayland, . .	4	6	4th Middlesex, . .	28th Middlesex.
Webster, . .	3	7	3d Worcester, . .	8th Worcester.
Wellesley, . .	4	2	2d Norfolk, . .	9th Norfolk.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con-gres-sional.	Coun-cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Wellfleet, .	13	1	Cape, . . .	3d Barnstable.
Wendell, .	2	8	Franklin, . . .	3d Franklin.
Wenham, .	6	5	5th Essex, . . .	9th Essex.
Westborough, .	3	7	2d Worcester, . . .	12th Worcester.
West Boylston, .	3	7	4th Worcester, . . .	13th Worcester.
W. Bridgewater, .	12	1	2d Plymouth, . . .	9th Plymouth.
W. Brookfield, .	2	7	3d Worcester, . . .	5th Worcester.
Westfield, .	1	8	2d Hampden, . . .	2d Hampden.
Westford, .	4	6	5th Middlesex, . . .	31st Middlesex.
Westhampton, .	1	8	Berks. & Hamps., . . .	2d Hampshire.
Westminster, .	4	7	4th Worcester, . . .	4th Worcester.
W. Newbury, .	6	5	3d Essex, . . .	1st Essex.
Weston, .	4	6	4th Middlesex, . . .	18th Middlesex.
Westport, .	13	1	3d Bristol, . . .	7th Bristol.
W. Springfield, .	1	8	2d Hampden, . . .	2d Hampden.
W. Stockbridge, .	1	8	Berks. & Hamps., . . .	6th Berkshire.
W. Tisbury, .	13	1	Cape, . . .	1st Dukes.
Weymouth, .	12	2	1st Norfolk, . . .	5th Norfolk.
Whately, .	1	8	Franklin, . . .	4th Franklin.
Whitman, .	12	1	1st Plymouth, . . .	6th Plymouth.
Wilbraham, .	2	8	1st Hampden, . . .	9th Hampden.
Williamsburg, .	1	8	Berks. & Hamps., . . .	3d Hampshire.
Williamstown, .	1	8	Berkshire, . . .	1st Berkshire.
Wilmington, .	5	6	6th Middlesex, . . .	20th Middlesex.
Winchendon, .	2	8	Franklin, . . .	2d Worcester.
Winchester, .	8	3	1st Middlesex, . . .	15th Middlesex.
Windsor, .	1	8	Berkshire, . . .	3d Berkshire.
Winthrop, .	9	3	1st Suffolk, . . .	27th Suffolk.
Woburn, .	5	6	5th Middlesex, . . .	14th Middlesex.
				Ward 1, 16th Worcester.
				Ward 2, 17th Worcester.
				Ward 3, 18th Worcester.
				Ward 4, 19th Worcester.
Worcester, .	3	7	1st Worcester, Wards 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8	Ward 5, 20th Worcester.
			4th Worcester, Wards 2, 3	Ward 6, 21st Worcester.
				Ward 7, 22d Worcester.
				Ward 8, 23d Worcester.
Worthington, .	1	8	Berks. & Hamps., . . .	2d Hampshire.
Wrentham, .	11	2	2d Norfolk, . . .	8th Norfolk.
Yarmouth, .	13	1	Cape, . . .	1st Barnstable.

**A LIST**

Of the Counties, Cities, and Towns in the Commonwealth, with the Census of Inhabitants in 1885 and 1890, and of Legal Voters in 1885, revised and corrected by the Bureau of Statistics of Labor.

Also, a list of Registered Voters in 1892, prepared by the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

COUNTIES, CITIES, AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Legal Voters, <b>1885</b>	Regis- tered Voters, <b>1892</b>
	State Census <b>1885</b>	U. S. Census <b>1890</b>		
<b>BARNSTABLE.</b>				
Barnstable, . . . .	4,050	4,023	1,196	1,014
Bourne,* . . . .	1,363	1,442	419	399
Brewster, . . . .	934	1,003	266	283
Chatham, . . . .	2,028	1,954	601	545
Dennis, . . . .	2,923	2,899	855	770
Eastham,† . . . .	638	602	175	151
Falmouth,‡ . . . .	2,520	2,567	695	654
Harwich, . . . .	2,783	2,734	845	682
Mashpee,‡ . . . .	311	298	79	85
Orleans, . . . .	1,176	1,219	364	318
Provincetown, . . . .	4,480	4,642	928	776
Sandwich,* . . . .	2,124	1,819	556	431
Truro, . . . .	972	919	234	184
Wellfleet,‡ . . . .	1,687	1,291	504	300
Yarmouth, . . . .	1,856	1,760	540	521
Totals, . . . .	29,845	29,172	8,257	7,113
<b>BERKSHIRE</b>				
Adams, . . . .	8,283	9,213	1,234	1,206
Alford, . . . .	341	297	94	89
Becket, . . . .	938	946	255	207
Cheshire, . . . .	1,418	1,308	369	277
Clarksburg, . . . .	708	884	160	163
Dalton, . . . .	2,113	2,885	441	623
Egremont, . . . .	826	845	238	234
Florida, . . . .	487	436	113	82

\* The town of Bourne was set off from the town of Sandwich, April 2, 1884.

† Boundary line established between Eastham and Wellfleet, May 6, 1887.

‡ Boundary line established between Falmouth and Mashpee, June 18, 1885.

COUNTIES, CITIES, AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Legal Voters, 1885	Regis- tered Voters, 1892
	State Census 1885	U. S. Census 1890		
<b>BERKSHIRE — Con.</b>				
Great Barrington, . . . .	4,471	4,612	1,131	1,028
Hancock, . . . .	613	506	173	110
Hinsdale, . . . .	1,656	1,739	314	334
Lanesborough, . . . .	1,212	1,018	268	230
Lee, . . . .	4,274	3,785	1,015	845
Lenox, . . . .	2,154	2,889	443	509
Monterey, . . . .	571	495	159	122
Mount Washington, . . . .	160	148	36	32
New Ashford, . . . .	163	125	47	37
New Marlborough, . . . .	1,661	1,305	430	300
North Adams, . . . .	12,540	16,074	2,543	3,416
Otis, . . . .	703	583	190	150
Peru, . . . .	368	305	116	73
Pittsfield,* . . . .	14,466	17,281	3,283	3,947
Richmond, . . . .	854	796	203	146
Sandisfield, . . . .	1,019	807	286	197
Savoy, . . . .	691	569	200	150
Sheffield, . . . .	2,033	1,954	494	405
Stockbridge, . . . .	2,114	2,132	532	500
Tyringham, . . . .	457	412	130	109
Washington, . . . .	470	434	109	94
West Stockbridge, . . . .	1,648	1,492	342	331
Williamstown, . . . .	3,729	4,221	736	782
Windsor, . . . .	657	612	163	144
<b>Totals,</b> . . . .	<b>73,828</b>	<b>81,108</b>	<b>16,247</b>	<b>16,872</b>
<b>BRISTOL.</b>				
Acushnet, . . . .	1,071	1,027	300	252
Attleborough,† . . . .	13,175	7,577	3,049	1,316
Berkley, . . . .	941	894	280	229
Dartmouth,‡ . . . .	3,448	3,122	969	565
Dighton, . . . .	1,782	1,889	452	396
Easton, . . . .	3,948	4,493	851	1,040
Fairhaven, . . . .	2,880	2,919	833	627
Fall River, . . . .	56,870	74,398	9,426	11,216
Freetown, . . . .	1,457	1,417	396	300
Mansfield, . . . .	2,939	3,432	769	711
New Bedford,‡ . . . .	33,393	40,733	7,051	6,792
North Attleborough,† . . . .	—	6,727	—	1,405
Norton, . . . .	1,718	1,785	455	351

\* Became a city, Jan. 1, 1891.

† The town of North Attleborough was set off from the town of Attleborough, June 14, 1887.

‡ Boundary line between Dartmouth and New Bedford changed and a part of Dartmouth annexed to New Bedford, May 3, 1888.

COUNTIES, CITIES, AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Legal Voters, <b>1885</b>	Regis- tered Voters, <b>1892</b>
	State Census <b>1885</b>	U. S. Census <b>1890</b>		
<b>BRISTOL—Con.</b>				
Raynham, . . . . .	1,535	1,340	419	331
Rehoboth, . . . . .	1,788	1,786	476	427
Seekonk, . . . . .	1,295	1,317	323	260
Somerset, . . . . .	2,475	2,106	617	404
Swansea, . . . . .	1,403	1,456	414	356
Taunton, . . . . .	23,674	25,448	5,232	5,088
Westport, . . . . .	2,706	2,599	732	495
<b>Totals,</b> . . . . .	<b>158,498</b>	<b>186,465</b>	<b>33,044</b>	<b>32,561</b>
<b>DUKES.</b>				
Chilmark, . . . . .	412	353	155	119
Cottage City, . . . . .	709	1,080	203	209
Edgartown, . . . . .	1,165	1,156	373	315
Gay Head, . . . . .	186	139	47	18
Gosnold, . . . . .	122	135	32	36
Tisbury,* . . . . .	1,541	1,506	466	264
West Tisbury, † . . . . .	-	-	-	152
<b>Totals,</b> . . . . .	<b>4,135</b>	<b>4,369</b>	<b>1,276</b>	<b>1,113</b>
<b>ESSEX.</b>				
Amesbury,† . . . . .	4,403	9,798	949	1,879
Andover, . . . . .	5,711	6,142	1,243	1,179
Beverly, . . . . .	9,186	10,821	2,437	2,275
Boxford, . . . . .	840	865	231	197
Bradford, . . . . .	3,106	3,720	679	892
Danvers, . . . . .	7,061	7,454	1,560	1,711
Essex, . . . . .	1,722	1,713	456	442
Georgetown, . . . . .	2,299	2,117	645	586
Gloucester, . . . . .	21,703	24,651	4,952	4,080
Groveland, . . . . .	2,272	2,191	566	531
Hamilton, . . . . .	851	961	261	223
Haverhill, . . . . .	21,795	27,412	5,623	5,926
Ipswich, . . . . .	4,207	4,439	1,016	892
Lawrence, . . . . .	38,862	44,654	7,391	7,949
Lynn, . . . . .	45,867	55,727	11,949	12,498
Lynnfield, . . . . .	766	787	180	191
Manchester, . . . . .	1,639	1,789	443	413
Marblehead, . . . . .	7,517	8,202	2,060	2,033
Merrimac, . . . . .	2,378	2,633	641	614
Methuen, . . . . .	4,507	4,814	883	993
Middleton, . . . . .	899	924	254	181
Nahant, . . . . .	637	880	146	183
Newbury, . . . . .	1,590	1,427	436	374
Newburyport, . . . . .	13,716	13,947	3,232	2,970

\* The town of West Tisbury was set off from the town of Tisbury, April 28, 1892.

† Part of Salisbury annexed to Amesbury, June 16, 1886.

COUNTIES, CITIES, AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Legal Voters, 1885	Regis- tered Voters, 1892
	State Census 1885	U. S. Census 1890		
<b>ESSEX — Con.</b>				
North Andover, . . . .	3,425	3,742	780	784
Peabody, . . . .	9,530	10,158	2,192	2,259
Rockport, . . . .	3,888	4,087	1,009	809
Rowley, . . . .	1,183	1,248	366	356
Salem, . . . .	28,090	30,801	6,036	5,635
Salisbury,* . . . .	4,840	1,316	1,355	373
Saugus, . . . .	2,855	3,673	817	909
Swampscott, . . . .	2,471	3,198	713	693
Topsfield, . . . .	1,141	1,022	322	246
Wenham, . . . .	871	886	270	234
West Newbury, . . . .	1,899	1,796	532	454
<b>Totals,</b> . . . .	<b>263,727</b>	<b>299,995</b>	<b>62,625</b>	<b>61,964</b>
<b>FRANKLIN.</b>				
Ashfield, . . . .	1,097	1,025	331	268
Bernardston,† . . . .	930	770	278	215
Buckland, . . . .	1,760	1,570	401	403
Charlemont, . . . .	958	972	295	257
Colrain, . . . .	1,605	1,671	362	314
Conway, . . . .	1,573	1,451	348	330
Deerfield, . . . .	3,042	2,910	739	643
Erving, . . . .	873	972	247	240
Gill, . . . .	860	960	223	184
Greenfield, . . . .	4,869	5,252	1,242	1,365
Hawley, . . . .	545	515	152	154
Heath, . . . .	568	503	149	124
Leverett, . . . .	779	702	227	190
Leyden,† . . . .	447	407	113	108
Monrce, . . . .	176	282	51	55
Montague, . . . .	5,629	6,296	1,050	1,098
New Salem, . . . .	832	856	256	190
Northfield, . . . .	1,705	1,869	454	409
Orange, . . . .	3,650	4,568	1,082	1,226
Rowe, . . . .	582	541	149	99
Shelburne, . . . .	1,614	1,553	444	384
Shutesbury, . . . .	485	453	147	113
Sunderland, . . . .	700	663	198	166
Warwick, . . . .	662	565	181	129
Wendell, . . . .	509	505	122	119
Whately, . . . .	999	779	277	229
<b>Totals,</b> . . . .	<b>87,449</b>	<b>88,610</b>	<b>9,518</b>	<b>9,012</b>

\* Part of Salisbury annexed to Amesbury, June 16, 1886.

† Part of Leyden annexed to Bernardston, May 7, 1886.

COUNTIES, CITIES, AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Legal Voters, 1885	Regis- tered Voters, 1892
	State Census 1885	U. S. Census 1890		
<b>HAMPDEN.</b>				
Agawam, . . . . .	2,357	2,352	491	440
Blandford, . . . . .	954	871	278	219
Brimfield, . . . . .	1,137	1,096	295	232
Chester, . . . . .	1,318	1,295	355	341
Chicopee,* . . . . .	11,516	14,050	1,871	2,159
Granville, . . . . .	1,193	1,061	339	248
Hampden, . . . . .	868	831	212	183
Holland, . . . . .	229	201	72	56
Holyoke, . . . . .	27,895	35,637	4,046	5,163
Longmeadow,† . . . . .	1,677	2,183	377	346
Ludlow, . . . . .	1,649	1,939	305	322
Monson, . . . . .	3,958	3,650	820	730
Montgomery, . . . . .	278	266	84	82
Palmer, . . . . .	5,923	6,520	1,069	1,106
Russell, . . . . .	847	879	188	175
Southwick, . . . . .	982	914	266	246
Springfield,† . . . . .	37,575	44,179	8,699	10,034
Tolland, . . . . .	422	393	117	82
Wales, . . . . .	853	700	223	153
Westfield, . . . . .	8,961	9,805	2,346	2,487
West Springfield, . . . . .	4,448	5,077	943	995
Wilbraham, . . . . .	1,724	1,814	356	292
Totals, . . . . .	116,764	135,713	23,752	26,091
<b>HAMPSHIRE.</b>				
Amherst, . . . . .	4,199	4,512	1,163	951
Belchertown, . . . . .	2,307	2,120	560	483
Chesterfield, . . . . .	698	608	211	176
Cummington, . . . . .	805	787	244	216
Easthampton, . . . . .	4,291	4,395	785	815
Enfield, . . . . .	1,010	952	233	231
Goshen, . . . . .	336	297	96	80
Granby, . . . . .	729	765	185	171
Greenwich, . . . . .	532	526	152	139
Hadley, . . . . .	1,747	1,669	412	367
Hatfield, . . . . .	1,367	1,246	319	302
Huntington, . . . . .	1,267	1,385	328	284
Middlefield, . . . . .	513	455	112	89
Northampton, . . . . .	12,896	14,990	2,558	2,771
Pelham, . . . . .	549	486	168	119
Plainfield, . . . . .	453	435	134	138
Prescott, . . . . .	448	376	142	108
Southampton, . . . . .	1,025	1,017	246	231

\* Became a city, Jan. 1, 1891.

† Part of Longmeadow annexed to Springfield, June 2, 1890.

COUNTIES, CITIES, AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Legal Voters, <b>1885</b>	Regis- tered Voters, <b>1892</b>
	State Census <b>1885</b>	U. S. Census <b>1890</b>		
HAMPSHIRE — <i>Con.</i>				
South Hadley, . . . .	3,949	4,261	747	695
Ware, . . . .	6,003	7,329	969	1,125
Westhampton, . . . .	541	477	144	111
Williamsburg, . . . .	2,044	2,057	498	452
Worthington, . . . .	763	714	225	183
Totals, . . . .	48,472	51,859	10,631	10,237
MIDDLESEX.				
Acton, . . . .	1,785	1,897	534	504
Arlington, . . . .	4,673	5,629	977	1,250
Ashby, . . . .	871	825	277	243
Ashland, . . . .	2,633	2,532	661	457
Ayer, . . . .	2,190	2,148	546	511
Bedford, . . . .	930	1,092	235	244
Belmont, . . . .	1,639	2,098	355	414
Billerica, . . . .	2,161	2,380	518	541
Boxborough,*	348	325	97	86
Burlington, . . . .	604	617	145	126
Cambridge,†	59,658	70,028	12,483	12,659
Carlisle, . . . .	526	481	150	116
Chelmsford, . . . .	2,304	2,695	619	617
Concord, . . . .	3,727	4,427	760	765
Dracut, . . . .	1,927	1,996	397	437
Dunstable, . . . .	431	416	123	113
Everett,‡	5,825	11,068	1,204	2,506
Framingham, . . . .	8,275	9,239	1,933	1,991
Groton, . . . .	1,957	2,057	534	478
Holliston, . . . .	2,926	2,619	803	711
Hopkinton, . . . .	3,922	4,088	1,069	913
Hudson, . . . .	3,908	4,670	960	1,037
Lexington, . . . .	2,718	3,197	654	698
Lincoln, . . . .	901	987	193	181
Littleton,*	1,067	1,025	277	226
Lowell,§	64,107	77,696	12,366	13,697
Malden, . . . .	16,407	23,031	3,984	4,917
Marlborough,	10,941	13,805	2,455	2,982
Maynard, . . . .	2,703	2,700	492	556
Medford,¶	9,042	11,079	2,119	2,688
Melrose, . . . .	6,101	8,519	1,491	2,015
Natick, . . . .	8,460	9,118	2,117	2,157

\* Boundary line between Boxborough and Littleton established, April 30, 1890.

† Part of Watertown annexed to Cambridge, March 10, 1885.

‡ Became a city, Jan. 2, 1893.

§ Part of Tewksbury annexed to Lowell, May 17, 1888.

|| Became a city, Jan. 1, 1891. Population not distributed by wards.

¶ Became a city, Jan. 2, 1893.

COUNTIES, CITIES, AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Legal Voters, 1885	Regis- tered Voters, 1892
	State Census 1885	U. S. Census 1890		
<b>MIDDLESEX — Con.</b>				
Newton, . . . . .	19,759	24,379	3,976	4,711
North Reading, . . . . .	878	874	254	192
Pepperell, . . . . .	2,587	3,127	721	728
Reading, . . . . .	3,539	4,088	868	952
Sherborn, . . . . .	1,391	1,381	286	230
Shirley, . . . . .	1,242	1,191	292	253
Somerville, . . . . .	29,971	40,152	6,656	7,904
Stoneham,* . . . . .	5,659	6,155	1,547	1,607
Stow, . . . . .	976	903	258	218
Sudbury, . . . . .	1,165	1,197	318	268
Tewksbury,† . . . . .	2,333	2,515	363	326
Townsend, . . . . .	1,846	1,750	543	462
Tyngsborough, . . . . .	604	662	177	135
Wakefield,* . . . . .	6,060	6,982	1,535	1,685
Waltham, . . . . .	14,609	18,707	3,231	4,077
Watertown,‡ . . . . .	6,238	7,073	1,439	1,414
Wayland, . . . . .	1,946	2,060	491	416
Westford, . . . . .	2,193	2,250	509	443
Weston, . . . . .	1,427	1,664	324	352
Wilmington, . . . . .	991	1,213	240	240
Winchester, . . . . .	4,390	4,861	1,019	1,146
Woburn,§ . . . . .	11,750	13,499	2,905	2,812
Totals, . . . . .	357,311	431,167	79,430	83,407
<b>NANTUCKET.</b>				
Nantucket, . . . . .	3,142	3,268	812	863
<b>NORFOLK.</b>				
Avon,   . . . . .	-	1,384	-	409
Bellingham, . . . . .	1,198	1,334	241	237
Braintree, . . . . .	4,040	4,848	1,008	1,054
Brookline,   . . . . .	9,196	12,103	1,820	2,373
Canton, . . . . .	4,380	4,538	980	965
Cohasset, . . . . .	2,216	2,448	556	507
Dedham, . . . . .	6,641	7,123	1,437	1,503
Dover, . . . . .	664	727	165	153
Foxborough, . . . . .	2,814	2,933	703	674
Franklin, . . . . .	3,983	4,831	906	987
Holbrook,   . . . . .	2,334	2,474	649	610

\* Part of Stoneham annexed to Wakefield, March 13, 1889.

† Part of Tewksbury annexed to Lowell, May 17, 1888.

‡ Part of Watertown annexed to Cambridge, March 10, 1885.

§ Became a city, Jan. 1, 1889.

|| The town of Avon was set off from the town of Stoughton, Feb. 21, 1888. Parts of Holbrook and Randolph annexed to Avon, April 16, 1889.

|| Boundary line between Brookline and city of Boston changed, May 27, 1890.

COUNTIES, CITIES, AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Legal Voters, 1885	Regis- tered Voters, 1892
	State Census 1885	U. S. Census 1890		
<b>NORFOLK — Con.</b>				
Hyde Park, . . . . .	8,376	10,193	1,824	2,102
Medfield, . . . . .	1,594	1,493	381	363
Medway,* . . . . .	2,777	2,985	746	711
Millis,* . . . . .	683	786	167	229
Milton,† . . . . .	3,555	4,278	792	884
Needham,‡ . . . . .	2,586	3,035	603	633
Norfolk, . . . . .	825	913	178	152
Norwood, . . . . .	2,921	3,733	747	952
Quincy,§ . . . . .	12,145	16,723	2,673	3,455
Randolph,   . . . . .	3,807	3,946	1,074	963
Sharon, . . . . .	1,328	1,634	338	342
Stoughton,¶ . . . . .	5,173	4,852	1,376	1,182
Walpole, . . . . .	2,443	2,604	580	567
Wellesley,‡ . . . . .	3,013	3,600	551	577
Weymouth, . . . . .	10,740	10,866	2,930	2,719
Wrentham, . . . . .	2,710	2,566	661	550
Totals, . . . . .	102,142	118,950	24,086	25,853
<b>PLYMOUTH.</b>				
Abington, . . . . .	3,699	4,260	1,067	1,122
Bridgewater, . . . . .	3,827	4,249	879	899
Brockton, . . . . .	20,783	27,294	5,390	6,206
Carver, . . . . .	1,091	994	295	206
Duxbury, . . . . .	1,924	1,908	577	435
East Bridgewater, . . . . .	2,812	2,911	742	738
Halifax, . . . . .	530	562	140	126
Hanover,** . . . . .	1,966	2,093	570	493
Hanson, . . . . .	1,227	1,267	368	332
Hingham, . . . . .	4,375	4,564	1,179	1,012
Hull, . . . . .	451	989	139	216
Kingston, . . . . .	1,570	1,659	453	416
Lakeville, . . . . .	980	935	280	187
Marion, . . . . .	965	871	279	223
Marshfield, . . . . .	1,649	1,713	526	426

\* The town of Millis was set off from the town of Medway, Feb. 24, 1885.

† Boundary line established between Milton and Quincy, April 16, 1885.

‡ The town of Wellesley was set off from the town of Needham, April 6, 1881.

§ Became a city, Jan. 1, 1889. Boundary line established between Quincy and Milton, April 16, 1885.

|| Part of Randolph annexed to Avon, April 16, 1889.

¶ The town of Avon was set off from the town of Stoughton, Feb. 21, 1888.

\*\* Boundary line established between Hanover and Pembroke, April 23, 1885.

COUNTIES, CITIES, AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Legal Voters, 1885	Regis- tered Voters, 1892
	State Census 1885	U. S. Census 1890		
<b>PLYMOUTH—Con.</b>				
Mattapoisett, . . . . .	1,215	1,148	360	277
Middleborough, . . . . .	5,163	6,065	1,502	1,517
Norwell,* . . . . .	1,589	1,635	486	425
Pembroke,† . . . . .	1,313	1,320	363	318
Plymouth, . . . . .	7,239	7,314	1,896	1,650
Plympton, . . . . .	600	597	181	157
Rochester, . . . . .	1,021	1,012	311	201
Rockland, . . . . .	4,785	5,213	1,265	1,448
Scituate, . . . . .	2,350	2,318	628	531
Wareham, . . . . .	3,254	3,451	735	662
West Bridgewater, . . . . .	1,707	1,917	443	421
Whitman,‡ . . . . .	3,595	4,441	1,049	1,320
Totals, . . . . .	81,680	92,700	22,103	21,964
<b>SUFFOLK.</b>				
Boston,§ . . . . .	390,393	448,477	89,836	87,227
Chelsea, . . . . .	25,709	27,909	6,116	5,596
Revere, . . . . .	3,637	5,668	846	1,188
Winthrop, . . . . .	1,370	2,726	356	604
Totals, . . . . .	421,109	484,780	97,154	94,615
<b>WORCESTER.</b>				
Ashburnham, . . . . .	2,058	2,074	504	489
Athol, . . . . .	4,758	6,319	1,273	1,604
Auburn, . . . . .	1,268	1,532	281	219
Barre, . . . . .	2,093	2,239	564	469
Berlin, . . . . .	899	884	261	216
Blackstone, . . . . .	5,436	6,138	955	994
Bolton, . . . . .	876	827	244	187
Boylston, . . . . .	834	770	198	155
Brookfield, . . . . .	3,013	3,352	768	768
Charlton, . . . . .	1,823	1,847	498	440
Clinton, . . . . .	8,945	10,424	1,570	2,137
Dana, . . . . .	695	700	214	168
Douglas, . . . . .	2,205	1,908	497	429
Dudley, . . . . .	2,742	2,944	446	466
Fitchburg, . . . . .	15,375	22,037	3,659	4,365
Gardner, . . . . .	7,283	8,424	1,698	1,821

\* Name changed from South Scituate, by Act of Feb. 27, 1888.  
Accepted by the town, March 5, 1888.

† Boundary line established between Hanover and Pembroke, April 23, 1885.

‡ Name changed from South Abington, by Act of March 5, 1886.  
Accepted by the town, May 3, 1886.

§ Boundary line changed and established between the city of Boston and Brookline, May 27, 1890.

COUNTIES, CITIES, AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Legal Voters, 1885	Regis- tered Voters, 1892
	State Census 1885	U. S. Census 1890		
<b>WORCESTER — Con.</b>				
Grafton, . . . . .	4,498	5,002	877	855
Hardwick, . . . . .	3,145	2,922	520	435
Harvard, . . . . .	1,184	1,095	338	252
Holden, . . . . .	2,471	2,623	532	427
Hopedale,* . . . . .	-	1,176	-	304
Hubbardston, . . . . .	1,303	1,346	381	306
Lancaster, . . . . .	2,050	2,201	440	413
Leicester, . . . . .	2,923	3,120	650	706
Leominster, . . . . .	5,297	7,269	1,478	1,860
Lunenburg, . . . . .	1,071	1,146	327	267
Mendon, . . . . .	945	919	261	238
Milford,* . . . . .	9,343	8,780	2,362	2,063
Millbury, . . . . .	4,555	4,428	829	739
New Braintree, . . . . .	558	573	132	123
Northborough, . . . . .	1,853	1,952	393	354
Northbridge, . . . . .	3,786	4,603	702	781
North Brookfield, . . . . .	4,201	3,871	947	927
Oakham, . . . . .	749	738	197	169
Oxford, . . . . .	2,355	2,616	641	565
Paxton, . . . . .	561	445	126	109
Petersham, . . . . .	1,032	1,050	308	238
Phillipston, . . . . .	530	502	159	100
Princeton, . . . . .	1,038	982	297	219
Royalston, . . . . .	1,153	1,030	362	289
Rutland, . . . . .	963	980	259	227
Shrewsbury, . . . . .	1,450	1,449	409	322
Southborough, . . . . .	2,100	2,114	477	395
Southbridge, . . . . .	6,500	7,655	1,050	1,263
Spencer, . . . . .	8,247	8,747	1,320	1,523
Sterling, . . . . .	1,331	1,244	359	334
Sturbridge, . . . . .	1,980	2,074	415	377
Sutton, . . . . .	3,101	3,180	588	475
Templeton, . . . . .	2,627	2,999	691	713
Upton, . . . . .	2,265	1,878	513	460
Uxbridge, . . . . .	2,948	3,408	728	701
Warren, . . . . .	4,032	4,681	781	826
Webster, . . . . .	6,220	7,031	991	1,183
Westborough, . . . . .	4,880	5,195	1,145	1,109
West Boylston, . . . . .	2,927	3,019	506	420
West Brookfield, . . . . .	1,747	1,592	444	385
Westminster, . . . . .	1,556	1,688	444	392
Winchendon, . . . . .	3,872	4,390	914	931
Worcester, . . . . .	68,389	84,655	14,843	17,036
Totals, . . . . .	244,039	280,787	53,681	56,748

\* The town of Hopedale was set off from the town of Milford, April 7, 1886.

## RECAPITULATION.

COUNTIES.	Number of Cities and Towns.	POPULATION.		Legal Voters, 1885	Regis- tered Voters, 1892
		State Census 1885	U. S. Census 1890		
Barnstable, . . .	15	29,845	29,172	8,257	7,113
Berkshire, . . .	32	73,828	81,108	16,247	16,872
Bristol, . . .	20	158,498	186,465	33,044	32,561
Dukes, . . .	6	4,135	4,369	1,276	1,113
Essex, . . .	35	263,727	299,995	62,625	61,964
Franklin, . . .	26	37,449	38,610	9,518	9,012
Hampden, . . .	22	116,764	135,713	23,752	26,091
Hampshire, . . .	23	48,472	51,859	10,631	10,237
Middlesex, . . .	54	357,311	431,167	79,430	83,407
Nantucket, . . .	1	3,142	3,268	812	863
Norfolk, . . .	27	102,142	118,950	24,086	25,853
Plymouth, . . .	27	81,680	92,700	22,103	21,961
Suffolk, . . .	4	421,109	484,780	97,154	94,615
Worcester, . . .	59	244,039	280,787	53,681	56,748
Totals, . . .	351	1,942,141	2,238,943	442,616	448,412

## GOVERNORS AND LIEUT.-GOVERNORS IN MASSACHUSETTS.

[Revised and Corrected by DAVID PULSIFER, Esq.]

CHOSEN ANNUALLY BY THE PEOPLE.

### GOVERNORS OF PLYMOUTH COLONY.

1620 Nov. 11, John Carver.	1638 June 5, Thomas Prence.
1621 April, William Bradford.	1639 June 3, William Bradford.
1633 Jan. 1, Edward Winslow.	1644 June 5, Edward Winslow.
1634 Mar. 27, Thomas Prence.	1645 June 4, William Bradford.
1635 Mar. 3, William Bradford.	1657 June 3, Thomas Prence.
1636 Mar. 1, Edward Winslow.	1673 June 3, Josiah Winslow.
1637 Mar. 7, William Bradford.	1680 Dec. 18, Thomas Hinckley.*

### DEPUTY-GOVERNORS OF PLYMOUTH COLONY.

1630 Thomas Hinckley.†	1682 William Bradford,	to 1686
1681 James Cudworth.	1689 William Bradford,	to 1692

CHOSEN ANNUALLY UNDER THE FIRST CHARTER.

### GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1629 Apr. 30, John Endicott.‡	1646 May 6, John Winthrop.
1630 Oct. 20, John Winthrop.‡	1649 May 2, John Endicott.
1634 May 14, Thomas Dudley.	1650 May 22, Thomas Dudley.
1635 May 6, John Haynes.	1651 May 7, John Endicott.
1636 May 25, Henry Vane.	1654 May 3, Richard Bellingham.
1637 May 17, John Winthrop.	1655 May 23, John Endicott.
1640 May 13, Thomas Dudley.	1665 May 3, Richard Bellingham.
1641 June 2, Richard Bellingham.	1672 Dec. 12, John Leverett(act'g).
1642 May 18, John Winthrop.	1673 May 7, John Leverett.
1644 May 29, John Endicott.	1679 May 28, Simon Bradstreet, to
1645 May 14, Thomas Dudley.	1686.

\* Mr. Hinckley was Governor till the union of the colonies in 1692, except during the administration of Andros.

† Previously there was no Deputy-Governor, a Governor *pro tem.* being appointed by the Governor to serve in his absence.

‡ By the Royal Charter, which passed the seals March 4, 1628-9, Matthew Cradock was appointed the first Governor, and Thomas Goffe,

## DEPUTY-GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1629 Thomas Dudley*	. . . to 1634	1651 Thomas Dudley . . . to 1653
1634 Roger Ludlow . . .	1635	1653 Richard Bellingham . . . 1654
1634 Roger Ludlow . . .	1635	1653 Richard Bellingham . . . 1654
1635 Richard Bellingham . . .	1636	1654 John Endicott . . . 1655
1636 John Winthrop . . .	1637	1655 Richard Bellingham . . . 1665
1637 Thomas Dudley . . .	1640	1665 Francis Willoughby . . . 1671
1640 Richard Bellingham . . .	1641	1671 John Leverett . . . 1673
1641 John Endicott . . .	1644	1673 Sam'l Symonds, to Oct. 1678
1644 John Winthrop . . .	1646	1678 Oct., Simon Bradstreet, 1679
1646 Thomas Dudley . . .	1650	1679 Thomas Danforth . . . 1688
1650 John Endicott . . .	1651	

NOTE.—May 25, 1688, Joseph Dudley assumed the office of President under a commission of King James II., and, with a council, had jurisdiction over the king's dominion of New England. This office he held till Dec. 20, the same year, when Sir Edmund Andros appeared as Governor of New England, appointed by James II. April 20, 1689, Governor Andros was deposed by a revolution of the people.

## AFTER THE DISSOLUTION OF THE FIRST CHARTER.

Simon Bradstreet was Governor from May 24, 1689, to May 14, 1692; and Thomas Danforth was Deputy-Governor during the same time.

Deputy-Governor, both of whom had held the same offices before the Charter was granted. On the 13th of the following May the same persons were re-chosen under the Charter; but they never came to New England. On the 20th of October, 1629, John Winthrop was chosen Governor, and John Humphry, Deputy-Governor. On the 30th of April, 1629, John Endicott was chosen, in London, to be Governor of the Plantation in New England, and held the office until the arrival of the Governor (Winthrop) in 1630.

\* Thomas Goffe, the first Deputy-Governor, never came to New England. John Humphry was elected, but did not serve.

## APPOINTED BY THE KING UNDER SECOND CHARTER.

## GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1692 May 14, Sir William Phipps.	1730 June 30, <i>William Tailer</i> .
1694 Nov. 17, <i>William Stoughton</i> .*	1730 Aug. 8, Jonathan Belcher.
1699 May 26, Richard Coote, Earl of Bellomont.	1741 Aug. 17, William Shirley
1700 July, <i>William Stoughton</i> .	1749 Sept. 11, <i>Spencer Phips</i> .
1701 July 7, The Council.	1753 Aug. 7, William Shirley.
1702 June 11, Joseph Dudley.	1756 Sept. 25, <i>Spencer Phips</i> .
1714-15 Feb., The Council.	1757 April 4, The Council.
1714-15 March, Joseph Dudley.	1757 Aug. 3, Thomas Pownal.
1715 Nov. 9, <i>William Tailer</i> .†	1760 June 3, <i>Thomas Hutchinson</i> .
1716 Oct. 4, Samuel Shute.	1760 Aug. 1, Sir Francis Bernard, Bart.
1722 Dec. 27, <i>William Dummer</i> .	1769 Aug. 1, <i>Thomas Hutchinson</i> .
1728 July 13, William Burnet.	1771 March, <i>Thomas Hutchinson</i> .
1729 Sept. 7, <i>William Dummer</i> .	1774 May 13, Thomas Gage.

## LIEUT.-GOVERNORS IN MASSACHUSETTS.

1692 Wm. Stoughton to July, 1701	1730 William Tailer.
1702 Thomas Povey, . . . 1706	1733 Spencer Phips.
1705-6 Jan., vacancy to Oct., 1711	1758 Thomas Hutchinson.
1711 William Tailor.	1771 Andrew Oliver.
1716 William Dummer.	1774 Thomas Oliver.

## UNTIL THE CONSTITUTION.

1774 Oct., a Provincial Congress. | 1775 July, The Council.

## UNDER THE CONSTITUTION.

## GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1780 John Hancock, . . . to 1785	1800 Caleb Strong, . . . to 1807
1785 James Bowdoin, . . . 1787	1807 Jas. Sullivan, Dec. 10, 1808
1787 John Hancock, Oct. 8, 1793	1809 Christopher Gore, . . . 1810
1794 Samuel Adams, . . . 1797	1810 Elbridge Gerry, . . . 1812
1797 Increase Sumner, June 7, 1799	1812 Caleb Strong, . . . 1816

\* Those whose names are printed in italics were Acting Governors.

† In November, 1715, Elizeus Burgess was proclaimed Governor, he having had the appointment in March, 1714; but he never came over to perform his duties, and resigned the office in 1716.

1816 John Brooks, . . . to 1823	1861 John A. Andrew, . . to 1866
1823 Wm. Eustis, Feb. 6, . . . 1825	1866 Alexander H. Bullock, . . . 1869
1825 Levi Lincoln, . . . 1834	1869 William Claflin, . . . 1872
1834 John Davis, March 1, . . . 1835	1872 William B. Washburn,* . . . 1874
1836 Edward Everett, . . . 1840	1875 William Gaston, . . . 1876
1840 Marcus Morton, . . . 1841	1876 Alexander H. Rice, . . . 1879
1841 John Davis, . . . 1843	1879 Thomas Talbot, . . . 1880
1843 Marcus Morton, . . . 1844	1880 John Davis Long, . . . 1883
1844 George N. Briggs, . . . 1851	1883 Benjamin F. Butler, . . . 1884
1851 George S. Boutwell, . . . 1853	1884 George D. Robinson, . . . 1887
1853 John H. Clifford, . . . 1854	1887 Oliver Ames, . . . 1890
1854 Emory Washburn, . . . 1855	1890 John Q. A. Brackett, . . . 1891
1855 Henry J. Gardner, . . . 1858	1891 William E. Russell, . . .
1858 Nathaniel P. Banks, . . . 1861	

## LIEUT.-GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1780 <i>Thos. Cushing</i> , to Feb. 28, † 1788	1853 Elisha Huntington, . . to 1854
1788 Benjamin Lincoln, . . . 1789	1854 William C. Plunkett, . . . 1855
1789 <i>Samuel Adams</i> , . . . 1794	1855 Simon Brown, . . . 1856
1794 <i>Moses Gill</i> , May 20, † . . . 1800	1856 Henry W. Benchley, . . . 1858
1801 Sam'l Phillips, Feb. 10, . . . 1802	1858 Eliphalet Trask, . . . 1861
1802 Edward H. Robbins, . . . 1806	1861 John Z. Goodrich, Mar. 29, 1861
1807 <i>Levi Lincoln</i> , § . . . 1809	1862 John Nesmith, Sept., . . . 1862
1809 David Cobb, . . . 1810	1863 Joel Hayden, . . . 1866
1810 William Gray, . . . 1812	1866 William Claflin, . . . 1869
1812 William Phillips, . . . 1823	1869 Joseph Tucker, . . . 1873
1823 Levi Lincoln, Feb., . . . 1824	1873 <i>Thomas Talbot</i> ,    . . . 1875
1824 <i>Marcus Morton</i> , July, . . . 1825	1875 Horatio G. Knight, . . . 1879
1826 Thomas L. Winthrop, . . . 1833	1879 John D. Long, . . . 1880
1833 <i>Samuel T. Armstrong</i> , . . . 1836	1880 Byron Weston, . . . 1883
1836 George Hull, . . . 1843	1883 Oliver Ames, . . . 1887
1843 Henry H. Childs, . . . 1844	1887 John Q. A. Brackett, . . . 1890
1844 John Reed, . . . 1851	1890 William H. Haile, . . . 1893
1851 Henry W. Cushman, . . . 1853	1893 Roger Wolcott, . . .

\* Resigned May 1, 1874. Chosen U. S. Senator April 17, 1874.

† The Lieutenant-Governors whose names are in italics were Acting Governors also during vacancies in the office of Governor.

‡ Mr. Gill died on the 20th of May, 1800, and the Commonwealth, for the only time under the Constitution, was without a Governor and Lieut.-Governor. The Council, Hon. Thomas Dawes, President, officiated till the 30th of the month, when Caleb Strong was inaugurated Governor.

§ General William Heath was elected in 1806, and declined to accept the office.

|| Acting Governor from May 1, 1874.

## UNITED STATES SENATORS FROM MASSACHUSETTS,

### From 1789.

Caleb Strong, . . .	1789-96	Tristram Dalton, . . .	1789-91
Theodore Sedgwick, . . .	1796-99	George Cabot, . . .	1791-96
Samuel Dexter, . . .	1799-1800	Benjamin Goodhue, . . .	1796-1800
Dwight Foster, . . .	1800-03	Jonathan Mason, . . .	1800-03
John Quincy Adams, . . .	1803-08	Timothy Pickering, . . .	1803-11
James Lloyd, . . .	1808-13	Joseph Bradley Varnum, . . .	1811-17
Christopher Gore, . . .	1813-16	Harrison Gray Otis, . . .	1817-22
Eli Porter Ashmun, . . .	1816-18	James Lloyd, . . .	1822-26
Prentiss Mellen, . . .	1818-20	Nathaniel Silsbee, . . .	1826-35
Elijah Hunt Mills, . . .	1820-27	John Davis, . . .	1835-41
Daniel Webster, . . .	1827-41	Isaac Chapman Bates, . . .	1841-45
Rufus Choate, . . .	1841-45	John Davis, . . .	1845-53
Daniel Webster, . . .	1845-50	Edward Everett, . . .	1853-54
Robert Charles Winthrop, . . .	1850-51	Julius Rockwell, . . .	1854-55
Robert Rantoul, Jr., . . .	1851-51	Henry Wilson,† . . .	1855-73
Charles Sumner,* . . .	1851-74	George S. Boutwell, . . .	1873-77
William B. Washburn, . . .	1874-75	George Frisbie Hoar,‡ . . .	1877-93
Henry Laurens Dawes, . . .	1875-93	Henry Cabot Lodge,‡ . . .	1893-

\* Charles Sumner died March 11, 1874; William B. Washburn chosen to fill vacancy April 17, 1874.

† Mr. Wilson was elected Vice-President in 1872; George S. Boutwell chosen to fill vacaney.

‡ Mr. Hoar's term will expire March 4, 1895; Mr. Lodge's term, March 4, 1899.

**SECRETARIES.**

*List of Persons who have held the Office of SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, since 1780.*

John Avery, . . . .	1780-1806	John G. Palfrey, . . . .	1844-48
Jonathan L. Austin, . . . .	1806-08	William B. Calhoun, . . . .	1848-51
William Tudor, . . . .	1808-10	Amasa Walker, . . . .	1851-53
Benjamin Homans, . . . .	1810-12	Ephraim M. Wright, . . . .	1853-58
Alden Bradford, . . . .	1812-24	Francis DeWitt, . . . .	1856-58
Edward D. Bangs, . . . .	1824-36	Oliver Warner, . . . .	1858-76
John P. Bigelow, . . . .	1836-43	Henry B. Peirce, . . . .	1876-91
John A. Bolles, . . . .	1843-44	William M. Olin, . . . .	1891-

**TREASURERS.**

*List of Persons who have held the Office of TREASURER AND RECEIVER-GENERAL, since 1780.*

Henry Gardner, . . . .	1780-83	Thomas Russell, . . . .	1842-43
Thomas Ivers, . . . .	1783-87	John Mills, . . . .	1843-44
Alexander Hodgdon, . . . .	1787-92	Thomas Russell, . . . .	1844-45
Thomas Davis, . . . .	1792-97	Joseph Barrett, . . . .	1845-49
Peleg Coffin, . . . .	*1797-1801	Ebenezer Bradbury, . . . .	1849-51
Jonathan Jackson, . . . .	1802-06	Charles B. Hall, . . . .	1851-53
Thompson J. Skinner, . . . .	1806-08	Jacob H. Loud, . . . .	1853-55
Josiah Dwight, . . . .	1808-10	Thomas J. Marsh, . . . .	1855-56
Thomas Harris, . . . .	1810-11	Moses Tenney, Jr., . . . .	1856-61
Jonathan L. Austin, . . . .	1811-12	Henry K. Oliver, . . . .	1861-66
John T. Apthorp, . . . .	1812-17	Jacob H. Loud, . . . .	1866-71
Daniel Sargent, . . . .	1817-22	Charles Adams, Jr., . . . .	1871-76
Nahum Mitchell, . . . .	1822-27	Charles Endicott, . . . .	1876-81
Joseph Sewall, . . . .	1827-32	Daniel A. Gleason, . . . .	1881-86
Hezekiah Barnard, . . . .	1832-37	Alanson W. Beard, . . . .	1886-89
David Wilder, . . . .	1837-42	George A. Marden, . . . .	1889-

\* Secretary Avery had a warrant to take care of the Treasury on the resignation of Coffin, May 25, 1802.

## ATTORNEYS-GENERAL.

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*List of Persons who have held the Office of ATTORNEY-GENERAL.*

### UNDER THE PROVINCE CHARTER.

Anthony Checkley, . . . . .	1692-1702	John Overing, . . . . .	1739-41
Paul Dudley, . . . . .	1702-18	Jeremiah Gridley, . . . . .	1742
Thomas Newton, . . . . .	1718-21	John Overing, . . . . .	1743-48
John Overing, . . . . .	1728-32	James Otis, . . . . .	1748
John Read, . . . . .	1733-35	Edmund Trowbridge, . . . . .	1749-67
William Brattle, . . . . .	1738	Jeremiah Gridley, . . . . .	1767
William Brattle, . . . . .	1738	Jonathan Sewall, . . . . .	1767-69

### UNDER THE CONSTITUTION.

Robert Treat Paine, . . . . .	1780-90	Dwight Foster, . . . . .	1861-64
James Sullivan, . . . . .	1790-1807	Chester I. Reed,† . . . . .	1864-67
Barnabas Bidwell, . . . . .	1807-10	Charles Allen, . . . . .	1867-72
Perez Morton, . . . . .	1810-32	Charles R. Train, . . . . .	1872-79
James T. Austin, . . . . .	1832-43	George Marston, . . . . .	1879-83
John Henry Clifford, . . . . .	*1849-53	Edgar J. Sherman,‡ . . . . .	1883-87
Rufus Choate, . . . . .	1853-54	Andrew J. Waterman, . . . . .	1887-91
John Henry Clifford, . . . . .	1854-58	Albert E. Pillsbury, . . . . .	1891-
Stephen Henry Phillips, . . . . .	1858-61		

## SOLICITORS-GENERAL.

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*List of Persons who have held the Office of SOLICITOR-GENERAL.*

Jonathan Sewall, . . . . .	. . . . .	§ 1767
Samuel Quincy, . . . . .	. . . . .	1771-75
Daniel Davis, . . . . .	. . . . .	1803-32

\* The office of Attorney-General was abolished in 1843, and re-established in 1849.

† Resigned during the session of the Legislature of 1867. The vacancy was filled by the election of Charles Allen.

‡ Resigned Oct. 1, 1887. The vacancy was filled by the appointment of Andrew J. Waterman.

§ Jonathan Sewall appointed Attorney-General Nov. 18, 1767.

**AUDITORS.**

*List of Persons who have held the Office of AUDITOR OF ACCOUNTS.*

[Established by Act of 1849:]

David Wilder, Jr., . . .	1849-54	Henry S. Briggs, . . .	1866-70
Joseph Mitchell, . . .	1854-55	Charles Endicott, . . .	1870-76
Stephen N. Gifford, . . .	1855-56	Julius L. Clarke,† . . .	1876-79
Chandler R. Ransom, . . .	1856-58	Charles R. Ladd,† . . .	1879-91
Charles White, . . .	1858-61	William D. T. Trefry, . . .	1891-92
Levi Reed,* . . .	1861-65	John W. Kimball, . . .	1892-
Julius L. Clarke, . . .	1865-66		

**SECRETARIES OF THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.**

*List of Persons who have held the Office of SECRETARY OF THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.*

[See Act of 1837.]

Horace Mann, . . .	1837-48	Joseph White, . . .	1861-77
Barnas Sears, . . .	1848-55	John W. Dickinson, . . .	1877-
George S. Boutwell, . . .	1855-61		

\* Resigned Dec. 20, 1865.

† Mr. Clarke resigned, and Mr. Ladd was appointed in his place May 5, 1879.

## ORGANIZATION OF THE LEGISLATURE, Since 1780.

The first General Court, under the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, assembled at Boston on Wednesday, Oct. 25, 1780, and was finally prorogued (having held three sessions) May 19, 1781. From this time until 1832 the political year commenced on the last Wednesday in May, and the General Court held two, and frequently three, sessions during each year. In 1832, by an amendment of the Constitution, the commencement of the political year was changed to the first Wednesday in January.

### SENATE.

#### P R E S I D E N T S .

Thos. Cushing, <i>resigned</i> , {	1780-81	Harrison Gray Otis, . . .	1808-09
Jeremiah Powell, . . .		Harrison Gray Otis, . . .	1809-10
Jeremiah Powell, . . .	1781-82	Harrison Gray Otis, . . .	1810-11
Samuel Adams, . . .	1782-83	Samuel Dana, . . .	1811-12
Samuel Adams, . . .	1783-84	Samuel Dana, . . .	1812-13
Samuel Adams, . . .	1784-85	John Phillips, . . .	1813-14
Samuel Adams, <i>resigned</i> , {	1785-86	John Phillips, . . .	1814-15
Samuel Phillips, Jr., . . .		John Phillips, . . .	1815-16
Samuel Phillips, Jr., . . .	1786-87	John Phillips, . . .	1816-17
Samuel Adams, . . .	1787-88	John Phillips, . . .	1817-18
Samuel Phillips, Jr., . . .	1788-89	John Phillips, . . .	1818-19
Samuel Phillips, Jr., . . .	1789-90	John Phillips, . . .	1819-20
Samuel Phillips, . . .	1790-91	John Phillips, . . .	1820-21
Samuel Phillips, . . .	1791-92	John Phillips, . . .	1821-22
Samuel Phillips, . . .	1792-93	John Phillips, . . .	1822-23
Samuel Phillips, . . .	1793-94	Nathaniel Silsbee, . . .	1823-24
Samuel Phillips, . . .	1794-95	Nathaniel Silsbee, . . .	1824-25
Samuel Phillips, . . .	1795-96	Nathaniel Silsbee, . . .	1825-26
Samuel Phillips, . . .	1796-97	John Mills, . . .	1826-27
Samuel Phillips, . . .	1797-98	John Mills, . . .	1827-28
Samuel Phillips, . . .	1798-99	Sherman Leland, . . .	1828-29
Samuel Phillips, . . .	1799-1800	Samuel Lathrop, . . .	1829-30
Samuel Phillips, . . .	1800-01	Samuel Lathrop, . . .	1830-31
David Cobb, . . .	1801-02	Leverett Saltonstall, . . .	1831
David Cobb, . . .	1802-03	William Thorndike, . . .	1832
David Cobb, . . .	1803-04	Benj. T. Pickman, . . .	1833
David Cobb, . . .	1804-05	Benj. T. Pickman, . . .	1834
Harrison Gray Otis, . . .	1805-06	Benj. T. Pickman, <i>deceased</i> , {	1835
John Bacon, . . .	1806-07	George Bliss, . . .	
Samuel Dana, . . .	1807-08	Horace Mann, . . .	1836

Horace Mann, . . . .	1837	Joseph A. Pond, . . . .	1866
Myron Lawrence, . . . .	1838	Joseph A. Pond, . . . .	1867
Myron Lawrence, . . . .	1839	George O. Brastow, . . . .	1868
Daniel P. King, . . . .	1840	Robert C. Pitman, <i>resigned,*</i>	1869
Daniel P. King, . . . .	1841	George O. Brastow, . . . .	1869
Josiah Quincy, Jr., . . . .	1842	Horace H. Coolidge, . . . .	1870
Phineas W. Leland, <i>resigned,</i>	1843	Horace H. Coolidge, . . . .	1871
Frederick Robinson, . . . .	1843	Horace H. Coolidge, . . . .	1872
Josiah Quincy, Jr., . . . .	1844	Geo. B. Loring, . . . .	1873
Levi Lincoln, . . . .	1845	Geo. B. Loring, . . . .	1874
William B. Calhoun, . . . .	1846	Geo. B. Loring, . . . .	1875
William B. Calhoun, . . . .	1847	Geo. B. Loring, . . . .	1876
Zeno Scudder, . . . .	1848	John B. D. Cogswell, . . . .	1877
Joseph Bell, . . . .	1849	John B. D. Cogswell, . . . .	1878
Marshall P. Wilder, . . . .	1850	John B. D. Cogswell, . . . .	1879
Henry Wilson, . . . .	1851	Robert R. Bishop, . . . .	1880
Henry Wilson, . . . .	1852	Robert R. Bishop, . . . .	1881
Charles H. Warren, . . . .	1853	Robert R. Bishop, . . . .	1882
Charles Edward Cook, . . . .	1854	George Glover Crocker, . . . .	1883
Henry W. Benchley, . . . .	1855	George A. Bruce, . . . .	1884
Elihu C. Baker, . . . .	1856	Albert E. Pillsbury, . . . .	1885
Charles W. Upham, . . . .	1857	Albert E. Pillsbury, . . . .	1886
Charles W. Upham, . . . .	1858	Halsey J. Boardman, . . . .	1887
Charles A. Phelps, . . . .	1859	Halsey J. Boardman, . . . .	1888
Charles A. Phelps, . . . .	1860	Harris C. Hartwell, . . . .	1889
William Claflin, . . . .	1861	Henry H. Sprague, . . . .	1890
John H. Clifford, . . . .	1862	Henry H. Sprague, . . . .	1891
Jonathan E. Field, . . . .	1863	Alfred S. Pinkerton, . . . .	1892
Jonathan E. Field, . . . .	1864	Alfred S. Pinkerton, . . . .	1893
Jonathan E. Field, . . . .	1865		

## C L E R K S.

William Baker, Jr., . . . .	1780-84	Paul Willard, . . . .	1823-29
Samuel Cooper, . . . .	1785-95	Charles Calhoun, . . . .	1830-42
Edward McLane, . . . .	1796-99	Lewis Josselyn, . . . .	1843
Edward Payne Hayman, . . . .	1800	Charles Calhoun, . . . .	1844-50
George Elliot Vaughn, . . . .	1801-02	Chauncy L. Knapp, . . . .	1851
Wendell Davis, . . . .	1803-05	Francis H. Underwood, . . . .	1852
John D. Dunbar, . . . .	1806-07	Charles Calhoun, . . . .	1853-54
Nathaniel Coffin, . . . .	1808-10	Peter L. Cox, . . . .	1855-57
Marcus Morton, . . . .	1811-12	Stephen N. Gifford, †	1858-86
Samuel F. McCleary, . . . .	1813-21	E. Herbert Clapp, . . . .	1886-88
Samuel F. Lyman, . . . .	1822	Henry D. Coolidge, . . . .	1889-

\* Appointed Justice of Superior Court.

† Died April 18, 1886.

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

## SPEAKERS.

Caleb Davis, . . .	1780-81	Timothy Bigelow, . . .	1818-19
Caleb Davis, <i>resigned</i> , .	1781-82	Timothy Bigelow, . . .	1819-20
Nathaniel Gorham, . . .	1782	Elijah H. Mills, <i>resigned</i> ,	1820-21
Nathaniel Gorham, . . .	1782-83	Josiah Quincy, . . .	1821
Tristram Dalton, . . .	1783-84	Josiah Quincy, <i>resigned</i> ,	1821-22
Tristram Dalton, . . .	1784-85	Luther Lawrence, . . .	1822
Nathaniel Gorham, . . .	1785-86	Levi Lincoln, . . .	1822-23
Artemas Ward, . . .	1786-87	William C. Jarvis, . . .	1823-24
James Warren, . . .	1787-88	William C. Jarvis, . . .	1824-25
Theodore Sedgwick, . . .	1788-89	Timothy Fuller, . . .	1825-26
David Cobb, . . .	1789-90	William C. Jarvis, . . .	1826-27
David Cobb, . . .	1790-91	William C. Jarvis, . . .	1827-28
David Cobb, . . .	1791-92	William B. Calhoun, . . .	1828-29
David Cobb, . . .	1792-93	William B. Calhoun, . . .	1829-30
Edward H. Robbins, . . .	1793-94	William B. Calhoun, . . .	1830
Edward H. Robbins, . . .	1794-95	William B. Calhoun, . . .	1831
Edward H. Robbins, . . .	1795-96	William B. Calhoun, . . .	1832
Edward H. Robbins, . . .	1796-97	William B. Calhoun, . . .	1833
Edward H. Robbins, . . .	1797-98	William B. Calhoun, . . .	1834
Edward H. Robbins, . . .	1798-99	Julius Rockwell, . . .	1835
Edward H. Robbins, . . .	1799-1800	Julius Rockwell, . . .	1836
Edward H. Robbins, . . .	1800-01	Julius Rockwell, . . .	1837
Edward H. Robbins, . . .	1801-02	Robert C. Winthrop, . . .	1838
John Coffin Jones, . . .	1802-03	Robert C. Winthrop, . . .	1839
Harrison Gray Otis, . . .	1803-04	Robert C. Winthrop, . . .	1840
Harrison Gray Otis, . . .	1804-05	George Ashmun, . . .	1841
Timothy Bigelow, . . .	1805-06	Thomas Kinnicut, . . .	1842
Perez Morton, . . .	1806-07	Daniel P. King, . . .	1843
Perez Morton, . . .	1807-08	Thomas Kinnicut, <i>resigned</i> ,	1844
Timothy Bigelow, . . .	1808-09	Samuel H. Walley, Jr., . . .	1844
Timothy Bigelow, . . .	1809-10	Samuel H. Walley, Jr., . . .	1845
Perez Morton, <i>resigned</i> , . . .	1810-11	Samuel H. Walley, Jr., . . .	1846
Joseph Story, . . .	1811	Ebenezer Bradbury, . . .	1847
Joseph Story, <i>resigned</i> , . . .	1811-12	Francis B. Crowninsbleld, . . .	1848
Eleazer W. Ripley, . . .	1812	Francis B. Crowninshield, . . .	1849
Timothy Bigelow, . . .	1812-13	Ensign H. Kellogg, . . .	1850
Timothy Bigelow, . . .	1813-14	Nathaniel P. Banks, Jr., . . .	1851
Timothy Bigelow, . . .	1814-15	Nathaniel P. Banks, Jr., . . .	1852
Timothy Bigelow, . . .	1815-16	George Bliss, . . .	1853
Timothy Bigelow, . . .	1816-17	Otis P. Lord, . . .	1854
Timothy Bigelow, . . .	1817-18	Daniel C. Eddy, . . .	1855

Charles A. Phelps, . . .	1856	John E. Sanford, . . .	1875
Charles A. Phelps, . . .	1857	John D. Long, . . .	1876
Julius Rockwell, . . .	1858	John D. Long, . . .	1877
Charles Hale, . . .	1859	John D. Long, . . .	1878
John A. Goodwin, . . .	1860	Levi C. Wade, . . .	1879
John A. Goodwin, . . .	1861	Charles J. Noyes, . . .	1880
Alexander H. Bullock, . . .	1862	Charles J. Noyes, . . .	1881
Alexander H. Bullock, . . .	1863	Charles J. Noyes, . . .	1882
Alexander H. Bullock, . . .	1864	George A. Marden, . . .	1883
Alexander H. Bullock, . . .	1865	George A. Marden, . . .	1884
James M. Stone, . . .	1866	John Q. A. Brackett, . . .	1885
James M. Stone, . . .	1867	John Q. A. Brackett, . . .	1886
Harvey Jewell, . . .	1868	Charles J. Noyes, . . .	1887
Harvey Jewell, . . .	1869	Charles J. Noyes, . . .	1888
Harvey Jewell, . . .	1870	William E. Barrett, . . .	1889
Harvey Jewell, . . .	1871	William E. Barrett, . . .	1890
John E. Sanford, . . .	1872	William E. Barrett, . . .	1891
John E. Sanford, . . .	1873	William E. Barrett, . . .	1892
John E. Sanford, . . .	1874	William E. Barrett, . . .	1893

## C L E R K S .

Andrew Henshaw, . . .	1780-81	Lewis Josselyn, . . .	1851-52
George Richards Minot, . . .	1782-91	William Schouler, . . .	1853
Henry Warren, . . .	1792-1802	William Stowe, . . .	1854
Nicholas Tillinghast, . . .	1803-05	Henry A. Marsh, . . .	1855
Chas. Pinckney Sumner, . . .	1806-07	W. E. P. Haskell, . . .	1856
Nicholas Tillinghast, . . .	1808-09	William Stowe, . . .	1857-61
Chas. Pinckney Sumner, . . .	1810-11	William S. Robinson, . . .	1862-72
Benjamin Pollard, . . .	1812-21	Charles H. Taylor, . . .	1873
Pelham W. Warren, . . .	1822-31	George A. Marden, . . .	1874-82
Luther S. Cushing, . . .	1832-43	Edward A. McLaughlin, . . .	1883-
Charles W. Storey, . . .	1844-50		

## S E R G E A N T S - A T - A R M S .

Benjamin Stevens, . . .	1835-59	Oreb F. Mitchell, . . .	1875-85
John Morrissey, . . .	1859-74	John G. B. Adams, . . .	1886-

The office of Sergeant-at-Arms was established by law in 1835. Previous to that time Jacob Kuhn was Messenger to the General Court from 1786.

Table showing the Length of the Sessions of the Legislature and the Number of Representatives in each Year since 1832.

YEAR.	Time of Meeting.	Prorogued.	Length of Session.	No. of Rep.
1832,	January 4.	March 24.	80 days.	528
1833,	2.	28.	86 "	574
1834,	1.	April 2.	92 "	570
1835,*	7.	8.	02 "	615
1836,	6.	16.	102 "	619
1837,	4.	20.	107 "	635
1838,	3.	25.	113 "	480
1839,	2.	10.	99 "	521
1840,	1.	March 24.	84 "	521
1841,	6.	18.	72 "	397
1842,*	5.	3.	58 "	336
1843,	4.	24.	80 "	352
1844,	3.	16.	74 "	321
1845,	1.	26.	85 "	271
1846,	7.	April 16.	100 "	264
1847,	6.	16.	111 "	255
1848,*	5.	May 10.	127 "	272
1849,	3.	2.	120 "	263
1850,	2.	3.	122 "	297
1851,	1.	24.	146 "	396
1852,	8.	22.	137 "	402
1853,	5.	25.	142 "	288
1854,	4.	April 29.	116 "	310

\* There was an extra session of sixty-two days in 1835, to revise the Statutes; one of nine days in 1842, to divide the Commonwealth into Congressional Districts; one of three days in 1848, to choose electors of President and Vice-President; one of eighteen days in 1857, to establish districts for the choice of Councillors, Representatives and Senators; one of one hundred and thirteen days in 1859, to revise the General Statutes; one of fourteen days in 1860, to consider the subject of the disease among the cattle of the Commonwealth; one of ten days in 1861, to consider the duty of the Commonwealth in relation to public affairs, consequent on the Rebellion; one of eight days in 1863, to provide for raising the quota under the call of the President of the United States of the 17th of October, 1863, for 300,000 men; one of thirty days in 1872, to consider what legislation was necessary by reason of the great fire in Boston, November 9 and 10; and one of ten days in 1881, to compile the Public Statutes.

YEAR.	Time of Meeting.	Prorogued.	Length of Session.	No. of Reps.
1855, . . . . .	January 3.	May 21.	138 days.	380
1856, . . . . .	1. June	6. 158 "	329	
1857,* . . . . .	7. May	30. 144 "	357	
1858, . . . . .	6. March	27. 81 "	240	
1859,* . . . . .	5. April	6. 92 "	240	
1860,* . . . . .	4.	4. 92 "	240	
1861,* . . . . .	2.	11. 100 "	240	
1862, . . . . .	1.	30. 120 "	240	
1863,* . . . . .	7.	29. 113 "	240	
1864, . . . . .	6. May	14. 130 "	240	
1865, . . . . .	4.	17. 137 "	240	
1866, . . . . .	3.	30. 147 "	240	
1867, . . . . .	2. June	1. 150 "	240	
1868, . . . . .	1.	12. 184 "	240	
1869, . . . . .	6.	24. 170 "	240	
1870, . . . . .	5.	23. 170 "	240	
1871, . . . . .	4. May	31. 148 "	240	
1872,* . . . . .	3.	7. 126 "	240	
1873, . . . . .	1. June	12. 163 "	240	
1874, . . . . .	7.	30. 175 "	240	
1875, . . . . .	6. May	19. 134 "	240	
1876, . . . . .	5. April	28. 115 "	240	
1877, . . . . .	3. May	17. 135 "	240	
1878, . . . . .	2.	17. 136 "	240	
1879, . . . . .	1. April	30. 120 "	240	
1880, . . . . .	7.	24. 109 "	240	
1881,* . . . . .	5. May	13. 129 "	240	
1882, . . . . .	4.	27. 144 "	240	
1883, . . . . .	3. July	27. 206 "	240	
1884, . . . . .	2. June	4. 155 "	240	
1885, . . . . .	7.	19. 164 "	240	
1886, . . . . .	6.	30. 176 "	240	
1887, . . . . .	5.	16. 163 "	240	
1888, . . . . .	4. May	29. 147 "	240	
1889, . . . . .	2. June	7. 157 "	240	
1890, . . . . .	1. July	2. 183 "	240	
1891, . . . . .	7. June	11. 156 "	240	
1892, . . . . .	6.	17. 163 "	240	

\* See Note on preceding page.

## JUDICIARY.

*Judges of the Superior Court of Judicature of the Province of Massachusetts Bay, from 1692 to 1775.\**

## CHIEF JUSTICES.

APPOINTED.	LEFT THE BENCH.	DIED.
1692. William Stoughton,	. . 1701. Resigned.	1701.
1702. Isaac Addington,	. . 1703. Resigned.	1715.
1708. Wait Winthrop,	. . 1717.	1717.
1718. Samuel Sewall,	. . 1728. Resigned.	1730.
1729. Benjamin Lynde,	. . 1745.	1745.
1745. Paul Dudley,	. . 1751.	1751.
1752. Stephen Sewall,	. . 1760.	1760.
1761. Thomas Hutchinson,	. . 1769. Appointed Governor.	1780
1769. Benjamin Lynde,	. . 1771. Resigned.	1781.
1772. Peter Oliver,	. . 1775. Removed at Revolution.	1791.

## JUSTICES.

1692. Thomas Danforth,	. . 1699.	1699.
1692. Wait Winthrop,	. . 1701. Resigned.	1717.
1692. John Richards,	. . 1694.	1694.
1693. Samuel Sewall,	. . 1718. Appointed Chief Justice.	1730.
1695. Elisha Cooke,	. . 1702. Removed.	1715.
1700. John Walley,	. . 1712.	1712.
1701. John Saffin,	. . 1702. Removed.	1710.
1702. John Hathorne,	. . 1712. Resigned.	1717.
1702. John Leverett,	. . 1708. Resigned.	1724.
1708. Jonathan Corwin,	. . 1715. Resigned.	1718.
1712. Benjamin Lynde,	. . 1729. Appointed Chief Justice.	1745.
1712. Nathaniel Thomas,	. . 1718. Resigned.	1718.
1715. Addington Davenport,	. . 1736.	1736.
1718. Paul Dudley,	. . 1745. Appointed Chief Justice.	1751.
1718. Edmund Quincy,	. . 1737.	1737.
1729. John Cushing,	. . 1733. Removed.	1737.
1733. Jonathan Remington,	. . 1745.	1745.
1736. Richard Saltonstall,	. . 1756.	1756.
1737. Thomas Greaves,	. . 1738. Resigned.	1747.
1739. Stephen Sewall,	. . 1752. Appointed Chief Justice.	1780.

\* The judges died in office, except where otherwise stated.

APPOINTED.	LEFT THE BENCH.	DIED.
1745. Nathaniel Hubbard,	. . . 1746. Resigned.	1748.
1745. Benjamin Lynde,	. . . 1769. Appointed Chief Justice.	1781
1747. John Cushing,	. . . 1771. Resigned.	1775.
1752. Chambers Russell,	. . . 1766.	1766.
1756. Peter Oliver,	. . . 1772. Appointed Chief Justice.	1791.
1767. Edmund Trowbridge,	. . . 1775. Resigned.	1793.
1771. Foster Hutchinson,	. . . 1775. Removed at Revolution.	1799.
1772. Nathaniel Ropes,	. . . 1774.	1774.
1772. William Cushing,	. . . 1775. Removed at Revolution.	1810.
1774. William Browne,	. . . 1775. Removed at Revolution.	1802.

*Justices of the Superior Court of Judicature and the Supreme Judicial Court of Massachusetts since the Revolution.*

C H I E F J U S T I C E S .

APPOINTED.	LEFT THE BENCH.	DIED.
1775. John Adams,	. . . 1776. Resigned.*	1826.
1777. William Cushing,	. . . 1789. Resigned.†	1810.
1790. Nathaniel Peaslee Sargent,	1791.	1791.
1791. Francis Dana,	. . . 1806. Resigned.	1811.
1806. Theophilus Parsons,	. . . 1813.	1813.
1814. Samuel Sewall,	. . . 1814.	1814.
1814. Isaac Parker,	. . . 1830.	1830.
1830. Lemuel Shaw,	. . . 1860. Resigned.	1861.
1860. George Tyler Bigelow,	. . 1868. Resigned.	1878.
1868. Reuben Atwater Chapman,	1873.	1873.
1873. Horace Gray,‡	. . . 1882.	
1882. Marcus Morton,	. . . 1890. Resigned.	1891.
1890. Walbridge Abner Field.		

J U S T I C E S .

1775. William Cushing,	. . . 1777. Appointed Chief Justice.	1810.
1775. Nathaniel Peaslee Sargent,	1790. Appointed Chief Justice.	1791.
1775. William Reed,	. . . 1778. Superseded.	1780.
1775. Robert Treat Paine,	. . . 1778. Superseded.	1814.
1776. Jedediah Foster,	. . . 1779.	1779.
1776. James Sullivan,	. . . 1782. Resigned.	1808.

\* Mr. Adams never took his seat on the bench.

† Chief Justice Cushing resigned on being appointed one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States.

‡ Chief Justice Gray vacated his office by accepting an appointment as one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States.

APPOINTED.	LEFT THE BENCH.	DIED.
1777. David Sewall, . . .	1789. Resigned.*	1825.
1782. Increase Sumner, . . .	1797. Elected Governor.	1799.
1785. Francis Dana, . . .	1791. Appointed Chief Justice.	1811.
1790. Robert Treat Paine, . . .	1804. Resigned.	1814.
1790. Nathan Cushing, . . .	1800. Resigned.	1812.
1792. Thomas Dawes, . . .	1802. Resigned.	1825.
1797. Theophilus Bradbury, . . .	1803. Removed.	1803.
1800. Samuel Sewall, . . .	1814. Appointed Chief Justice.	1814.
1801. Simeon Strong, . . .	1805.	1805.
1801. George Thacher, . . .	1824. Resigned.	1824.
1802. Theodore Sedgwick, . . .	1813.	1813.
1806. Isaac Parker, . . .	1814. Appointed Chief Justice.	1830.
1813. Charles Jackson, . . .	1823. Resigned.	1855.
1814. Daniel Dewey, . . .	1815.	1815.
1814. Samuel Putnam, . . .	1842. Resigned.	1853.
1815. Samuel Sumner Wilde, . . .	1850. Resigned.	1855.
1824. Levi Lincoln, . . .	1825. Elected Governor.	1868.
1825. Marcus Morton, . . .	1840. Elected Governor.	1864.
1837. Charles Augustus Dewey, . . .	1866.	1866.
1842. Samuel Hubbard, . . .	1847.	1847.
1848. Charles Edward Forbes, . . .	1848. Resigned.	1881.
1848. Theron Metcalf, . . .	1865. Resigned.	1875.
1848. Richard Fletcher, . . .	1853. Resigned.	1869.
1850. George Tyler Bigelow, . . .	1860. Appointed Chief Justice.	1878.
1852. Caleb Cushing, . . .	1853. Resigned.†	1879.
1853. Benj. Franklin Thomas, . . .	1859. Resigned.	1878.
1853. Pliny Merrick, . . .	1864. Resigned.	1867.
1859. Ebenezer Rockwood Hoar, 1869.	Resigned.†	
1860. Reuben Atwater Chapman, 1868.	Appointed Chief Justice.	1873.
1864. Horace Gray, Jr., . . .	1873. Appointed Chief Justice.	
1865. James Denison Colt, . . .	1866. Resigned.	1881.
1866. Dwight Foster, . . .	1869. Resigned.	1884.
1866. John Wells, . . .	1875.	1875.
1868. James Denison Colt, . . .	1881.	1881.
1869. Seth Ames, . . .	1881. Resigned.	1881.
1869. Marcus Morton, . . .	1882. Appointed Chief Justice.	1891.
1873. Wm. Crowninshield Endicott, 1882.	Resigned.	

\* Mr. Justice Sewall resigned on being appointed Judge of the United States District Court for the District of Maine.

† Mr. Justice Cushing and Mr. Justice Hoar resigned on being appointed to the office of Attorney-General of the United States.

APPOINTED.	LEFT THE BENCH.	DIED.
1873. Charles Devens, Jr., . . .	1877. Resigned.*	
1875. Otis Phillips Lord, . . .	1882. Resigned.	1884.
1877. Augustus Lord Soule, . . .	1881. Resigned.	1887.
1881. Walbridge Abner Field, . . .	1890. Appointed Chief Justice.	
1881. Charles Devens,* . . .	1891.	1891.
1881. William Allen, . . .	1891.	1891.
1882. Charles Allen.		
1882. Waldo Colburn, . . .	1885.	1885.
1882. Oliver Wendell Holmes, Jr.		
1885. William Sewall Gardner, . .	1887. Resigned.	1888.
1887. Marcus Perrin Knowlton.		
1890. James Madison Morton.		
1891. John Lathrop.		
1891. James Madison Barker.		

*Justices of the Court of Common Pleas, from its Establishment in 1820 until its Abolition in 1859.*

#### CHIEF JUSTICES.

APPOINTED.	LEFT THE BENCH.	DIED.
1820. Artemas Ward, . . .	1839. Resigned.	1847.
1839. John Mason Williams, . .	1844. Resigned.	1868.
1844. Daniel Wells, . . .	1854.	1854.
1854. Edward Mellen, . . .	1859.	1875.

#### JUSTICES.

1820. Solomon Strong, . . .	1842. Resigned.	1850.
1820. John Mason Williams, . .	1839. Appointed Chief Justice.	1868.
1820. Samuel Howe, . . .	1828.	1828.
1828. David Cummins, . . .	1844. Resigned.	1855.
1839. Charles Henry Warren, . .	1844. Resigned.	1874.
1842. Charles Allen, . . .	1844. Resigned.	1869.
1843. Pliny Merrick, . . .	1848. Resigned.	1867.
1844. Joshua Holyoke Ward, . .	1848.	1848.
1844. Emory Washburn, . . .	1847. Resigned.	1877.
1844. Luther Stearns Cushing, . .	1849. Resigned.	1856.
1845. Harrison Gray Otis Colby, . .	1847. Resigned.	1853.

\* Mr. Justice Devens resigned on being appointed to the office of Attorney-General of the United States, and was re-appointed to the Supreme Bench in 1881.

APPOINTED.	LEFT THE BENCH.	DIED.
1847. Charles Edward Forbes, . . .	1848. App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1881.
1847. Edward Mellen, . . .	1854. Appointed Chief Justice.	1875.
1848. George Tyler Bigelow, . . .	1850 App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1878.
1848. Jonathan Coggeswell Perkins, . . .		1877.
1848. Horatio Byington, . . .	1856.	1856.
1848. Thomas Hopkinson, . . .	1849. Resigned.	1856.
1849. Ebenezer Rockwood Hoar, . . .	Resigned.	
1850. Pliny Merrick, . . .	1854. App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1867.
1851. Henry Walker Bishop, . . .	1859.	1871.
1853. George Nixon Briggs, . . .	1859.	1861.
1854. George Partridge Sanger, . . .	1859.	1890.
1855. Henry Morris, . . .	1859.	1888.
1856. David Aiken, . . .	1859.	

*Justices of the Superior Court since its Establishment in 1859.*

#### CHIEF JUSTICES.

APPOINTED.	LEFT THE BENCH.	DIED.
1859. Charles Allen, . . .	1867. Resigned.	1869.
1867. Seth Ames, . . .	1869. App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1881.
1869. Lincoln Flagg Brigham, . . .	1890. Resigned.	
1890. Albert Mason.		

#### JUSTICES.

1859. Julius Rockwell, . . .	1886. Resigned.	
1859. Otis Phillips Lord, . . .	1875. App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1884.
1859. Marcus Morton, Jr., . . .	1869. App'd to Sup. Jnd. C't.	
1859. Seth Ames, . . .	1867. Appointed Chief Justice.	1881.
1859. Ezra Wilkinson, . . .	1882.	1882.
1859. Henry Vose, . . .	1869.	1869.
1859. Thomas Russell, . . .	1867. Resigned.	1887.
1859. John Phelps Putnam, . . .	1882.	1882.
1859. Lincoln Flagg Brigham, . . .	1869. Appointed Chief Jnstice.	
1867. Chester Isham Reed, . . .	1871. Resigned.	1873.
1867. Charles Devens, Jr., . . .	1873. App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	
1869. Henry Austin Scudder, . . .	1872. Resigned.	
1869. Francis Henshaw Dewey, . . .	1881. Resigned.	1887.
1869. Robert Carter Pitman, . . .	1891.	1891.
1871. John William Bacon, . . .	1888.	1888.
1872. William Allen, . . .	1881. App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1891.
1873. Peleg Emory Aldrich.		

APPOINTED.	LEFT THE BENCH.	DIED.
1875. Waldo Colburn, . . .	1882. App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1885.
1875. William Sewall Gardner, .	1885. App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1888.
1881. Hamilton Barclay Staples, .	1891.	1891.
1881. Marcus Perrin Knowlton, .	1887. App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	
1882. Caleb Blodgett.		
1882. Albert Mason, . . .	1890. Appointed Chief Justice.	
1882. James Madison Barker, .	1891. App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	
1885. Charles Perkins Thompson.		
1886. John Wilkes Hammond.		
1886. Justin Dewey.		
1887. Edgar Jay Sherman.		
1888. John Lathrop, . . .	1891. App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	
1888. James Robert Dunbar.		
1888. Robert Roberts Bishop.		
1890. Daniel Webster Bond.		
1891. Henry King Braley.		
1891. John Hopkins.		
1891. Elisha Burr Maynard.		
1891. Franklin Goodridge Fessenden.		
1892. John William Corcoran.		
1892. James Bailey Richardson.		

## PRESENT ORGANIZATION OF THE COURTS.

[All judges in the Commonwealth are appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Council, and hold office during good behavior.]

*Supreme Judicial Court.*

Walbridge Abner Field of Boston, <i>Chief Justice,</i>	. . .	Salary, \$7,500
Charles Allen of Boston,	<i>Justice,</i>	" 7,000
Oliver Wendell Holmes, Jr., of Boston,	" . .	" 7,000
Marcus Perrin Knowlton of Springfield,	" . .	" 7,000
James Madison Morton of Fall River,	" . .	" 7,000
John Lathrop of Boston,	" . .	" 7,000
James Madison Barker of Pittsfield,	" . .	" 7,000

Henry A. Clapp of Boston, *Clerk.*

*Superior Court.*

Albert Mason of Brookline, <i>Chief Justice,</i>	. . .	Salary, \$6,000
Peleg Emory Aldrich of Worcester,	<i>Justice,</i>	" 5,500
Caleb Blodgett of Boston,	" . .	" 5,500
Charles Perkins Thompson of Gloucester,	" . .	" 5,500
John Wilkes Hammond of Cambridge,	" . .	" 5,500
Justin Dewey of Springfield,	" . .	" 5,500
Edgar Jay Sherman of Lawrence,	" . .	" 5,500
James Robert Dunbar of Brookline,	" . .	" 5,500
Robert Roberts Bishop of Newton,	" . .	" 5,500
Daniel Webster Bond of Northampton,	" . .	" 5,500
Henry King Braley of Fall River,	" . .	" 5,500
John Hopkins of Millbury,	" . .	" 5,500
Elisha Burr Maynard of Springfield,	" . .	" 5,500
Franklin Goodridge Fessenden of Greenfield,	" . .	" 5,500
John William Corcoran of Clinton,	" . .	" 5,500
James Bailey Richardson of Boston,	" . .	" 5,500

*Probate Courts and Courts of Insolvency.*

There is a PROBATE COURT and a COURT OF INSOLVENCY in each county, distinct in their jurisdiction, powers, proceedings and practice, but having the same judge and register. These courts are held by the

judge of probate and insolvency, appointed for the county; but the judges of the several counties may, in case of necessity or convenience, interchange services, and perform each other's duties.

The names of the judges, registers, assistant registers, and commissioners of insolvency may be found among the list of County Officers.

*Police Courts and Municipal Courts.*

BOSTON.—(Municipal Court.) William E. Parmenter, *Chief Justice*. William J. Forsaith, John H. Hardy, Frederick D. Ely and John H. Burke, *Associate Justices*. *Special Justice*, Geo. Z. Adams. *Clerks*, John F. Brown, civil side; Frederic C. Ingalls, criminal side. ROXBURY DISTRICT.—*Justice*, Solomon A. Bolster. *Special Justices*, George R. Wheelock, Walter S. Frost. *Clerk*, Giles H. Rich. *Assistant Clerk*, Maurice J. O'Connell. DORCHESTER DISTRICT.—*Justice*, Joseph R. Churchill. *Special Justices*, George M. Reed, George A. Fisher. *Clerk*, N. Thomas Merritt, Jr. WEST ROXBURY DISTRICT.—*Justice*, James M. F. Howard. *Special Justices*, George R. Fowler, Henry Austin. *Clerk*, Edward W. Brewer. BRIGHTON DISTRICT.—*Justice*, Henry Baldwin. *Special Justices*, James H. Rice, Charles A. Barnard. SOUTH BOSTON DISTRICT.—*Justice*, Robert I. Burbank. *Special Justices*, Joseph D. Fallon, Charles J. Noyes. *Clerk*, Frank J. Tuttle. CHARLESTOWN DISTRICT.—*Justice*, Henry W. Bragg. *Special Justices*, Joseph H. Cotton, Simon Davis. *Clerk*, William J. Hatton. EAST BOSTON DISTRICT COURT.—*Justice*, Wm. H. H. Emmons. *Special Justices*, James L. Walsh, Albert E. Clary. *Clerk*, Willard S. Allen.

BROCKTON (jurisdiction, Brockton, Bridgewater, East Bridgewater and West Bridgewater).—*Justice*, Warren A. Reed. *Special Justices*, Loyed E. Chamberlain, Frederick M. Bixby. *Clerk*, Warren Goddard.

BROOKLINE.—*Justice*, Charles H. Drew. *Special Justices*, Charles F. Perkins, Frank L. Creesy. *Clerk*, Henry M. Williams.

CHELSEA (jurisdiction, Chelsea and Revere).—*Justice*, Albert D. Bosson. *Special Justices*, William H. Hart, Frank E. Fitz. *Clerk*, Joseph M. Curley.

CHICOPEE.—*Justice*, Loranus E. Hitchcock. *Special Justices*, William C. McClench, Luther White. *Clerk*, Cornelius J. Driscoll.

FITCHBURG.—*Justice*, Thomas F. Gallagher. *Special Justices*, Charles S. Hayden, Charles H. Blood. *Clerk*, Wylou G. Hayes.

GLoucester (jurisdiction, Gloucester and Rockport).—*Justice*, James Davis. *Special Justices*, William W. French, Henri N. Woods. *Clerk*, Sumner D. York.

HAVERHILL (jurisdiction, Haverhill, Bradford and Groveland).—*Justice*, Henry Carter. *Special Justices*, Ira A. Abbott, Henry N. Merrill. *Clerk*, Edward B. George.

HOLYOKE.—*Justice*, Wm. B. C. Pearson. *Special Justices*, Edward W. Chapin, Harris L. Sherman. *Clerk*, Thomas J. Tierney.

LAWRENCE.—*Justice*, Andrew C. Stone. *Special Justices*, Charles U. Bell, William L. Thompson. *Clerk*, William F. Moyes.

LEE.—*Justice*, Patrick H. Casey. *Special Justice*, Albert B. Clarke.

LOWELL.—*Justice*, Samuel P. Hadley. *Special Justices*, John J. Pickman, John F. Frye. *Clerk*, James F. Savage. *Assistant Clerk*, Edward W. Trull.

LYNN.—*Justice*, John W. Berry. *Special Justices*, William C. Fabens, James H. Sisk. *Clerk*, Henry C. Oliver.

MARLBOROUGH.—*Justice*, Edward F. Johnson. *Special Justices*, James W. McDonald, William D. Burdett. *Clerk*, James F. J. Otterson.

NEWBURYPORT (jurisdiction, Newburyport and Newbury).—*Justice*, John N. Pike. *Special Justices*, Horace I. Bartlett, Nathaniel N. Jones. *Clerk*, Edward F. Bartlett.

NEWTON.—*Justice*, John C. Kennedy. *Special Justices*, George A. Blaney, Edward H. Mason. *Clerk*, Henry L. Whittlesey.

SOMERVILLE.—*Justice*, Isaac Story. *Special Justices*, Charles G. Pope, John Haskell Butler. *Clerk*, Herbert A. Chapin.

SPRINGFIELD (jurisdiction, Springfield, West Springfield, Hampden, Wilbraham, Agawam and Longmeadow).—*Justice*, Henry W. Bosworth. *Special Justices*, Alfred M. Copeland, Charles L. Long. *Clerk*, George Leonard.

WILLIAMSTOWN.—*Justice*, Keyes Danforth. *Special Justices*, Andrew M. Smith, Henry L. Sabin.

#### *District Courts.*

FIRST BARNSTABLE (court held at Bourne; jurisdiction in Barnstable, Yarmouth, Sandwich, Bourne, Falmouth and Mashpee).—*Justice*, Wm. P. Reynolds. *Special Justices*, Ebenezer S. Whittemore, Frederick C. Swift.

SECOND BARNSTABLE (court held at Harwich; jurisdiction in Provincetown, Truro, Wellfleet, Eastham, Orleans, Brewster, Chatham, Harwich and Dennis).—*Justice*, James H. Hopkins. *Special Justices*, Tully Crosby, Jr., George T. Wyer.

CENTRAL BERKSHIRE (court held at Pittsfield; jurisdiction in Hancock, Lanesborough, Peru, Windsor, Hinsdale, Dalton, Washington, Pittsfield and Richmond).—*Justice*, Joseph Tucker. *Special Justices*, Hiram B. Wellington, William Turtle. *Clerk*, Walter B. Smith.

NORTHERN BERKSHIRE (court held at Adams; jurisdiction in Adams, Clarksburg, North Adams, Savoy, Florida and Cheshire).—*Justice*, George P. Lawrence. *Special Justices*, Shepherd Thayer, Nelson H. Bixby. *Clerk*, Henry S. Lyons.

SOUTHERN BERKSHIRE (court held at Great Barrington; jurisdiction in Sheffield, Great Barrington, Egremont, Alford, Mount Washington, Monterey and New Marlborough).—*Justice*, Norman W. Shores. *Special Justices*, James H. Rowley, Frank H. Wright. *Clerk*, Dempster J. Coleman.

SECOND PLYMOUTH (court held at Abington and Hingham; jurisdiction in Abington, Rockland, Hingham, Hull, Hanover, Hanson, South Abington, Scituate and Norwell).—*Justice*, Geo. W. Kelley. *Special Justices*, Zenas Jenkins, Walter L. Bouvé. *Clerk*, Otis W. Soule.

THIRD PLYMOUTH (court held at Plymouth; jurisdiction in Plymouth, Kingston, Plympton, Pembroke, Duxbury and Marshfield).—*Justice*, Charles G. Davis. *Special Justices*, Wm. S. Danforth, Daniel E. Damon. *Clerk*, Benj. A. Hathaway.

FOURTH PLYMOUTH (court held at Middleborough and Wareham; jurisdiction in Middleborough, Wareham, Lakeville, Marion, Mattapoisett and Rochester).—*Justice*, George D. Allen. *Special Justices*, Lemuel LeB. Holmes, Nathan Washburn. *Clerk*, William L. Chipman.

FIRST NORTHERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Ayer; jurisdiction in Ayer, Groton, Pepperell, Townsend, Ashby, Shirley, Westford, Littleton and Boxborough).—*Justice*, Levi Wallace. *Special Justices*, John Spaulding, Warren H. Atwood. *Clerk*, George W. Sanderson.

FIRST SOUTHERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Framingham; jurisdiction in Ashland, Framingham, Holliston, Sherborn, Sudbury and Wayland).—*Justice*, Willis A. Kingsbury. *Special Justices*, Lucius H. Wakefield, Walter Adams. *Clerk*, Joseph H. Ladd.

FIRST EASTERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Malden and Wakefield; jurisdiction in North Reading, Reading, Wakefield, Melrose, Malden, Everett and Medford).—*Justice*, John W. Pettengill. *Special Justices*, Thomas S. Harlow, Solon Bancroft. *Clerk*, William N. Tyler.

SECOND EASTERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Waltham; jurisdiction in Waltham, Watertown and Weston).—*Justice*, Enos T. Luce. *Special Justices*, Henry S. Milton, Samuel P. Abbott. *Clerk*, Dudley Roberts.

THIRD EASTERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Cambridge; jurisdiction in Cambridge, Arlington and Belmont).—*Justice*, Charles Almy. *Special Justices*, Samuel W. McDaniel, Augustine J. Daly. *Clerk*, Emerson W. Law.

FOURTH EASTERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Woburn; jurisdiction in Stonham, Wilmington, Woburn, Winchester and Burlington).—*Justice*, Edward F. Johnson. *Special Justices*, George S. Littlefield, Charles D. Adams. *Clerk*, Benjamin E. Bond.

CENTRAL MIDDLESEX (court held at Concord; jurisdiction in Acton, Bedford, Carlisle, Concord, Lincoln, Maynard, Stow and Lexington).—*Justice*, John S. Keyes. *Special Justices*, Charles Thompson, Henry C. Merwin.

FIRST ESSEX (court held at Salem; jurisdiction in Salem, Beverly, Danvers, Hamilton, Middleton, Topsfield and Wenham).—*Justice*, Daniel E. Safford. *Special Justices*, Nathaniel J. Holden, Charles W. Richardson. *Clerk*, William P. Andrews.

SECOND ESSEX (court held at Amesbury; jurisdiction in Amesbury and Merrimac).—*Justice*, George W. Cate. *Special Justices*, M. Perry Sargent, William Smeath.

FIRST BRISTOL (court held at Taunton and Attleborough; jurisdiction in Taunton, Rehoboth, Berkley, Dighton, Seekonk, Attleborough, North Attleborough, Norton, Mansfield, Easton and Raynham).—*Justice*, Wm. H. Fox. *Special Justices*, Erastus M. Reed, John H. Galligan. *Clerk*, Arthur M. Alger.

SECOND BRISTOL (court held at Fall River; jurisdiction in Fall River, Freetown, Somerset and Swansey).—*Justice*, Josiah C. Blaisdell. *Special Justices*, Benj. K. Lovatt, Arba N. Lincoln. *Clerk*, Augustus B. Leonard.

THIRD BRISTOL (court held at New Bedford; jurisdiction in New Bedford, Fairhaven, Acushnet, Dartmouth and Westport).—*Justice*, Alanson Borden. *Special Justices*, Francis W. Tappan, Frank A. Milliken. *Clerk*, Thomas J. Cobb.

FIRST NORTHERN WORCESTER (court held at Athol and Gardner; jurisdiction in Athol, Petersham, Phillipston, Royalston, Templeton, Gardner and Hubbardston).—*Justice*, Charles Field. *Special Justices*, James A. Stiles, Henry M. Burleigh. *Clerk*, Charles B. Boyce.

FIRST SOUTHERN WORCESTER (court held at Southbridge and Webster; jurisdiction in Sturbridge, Southbridge, Charlton, Dudley, Oxford and Webster).—*Justice*, Clark Jillson. *Special Justices*, Henry J. Clark, Victor W. Lamoureux.

SECOND SOUTHERN WORCESTER (court held at Blackstone and Uxbridge; jurisdiction in Blackstone, Uxbridge, Douglas and Northbridge).—*Justice*, Arthur A. Putnam. *Special Justice*, William J. Taft.

THIRD SOUTHERN WORCESTER (court held at Milford; jurisdiction in Milford, Mendon and Upton).—*Justice*, Charles A. Dewey. *Special Justices*, Charles E. Whitney, Lowell E. Fales.

FIRST EASTERN WORCESTER (court held at Westborough and Grafton; jurisdiction in Northborough, Southborough, Westborough and Grafton).—*Justice*, Edward C. Bates. *Special Justices*, Benj. B. Nourse, Luther K. Leland.

SECOND EASTERN WORCESTER (court held at Clinton; jurisdiction in Clinton, Berlin, Bolton, Harvard, Lancaster and Sterling).—*Justice*, Christopher C. Stone. *Special Justices*, Herbert Parker, Jonathan Smith. *Clerk*, Frank E. Howard.

CENTRAL WORCESTER (court held at Worcester; jurisdiction in Worcester, Millbury, Sutton, Auburn, Leicester, Paxton, W. Boylston, Boylston, Holden and Shrewsbury).—*Justice*, Samuel Utley. *Special Justices*, George M. Woodward, Hollis W. Cobb. *Clerk*, John A. Thayer.

EAST NORFOLK (court held at Quincy; jurisdiction in Randolph, Braintree, Cohasset, Weymouth, Quincy, Holbrook and Milton).—*Justice*, James Humphrey. *Special Justices*, James H. Flint, E. Granville Pratt. *Clerk*, John P. S. Churchill.

SOUTHERN NORFOLK (court held at Stoughton and Canton; jurisdiction in Stoughton, Canton, Sharon and Avon).—*Justice*, Oscar A. Marden. *Special Justices*, Bushrod Morse, Henry F. Buswell. *Clerk*, Bartholomew R. Doody.

EASTERN HAMPTON (court held at Palmer; jurisdiction in Palmer, Brimfield, Monson, Holland and Wales).—*Justice*, George Robinson, *Special Justices*, George H. Newton, James B. Shaw.

WESTERN HAMPTON (court held at Chester and Westfield; jurisdiction in Westfield, Chester, Granville, Southwick, Russell, Blandford, Tolland and Montgomery).—*Justice*, Homer B. Stevens. *Special Justices*, Henry B. Lewis, Willis S. Kellogg. *Clerk*, Henry Fuller.

HAMPSHIRE (court jurisdiction in towns of Hampshire County).—*Justice*, William P. Strickland. *Special Justices*, Alburn J. Fargo, Robert W. Lyman. *Clerk*, Haynes H. Chilson.

*District Attorneys.*

[Elected by the several Districts for the term of three years, ending January, 1896.]

NORTHERN DISTRICT.—Middlesex County, Fred N. Wier, Lowell.

EASTERN DISTRICT.—Essex County, William H. Moody, Haverhill,

SOUTHERN DISTRICT.—Barnstable, Bristol, Dukes and Nantucket Counties, Hosea M. Knowlton, New Bedford.

SOUTH-EASTERN DISTRICT.—Norfolk and Plymouth Counties, Robert O. Harris, East Bridgewater.

MIDDLE DISTRICT.—Worcester County, Francis A. Gaskill, Worcester.

WESTERN DISTRICT.—Hampden and Berkshire Counties, Charles L. Gardner, Palmer.

NORTH-WESTERN DISTRICT.—Hampshire and Franklin Counties, John A. Aiken, Greenfield.

SUFFOLK COUNTY.—Oliver Stevens, Boston. *First Assistant Attorney*, Frederick E. Hurd. *Second Assistant*, Michael J. Sughrue. *Clerk*, John H. Casey.

**COUNTY OFFICERS.**

Sheriffs, Registers of Deeds, and County Treasurers are elected by the people of the several counties for terms of three years. The current triennial term of Sheriffs expires on the first Wednesday of January, 1896, and that of the Registers of Deeds and County Treasurers in January, 1895.

Registers of Probate and Insolvency and Clerks of Courts are elected for terms of five years. The current term of the former expires on the first Wednesday in January, 1894; that of the latter in 1897.

Commissioners of Insolvency are elected by the people, three in number for each county, except Worcester County, which has four. Each Commissioner holds his office for three years, from the first Wednesday in January following his election. The current term expires on the first Wednesday in January, 1896.

County Commissioners are elected, one annually, and severally for terms of three years; and two Special Commissioners are elected every third year, the current term ending in January, 1896.

By section 14 of chapter 22 of the Public Statutes, the County Commissioners and Special Commissioners of the several counties are paid from the treasuries of their respective counties a gross sum in full for their services and travel, the same to be apportioned to each, according to the number of days' service and actual amount of travel performed by each respectively.

By the provisions of section 46 of chapter 159 of the Public Statutes, the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Council, is authorized to appoint in each county a certain number of Masters in Chancery, who shall hold office for the term of five years, unless sooner removed by the Governor and Council.

By the provisions of section 7 of chapter 155 of the Public Statutes, the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Council, is required to designate and commission a certain number of Justices of the Peace as Trial Justices in the several counties to try criminal cases. No Justice of the Peace not thus designated and commissioned has any power or authority in criminal cases, except to receive complaints and issue warrants, for which no fees are to be allowed.

By the provisions of section 9 of chapter 155 of the Public Statutes, each Trial Justice holds office for the term of three years from the time of his designation, unless such designation is sooner revoked, or unless his commission of Justice of the Peace shall sooner expire.

## BARNSTABLE COUNTY—Incorporated 1685.

*Shire Town, BARNSTABLE.*

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Hiram P. Harriman, Wellfleet,	\$1,200
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Freeman H. Lothrop, Barnstable,	1,000
<i>Sheriff</i> —Joseph Whitcomb, Provincetown,	500
<i>Clerk of Courts</i> —Smith K. Hopkins, Barnstable,	1,250
<i>County Treasurer</i> —Clarendon A. Freeman, Chatham,	500
<i>Register of Deeds</i> —Andrew F. Sherman, Barnstable.	
<i>County Commissioners</i> (compensation, \$1,100) —	
Samuel Snow, Barnstable, . . . . . Term expires December, 1893	
John H. Clark, Brewster, . . . . . " " " 1894	
Richard A. Rich, Truro, . . . . . " " January, 1896	
<i>Special Commissioners</i> —	
Freeman Howes, Yarmouth, . . . . . Term expires January, 1896	
Watson F. Baker, Dennis, . . . . . " " " 1896	
<i>Commissioners of Insolvency</i> —Frederick C. Swift, Yarmouth; Eben B. Crocker, Barnstable; George W. Jones, Falmouth.	

## BERKSHIRE COUNTY—Incorporated 1761.

*Shire Town, PITTSFIELD.*

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —James T. Robinson, North Adams,	\$1,600
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Edward T. Slocum, Pittsfield,	1,600
<i>Sheriff</i> —John Crosby, Pittsfield,	1,600
<i>Clerk of Courts</i> —Henry W. Taft, Pittsfield,	2,800
<i>County Treasurer</i> —George H. Tucker, Pittsfield,	1,500
<i>Registers of Deeds</i> —Northern District, E. Earl Merchant, Adams; Middle District, Henry M. Pitt, Pittsfield; Southern District, John C. New, Great Barrington.	
<i>County Commissioners</i> (compensation, \$2,100) —	
John H. Manning, Pittsfield, . . . . . Term expires December, 1893	
James W. Ferry, Lee, . . . . . " " " 1894	
Job K. Anthony, Adams, . . . . . " " January, 1896	



## DUKES COUNTY—Concluded.

	Salary.
<i>Clerk of Courts</i> — Samuel Keniston, Edgartown, . . . . .	\$600
<i>County Treasurer</i> — Jonathan H. Munroe, Edgartown, . . . . .	300
<i>Register of Deeds</i> — Littleton C. Wimfenney, Edgartown, \$200 and fees	
<i>County Commissioners</i> (compensation, \$400) —	
Asa Smith, Chilmark, . . . . .	Term expires December, 1893
Francis P. Vincent, Cottage City, . . . . .	" " " 1894
Gilbert L. Smith, Tisbury, . . . . .	" " January, 1896

*Special Commissioners* —

William J. Rotch, West Tisbury, . . . . .	Term expires January, 1896
E. D. Vanderhoop, Gay Head, . . . . .	" " " 1896
<i>Commissioners of Insolvency</i> — S. C. Luce, Tisbury; Charles G. M. Dunham, Edgartown; Thomas D. Crowell, Cottage City.	
<i>Trial Justices</i> — Charles J. McIlvaine, Edgartown; Edmund G. Eldridge, Cottage City; Allen Look, Tisbury.	

## ESSEX COUNTY — Incorporated 1643.

*Shire Towns*, SALEM, LAWRENCE AND NEWBURYPORT.

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> — Rollin E. Harmon, Lynn, . . . . .	\$3,500
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> — Jeremiah T. Mahoney, Salem, . . . . .	2,000
<i>Sheriff</i> — Samuel A. Johnson, Lawrence, . . . . .	2,000
<i>Clerk of Courts</i> — Dean Peabody, Lynn, . . . . .	5,200
<i>County Treasurer</i> — E. Kendall Jenkins, Andover, . . . . .	2,200
<i>Registers of Deeds</i> — Northern District, John J. Donovan, Lawrence; Southern District, Charles S. Osgood, Salem.	
<i>County Commissioners</i> (compensation, \$4,500) —	
Horace F. Longfellow, Newbury, . . . . .	Term expires December, 1893
Edward B. Bishop, Haverhill, . . . . .	" " " 1894
John M. Danforth, Lynnfield, . . . . .	" " January, 1896
<i>Special Commissioners</i> —	
Nelson P. Cummings, Amesbury, . . . . .	Term expires January, 1896
Thomas F. Pedrick, Lynnfield, . . . . .	" " " 1896
<i>Commissioners of Insolvency</i> — Benjamin C. Ames, Lawrence; Harry J. Cole, Haverhill; William D. Chapple, Salem.	
<i>Masters in Chancery</i> —	
Newton P. Frye, North Andover, . . . . .	Term expires January, 1893
Nathaniel C. Bartlett, Haverhill, . . . . .	" " April, 1893
Henri N. Woods, Rockport, . . . . .	" " March, 1894

## ESSEX COUNTY — Concluded.

*Masters in Chancery* — Concluded.

Charles W. Richardson, Salem, . . .	Term expires April,	1894
Nathan D. A. Clarke, Swampscott, . . .	" " July,	1894
Nathaniel J. Holden, Salem, . . .	" " March,	1896

<i>Trial Justices</i> — J. Scott Todd, Rowley; William M. Rogers, Methuen;
Orlando B. Tenney, Georgetown; George H. Poor, Andover; Amos
Merrill, Peabody; William Nutting, Jr., Marblehead; Charles A.
Sayward, Ipswich; Stephen Gilman, Lynnfield; Joseph T. Wilson,
Nahant; William C. Fabens, Marblehead; George L. Weil, North
Andover; George M. Amerige, Saugus.

## FRANKLIN COUNTY — Incorporated 1811.

*Shire Town, GREENFIELD.*

Salary.

<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> — Chester C. Conant, Green-	
field, . . . . .	\$1,400

<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> — Francis M. Thompson,	
Greenfield, . . . . .	1,400

<i>Sheriff</i> — Isaac Chenery, Montague, . . . . .	800
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<i>Clerk of Courts</i> — Edward E. Lyman, Greenfield, . . . . .	1,800
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<i>County Treasurer</i> — Eugene A. Newcomb, Greenfield, . . . . .	600
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<i>Register of Deeds</i> — Edwin Stratton, Greenfield.	
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<i>County Commissioners</i> (compensation, \$1,600) —	
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Frederick G. Smith, Greenfield, . . .	Term expires December, 1893
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Franklin L. Waters, Orange, . . .	" " " 1894
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Lyman A. Crafts, Whately, . . .	" " January, 1896
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<i>Special Commissioners</i> —	
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Beriah W. Fay, New Salem, . . .	Term expires January, 1896
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Amos Stewart, Colrain, . . .	" " " 1896
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<i>Commissioners of Insolvency</i> — Henry M. Puffer, Shelburne; Erastus F. Gunn, Montague; Arthur A. Smith, Colrain.	
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<i>Masters in Chancery</i> —	
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Franklin G. Fessenden, Greenfield, . . .	Term expires July, 1895
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Samuel O. Lamb, Greenfield, . . .	" " " January, 1897
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<i>Trial Justices</i> — Samuel D. Bardwell, Shelburne; Henry W. Billings, Conway; Charles Pomeroy, Northfield; William S. Dana and Erastus F. Gunn, Montague; Frederick L. Greene, Greenfield; Dana Malone, Greenfield; Vaniah M. Porter, Charlemont; Parker D. Martin, Deerfield; Edward Bicknell, Orange.	
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## HAMPDEN COUNTY—Incorporated 1812.

*Shire Town, SPRINGFIELD.*

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Wm. S. Shurtleff, Springfield,	\$2,500
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Samuel B. Spooner, Springfield, . . . . .	1,800
<i>Sheriff</i> —Embry P. Clark, Holyoke, . . . . .	1,500
<i>Clerk of Courts</i> —Robert O. Morris, Springfield, . . . . .	3,500
<i>County Treasurer</i> —William C. Marsh, Springfield, . . . . .	1,500
<i>Register of Deeds</i> —James R. Wells, Springfield.	
<i>County Commissioners</i> (compensation, \$2,500)—	
Lewis F. Root, Westfield, . . . . .	Term expires December, 1893
Leonard Clark, Springfield, . . . . .	“ “ “ 1894
Harvey D. Bagg, West Springfield, . . . . .	“ “ January, 1896
<i>Special Commissioners</i> —	
William H. Brainard, Palmer, . . . . .	Term expires January, 1896

*Commissioners of Insolvency*—William P. Hayes, Springfield; Henry B. Lewis, Westfield; Robert A. Knight, Springfield.

*Masters in Chancery*—

Henry W. Bosworth, Springfield, . . . . .	Term expires April, 1895
Allen Webster, Springfield, . . . . .	“ “ December, 1897

## HAMPSHIRE COUNTY—Incorporated 1662.

*Shire Town, NORTHAMPTON.*

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —William G. Bassett, Northampton, . . . . .	\$1,400
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Hubbard M. Abbott, Northampton, . . . . .	1,400
<i>Sheriff</i> —Jairus E. Clark, Northampton, . . . . .	1,000
<i>Clerk of Courts</i> —William H. Clapp, Northampton, . . . . .	2,300
<i>County Treasurer</i> —Lewis Warner, Northampton, . . . . .	800
<i>Register of Deeds</i> —Robert W. Lyman, Belchertown.	
<i>County Commissioners</i> (compensation, \$1,600)—	
Samuel M. Cook, Granby, . . . . .	Term expires December, 1893
Elisha A. Edwards, Southampton, . . . . .	“ “ “ 1894
Willis W. Strong, Northampton, . . . . .	“ “ January, 1896
<i>Special Commissioners</i> —	
Charles E. Blood, Ware, . . . . .	Term expires January, 1896
Charles K. Brewster, Worthington, . . . . .	“ “ “ 1896
<i>Commissioners of Insolvency</i> —Charles S. Shattuck, Hatfield; William B. Kimball, Enfield; Lucius S. Davis, Northampton.	

## MIDDLESEX COUNTY—Incorporated 1643.

*Shire Towns, CAMBRIDGE (EAST) AND LOWELL.*

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Geo. M. Brooks, Concord,	\$4,000
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Samuel H. Folsom, Win- chester,	2,200
<i>Assistant Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —William E. Rog- ers, Wakefield,	2,000
<i>Sheriff</i> —Henry G. Cushing, Lowell,	2,500
<i>Clerk of Courts</i> —Theodore C. Hurd, Winchester,	6,000
<i>Assistant Clerk of Courts</i> —John L. Ambrose, Somerville,	2,600
<i>Second Assistant Clerk of Courts</i> —William C. Dillingham, Malden,	2,500
<i>County Treasurer</i> —Joseph O. Hayden, Somerville,	2,500
<i>Registers of Deeds</i> —Northern District, Joseph P. Thompson, Lowell; Southern District, Charles B. Stevens, Cambridge.	
<i>County Commissioners*</i> (compensation, \$5,400)—	
J. Henry Read, Westford,	Term expires December, 1893
Samuel O. Upham, Waltham,	" " " 1894
Francis Bigelow, Natick,	" " January, 1896
<i>Special Commissioners</i> —	
Edward E. Thompson, Woburn,	Term expires January, 1896
Lyman Dike, Stoneham,	" " " 1896
<i>Commissioners of Insolvency</i> —Frederic T. Greenhalge, Lowell; John Haskell Butler, Somerville; George J. Burns, Ayer.	
<i>Masters in Chancery</i> —	
Walter Adams, Framingham,	Term expires July, 1894
George M. Weed, Newton,	" " June, 1895
Charles H. Conant, Lowell,	" " July, 1896
Gilbert A. A. Pevey, Cambridge,	" " April, 1897
William V. Thompson, Cambridge,	" " August, 1897
<i>Trial Justices</i> —Henry C. Mulligan, Natick; Charles H. Hill, Hudson.	

## NANTUCKET COUNTY—Incorporated 1695.

*Shire Town, NANTUCKET.*

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Thaddeus C. Defriez,	\$600
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Henry Riddell,	600
<i>Sheriff</i> —Josiah F. Barratt,	\$300 and fees

\* The jurisdiction of the County Commissioners of Middlesex extends over Revere and Winthrop, in the County of Suffolk.

## NANTUCKET COUNTY — Concluded.

	Salary.
<i>Clerk of Courts</i> — Josiah F. Murphey, . . . . .	\$600
<i>County Treasurer</i> — Henry Paddock, . . . . .	200
<i>Register of Deeds</i> — Lauriston Bunker, . . . . .	\$300 and fees
<i>Commissioners of Insolvency</i> — Almon T. Mowry, Charles F. Hammond, Mendle Rothenberg.	

*Trial Justices* — Allen Coffin, Fred P. Batchelder.

NOTE. — The Selectmen of the town of Nantucket have the powers and perform the duties of County Commissioners. The Treasurer of the town is also County Treasurer.

## NORFOLK COUNTY — Incorporated 1793.

*Shire Town, DEDHAM.*

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> — George White, Wellesley, .	\$2,500
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> — Jonathan Cobb, Dedham,	1,500
<i>Sheriff</i> — Augustus B. Endicott, Dedham, . . . . .	1,200
<i>Clerk of Courts</i> — Erastus Worthington, Dedham, . . . . .	2,800
<i>County Treasurer</i> — Charles H. Smith, Dedham, . . . . .	1,800
<i>Register of Deeds</i> — John H. Burdakin, Dedham.	
<i>County Commissioners</i> (compensation, \$4,200) —	

George W. Wiggin, Franklin, . . . Term expires December, 1893

Melville P. Morrell, Hyde Park, . . . " " " 1894

John Q. A. Lothrop, Cohasset, . . . " " January, 1896

*Special Commissioners* —

Everett J. Eaton, Needham, . . . Term expires January, 1896

Silas A. Stone, Sharon, . . . " " " 1896

*Commissioners of Insolvency* — George W. Wiggin, Franklin; Emery Grover, Needham; Robert W. Carpenter, Foxborough.

*Masters in Chancery* —

Erastus Worthington, Dedham, . . . Term expires August, 1893

James E. Tirrell, Quincy, . . . " " December, 1893

Henry B. Terry, Hyde Park, . . . " " March, 1897

*Trial Justices* — Emery Grover, Needham; Samuel Warner, Wrentham; Thomas H. Wakefield, Dedham; Thomas E. Grover, Canton; Henry B. Terry, Hyde Park; John C. Lane, Norwood; Nathan A. Cook and Rufus G. Fairbanks, Bellingham; C. Everett Washburn, Wellesley Hills; Henry H. Gallison, Franklin; Charles R. Darling, Walpole.

## PLYMOUTH COUNTY — Incorporated 1685.

*Shire Town, PLYMOUTH.*

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> — Benjamin W. Harris, East Bridgewater, . . . . .	\$2,000
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> — John C. Sullivan, Middleborough, . . . . .	1,500
<i>Sheriff</i> — Alpheus K. Harmon, Plymouth, . . . . .	900
<i>Clerk of Courts</i> — Edward E. Hobart, Plymouth, . . . . .	2,000
<i>County Treasurer</i> — Albert Davis, Whitman, . . . . .	1,200
<i>Register of Deeds</i> — William S. Danforth, Plymouth.	
<i>County Commissioners</i> (compensation, \$2,700) —	
William Rankin, Brockton, . . . . . Term expires December, 1893	
Jedediah Dwelle, Hanover, . . . . . " " "	1894
Walter H. Faunce, Kingston, . . . . . " " January, 1896	
<i>Special Commissioners</i> —	
Charles W. S. Seymour, Hingham, . . . . . Term expires January, 1896	
Andrew J. Pickens, Middleborough, " " " " 1896	
<i>Commissioners of Insolvency</i> — Frederick M. Bixby, Brockton; George W. Stetson, Lakeville; Frank E. Sweet, Bridgewater.	
<i>Masters in Chancery</i> —	
Chester M. Perry, Rockland, . . . . . Term expires January, 1894	
Joseph O. Burdett, Hingham, . . . . . " May, 1895	
Hamilton L. Gibbs, Brockton, . . . . . " July, 1896	

## SUFFOLK COUNTY — Incorporated 1643.

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> — John W. McKim, Boston, . . . . .	\$5,000
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> — Elijah George, Boston, . . . . .	3,000
<i>Assistant Register</i> — John H. Paine, Boston, . . . . .	2,800
<i>Sheriff</i> — John B. O'Brien, Boston, . . . . .	3,000
<i>Clerk of Supreme Judicial Court</i> — John Noble, Boston, . . . . .	6,500
<i>Assistant Clerk of Supreme Judicial Court</i> — Clarence H. Cooper, Boston, . . . . .	2,500
<i>Clerk of Superior Court (Civil Session)</i> — Joseph A. Willard, Boston, . . . . .	6,500
<i>Clerk of Superior Court (Criminal Session)</i> — John P. Manning, Boston, . . . . .	6,000
<i>County Treasurer</i> — Alfred T. Turner, Boston.*	
<i>County Auditor</i> — James H. Dodge, Boston.†	

\* Treasurer of the city of Boston.     † Auditor of the city of Boston.

## SUFFOLK COUNTY—Concluded.

*Register of Deeds*—Thomas F. Temple, Boston.*Commissioners of Insolvency*—Henry Austin, John E. Galvin, Nathaniel G. Robinson, all of Boston.*Masters in Chancery*—

Edward J. Jones, Boston, . . . . .	Term expires May,	1893
Edwin H. Darling, Boston, . . . . .	" " June,	1893
George P. Sanger, Boston, . . . . .	" " "	1893
Charles E. Grinnell, Boston, . . . . .	" " July	1893
David H. Coolidge, Boston, . . . . .	" " January,	1894
Henry W. Bragg, Boston, . . . . .	" " February,	1894
James C. Davis, Boston, . . . . .	" " March,	1894
Henry H. Smith, Hyde Park, . . . . .	" " April,	1896
John H. Sherburne, Boston, . . . . .	" " January,	1897

**NOTE.**—In the city of Boston the Board of Aldermen have all the powers and duties of County Commissioners, except in relation to trials by jury and recovery of damages in such trials, in cases of laying out and discontinuing highways, and appeals from assessors for abatement of taxes.

## WORCESTER COUNTY—Incorporated 1731.

*Shire Towns, Worcester and Fitchburg.*

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —William T. Forbes, Westborough, . . . . .	\$3,000
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Frederic W. Southwick, Worcester, . . . . .	2,000
<i>Sheriff</i> —Robert H. Chamberlain, Worcester, . . . . .	2,500
<i>Clerk of Courts</i> —Theodore S. Johnson, Worcester, . . . . .	5,200
<i>County Treasurer</i> —Edward A. Brown, Worcester, . . . . .	2,200
<i>Registers of Deeds</i> —Worcester District, Harvey B. Wilder, Worcester; Northern District, David Merriam, Fitchburg.	

*County Commissioners* (compensation, \$4,500)—

Henry G. Taft, Uxbridge, . . . . .	Term expires December, 1893
Emerson Stone, Spencer, . . . . .	" " " 1894
George W. Cook, Barre, . . . . .	" " January, 1896

*Special Commissioners*—

Howard M. Lane, Leominster, . . . . .	Term expires January, 1896
S. Augustus Howe, Gardner, . . . . .	" " " 1896

*Commissioners of Insolvency*—Rufus B. Dodge, Jr., Worcester; Andrew J. Bartholemew, Southbridge; Louis E. Denfeld, Westborough; Henry W. Aiken, Millbury.

## WORCESTER COUNTY—Concluded.

*Masters in Chancery—*

George M. Woodward, Worcester, .	Term expires February,	1895
Frederick B. Harlow, Worcester, .	" " July,	1895
Henry E. Hill, Worcester, . . .	" " December,	1896
Edmond A. Evans, . . . .	" " September,	1897
Edward P. Pierce, Fitchburg, . .	" " October,	1897
Charles R. Johnson, Worcester, .	" " December,	1897

*Trial Justices*—Chauncey W. Carter and William E. White, Leominster; Sylvander Bothwell, North Brookfield; Luther Hill, Spencer; John W. Tyler, Warren; Horace W. Bush, West Brookfield; Matthew Walker, Barre; John F. Green, Hardwick; John Mulcahy, Brookfield; Frank B. Spalter, Winchendon.

**BOARD OF AGRICULTURE, 1893.**

[Established by Act of April 21, 1852. See also chap. 20, P. S.]

*Members ex officio.*

His Excellency William E. Russell.

His Honor Roger Wolcott.

Hon. William M. Olin, *Secretary of the Commonwealth.*

Henry H. Goodell, M.A., LL.D., *President Mass. Agricultural College.*

*Members appointed by the Governor and Council.*

James S. Grinnell of Greenfield,	. . . . .	Term expires	1893
Elbridge Cushman of Lakeville,	. . . . .	" "	1894
D. A. Hortou of Northampton,	. . . . .	" "	1895

*Members chosen by the Incorporated Societies.*

Amesbury and Salisbury, F. W. Sargent of Amesbury,	. . . . .	Term expires	1894
Attleborough Agricultural Association, Isaac Alger of Attleborough,	. . . . .	" "	1894
Barnstable County, John Burdley of West Barnstable,	. . . . .	" "	1895
Bay State, J. D. W. French of North Andover,	. . . . .	" "	1896
Berkshire, C. A. Mills of Southborough,	. . . . .	" "	1894
Blackstone Valley, Henry A. Cook of Whitinsville,	. . . . .	" "	1894
Bristol County, N. W. Shaw of North Raynham,	. . . . .	" "	1896
Deerfield Valley, Charles E. Ward of Buckland,	. . . . .	" "	1896
Eastern Hampden, Dr. Wm. Holbrook of Palmer,	. . . . .	" "	1894
Essex, Francis H. Appleton of Peabody (P. O. Lynnfield),	. . . . .	" "	1896
Franklin County, J. C. Newhall of Conway,	. . . . .	" "	1895
Hampden, C. F. Fowler of Westfield,	. . . . .	" "	1894

Hampshire, L. W. West of Hadley, . . . . .	Term expires	1895
Hampshire, Franklin and Hampden, E. C. Clapp of Northampton, . . . . .	"	" 1894
Highland, H. A. Barton, Jr., of Dalton, . . . . .	"	" 1896
Hillside, William Bancroft of Chesterfield, . . . . .	"	" 1896
Hingham, Edmund Hersey of Hingham, . . . . .	"	" 1894
Hoosac Valley, A. J. Bucklin of Adams, . . . . .	"	" 1894
Housatonic, J. H. Rowley of Egremont Plain, . . . . .	"	" 1894
Marshfield, L. S. Richards of Marshfield, . . . . .	"	" 1894
Martha's Vineyard, N. S. Shaler of Cambridge, . . . . .	"	" 1895
Massachusetts, Henry S. Russell of Milton, . . . . .	"	" 1894
Massachusetts Horticultural, E. W. Wood of West Newton, . . . . .	"	" 1894
Middlesex, W. W. Rawson of Arlington, . . . . .	"	" 1894
Middlesex, North, A. C. Varnum of Lowell, . . . . .	"	" 1895
Middlesex, South, Isaac Damon of Wayland (P. O. Cochituate), . . . . .	"	" 1896
Nantucket, Wm. W. McIntosh of Nantucket, . . . . .	"	" 1894
Oxford, John E. Kimball of Oxford, . . . . .	"	" 1895
Plymouth County, Augustus Pratt of North Middleborough, . . . . .	"	" 1896
Spencer, Edward Warren of Leicester, . . . . .	"	" 1895
Union, G. C. Rowley of Blandford, . . . . .	"	" 1895
Weymouth, Q. L. Reed of South Weymouth, . . . . .	"	" 1894
Worcester, C. L. Hartshorn of Worcester, . . . . .	"	" 1896
Worcester, North, Geo. Cruickshanks of Fitch- burg, . . . . .	"	" 1896
Worcester, North-west, William H. Bowker of Boston, . . . . .	"	" 1895
Worcester, South, G. L. Clemence of Southbridge (P. O. Globe Village), . . . . .	"	" 1895
Worcester, County West, E. A. Harwood of North Brookfield, . . . . .	"	" 1896
Worcester, East, W. A. Kilbourn of South Lan- caster, . . . . .	"	" 1894
William R. Sessions, Hampden, <i>Secretary.</i>		
C. A. Goessmann, Ph.D., LL.D., Amherst, <i>Chemist.</i>		
C. H. Fernald, Ph.D., Amherst, <i>Entomologist.</i>		
Office, Commonwealth Building, Boston.		

**BOARD OF EDUCATION.**

[Established by Act of April 20, 1837.]

The Board consists of the Governor and Lieutenant-Governor, *ex officio*, and eight members, one to be appointed annually by the Governor and Council.

Alonzo A. Miner, Boston,	. . . . .	Term expires	1893
Alice Freeman Palmer, Cambridge,	. . . . .	" "	1894
Admiral P. Stone, Springfield,	. . . . .	" "	1895
Kate Gannett Wells, Boston,	. . . . .	" "	1896
Milton B. Whitney, Westfield,	. . . . .	" "	1897
George I. Aldrich, Quincy,	. . . . .	" "	1898
Elmer H. Capen, Somerville,	. . . . .	" "	1899
Elijah B. Stoddard, Worcester,	. . . . .	" "	1900

*John W. Dickinson, Secretary.*

*C. B. Tillinghast, Clerk and Treasurer.*

*George A. Walton, John T. Prince, Andrew W. Edson, G. T. Fletcher, James W. McDonald and Henry T. Bailey, Agents.*  
*Office, State House.*

**STATE NORMAL SCHOOLS.**

The general management of the several State Normal Schools is vested by statute in the Board of Education, and all moneys appropriated for their maintenance are expended under its direction.

**STATE NORMAL SCHOOL AT FRAMINGHAM.**

[Opened at Lexington, July, 1839; transferred to West Newton, September, 1844; removed to Framingham, 1853.]

*Principal*—Miss Ellen Hyde.

[For women.]

**STATE NORMAL SCHOOL AT WESTFIELD.**

[Opened at Barre, September, 1839; suspended, 1841; re-opened at Westfield, September, 1844.]

*Principal*—James C. Greenough.

[For both sexes.]

**STATE NORMAL SCHOOL AT BRIDGEWATER.**

[Opened September, 1840.]

*Principal*—Albert G. Boyden.

[For both sexes.]

## STATE NORMAL SCHOOL AT SALEM.

[Opened September, 1854.]

*Principal* — Daniel B. Hagar.

[For women.]

## STATE NORMAL SCHOOL AT WORCESTER.

[Opened September, 1874.]

*Principal* — E. Harlow Russell.

[For both sexes.]

## STATE NORMAL ART SCHOOL AT BOSTON.

[Opened October, 1873.]

*Principal* — George H. Bartlett.

[For both sexes.]

## BOARD OF LUNACY AND CHARITY.

[Established by Act of April 30, 1879. See also chap. 101, Acts of the year 1886.]

Richard L. Hodgdon, M.D., Arlington,	<i>Chairman,</i>	Term expires	1895
George W. Johnson, Brookfield,	<i>Vice-Chairman,</i>	" "	1893
Henry Stone, Boston,	" . . . . .	" "	1893
Laban Pratt, Boston,	" . . . . .	" "	1894
Anne B. Richardson, Lowell,	" . . . . .	" "	1895
Charles J. Curran, M.D., North Adams,	" . . . .	" "	1896
Edward Hitchcock, M.D., Amherst,	" . . . .	" "	1896
Henrietta C. Codman, Brookline,	" . . . . .	" "	1897
Charles F. Donnelly, Boston,	" . . . . .	" "	1897

John D. Wells, *Clerk of the Board.*S. C. Wrightington, Fall River, *Superintendent of In-door Poor.*Hiram S. Shurtleff, *Superintendent of Out-door Poor.*

Office, State House.

Charles E. Woodbury, M.D., *Inspector of Institutions.*

Office, No. 13 Beacon Street.

## BOARD OF HEALTH.

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[Established by Act of March 24, 1886.]

Henry P. Walcott, M.D., Cambridge, <i>Chairman</i> ,	.	Term expires 1893
Joseph W. Hastings, Warren,	.	" " 1894
Hiram F. Mills, Lawrence,	.	" " 1895
Frank W. Draper, Boston,	.	" " 1896
John M. Raymond, Salem,	.	" " 1897
Morris Schaff, Pittsfield,	.	" " 1898
Elijah U. Jones, M.D., Taunton,	.	" " 1899

Samuel W. Abbott, M.D., *Secretary*.

Office, No. 13 Beacon Street.

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## COMMISSIONERS, ETC.

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### ACCOUNTS OF COUNTY OFFICERS.

*Controller*, Edward P. Loring, Fitchburg, 1893. *Deputy Controllers*, Charles R. Prescott, Malden; James M. Cushman, Taunton. Office, No. 9 Park Street.

### ARBITRATION AND CONCILIATION.

Ezra Davol, Taunton, 1893; Charles H. Walcott, Concord, 1894; Richard P. Barry, Lynn, 1895. Office, No. 13 Beacon Street.

### ARMORIES.

John W. Leighton, Boston; Josiah Pickett, Worcester; Joseph N. Peterson, Salem.

### BOSTON, BOARD OF POLICE OF.

*Chairman*, Albert T. Whiting, Boston, 1895; William M. Osborne, Boston, 1893; William H. Lee, Boston, 1894. *Clerk*, Thomas Ryan, Boston. Office, No. 7 Pemberton Square.

### BOSTON, FIRE MARSHAL OF.

Charles W. Whitcomb, Boston, 1892. Office, No. 5 Pemberton Square.

### BOSTON, PILOTS FOR THE PORT OF.

John C. Ross, Plymouth, 1895; James W. Norcross, Chelsea, 1895. Office, No. 7 Doane Street.

**CATTLE.**

Charles P. Lyman, Boston, 1893; Levi Stockbridge, Amherst, 1894; Maurice O'Connell, Holyoke, 1895.

**CIVIL SERVICE.**

*Chairman*, Charles Theodore Russell, Jr., 1894; Arthur Lord, Plymouth, 1893; Edward P. Wilbur, Boston, 1895. *Chief Examiner*, Henry Sherwin. *Clerk*, Warren P. Dudley. Office, No. 5 Pemberton Square.

**CORPORATIONS.**

Charles Endicott, Canton. Office, State House.

**DENTISTRY, BOARD OF REGISTRATION IN.**

Thomas J. Barrett, Worcester, 1893; John F. Dowsley, Boston, 1894; George E. Mitchell, Haverhill, 1894; Eugene V. McLeod, New Bedford, 1895; J. Searle Hurlbut, Springfield, 1895. Office, No. 13 Beacon Street.

**FISH, INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF.**

Austin B. Bray, Gloucester, 1895.

**FOREIGN MORTGAGE CORPORATIONS.**

James Russell Reed, Burlington, 1895. Office, No. 68 Devonshire Street.

**GAS AND ELECTRIC LIGHT.**

*Chairman*, James W. McDonald, Marlborough, 1894; Charles A. Towne, Orange, 1893; Forrest E. Barker, Worcester, 1895. *Clerk*, Jeremiah T. Leary, Boston. Office, No. 13 Beacon Street.

**GAS AND GAS METERS, INSPECTOR OF.**

Charles W. Hinman, Boston, 1894. *Assistant Inspector*, Charles D. Jenkins, Boston, 1894. Office, No. 32 Hawley Street.

**HARBOR AND LAND.**

*Chairman*, Henry W. Swift, Boston, 1894; Charles H. Howland, Plymouth, 1893; John I. Baker, Beverly, 1895. Office, Commonwealth Building.

**HIGHWAYS.**

George A. Perkins, Cambridge, 1893; William E. McClintock, Chelsea, 1893; Nathaniel S. Shaler, Cambridge, 1893.

**INLAND FISHERIES AND GAME.**

Isaiah C. Young, Wellfleet, 1894; Edward A. Brackett, Winchester, 1894; Edward H. Lathrop, Springfield, 1894.

**INSURANCE.**

George S. Merrill, Lawrence, 1893. *Deputy*, William S. Smith. Office, Commonwealth Building.

## LABOR STATISTICS, BUREAU OF.

*Chief*, Horace G. Wadlin, Reading, 1893. *1st Clerk*, Charles F. Pidgin. *2d Clerk*, Frank H. Drown. Office, No. 20 Beacon Street.

## LIQUORS, STATE ASSAYER OF.

Stephen P. Sharples, Cambridge, 1893. Office, No. 13 Broad Street.

## LUMBER, SURVEYOR-GENERAL OF.

John W. Wiggin, Boston, 1893. Office, No. 4 Liberty Square, Boston.

## METROPOLITAN PARK.

Charles Francis Adams, Quincy, 1893; William B. de Las Casas, Malden, 1893; Philip A. Chase, Lynn, 1893.

## METROPOLITAN SEWERAGE.

Hosea Kingman, Bridgewater, 1893; Tilly Haynes, Boston, 1894; Harvey N. Collison, Boston, 1895. *Clerk*, Edward P. Fiske, Boston.

## MILITARY AND NAVAL HISTORIAN.

Thomas W. Higginson, Cambridge.

## NAUTICAL TRAINING SCHOOL.

Wm. Henry Lincoln, Brookline, 1893; John C. Soley, Boston, 1894; Thomas B. Fitz, Newton, 1895.

## ORES AND METALS, STATE ASSAYERS OF.

Samuel Dana Hayes, Boston; Stephen P. Sharples, Cambridge; Horace L. Bowker, Boston; W. French Smith, Somerville; Charles R. Fletcher, Boston; Chase Palmer, Lynn; Aaron D. Little, Watertown; Walter U. Barnes, Easton.

## PENSION AGENT.

Joseph B. Parsons, Northampton. Office, No. 29 Pemberton Square.

## PHARMACY, BOARD OF REGISTRATION IN.

Freeman H. Butler, Lowell, 1893; Henry M. Whitney, North Andover, 1894; John Larrabee, Melrose, 1895; John A. Rice, North Adams, 1896; Amos K. Tilden, Boston, 1897. Office, No. 13 Beacon Street.

## PRISONS.

Louis Weissbein, Boston, 1893; Frank W. Jones, Lynn, 1894; Katherine E. Conway, Boston, 1895; William A. Wilde, Malden, 1896; Margaret P. Russell, Boston, 1897. *Secretary*, Frederick G. Pettigrove, Boston. Office, State House.

## PRISONS, GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT OF.

William S. Greene, Fall River. Office, No. 2A Beacon Street.

## PROVINCE LAWS.

Alexander S. Wheeler, William C. Williamson, Boston; Abner C. Goodell, Salem.

## PUBLIC LIBRARIES.

Henry S. Nourse, Lancaster, 1893; Samuel S. Green, Worcester, 1894; C. B. Tillinghast, State Library, Boston, 1895; Anna E. Ticknor, Boston, 1896; Elizabeth P. Sohier, Beverly, 1897.

## PUBLIC RECORDS.

Robert T. Swan, Boston. Office, No. 9 Park Street.

## RAILROADS.

*Chairman*, John E. Sanford, Taunton, 1894; William J. Dale, Jr., North Andover, 1893; Everett A. Stevens, Boston, 1895. *Clerk*, William A. Crafts, Boston. *Supervisor of Railroad Accounts*, Fred E. Jones. *Bridge Engineer*, George F. Swain, Boston. Office, No. 20 Beacon Street.

## SAVINGS BANKS.

*Chairman*, William D. T. Trefry, Marblehead, 1893; Warren E. Locke, Norwood, 1892; Starkes Whiton, Hingham, 1893.

## STATE AID.

John W. Kimball, *Auditor of Accounts*. Samuel Dalton, *Adjutant General*. Charles W. Hastings, *Clerk of Board*. Office, State House.

## STATE HOUSE CONSTRUCTION.

William Endicott, Jr., Boston; Benjamin D. Whitcomb, Boston; John D. Long, Hingham.

## TAX.

Charles Endicott, Canton. Office, State House.

## TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY AND MAP.

Henry L. Whiting, Tisbury; Nathaniel S. Shaler, Cambridge; Desmond FitzGerald, Brookline. Office, Commonwealth Building.

## WORLD'S FAIR MANAGERS, BOARD OF, OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Alice Freeman Palmer, Cambridge; Anna L. Dawes, Pittsfield; Edward Burnett, Southborough; E. Clarence Illovey, Brookline (*Secretary*); Francis A. Water, Boston.

## WRECKS AND SHIPWRECKED GOODS.

William Jernegan, Nantucket; Edward W. Chadwick, Edgartown; Thomas A. Hopkins, Orleans; Wendell L. Hinckley, Yarmouth; Horace E. Baker, Marshfield.

## ROSTER OF DISTRICT POLICE FORCE.

CHIEF OF THE DISTRICT POLICE, RUFUS R. WADE.

JAMES P. CAMPBELL, *Clerk.*      J. W. HOITT, *Assistant Clerk.*CENTRAL OFFICE: *Commonwealth Building, Boston.*

[See chapters 113 and 389, and section 13, chapter 426 of the Acts of 1888, and chapters 302 and 357 of the Acts of 1891.]

NAMES.	DISTRICT ASSIGNED.	RESIDENCE.
John T. White,* . .	Northern, . . .	Arlington.
James C. Murray,* . .	Northern, . . .	Boston.
Josiah A. Bean,† . .	Northern, . . .	Natick.
Jophanus H. Whitney,† .	Northern, . . .	Medford.
John F. Murphy,* . .	Northern, . . .	Lowell.
Joseph A. Moore,* . .	Suffolk County, .	Boston.
Edwin Y. Brown,* . .	Suffolk County, .	Boston.
Isaac S. Mullen,* . .	Suffolk County, .	Boston.
Joseph Halstrick,* . .	Suffolk County, .	Boston.
Frederick A. Rhoades,† .	Suffolk County, .	Malden.
Henry J. Bardwell,* .	Suffolk County, .	Boston.
Samuel C. Hunt,* . .	Eastern, . . .	Salem.
Joseph E. Shaw,† . .	Eastern, . . .	Lynn.
Moulton Batchelder,† .	Eastern, . . .	Lawrence.
John J. Sheehan,* . .	Eastern, . . .	Salem.
Ansel J. Cheney,* . .	Eastern, . . .	Beverly.
Paul Ha nagan,* . .	South-eastern, .	Lawrence.
George C. Pratt,† . .	South-eastern, .	North Abington.
John F. Tierney,* . .	Southern, . . .	Fall River.
Henry A. Dexter,* . .	Southern, . . .	Fall River.
George F. Seaver,† . .	Southern, . . .	Taunton.
Joseph M. Dyson,* . .	Middle, . . .	Worcester.
Henry Splaine,* . .	Middle, . . .	Boston.
Peleg F. Murray,† . .	Middle, . . .	Worcester.
Warren S. Buxton,* . .	Western, . . .	Springfield.
John L. Knight,* . .	Western, . . .	Springfield.
Moses H. Pease,† . .	Western, . . .	Lee.
Benson Munyan,† . .	North-western, .	Northampton.
James R. Howes,* . .	Berkshire and Franklin Counties, .	Holyoke.
Frederick W. Merriam,* .	Berkshire and Franklin Counties, .	
Lewis F. F. Abbott,* .	Eastern, . . .	North Adams.
William H. Proctor,† .	Special duty, . .	Haverhill.
John E. Griffin,* . .	Special duty, . .	Swampscott.
John H. Plunkett,* . .	Special duty, . .	Boston.
Fanny B. Ames,* . .	Special duty, . .	Boston.
Mary E. Halley,* . .	Special duty, . .	Lawrence.

Storehouse of the Chief of the District Police, 65 Bowdoin St., Boston.  
Clerk of Storehouse, BELLE C. DAVIS.

\* Inspector.      † Detective.      ‡ Inspector Inland Fisheries.

**MEDICAL EXAMINERS.**

[Appointed under Chapter 26 of Public Statutes.]

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**BARNSTABLE COUNTY.**

No. 1.—Harwich, Dennis, Yarmouth, Brewster, Chatham, Orleans and Eastham, . . . . .	{ George N. Munsell, Harwich.
No. 2.—Barnstable, Bourne, Sandwich, Mashpee and Falmouth, . . . . .	{ George W. Kelley, Barustable.
No. 3.—Provincetown, Truro and Wellfleet, . . . . .	{ William S. Birge, Provincetown.

**BERKSHIRE COUNTY.**

No. 1.—Williamstown, Clarksburg, Adams, North Adams, Florida, Savoy, New Ashford and Cheshire, . . . . .	{ Orland J. Brown, North Adams.
No. 2.—Lanesborough, Windsor, Pittsfield, Dalton, Hinsdale, Peru and Hancock, . . . . .	{ Frank K. Paddock, Pittsfield.
No. 3.—Richmond, Lenox, Washington, Becket, Lee, Stockbridge, Tyringham and Otis, . . . . .	{ Charles C. Holcombe, Lee.
No. 4.—West Stockbridge, Alford, Great Barrington, Monterey, Sandisfield, New Marlborough, Sheffield, Egremont and Mount Washington, . . . . .	{ Whitmell P. Small, Great Barrington.

**BRISTOL COUNTY.**

No. 1.—Attleborough, Seekonk, Norton, Mansfield and Rehoboth, . . . . .	{ Charles S. Holden, Attleborough.
No. 2.—Taunton, Raynham, Easton, Berkley and Dighton, . . . . .	{ Silas D. Presbrey, Taunton.
No. 3.—Fall River, Somerset, Swansey, Freetown and Westport, . . . . .	{ William A. Dolan, Fall River.
No. 4.—New Bedford, Dartmouth, Fairhaven and Acushnet, . . . . .	{ Garry de N. Hough, New Bedford.

## DUKES COUNTY.

No. 1.— Edgartown and Cottage City, . . . .	Thomas J. Walker, Edgartown.
No. 2.— Tisbury and Gosnold, . . . .	William Leach, Tisbury.
No. 3.— Chilmark and Gay Head, . . . .	Vacancy.

## ESSEX COUNTY.

No. 1.— Gloucester and Rockport, . . . .	Sumner F. Quimby, Gloucester.
No. 2.— Ipswich, Rowley, Hamilton and Essex, . . . .	William E. Tucker, Ipswich.
No. 3.— Newburyport, Newbury, West Newbury, Amesbury and Salisbury, . . . .	George W. Snow, Newburyport.
No. 4.— Haverhill, Bradford and Merrimac, . . . .	John F. Croston, Haverhill.
No. 5.— Lawrence, Methuen, Andover and North Andover, . . . .	Octavius T. Howe, Lawrence.
No. 6.— Georgetown, Boxford, Topsfield and Groveland, . . . .	Richmond B. Root, Georgetown.
No. 7.— Beverly, Wenham and Manchester, . . . .	Charles W. Haddock, Beverly.
No. 8.— Peabody, Danvers, Middleton and Lynnfield, . . . .	George S. Osborne, Peabody.
No. 9.— Lynn, Saugus, Nahant and Swampscott, . . . .	Joseph G. Pinkham, Lynn.
No. 10.— Salem and Marblehead, . . . .	Charles A. Carleton, Salem.

## FRANKLIN COUNTY.

Eastern District.— Bernardston, Erving, Gill, Greenfield, Leverett, Montague, Northfield, Shutesbury and Sun- derland, . . . .	Erastus C. Coy, Montague.
Northern District.— Orange, Warwick, New Salem and Wendell, . . . .	Walter M. Wright, Orange.
Western District.— Ashland, Buckland, Charlemont, Colrain, Conway, Deerfield, Hawley, Heath, Leyden, Monroe, Rowe, Shelburne and Whately, . . . .	Francis J. Canedy, Shelburne.

## HAMPDEN COUNTY.

No. 1.— Brimfield, Holland, Palmer, Monson and Wales, . . . .	William Holbrook, Palmer.
No. 2.— Springfield, Agawam, Chicopee, Longmeadow, Ludlow, West Springfield, Wilbraham and Hampden, . . . .	Theodore F. Breck, Springfield.

## HAMPDEN COUNTY—Concluded.

No. 3.—Holyoke, . . . . . } Lyman M. Tuttle,  
Holyoke.

No. 4.—Blandford, Chester, Granville, Mont- } James A. Shepard,  
gomery, Russell, Southwick, Tol- } Westfield.  
land and Westfield, . . . . .

## HAMPSHIRE COUNTY.

No. 1.—Chesterfield, Cummington, Goshen, Hatfield, Northampton, Plainfield } Christopher Seymour,  
and Williamsburg, . . . . . } Northampton.

No. 2.—Easthampton, Huntington, Middle- } Joseph W. Winslow,  
field, Southampton, Westhampton } Easthampton.  
and Worthington, . . . . .

No. 3.—Amherst, Granby, Hadley, Pelham } Dyer B. N. Fish,  
and South Hadley, . . . . . } Amherst.

No. 4.—Belchertown, Enfield, Greenwich, } David W. Miner,  
Prescott and Ware, . . . . . } Ware.

## MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

No. 1.—Cambridge, Belmont and Arlington, } William D. Swan,  
Cambridge.

No. 2.—Malden, Medford, Somerville and } Thomas M. Durell,  
Everett, . . . . . } Somerville.

No. 3.—Melrose, Stoneham, Wakefield, Wil- } Ernest L. Jack,  
mington, Reading and North Read- } Melrose.  
ing, . . . . .

No. 4.—Woburn, Winchester, Lexington and } Daniel March, Jr.,  
Burlington, . . . . . } Winchester.

No. 5.—Lowell, Dracut, Tewksbury, Bil- } John C. Irish,  
lerica, Chelmsford and Tyngsbor- } Lowell.  
ough, . . . . .

No. 6.—Concord, Carlisle, Bedford, Lincoln, } George E. Titcomb,  
Littleton, Acton and Boxborough, } Concord.

No. 7.—Newton, Watertown, Waltham and } Julian A. Mead,  
Weston, . . . . . } Watertown.

No. 8.—Framingham, Wayland, Natick, } Zabdiel B. Adams,  
Sherborn, Holliston, Hopkinton } Framingham.  
and Ashland, . . . . .

No. 9.—Marlborough, Hudson, Maynard, } Eugene G. Hoitt,  
Stow and Sudbury, . . . . . } Marlborough.

No. 10.—Ayer, Groton, Westford, Dunstable, } Benjamin H. Hartwell,  
Pepperell, Shirley, Townsend and } Ayer.  
Ashby, . . . . .

## NANTUCKET COUNTY.

One District, . . . . . } John S. Grouard,  
Nantucket.

## NORFOLK COUNTY.

No. 1.—Dedham, Needham, Norwood and Dover, . . . . .	{ Andrew H. Hodgdon, Dedham.
No. 2.—Hyde Park and Milton, . . . . .	{ Charles Sturtevant, Hyde Park.
No. 3.—Quincy and Randolph, . . . . .	{ John H. Gilbert, Quincy.
No. 4.—Weymouth, Braintree and Holbrook, . . . . .	{ Charles C. Tower, South Weymouth.
No. 5.—Stoughton, Canton, Walpole and Sharon, . . . . .	{ Alexander R. Holmes, Canton.
No. 6.—Franklin, Foxborough and Wrentham, . . . . .	{ J. Cushing Gal- lison, Franklin.
No. 7.—Medway, Medfield, Norfolk and Bel-lingham, . . . . .	{ Charles A. Bemis, Medway.
No. 8.—Brookline, . . . . .	{ Harry M. Cutts, Brookline.
No. 9.—Cohasset, . . . . .	{ Oliver H. Howe, Cohasset.

## PLYMOUTH COUNTY.

No. 1.—Brockton, West Bridgewater, East Bridgewater, Bridgewater and Whitman, . . . . .	{ A. Elliot Paine, Brockton.
No. 2.—Abington, Rockland, Hanover, Hanson, Norwell and Pembroke, . . . . .	{ Henry W. Dudley, Abington.
No. 3.—Plymouth, Halifax, Kingston, Plympton and Duxbury, . . . . .	{ Edgar D. Hill, Plymouth.
No. 4.—Middleborough, Wareham, Mattapoisett, Carver, Rochester, Lakeville and Marion, . . . . .	{ George L. Ellis, Middleborough.
No. 5.—Hingham, Hull, Scituate and Marshfield, . . . . .	{ J. Winthrop Spooner, Hingham.

## SUFFOLK COUNTY.

Boston, Chelsea, Revere and Winthrop, . . . . .	{ Frank W. Draper, Boston. Francis A. Harris, Boston. George Stedman ( <i>Associate</i> ), Boston.
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## WORCESTER COUNTY.

No. 1.—Athol, Petersham, Philipston and Royalston, . . . . . } James Oliver, Athol.

No. 2.—Gardner, Templeton and Winchendon, . . . . . } Edward A. Sawyer, Gardner.

No. 3.—Ashburnham, Leominster, Lunenburg, Princeton, Westminster and Fitchburg, . . . . . } John D. Kiely, Fitchburg.

No. 4.—Berlin, Bolton, Clinton, Harvard, Lancaster and Sterling, . . . . . } Thomas H. O'Connor, Clinton.

No. 5.—Grafton, Northborrough, Southborough and Westborrough, . . . . . } Henry A. Jewett, Northborrough.

No. 6.—Mendon, Milford and Upton, . . . . . } William J. Clark, Milford.

No. 7.—Blackstone, Douglas, Northbridge and Uxbridge, . . . . . } George E. Bullard, Blackstone.

No. 8.—Charlton, Dudley, Oxford, Southbridge, Sturbridge and Webster, . . . . . } Cary C. Bradford, Southbridge.

No. 9.—Brookfield, North Brookfield, Spencer, Warren and West Brookfield, . . . . . } David W. Hodgkins, Brookfield.

No. 10.—Barre, Dana, Hubbardston, Hardwick, New Braintree, Oakham and Rutland, . . . . . } Elihu L. Sawyer, Barre.

No. 11.—Auburn, Boylston, Holden, Leicester, Millbury, Paxton, Shrewsbury, Sutton, West Boylston and Worcester, . . . . . } Patrick Henry Keefe, Worcester.

**STATE INSTITUTIONS.****LUNATIC HOSPITALS.**

The government of each is vested in a board of seven Trustees, five of whom shall be men and two of whom shall be women, one to be appointed annually by the Governor and Council, and the place of the senior member, as arranged in the following order, to be vacated each year:—

**WORCESTER.**

Thomas H. Gage, Worcester,	Francis C. Lowell, Boston, 1896.
1893.	Mrs. Ellen S. Hale, Boston, 1897.
Henry S. Nourse, Lancaster,	Miss Frances M. Lincoln, Worcester, 1898.
1894.	Augustus G. Bullock, Worcester,
Rockwood Hoar, Worcester,	1899.
1895.	

*Superintendent*—Hosea M. Quinby, M.D.

[The Worcester Insane Asylum, Hosea M. Quinby, M.D., Superintendent, is also under charge of above Trustees.]

**TAUNTON.**

Henry R. Stedman, Boston, 1893.	Mrs. Ruth S. Murray, New Bedford, 1897.
William C. Lovering, Taunton, 1894.	Mrs. Susan E. Learoyd, Taunton, 1898.
Simeon Borden, Fall River, 1895.	Oakes A. Ames, Easton, 1899.
John J. Russell, Plymouth, 1896.	

*Superintendent*—John P. Brown, M.D.

**NORTHAMPTON.**

Henry W. Taft, Pittsfield, 1893.	Mrs. Sarah T. Woodworth, Chicopee, 1897.
Lyman D. James, Williamsburg, 1894.	Mrs. Sarah M. Butler, Northampton, 1898.
Elisha Morgan, Springfield, 1895.	
Alvan Barrus, Goshen, 1896.	Adams C. Deane, Greenfield, 1899.

*Superintendent*—Edward B. Nims, M.D.

**DANVERS.**

*John S. Colby, Lowell, 1893.*

*Harriet R. Lee, Salem, 1894.*

*Solon Bancroft, Reading, 1895.*

*Samuel W. Hopkinson, Bradford, 1896.*

*Superintendent — Charles W. Page, M.D.*

*Orville F. Rogers, Boston, 1897.*

*Miss Florence Lyman, Boston, 1898.*

*William B. Sullivan, Danvers, 1899.*

**WESTBOROUGH INSANE HOSPITAL.**

*Eliza C. Durfee, Fall River, 1893.*

*Martin Green, Worcester, 1893.*

*Charles R. Codman, Barnstable, 1894.*

*Francis A. Dewson, Newton, 1895.*

*Mrs. Emily Talbot, Boston, 1896.*

*Archibald H. Grimké, Hyde Park, 1896.*

*George B. Richmond, New Bedford, 1897.*

*Superintendent — George S. Adams, M.D.*

**STATE PRIMARY AND REFORM SCHOOLS.**

*Mrs. Elizabeth G. Evans, Boston, 1893.*

*Melvin H. Walker, Westborough, 1894.*

*Henry C. Greeley, Clinton, 1895.  
Elizabeth C. Putnam, Boston, 1895.*

*Charles P. Worcester, Newton, 1896.*

*Samuel W. McDaniel, Cambridge, 1896.*

*Michael J. Sullivan, Chicopee, 1897.*

[This Board of Trustees was established by sect. 8, chap. 291, Acts of 1879, and they have charge of the government of the Lyman School at Westborough, the Industrial School for Girls at Lancaster, and the State Primary School at Monson.]

**LYMAN SCHOOL FOR BOYS AT WESTBOROUGH.**

*Superintendent — Theodore F. Chapin.*

*Physician — F. E. Corey, M.D.*

**STATE INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AT LANCASTER.**

*Superintendent — Mrs. Luann L. Brackett.*

*Physician — Mrs. Mary V. O'Callaghan, M.D.*

**STATE PRIMARY SCHOOL AT MONSON.**

*Superintendent — Walter A. Wheeler.*

*Physician — Elizabeth Gable, M.D.*

HOSPITAL COTTAGES FOR CHILDREN.

AT TEMPLETON.

[By chap. 407 of the Acts of 1892, five Trustees, appointed by the Governor.]

*Trustees*—Jonathan A. Lane, Boston; Merrick Bemis, Worcester; George M. Morse, Clinton; Ellen E. Starr, Spencer; Michael Corcoran, Cambridge.

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MASSACHUSETTS CHARITABLE EYE AND EAR INFIRMARY.

AT BOSTON.

[By chap. 28 of the Resolves of 1872, two Trustees, appointed by the Governor.]

*Trustees*—Willard P. Phillips, Salem; William C. Endicott, Salem.

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MASSACHUSETTS GENERAL HOSPITAL.

AT BOSTON.

[By chap. 46 of the Acts of 1864, four Trustees, appointed by the Governor.]

*Trustees*—Thomas E. Proctor, David P. Kimball, Boston; Frederick L. Ames, Easton; Charles V. Bemis, Medford.

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MASSACHUSETTS HOMEOPATHIC HOSPITAL.

AT BOSTON.

[By chap. 358 of the Acts of 1890, five Trustees, appointed by the Governor.]

*Trustees*—James H. Eaton, Lawrence, J. Louis Rousmaniere, Boston, 1893; Albert C. Burrage, Boston, 1894; Henry Frost, Boston, Erastus T. Colburn, Newton, 1895.

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MASSACHUSETTS HOSPITAL FOR DIPSOMANIACS AND INEBRIATES.

*Trustees*—Anna D. Phillips, Boston, 1893; Francis A. Walker, Boston, 1894; Samuel Carr, Boston, 1895; James J. Minot, Boston, 1896; A. Lawrence Lowell, Boston, 1897.

## MASSACHUSETTS SCHOOL FOR THE FEEBLE-MINDED.

AT SOUTH BOSTON.

[By chap. 162 of the Acts of 1878, six Trustees, appointed by the Governor for the term of three years.]

*Trustees* — William A. Dunn, Elizabeth E. Coolidge, Boston, 1893; Erskine Warden, Waltham, John C. Milne, Fall River, 1894; John S. Damrell, Boston, William W. Swan, Brookline, 1895.

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PERKINS INSTITUTION AND MASSACHUSETTS SCHOOL  
FOR THE BLIND.

AT SOUTH BOSTON.

[By chap. 96 of the Acts of 1864, four Trustees, appointed by the Governor.]

*Trustees* — John S. Dwight, Boston; Edward Brooks, Milton; Thomas F. Temple, Boston; William L. Richardson, Boston.

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## SOLDIERS' HOME IN MASSACHUSETTS.

AT CHELSEA.

[By chap. 282 of the Acts of 1889, three Trustees, appointed by the Governor.]

*Trustees* — William O. Grover, Boston, 1893; Elisha S. Converse, Malden, 1894; Myron P. Walker, Belchertown, 1895.

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## STATE PRISON.

AT BOSTON (CHARLESTOWN DISTRICT).

*Warden* — Henry B. Lovering, Lynn. *Deputy Warden* — Robert L. Huckins. *Clerk* — Thomas H. Haskell. *Physician* — Joseph I. McLaughlin, M.D. *Chaplain* — Rev. John W. F. Barnes.

*Agent for Discharged Convicts* — Daniel Russell. Office, No. 35 Avon Street, Boston.

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## MASSACHUSETTS REFORMATORY.

AT CONCORD (WARNERVILLE P. O.).

*Superintendent* — Joseph F. Scott of Concord. *Deputy Superintendent* — Charles S. Hart. *Physician* — George E. Titcomb, M.D. *Clerk* — Percy W. Allen. *Chaplain* — Rev. W. J. Batt.

## REFORMATORY PRISON FOR WOMEN.

AT SHERBORN (SOUTH FRAMINGHAM P.O.).

*Superintendent* — Ellen C. Johnson, Boston. *Deputy Superintendent* — Frances A. Morton. *Physician* — Frances W. Potter, M.D., Sherborn. *Chaplain* — Ettie L. Lee, Somerville. *Clerk* — Susie P. Brooks.

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## STATE ALMSHOUSE AND STATE FARM.

[Chap. 297, Acts of 1884; chap. 264, Acts of 1887.]

*Trustees of the State Almshouse and State Farm* — J. White Belcher, Randolph, 1893; Lyman A. Belknap, Andover, 1893; Mrs. Anna F. Prescott, Boston, 1893; Mrs. Sarah D. Fiske, Malden, 1894; William T. Carolin, M.D., Lowell, 1895; Weaver Osborn, Fall River, 1895; Jacob H. Hecht, Boston, 1895.

## STATE ALMSHOUSE.

(At Tewksbury.)

*Superintendent and Resident Physician* — Herbert B. Howard, M.D. *Assistant Physicians* — John M. Gile, M.D., Elizabeth Newcomb, M.D. *Clerk* — Hiram P. Dinsmore.

## STATE FARM.

(At Bridgewater.)

*Superintendent* — Hollis M. Blackstone. *Physician* — Charles A. Blake, M.D.

## COLLEGES IN MASSACHUSETTS.

WITH THEIR PRESIDENTS AND TRUSTEES.

## HARVARD COLLEGE.

[Founded 1636.]

## CORPORATION.

CHARLES WILLIAM ELIOT, *President.**Fellows.*

Martin Brimmer.

Frederick L. Ames.

John Quincy Adams.

Henry P. Walcott.

William C. Endicott.

Edward W. Hooper, *Treasurer.*

## BOARD OF OVERSEERS.

*Members ex officio.*Charles W. Eliot, *President of the University.*Edward W. Hooper, *Treasurer of the University.**Elective Members.*

[Term of office expires June, 1893.]

Moses Williams.	Samuel Hoar.
Francis Cabot Lowell.	Robert S. Peabody.
	Arthur T. Lyman.
	[Term of office expires June, 1894.]
William G. Russell.	Charles C. Beaman.
Samuel A. Green.	Augustus Hemenway.
Charles Francis Adams.	
	[Term of office expires June, 1895.]
Andrew P. Peabody.	Edmund Wetmore.
Roger Wolcott.	Robert Bacon.
Leverett Saltonstall.	

## HARVARD COLLEGE — Concluded.

[Term of office expires June, 1896.]

George B. Shattuck. Solomon Lincoln.

Henry W. Torrey. Francis Rawle.

Henry H. Sprague.

[Term of office expires June, 1897.]

Thomas Jefferson Coolidge. Charles J. Bonaparte.

George O. Shattuck. Charles F. Folsom.

Charles R. Codman.

[Term of office expires June, 1898.]

Henry Lee. Stephen M. Weld.

George E. Adams. Moorfield Storey.

James C. Carter.

*Secretary of the Board of Overseers.*

Alexander McKenzie.

## WILLIAMS COLLEGE.

[Chartered 1793.]

CORPORATION.

FRANKLIN CARTER, *President.**Trustees.*

Rev. Robert R. Booth. Rev. Henry Hopkins.

Charles A. Davison. Rev. Washington Gladden.

Derick L. Boardman. James White.

James M. Barker. John E. Bradley.

Rev. William W. Adams. Francis L. Stetson.

Horace E. Scudder. Albert C. Houghton.

Frederick F. Thompson. Justin Kellogg.

Rev. Charles C. Hall.

James White, *Secretary and Treasurer.*

## AMHERST COLLEGE.

[Incorporated Feb. 21, 1825.]

CORPORATION.

MERRILL EDWARDS GATES, *President.**Trustees.*

Edward B. Gillett. John E. Sanford.

Rev. Richard S. Storrs. Henry D. Hyde.

Rev. Edmund K. Alden. John S. Brayton.

## AMHERST COLLEGE—Concluded.

G. Henry Whitcomb.	Herbert B. Adams.
Rev. E. Winchester Donald.	George A. Plimpton.
Rev. Charles M. Lamson.	Rev. William Hayes Ward.
Rev. Michael Burnham.	D. Willis James.
John W. Burgess.	Rev. Charles H. Parkhurst.

Wm. A. Dickinson, *Treasurer.*

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## COLLEGE OF THE HOLY CROSS.

(Worcester.)

[Founded 1843. Incorporated March 24, 1865.]

Rev. MICHAEL A. O'KANE, S. J., *President.*  
Rev. JOHN B. MULLALY, S. J., *Vice-President.*

*Board of Trustees.*

Rev. Michael A. O'Kane, S. J., <i>President.</i>	Rev. Charles C. Jones, S. J.
Rev. John B. Mullaly, S. J., <i>Vice-President and Treasurer.</i>	
Rev. James B. Becker, S. J., <i>Secretary.</i>	
Rev. Hugh D. Langlois, S. J.	Rev. Charles C. Jones, S. J.
Rev. Thomas F. McLoughlin, S. J.	Rev. Aloysius P. Brosnan, S. J.

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## TUFTS COLLEGE.

[Incorporated March 20, 1850.]

Rev. ELMER H. CAPEN, *President.*

*Trustees.*

John D. W. Joy, *President.*

Rev. Alonzo A. Miner.	Rev. Henry W. Rugg.
Rev. Lucius R. Paige.	Rev. J. Coleman Adams.
Timothy T. Sawyer.	Charles Whittier.
Newton Talbot.	Byron Groce.
Rev. Elmer H. Capen.	Arthur E. Dennison.
Charles G. Pope.	Henry D. Williams.
William H. Finney.	Joseph Davis.
Charles S. Fobes.	Thomas G. Frothingham.
Hosea M. Knowlton.	William Oscar Cornell.
Thomas H. Armstrong.	William B. Bement.

## TUFTS COLLEGE—Concluded.

Hosea W. Parker.	William W. Spaulding.
William D. Washburn.	David Cummings.
Walter E. Parker.	Frederick S. Pearson.
Henry B. Metcalf.	

Henry B. Metcalf, *Vice-President.*  
 Thomas H. Armstrong, *Secretary.*  
 Newton Talbot, *Treasurer.*

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## MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY.

[Incorporated April 10, 1861.]

## MEMBERS OF THE CORPORATION.

FRANCIS A. WALKER, *President.*  
 GEORGE WIGGLESWORTH, *Treasurer.*  
 FRANCIS H. WILLIAMS, *Secretary.*

John D. Runkle.	Henry Saltonstall.
Alexander H. Rice.	Henry L. Pierce.
Frederic W. Lincoln.	Hiram F. Mills.
William Endicott, Jr.	Percival Lowell.
John Cummings.	Arthur T. Lyman.
Thomas T. Bouvé.	Frederick L. Ames.
Augustus Lowell.	Charles Merriam.
Howard A. Carson.	Arthur Rotch.
Charles J. Paine.	Thornton K. Lothrop.
Charles Fairchild.	Charles C. Jackson.
David R. Whitney.	Samuel M. Felton.
Lewis William Tappan, Jr.	Francis A. Waterhouse.
Henry D. Hyde.	Desmond Fitzgerald.
Alexander S. Wheeler.	Samuel Cabot.
Benjamin P. Cheney.	Francis Blake.
James P. Tolman.	Charles W. Hubbard.
Howard Stockton.	James M. Crafts.
Elliot C. Clarke.	Jacob A. Dresser.
Nathaniel Thayer.	Thomas L. Livermore.
Charles F. Choate.	A. Lawrence Rotch.

*On the part of the Commonwealth.*

His Excellency Governor WILLIAM E. RUSSELL.

Hon. Walbridge A. Field, *Chief Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court.*  
 Hon. John W. Dickinson, *Secretary of the Board of Education.*

## BOSTON COLLEGE.

[Incorporated April 1, 1863.]

Rev. EDWARD I. DEVITT, S. J., *President.*Rev. EDWARD A. MCGURK, S. J., *Vice-President and Treasurer.**Trustees.*Rev. Alphonse Charlier, S. J., *Secretary.*

Rev. William H. Duncan, S. J. James Dwyer.

Timothy Fealey.

## MASSACHUSETTS AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

[Incorporated April 29, 1863.]

HENRY H. GOODELL, *President.**Trustees.*

[Term of office expires Jan. 1, 1894.]

Francis H. Appleton. William Wheeler.

[Term of office expires Jan. 1, 1895.]

Elijah W. Wood. Charles A. Gleason.

[Term of office expires Jan. 1, 1896.]

Daniel Needham. James Draper.

[Term of office expires Jan. 1, 1897.]

Henry S. Hyde. Merritt I. Wheeler.

[Term of office expires Jan. 1, 1898.]

James S. Grinnell. Joseph A. Harwood.

[Term of office expires Jan. 1, 1899.]

William H. Bowker. John D. W. French.

[Term of office expires Jan. 1, 1900.]

Elmer D. Howe. J. Howe Demond.

*Trustees ex officio.*His Excellency Governor William E. Russell, *President of the Corporation.*Henry H. Goodell, *President of the College.*John W. Dickinson, *Secretary of the Board of Education.*William R. Sessions, *Secretary of the Board of Agriculture.*

## BOSTON UNIVERSITY.

[Incorporated May 26, 1869.]

Office, No. 12 Somerset Street.

## CORPORATION.

**WILLIAM CLAFLIN, President.****ALDEN SPEARE, Vice-President.****WILLIAM R. CLARK, Secretary.****RICHARD W. HUSTED, Treasurer.****WILLIAM F. WARREN, Member *ex officio*.**

James F. Almy.	Luman T. Jefts.
W. N. Brodbeck.	Edwin H. Johnson.
Joseph H. Chadwick.	Pliny Nickerson.
Mary B. Clafin.	Willard T. Perrin.
William Clafin.	John D. Pickles.
William R. Clark.	William E. Russell.
Edward H. Dunn.	Sarah E. Sherman.
Oliver H. Durrell.	Alden Speare.
John D. Flint.	Daniel Steele.
R. S. Foster.	Geo. M. Steele.
William O. Grover.	Marion Talbot.
J. W. Hamilton.	John H. Twombly.
H. O. Houghton.	Chester C. Corbin.
Richard W. Husted.	

## WELLESLEY COLLEGE.

[Incorporated March 17, 1870.]

**HELEN A. SHAFER, President.**

## CORPORATION.

*Board of Trustees.***Nathaniel G. Clark, President of the Board.****William Clafin, Vice-President.****Pauline A. Durant, Secretary and Treasurer.**

William F. Warren.	Mary B. Clafin.
Alvah Hovey.	Rufus S. Frost.
Elisha S. Converse.	Amos W. Stetson.

## WELLESLEY COLLEGE — Concluded.

Martha W. Wilkinson.	Lilian Horsford.
Hannah B. Goodwin.	Alice Freeman Palmer.
William S. Houghton.	Horace E. Scudder.
William H. Willcox.	Marion Pelton Guild.
Dwight L. Moody.	Phillips Brooks.
Alexander McKenzie.	Edwin Hale Abbot.
Eustace C. Fitz.	Helen A. Shafer.

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## SMITH COLLEGE.

(Northampton.)

[Incorporated March 3, 1871.]

Rev. L. CLARK SEELYE, *President.**Trustees.*

Rev. John M. Green.	A. Lyman Williston.
Rev. William S. Tyler.	Rev. Robert M. Woods.
Rev. Julius H. Seelye.	Rodney Wallace.
Rev. Edwards A. Park.	Mrs. Charlotte Cheever Tucker.
Birdsey Northrop.	Mrs. Kate Morris Cone.
Edward B. Gillett.	Miss Anna L. Dawes.

Charles N. Clark, *Treasurer.*

## CLARK UNIVERSITY.

[Incorporated March 31, 1887.]

## CORPORATION.

G. STANLEY HALL, *President.**Board of Trustees.*

Jonas G. Clark, <i>President of the Board.</i>	John D. Washburn.
Stephen Salisbury, <i>Treasurer.</i>	George Swan.
George F. Hoar, <i>Vice-President.</i>	
William W. Rice, <i>Vice-President.</i>	
Frank P. Goulding, <i>Secretary.</i>	
Thomas H. Gage.	
Edward Cowles.	

CITIES AND TOWNS IN MASSACHUSETTS,  
WITH THE  
POST-OFFICES THEREIN.

(Corrected to Jan. 1, 1893.)

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
<i>Abington</i> , .	{ Abington. North Abington. South Abington.	<i>Athol</i> , .	{ Athol. Athol Centre. South Athol.
<i>Acton</i> , .	{ Acton. North Acton. East Acton. South Acton. West Acton.	<i>Attleborough</i> ,	{ Attleborough. S. Attleborough. Oldtown. Hebronville. Dodgeville. Briggs' Corner. Adamsdale.
<i>Acushnet</i> , .	{ Acushnet. Long Plain.	<i>Auburn</i> , .	{ Auburn. West Auburn.
<i>Adams</i> , .	{ Adams. Zylonite.	<i>Avon</i> , .	. Avon.
<i>Agawam</i> , .	{ Agawam. Feeding Hills.	<i>Ayer</i> , .	. Ayer.
<i>Alford</i> , .	. Alford.		{ Barnstable. West Barnstable. Centreville. Marston's Mills. Hyannis.
<i>Amesbury</i> , .	{ Amesbury. Salisbury Point.	<i>Barnstable</i> , .	{ South Hyannis. Hyannis Port. Cotuit. Santuit. Osterville. Craigville. Wianno.
<i>Amherst</i> , .	{ Amherst. North Amherst. South Amherst.	<i>Barre</i> , .	{ Barre. Barre Plains. Smithville.
<i>Andover</i> , .	{ Andover. Ballard Vale.	<i>Becket</i> , .	{ Becket. West Becket. Becket Centre.
<i>Arlington</i> , .	{ Arlington. Arlington Heights.	<i>Bedford</i> ,	{ Bedford. Bedford Springs.
<i>Ashburnham</i> ,	{ Ashburnham. N. Ashburnham. S. Ashburnham.	<i>Belchertown</i> ,	{ Belchertown. Dwight.
<i>Ashby</i> , .	. Ashby.		
<i>Ashfield</i> ,	{ Ashfield. South Ashfield. Spruce Corner.		
<i>Ashland</i> ,	. Ashland.		

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
<i>Bellingham,</i>	{ Bellingham. North Bellingham. South Bellingham. Caryville.	<i>Bourne,</i>	{ Bourne. Pocasset. Buzzard's Bay. Bournedale. Monument Beach. Cataumet. Sagamore.
<i>Belmont,</i>	{ Belmont. Waverley.	<i>Boxborough,</i>	West Acton P. O.
<i>Berkley,</i>	{ Berkley. Myricks'.	<i>Boxford,</i>	{ Boxford. East Boxford. West Boxford.
<i>Berlin,</i>	{ Berlin. West Berlin. South Berlin.	<i>Boylston,</i>	{ Boylston. Boylston Centre.
<i>Bernardston,</i>	Bernardston.	<i>Bradford,</i>	{ Bradford. Ward Hill.
<i>Beverly,</i>	{ Beverly. Beverly Farms. Pride's Crossing.	<i>Braintree,</i>	{ Braintree. South Braintree. East Braintree.
<i>Billerica,</i>	{ Billerica. North Billerica. East Billerica. South Billerica.	<i>Brewster,</i>	{ Brewster. North Brewster. East Brewster. South Brewster. West Brewster.
<i>Blackstone,</i>	{ Blackstone. East Blackstone. Millville.	<i>Bridgewater,</i>	{ Bridgewater. Scotland. State Farm.
<i>Blandford,</i>	{ Blandford. North Blandford.	<i>Brimfield,</i>	{ Brimfield. East Brimfield.
<i>Bolton,</i>	Bolton.	<i>Brockton,</i>	{ Brockton. Campello.
<i>Boston,</i>	{ Allston.* Back Bay.* Boston.* South Boston.* East Boston.* Station A.* Roxbury.* West Roxbury.* Jamaica Plain.* Roslindale.* Brighton.* Dorchester.* Mattapan.* Charlestown.* Cambridge.* Cambridgeport.* North Cambridge.* East Cambridge.* Chelsea.* Mount Auburn.* Revere.* Somerville.* Winthrop.* Brookline.*	<i>Brookfield,</i>	{ Brookfield. East Brookfield.
		<i>Brookline,</i>	Brookline.
		<i>Buckland,</i>	Buckland.
		<i>Burlington,</i>	Burlington.
		<i>Cambridge,</i>	{ Cambridge. Cambridgeport. North Cambridge. East Cambridge. Mount Auburn.
		<i>Canton,</i>	{ Canton. Ponkapoag. Canton Junction.

\* Stations supplied by the Boston office.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Carlisle,	Carlisle.	Concord,	Concord. Concord Junction. Westvale.
Carver, .	Carver. North Carver. East Carver. South Carver.	Conway,	Conway.
Charlemont, .	Charlemont. East Charlemont. Zoar.	Cottage City,	Cottage City.
Charlton,	Charlton. Charlton City. Charlton Depot.	Cummington,	Cummington. W. Cummington. Swift River.
Chatham,	Chatham. Chatham Port. North Chatham. South Chatham. West Chatham.	Dalton, .	Dalton.
Chelmsford,	Chelmsford. N. Chelmsford. South Chelmsford. West Chelmsford.	Dana, .	Dana. North Dana.
Chelsea,	Chelsea.	Danvers,	Danvers. Danvers Centre. Danversport. Tapleyville. Asylum Station.
Cheshire,	Cheshire.	Dartmouth,	Dartmouth. North Dartmouth. South Dartmouth. Apponegansett. Nonquitt.
Chester, .	Chester. North Chester. Littleville.	Dedham,	Dedham. Ashcroft. West Dedham. Endicott. Islington. Walnut Hill.
Chesterfield,	Chesterfield. West Chesterfield.	Deerfield,	Deerfield. East Deerfield. South Deerfield. West Deerfield.
Chicopee,	Chicopee. Chicopee Falls. Willimansett.	Dennis, .	Dennis. Dennis Port. East Dennis. South Dennis. West Dennis.
Chilmark,	Chilmark. Squibnocket.	Dighton,	Dighton. North Dighton. West Dighton. Segreganset.
Clarksburg,	Clarksburg. (N. Adams P.O.) Briggsville.	Douglas,	Douglas. East Douglas.
Clinton, .	Clinton.	Dover, .	Dover. .
Cohasset,	Cohasset. Nantasket. Beechwood.	Dracut,	Dracut. Collinsville.
Colrain,	Colrain. Adamsville. Elm Grove. Griswoldville. Line. Shattuckville.	Dudley, .	Dudley. West Dudley.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Dunstable,	Dunstable.		Foxborough.
	{ Duxbury. North Duxbury.		North Foxborough.
Duxbury,	{ South Duxbury. West Duxbury. Island Creek. Millbrook.		{ East Foxborough. West Foxborough. Foxvale.
East Bridge-water,	{ E. Bridgewater. Elmwood.	Framingham	{ Framingham. S. Framingham. Saxonville. Nobscot.
Eastham,	{ Eastham. North Eastham.	Franklin,	{ Franklin. South Franklin. Unionville.
Easthampton,	{ Easthampton. Mount Tom. Easton.	Freetown,	{ Freetown. East Freetown.
Easton,	{ North Easton. South Easton. Eastondale.	Gardner,	{ Gardner. South Gardner. West Gardner.
Edgartown,	Edgartown.	Gay Head,	Gay Head.
Egremont,	{ North Egremont. South Egremont. Egremont Plain.	Georgetown,	Georgetown.
Enfield,	{ Enfield. Smiths.	Gill,	{ Gill. Riverside.
Erving,	{ Erving. Farley.	Gloucester,	{ Gloucester. Magnolia. Bay View. West Gloucester. Lanesville. Annisquam.
Essex,	{ Essex. South Essex.	Goshen,	Goshen.
Everett,	Everett.	Gosnold,	{ Cuttyhunk. Tarpaulin Cove.
Fairhaven,	Fairhaven.	Grafton,	{ Grafton. North Grafton. Saundersville. Farnumsville. Fisherville.
Fall River,	{ Fall River. Steep Brook. Falmouth. Falmouth Heights. Teaticket. North Falmouth. East Falmouth.	Granby,	Granby.
Falmouth,	{ West Falmouth. Menahant. Wood's Holl. Quissett. Hatchville. Waquoit.	Granville,	{ Granville. East Granville. West Granville.
Fitchburg,	{ Fitchburg. South Fitchburg. West Fitchburg.	Great Barrington,	{ Great Barrington. Housatonic. Van Deusen.
Florida,	{ Florida. Hoosac Tunnel.	Greenfield,	Greenfield.
		Greenwich,	{ Greenwich. Greenwich Village.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Groton, .	{ Groton. West Groton.	Hinsdale,	. Hinsdale.
Groveland, .	{ Groveland. South Groveland.	Holden, .	{ Holden. Jefferson. Quinapoxet.
Hadley, .	{ Hadley. North Hadley.	Holbrook,	. { Holbrook. Brookville.
Halifax,	. Halifax.	Holland,	. Holland.
Hampden,	. Hampden.		
Hamilton,	{ Hamilton. Asbury Grove.		
Hancock,	. Hancock.	Holliston,	{ Holliston. East Holliston. Braggville. Metcalf.
Hanover,	{ Hanover. North Hanover. South Hanover. West Hanover. Assinippi.	Holyoke,	. Holyoke.
Hanson,	{ Hanson. North Hanson. South Hanson.	Hopedale,	{ Hopedale. South Milford.
Hardwick,	{ Hardwick. Gilbertville. Furnace.	Hopkinton,	{ Hopkinton. Woodville. Hayden Row.
Harvard,	{ Harvard. Still River.	Hubbardston,	{ Hubbardston. E. Hubbardston. Williamsville.
		Hudson,	. Hudson.
Harwich,	{ Harwich. Harwich Port. North Harwich. East Harwich. South Harwich. West Harwich. Pleasant Lake.	Hull,	. Hull.
Hatfield,	{ Hatfield. North Hatfield. West Hatfield.	Huntington,	{ Huntington. Norwich.
Haverhill,	{ Haverhill. East Haverhill. Ayers Village.	Hyde Park,	{ Hyde Park. Clarendon Hill. Readville.
Hawley, .	{ Hawley. West Hawley.	Ipswich,	. Ipswich.
Heath, .	{ Heath. North Heath. Dell.	Kingston,	{ Kingston. Silver Lake.
Hingham,	{ Hingham. Hingham Centre. South Hingham. West Hingham.	Lakeville,	. Lakeville.
		Lancaster,	{ Lancaster. South Lancaster.
		Lanesboro',	{ Lanesborough. Berkshire.
		Lawrence,	. Lawrence
		Lee,	{ Lee. East Lee. South Lee.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
<i>Leicester,</i>	. { Leicester. Cherry Valley. Rochdale.	<i>Marshfield,</i>	{ Marshfield. Centre Marshfield. North Marshfield.
<i>Lenox, .</i>	. { Lenox. Lenoxdale. New Lenox.		{ Marshfield Hills. Brant Rock. Sea View. Green Harbor.
<i>Leominster,</i>	. { Leominster. N. Leominster.	<i>Mashpee,</i>	. Mashpee.
<i>Leverett,</i>	. { Leverett. North Leverett. Moore's Corner.	<i>Mattapoisett,</i>	{ Mattapoisett. East Mattapoisett.
<i>Lexington,</i>	. { Lexington. East Lexington.	<i>Maynard,</i>	. Maynard.
<i>Leyden, .</i>	. { Leyden. West Leyden.	<i>Medfield,</i>	. Medfield.
<i>Lincoln,</i>	. { Lincoln. South Lincoln.		{ Medford. West Medford.
<i>Littleton,</i>	. { Littleton. Littleton Common.	<i>Medford,</i>	. { Tuft's College. Wellington.
<i>Longmeadow,</i>	{ Longmeadow. E. Longmeadow.	<i>Medway,</i>	. { Medway. West Medway.
<i>Lowell, .</i>	. { Lowell. Middlesex Village.	<i>Melrose,</i>	. { Melrose. Melrose Highlands. Fells.
<i>Ludlow,</i>	. { Ludlow. Ludlow Center.	<i>Mendon,</i>	. Mendon.
<i>Lunenburg,</i>	. Lunenburg.	<i>Merrimac,</i>	. { Merrimac. Merrimacport.
<i>Lynn, .</i>	. Lynn.	<i>Methuen,</i>	. Methuen.
<i>Lynnfield,</i>	. { Lynnfield. Lynnfield Centre.	<i>Middleboro',</i>	. { Middleborough. N. Middleborough. S. Middleboro'. Rock. Eddyville.
<i>Malden,</i>	. { Malden. Linden.	<i>Middlefield,</i>	. { Middlefield. Bancroft.
<i>Manchester,</i>	. Manchester.	<i>Middleton,</i>	. Middleton.
<i>Mansfield,</i>	. { Mansfield. East Mansfield. West Mansfield.	<i>Milford,</i>	. Milford.
<i>Marblehead,</i>	. { Marblehead. Nanepashemet. Clifton.	<i>Millbury,</i>	. { Millbury. West Millbury.
<i>Marion,</i>	. Marion.	<i>Millis,</i>	. { Millis. Rockville.
<i>Marlborough,</i>	Marlborough.	<i>Milton,</i>	. { Milton. East Milton. Blue Hill.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
<i>Monroe</i> , .	{ Monroe. Monroe Bridge.	<i>Norfolk</i> , .	{ Norfolk. City Mills. Pondville.
<i>Monson</i> ,	. Monson.	<i>North Adams</i> ,	North Adams.
<i>Montague</i> ,	{ Montague. Montague City. Turner's Falls. Miller's Falls. Lake Pleasant.	<i>N. Andover</i> , .	{ North Andover. No. Andover Depot.
<i>Monterey</i> ,	. Monterey.	<i>N. Attleboro'</i> ,	{ No. Attleborough. Attleborough Falls.
<i>Montgomery</i> ,	. Montgomery.	<i>N. Brookfield</i> ,	North Brookfield.
<i>Mt. Wash'gt'n</i> ,	{ Mt. Washington. Alandar.	<i>N. Reading</i> , .	North Reading.
<i>Nahant</i> ,	. Nahant.		{ Northampton. Florence. Leeds.
<i>Nantucket</i> ,	{ Nantucket. Siasconset.	<i>Northampton</i> ,	{ Loudville. West Farms. Smith's Ferry. Bay State.
<i>Natick</i> , .	{ Natick. North Natick. South Natick.	<i>Northboro'</i> ,	{ Northborough. Chapinville.
<i>Needham</i> , .	{ Needham. Highlandville. Charles River Vil.	<i>Northbridge</i> , .	{ Northbridge. Northb'dge Centre. Whitinsville.
<i>New Ashford</i> ,	New Ashford.	<i>Northfield</i> , .	{ Northfield. Northfield Farms. East Northfield. West Northfield. Mount Hermon.
<i>New Bedford</i> ,	{ New Bedford. Clifford. Shawmut.	<i>Norton</i> , .	{ Norton. East Norton. Barrowsville. Chartley. Norton Furnace.
<i>N. Braintree</i> ,	New Braintree.	<i>Norwell</i> , .	{ Norwell. Ridge Hill. Mount Blue.
<i>N. Marlboro'</i> ,	{ New Marlborough. Hartsville. Mill River. Southfield. Clayton.	<i>Norwood</i> , .	{ Norwood. Ellis.
<i>New Salem</i> , .	{ New Salem. Cooleyville. N. New Salem. Millington.	<i>Oakham</i> , .	{ Oakham. Coldbrook Springs.
<i>Newbury</i> ,	{ Newbury. Byfield. South Byfield.	<i>Orange</i> , .	{ Orange. North Orange. Tully.
<i>Newburyport</i> ,	Newburyport.	<i>Orleans</i> , .	{ Orleans. East Orleans. South Orleans.
<i>Newton</i> , .	{ Newton. Newtonville. Auburndale. West Newton. Newton Centre. Newton L. Falls. Newton U. Falls. Chestnut Hill. Newton Highlands. Waban.	<i>Otis</i> , .	{ Otis. West Otis.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
<i>Oxford</i> , .	. { Oxford. North Oxford.	<i>Randolph</i> , .	Randolph.
<i>Palmer</i> , .	. { Palmer. Bond's Village. Thorndike. Three Rivers.	<i>Raynham</i> , .	. { Raynham. North Raynham.
<i>Paxton</i> , .	. Paxton.	<i>Reading</i> , .	Reading.
<i>Peabody</i> ,	. { Peabody. West Peabody.	<i>Rehoboth</i> , .	. { Rehoboth. North Rehoboth. South Rehoboth. Harris.
<i>Pelham</i> ,	. { Pelham. West Pelham.	<i>Revere</i> , .	. { Revere. Franklin Park.
<i>Pembroke</i> ,	. { Pembroke. North Pembroke. East Pembroke. Bryantville.	<i>Richmond</i> , .	. { Richmond. Richmond Furnace.
<i>Pepperell</i> ,	. { Pepperell. East Pepperell.	<i>Rochester</i> , .	. { Rochester. North Rochester.
<i>Peru</i> , .	. Peru.	<i>Rockland</i> , .	. { Rockland. Hatherly.
<i>Petersham</i> ,	. { Petersham. Nichewaug.	<i>Rockport</i> , .	. { Rockport. Pigeon Cove.
<i>Phillipston</i> ,	. Phillipston.	<i>Rowe</i> , .	. { Rowe. Davis.
<i>Pittsfield</i> ,	. { Pittsfield. West Pittsfield. Pontoosuc.	<i>Rowley</i> , .	. Rowley.
<i>Plainfield</i> ,	. Plainfield.	<i>Royalston</i> , .	. { Royalston. South Royalston.
<i>Plymouth</i> ,	. { Plymouth. Chiltonville. North Plymouth. Manomet.	<i>Russell</i> , .	. { Russell. Fairfield.
<i>Plympton</i> ,	. Plympton.	<i>Rutland</i> , .	. { Rutland. North Rutland. West Rutland.
<i>Prescott</i> ,	. { Prescott. North Prescott.	<i>Salem</i> , .	. Salem.
<i>Princeton</i> ,	. { Princeton. East Princeton. Mt. Wachusett. Princeton Depot. Brooks Station.	<i>Salisbury</i> , .	. { Salisbury. Salisbury Beach.
<i>Provincetown</i> ,	Provincetown.	<i>Sandisfield</i> , .	. { Sandisfield. New Boston. Montville. South Sandisfield.
<i>Quincy</i> , .	. { Quincy. Quincy Point. Atlantic. Wollaston. Hough's Neck.	<i>Sandwich</i> , .	. { Sandwich. Forestdale. East Sandwich. South Sandwich. Spring Hill.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Saugus, .	. { Saugus. East Saugus. Cliftondale.	Springfield, .	{ Springfield. Indian Orchard. Brightwood. Sixteen Acres.
Savoy, .	. { Savoy. Savoy Centre. Brier.	Sterling, .	{ Sterling. Sterling Junction. West Sterling. Pratt's Junction.
Scituate, .	. { Scituate. Egypt. Scituate Centre. North Scituate. Greenbush.	Stockbridge, .	{ Stockbridge. West Stockbridge Centre. Glendale. Curtisville.
Seekonk, .	. Seekonk.	Stoneham, .	Stoneham.
Sharon, .	. { Sharon. East Sharon.	Stoughton, .	{ Stoughton. North Stoughton. West Stoughton.
Sheffield, .	. { Sheffield. Ashley Falls.	Stow, .	. { Stow. Rock Bottom.
Shelburne, .	. { Shelburne. Bardwell's Ferry. Shelburne Falls. East Shelburne.	Sturbridge, .	{ Sturbridge. Fiskdale.
Sherborn, .	. { Sherborn. South Sherborn.	Sudbury, .	{ Sudbury. North Sudbury. South Sudbury.
Shirley, .	. { Shirley. Shirley Village.	Sunderland, .	Sunderland.
Shrewsbury, .	Shrewsbury.	Sutton, .	{ Sutton. West Sutton. Manchaug. Wilkinsonville.
Shutesbury, .	Shutesbury.	Swampscott, .	{ Swampscott. Beach Bluff.
Somerset, .	. { Somerset. Pottersville.	Swanzey, .	{ Swanzey. North Swanzey. South Swanzey. Hortonville. Swanzey Centre.
Somerville, .	Somerville.	Taunton, .	{ Taunton. East Taunton. Britannia. Oakland. Walker.
So. Hadley, .	. { South Hadley. So. Hadley Falls.	Templeton, .	{ Templeton. East Templeton. Baldwinsville. Otter River.
Southampton, .	Southampton.	Tewksbury, .	{ Tewksbury. Wamesit.
Southboro', .	. { Southborough. Cordaville. Fayville. Southville.		
Southbridge, .	{ Southbridge. Globe Village.		
Southwick, .	Southwick.		
Spencer, .	Spencer.		

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
<i>Tisbury</i> ,	. { Vineyard Haven. West Chop. North Tisbury. West Tisbury.	<i>Webster</i> ,	. Webster.
<i>Tolland</i> ,	. Tolland.	<i>Wellesley</i> ,	. { Wellesley. Wellesley Hills.
<i>Topsfield</i> ,	. Topsfield.	<i>Wellfleet</i> ,	. { Wellfleet. South Wellfleet.
<i>Townsend</i> ,	. { Townsend. Townsend Harbor. West Townsend.	<i>Wendell</i> ,	. { Wendell. Wendell Depot. Lock's Village.
<i>Truro</i> ,	. { Truro. North Truro. South Truro.	<i>Wenham</i> ,	. { Wenham. Wenham Depot.
<i>Tyngsboro'</i> ,	. Tyngsborough.	<i>W. Boylston</i> ,	. { West Boylston. Oakdale.
<i>Tyringham</i> ,	. Tyringham.	<i>West Bridge-</i> <i>water</i> ,	. { W. Bridgewater. Cochesett. Matfield. Westdale.
<i>Upton</i> ,	. { Upton. West Upton.	<i>W. Brookfield</i> ,	West Brookfield.
<i>Uxbridge</i> ,	. { Uxbridge. North Uxbridge.	<i>W. Newbury</i> ,	West Newbury.
<i>Wakefield</i> ,	. { Wakefield. Greenwood. Montrose.	<i>West Springfield</i> ,	. { West Springfield. Mittineague. Merrick.
<i>Wales</i> ,	. Wales.	<i>West Stockbridge</i> ,	. { West Stockbridge. W. Stockbridge Centre. State Line. Rock Dale Mills.
<i>Walpole</i> ,	. { Walpole. East Walpole. South Walpole.	<i>Westborough</i> ,	Westborough.
<i>Waltham</i> ,	. Waltham.	<i>Westfield</i> ,	. { Westfield. Mundale.
<i>Ware</i> ,	. Ware.	<i>Westford</i> ,	. { Westford. Coldspring. Forge Village. Graniteville. Nashoba.
<i>Wareham</i> ,	. { Wareham. East Wareham. South Wareham. West Wareham. Onset.	<i>Westhampton</i> ,	Westhampton.
<i>Warren</i> ,	. { Warren. West Warren.	<i>Westminster</i> ,	. { Westminster. Westmins'r Depot. So. Westminster.
<i>Warwick</i> ,	. Warwick.	<i>Weston</i> ,	. { Weston. Kendall Green.
<i>Washington</i> ,	. Washington.	<i>Westport</i> ,	. { Westport. Westport Point. North Westport. South Westport. Central Village.
<i>Watertown</i> ,	. { Watertown. Bemis.		
<i>Wayland</i> ,	. { Wayland. Cochituate.		

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
<i>Weymouth,</i>	{ Weymouth. North Weymouth. East Weymouth. South Weymouth. Nash. Weymouth Heights. Weymouth Centre.	<i>Winchester,</i>	Winchester.
<i>Whately,</i>	{ Whately. East Whately.	<i>Windsor,</i>	{ Windsor. East Windsor.
<i>Whitman,</i>	{ Whitman. S. Abington Stat'n.	<i>Winthrop,</i>	Winthrop.
<i>Wilbraham,</i>	{ Wilbraham. No. Wilbraham.	<i>Woburn,</i>	{ Woburn. Montvale. Cummingsville.
<i>Williamsb'g,</i>	{ Williamsburg. Haydenville.	<i>Worcester,</i>	{ Worcester. Lake View. Quinsigamond. Greendale.
<i>Williamst'wn,</i>	{ Williamstown. S. Williamstown. Blackinton. Sweet's Corners. Williamstown Sta.	<i>Worthington,</i>	{ Worthington. So. Worthington. W. Worthington. Ringville.
<i>Wilmington,</i>	{ Wilmington. N. Wilmington.	<i>Wrentham,</i>	{ Wrentham. Plainville. Sheltonville.
<i>Winchendon,</i>	{ Winchendon. Waterville.	<i>Yarmouth,</i>	{ Yarmouth. South Yarmouth. West Yarmouth. Yarmouth Farms. Yarmouth Port.

## ABRIDGMENT OF UNITED STATES POSTAL REGULATIONS.

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### POSTAGE

TO ANY PART OF THE UNITED STATES AND THE TERRITORIES; AND  
TO THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

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*Two cents for each ounce, or fraction thereof, on letters, sealed packages, mail matter, wholly or partly in writing.*

*Two cents per ounce, or fraction thereof, on drop-letters where free delivery by carriers is established; where such free delivery is not established, the rate is one cent.*

*One cent for two ounces, or fraction thereof, on almanacs, books (printed), calendars, catalogues, corrected proofs, hand-bills, pamphlets, posters, proof sheets, circulars, seeds, cuttings, bulbs, roots, and scions.*

*One cent for every four ounces on newspapers and magazines of the second class.*

*One cent for each ounce, or fraction thereof, on blank books, blank cards, book manuscript, card-boards, and other flexible material, engravings, envelopes, letter-envelopes, merchandise, photographic views, printed blanks, printed cards, sample cards, samples of ores, metals, and minerals.*

FOR POSTAGE TO GREAT BRITAIN AND OTHER FOREIGN COUNTRIES,  
SEE "RATES OF FOREIGN POSTAGE."

### REGISTRATION OF MAIL MATTER.

The Registry System is intended to give to registered mail the greatest security within the province of the Post-office Department, and this special security is obtained by a distinctive cover for the matter, its retention in special custody, and a system of records and receipts showing a complete chain of receipts from the time it leaves the hands of the sender until it is delivered to the addressee.

Any article of the first, third, or fourth class of mail matter may be registered at any post-office in the United States.

The fee on registered matter, domestic or foreign, is eight cents for each letter or parcel, to be affixed in stamps, in addition to the postage. Full prepayment of postage and fee is required.

Every letter presented for registration must be fully and legibly addressed and securely sealed by the sender, and all letters and other

articles must also have the name and address of the sender endorsed thereon in writing or print, before they can be registered.

Registered mail matter can only be delivered to the addressees in person or on their written order. All persons calling for registered matter should be prepared to furnish reasonable proof of their identity, as it is impossible otherwise, at large post-offices, to guard against fraud.

Safety is considered before celerity in the transmission of registered mail, and as delays are sometimes necessary to secure proper receipts at points of transfer, due allowance should be made by those mailing such matter and those to whom it is addressed, as registered mails cannot be handled with the same despatch as ordinary mail matter.

A return receipt, signed by addressee and showing delivery, is returned to the sender of each domestic registered letter or parcel, for which there is no extra charge. The sender of any foreign registered article may obtain assurance of its receipt by the person addressed, by endorsing it with the words, "Return receipt requested."

Letters and packages containing money or articles of value should be registered, and never deposited for transmission by ordinary mail.

The Post-office Department, or its revenue, is not by law liable for the loss of any registered mail matter.

#### MONEY ORDERS.

The fees or charges on *domestic* orders are as follows:—

For sums not exceeding \$5,	. . . . .	5 cents.
" " over \$5 and not exceeding \$10,	. . . . .	8 cents.
" " " \$10 " " " \$15,	. . . . .	10 cents.
" " " \$15 " " " \$30,	. . . . .	15 cents.
" " " \$30 " " " \$40,	. . . . .	20 cents.
" " " \$40 " " " \$50,	. . . . .	25 cents.
" " " \$50 " " " \$60,	. . . . .	30 cents.
" " " \$60 " " " \$70,	. . . . .	35 cents.
" " " \$70 " " " \$80,	. . . . .	40 cents.
" " " \$80 " " " \$100,	. . . . .	45 cents.

A single money order may include any amount from one cent to one hundred dollars inclusive, but must not contain a fractional part of a cent.

The postmaster of any *foreign* money-order office in the United States—the same being designated by the Postmaster-General—will furnish a blank form of application, on which the sender must enter all the particulars of the amount (in United States money), names, address, etc., and must state the *full name* and *exact residence* of the person to whom the order is to be made payable. The postmaster will then issue an International order, to be sent by the remitter to the payee.

The fees on all *international* orders are:—

For sums not exceeding \$10,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	10 cents.
" " over \$10 and not exceeding \$20,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	20 cents.
" " \$20 " " "	\$30,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	30 cents.
" " \$30 " " "	\$40,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	40 cents.
" " \$40 " " "	\$50,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	50 cents.
" " \$50 " " "	\$60,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	60 cents.
" " \$60 " " "	\$70,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	70 cents.
" " \$70 " " "	\$80,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	80 cents.
" " \$80 " " "	\$90,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	90 cents.
" " \$90 " " "	\$100,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1 dollar.

There is no limitation to the number of international orders that may be issued, in one day, to a remitter, in favor of the same payee.

The maximum amount for which a single international money order may be drawn is:—

For orders payable in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, New South Wales, Tasmania, the Cape Colony, Jamaica, and the Windward Islands,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	\$50 00	
Germany, . . . . .	\$97 00							Denmark, . . . . .	100 00
France and Algeria, . . . . .	98 75							Canada, . . . . .	100 00
Belgium, . . . . .	98 75							The Hawaiian Islands, . . . . .	100 00
Switzerland, . . . . .	100 00							Japan, . . . . .	100 00
Italy, . . . . .	100 00							Newfoundland, . . . . .	100 00
Portugal, . . . . .	100 00							New Zealand, . . . . .	100 00
The Netherlands, . . . . .	100 00							Queensland, . . . . .	100 00
Sweden, . . . . .	100 00							Victoria, . . . . .	100 00
Norway, . . . . .	100 00							Leeward Islands, . . . . .	100 00

#### MONEY-ORDER OFFICES IN MASSACHUSETTS.

Offices marked with the asterisk (\*) are *international* as well as domestic money-order offices, and as such are authorized to issue money orders for sums payable in the Dominion of Canada and Newfoundland; in Great Britain and Ireland; in the German Empire; in Switzerland; in the Kingdom of Italy; in France and Algeria; in Jamaica; in New Zealand; in New South Wales; in Queensland; in Victoria; in Tasmania; in Cape Colony (South Africa); in Belgium; in Portugal (including the Azores and Madeira Islands); in Sweden; in Norway; in The Netherlands; in British India; in Japan; in the Hawaiian Kingdom (Sandwich Islands); in the Windward Islands; and in the Leeward Islands; also, through Germany, for sums payable in Denmark and Luxembourg; and, through Great Britain, for sums payable in British India, Ceylon, Egypt, Constantinople, Hong Kong, Bermuda, Falkland Islands, Straits Settlements (Singapore, Penang and Malacca), Western Australia, Gambia, Mauritius, Natal, St. Helena, Trinidad, Malta, and Gibraltar.

Abington.	Blackinton.	Byfield.
Acton.	Blackstone.	*Campello.
Acushnet.	Blandford.	Canton.
*Adams.	Bolton.	Canton Junction.
Agawam.	Bond's Village.	Carlisle.
*Amesbury.	*Boston.	Caryville.
*Amherst.	Allston.	Cataumet.
*Andover.	*Back Bay.	Centreville.
Annisquam.	*Brighton.	Charlemont.
Arlington.	*Brookline.	Charlton.
Arlington Heights.	*Cambridge.	Charlton City.
Ashburnham.	*Cambridgeport.	Charlton Depot.
Ashby.	*Charlestown.	Chartley.
Ashfield.	*Chelsea.	Chatham.
Ashland.	*Dorchester.	Chelmsford.
Ashley Falls.	*East Boston.	Cherry Valley.
Assinippi.	*East Cambridge.	Chester.
*Athol.	East Somerville.	Chesterfield.
Athol Centre.	*Jamaica Plain.	Chestnut Hill.
*Attleborough.	Mattapan.	*Chicopee.
Attleborough Falls.	No. Cambridge.	*Chicopee Falls.
Auburn.	Revere.	City Mills.
Auburndale.	Roslindale.	Clarendon Hill.
Avon.	*Roxbury.	Clifton.
*Ayer.	Roxbury Crossing.	Clifftondale.
Baldwinsville.	*Somerville.	*Clinton.
Ballard Vale.	*South Boston.	Cochesett.
Bardwell's Ferry.	*Station A, South End.	Cochituate.
Barnstable.	Upham's Corner.	Coldbrook Springs.
*Barre.	West Somerville.	Colerain.
Barre Plains.	Winter Hill.	*Concord.
Bay State.	Winthrop.	Concord Junction.
Beach Bluff.	Bradford.	Conway.
Becket.	Braintree.	Cottage City.
Bedford.	Brewster.	Cotuit.
Bedford Springs.	*Bridgewater.	Cummington.
Belchertown.	Brightwood.	Dalton.
Belmont.	Brimfield.	Danvers.
Bemis.	*Brockton.	Davis.
Berkshire.	Brookfield.	*Dedham.
Berlin.	Bryantville.	Deerfield.
Bernardston.	Buckland.	Dennis.
*Beverly.	Buzzard's Bay.	Dennisport.
Beverly Farms.		Dighton.

Dover.	Gilbertville.	*Hyde Park.
Dudley.	Globe Village.	Indian Orchard.
Duxbury.	*Gloucester.	Ipswich.
East Boxford.	Grafton.	Islington.
East Braintree.	Granby.	Kendal Green.
East Bridgewater.	Graniteville.	Kingston.
East Brookfield.	Granville.	Lake View.
East Dennis.	*Great Barrington.	Lakeville.
East Douglas.	*Greenfield.	*Lancaster.
East Falmouth.	Green Harbor.	Lanesborough.
*Easthampton.	Greenwich Village.	Lanesville.
East Harwich.	Greenwood.	*Lawrence.
East Long Meadow.	Griswoldville.	Lee.
East Northfield.	Groton.	Leeds.
Easton.	Groveland.	Leicester.
East Orleans.	Hadley.	Lenox.
*East Pepperell.	Halifax.	*Lenox Dale.
East Taunton.	Hamilton.	*Leominster.
East Walpole.	Hampden.	Leverett.
East Weymouth.	Hanover.	Lexington.
East Whately.	Hanson.	Linden.
Edgartown.	Hardwick.	Littleton.
Egypt.	Harvard.	Littleton Common.
Elmwood.	Harwich.	Longmeadow.
Enfield.	Harwich Port.	Long Plain.
Erving.	Hatfield.	*Lowell.
Essex.	*Haverhill.	Ludlow.
*Everett.	Haydenville.	Lunenburg.
Fairfield.	Hebronville.	*Lynn.
Fairhaven.	Highlandville.	Lynnfield.
*Fall River.	Hingham.	Lynnfield Centre.
Fells.	Hingham Centre.	*Malden.
Fiskdale.	Hinsdale.	Manchester.
*Fitchburg.	Holbrook.	Mansfield.
Florence.	Holden.	*Marblehead.
Forge Village.	*Holliston.	Marion.
Foxborough.	*Holyoke.	*Marlborough.
Framingham.	Hopedale.	Marshfield Hills.
Franklin.	*Hopkinton.	Marston's Mills.
Franklin Park.	Housatonic.	Mattfield.
Freetown.	Hudson.	Mattapoisett.
Furnace.	Huntington.	*Maynard.
*Gardner.	Hyannis.	Medfield.
Georgetown.	Hyannis Port.	*Medford.

Medway.	No. Chelmsford.	Pottersville.
*Melrose.	No. Dana.	Pride's Crossing.
Melrose Highlands.	No. Dighton.	Princeton.
Merrick.	No. Eastham.	Princeton Depot.
Merrimac.	No. Easton.	*Provincetown.
Merrimacport.	No. Falmouth.	*Quincy.
Methuen.	*Northfield.	Station A.
*Middleborough.	No. Grafton.	Quinsigamond.
*Milford.	No. Hadley.	Randolph.
Millbury.	No. Harwich.	Reading.
Miller's Falls.	No. Hatfield.	Readville.
Millis.	No. Leominster.	Ridge Hill.
Millville.	No. Natick.	Riverside.
Milton.	No. Pembroke.	Rochdale.
*Monson.	No. Plymouth.	Rochester.
Montague.	No. Raynham.	Rock.
Montague City.	No. Reading.	Rockland.
Monterey.	No. Scituate.	Rockport.
Montvale.	No. Truro.	Rowe.
Mount Hermon.	No. Uxbridge.	Rowley.
Nantasket.	No. Weymouth.	Royalston.
Nantucket.	No. Wilbraham.	Rutland.
*Natick.	No. Wilmington.	Sagamore.
*Needham.	Norwell.	*Salem.
*New Bedford.	Norwood.	Salisbury.
New Braintree.	Oakdale.	Salisbury Point.
*Newburyport.	Oakham.	Sandwich.
*Newton.	Onset.	Saugus.
*Newton Centre.	*Orange.	*Saxonville.
Newton Highlands.	*Orleans.	Scituate.
Newton Lower Falls.	Osterville.	Sharon.
Newton Upper Falls.	Otis.	Sheffield.
*Newtonville.	Oxford.	*Shelburne Falls.
Norfolk.	Palmer.	Sherborn.
No. Abington.	Paxton.	Shirley Village.
*No. Adams.	*Peabody.	Shrewsbury.
No. Amherst.	Pepperell.	Silver Lake.
*Northampton.	Petersham.	Somerset.
No. Andover.	Phillipston.	So. Amherst.
No. Andover Depot.	*Pittsfield.	So. Abington Station.
*No. Attleborough.	Plainfield.	So. Acton.
No. Bellingham.	*Plymouth.	Southampton.
No. Billerica.	Plympton.	So. Attleborough.
*Northborough.	Pocasset.	Southborough.
*No. Brookfield.	Pontoosuc.	*Southbridge.

So. Byfield.	Templeton.	Westford.
So. Carver.	Tewksbury.	*West Gardner.
So. Chatham.	Thorndike.	West Groton.
So. Chelmsford.	Three Rivers.	West Hanover.
So. Dartmouth.	Topsfield.	West Harwich.
So. Deerfield.	Townsend.	West Hingham.
So. Dennis.	Truro.	West Medford.
So. Duxbury.	Tufts College.	West Medway.
So. Easton.	*Turner's Falls.	Westminster.
So. Egremont.	Tyngsborough.	West Newbury.
So. Essex.	Upton.	*West Newton.
Southfield.	*Uxbridge.	Weston.
So. Fitchburg.	Vineyard Haven.	Westport.
*So. Framingham.	*Wakefield.	West Rutland.
So. Gardner.	Wales.	West Stockbridge.
So. Groveland.	Walpole.	West Stoughton.
So. Hadley.	*Waltham.	West Tisbury.
So. Hadley Falls.	Waquoit.	West Townsend.
So. Hanover.	Ward Hill.	West Upton.
So. Hanson.	*Ware.	West Wareham.
So. Harwich.	Wareham.	Weymouth.
So. Hingham.	Warren.	Weymouth Centre.
So. Lancaster.	Warwick.	Weymouth Heights.
So. Lee.	*Watertown.	Whately.
So. Middleborough.	Waverley.	*Whitinsville.
So. Natick.	Wayland.	Whitman.
So. Royalston.	*Webster.	Wilbraham.
Southville.	*Wellesley.	Wilkinsonville.
So. Walpole.	Wellesley Hills.	Williamsburgh.
So. Weymouth.	Wellfleet.	*Williamstown.
So. Yarmouth.	Wellington.	Williamstown Station.
*Spencer.	Wenham.	Williamsville.
*Springfield.	West Acton.	Willimansett.
State Farm.	West Barnstable.	Wilmington.
Sterling Junction.	West Berlin.	Winchendon.
Stockbridge.	*Westborough.	Winchendon Springs.
*Stoneham.	West Boylston.	*Winchester.
Stoughton.	West Bridgewater.	*Woburn.
Stow.	West Brookfield.	Wood's Holl.
Sturbridge.	West Chelmsford.	*Worcester.
Sunderland.	West Dedham.	Worthington.
Sutton.	West Dennis.	Wrentham.
Swampscott.	West Falmouth.	Yarmouth.
Tapleyville.	*Westfield.	Yarmouth Port.
*Taunton.	West Fitchburg.	

## POSTAL NOTES

For sums not exceeding \$4.99 will be issued and paid at all money-order offices; fee, 3 cents.

## IMMEDIATE DELIVERY SYSTEM.

Every article of mailable matter bearing a *special-delivery* stamp, in addition to the lawful postage, will be entitled to an immediate delivery by messenger at any post-office in the United States. *The price of the special-delivery stamps is ten cents each.* They are sold by postmasters in any required amount and to any person who may apply for them; but they can be used only for the purpose of securing the immediate delivery of letters addressed to and received in the mails at any post-office. Under no circumstances are they to be used in the payment of postages of any description, or of the registry fee; nor can any other stamps be employed to secure special delivery except the special-delivery stamps. The special-delivery stamp must be in addition to the lawful postage; and letters not prepaid with at least one full rate of postage, in accordance with the law and regulations, must be treated as held for postage, even though bearing a special-delivery stamp.

Registered letters will be entitled to immediate delivery, the same as ordinary letters, when bearing a special-delivery stamp in addition to the full postage and registry fee required by the law and the regulations.

Special-delivery letters will be delivered by messengers within the carrier limits of a free-delivery office between the hours of 7 A.M. and 11 P.M.; and within a radius of one mile from the post-office at all other offices between 7 A.M. and 9 P.M.

## RATES OF FOREIGN POSTAGE.

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### UNIVERSAL POSTAL UNION.

The rates for the countries and places which belong to the Postal Union, *a list of which is given below*, are as follows:—

Prepayment optional, except for registered articles, but on printed matter and samples postage must be at least partially prepaid.

LETTERS, 5 cents per 15 grammes, a weight very slightly over one-half ounce. POST CARDS, 2 cents each.

PRINTED MATTER, 1 cent for each two ounces or fraction. Limit of weight, 4 lbs. 6 oz. Limit of length, except to Great Britain and Germany, 18 inches. To Great Britain and Germany, 24 inches, also 18 inches square.

COMMERCIAL PAPERS (Insurance Documents, Way Bills, Invoices, Papers of Legal Procedure, Manuscripts of Works, etc.), the same as for printed matter, but the lowest charge is 5 cents.

SAMPLES OF MERCHANDISE.—The rate is the same as for printed matter, but the lowest charge is 2 cents. Limit of weight, 8½ oz.; limit of length, 12 in.; breadth, 8 in.; depth, 4 in. Except to Great Britain, the British Colonies, France, Belgium, Ireland, Switzerland, Argentine Republic, Egypt, Hawaiian Islands, Austria, Hungary, and Italy, to which countries the limit of weight is 12 oz.

UNMAILABLE ARTICLES.—All articles prohibited from domestic mails are also excluded from foreign mails; also liquids.

Postal cards and letters addressed "Around the World" are unmailable; as also are letters or packets containing gold or silver substances, pieces of money, jewelry, or precious articles, except that gold or silver coin may be sent by mail to and from Canada.

### COUNTRIES INCLUDED IN POSTAL UNION.

Argentine Rep.	British W. Indies.	Colombia, U. S. of.
Austria-Hungary.	British Guiana.	Congo.
Bahamas.	British Honduras.	Costa Rica.
Barbadoes.	British India.	Danish Col.
Belgium.	British New Guinea.	Denmark.
Bolivia.	Bulgaria.	Dominica Rep.
Bermudas.	Canada.*	Ecuador.
Brazil.	Ceylon.	Egypt.
British W. Africa.	Chili.	Falkland Islands.

\* For postage to Canada, see special heading.

COUNTRIES INCLUDED IN POSTAL UNION—*Concluded.*

Fiji Islands.	Liberia.	Russia.
France.	Luxemburg.	Salvador.
French Col. Africa.	Malta.	Sandwich Islands.
French Col. Amer.	Mauritius.	Servia.
French Col. Asia.	Mexico.*	Siam.
French Col. Ocean.	Montenegro.	South Australia.
German Protectorates in Africa and in Pa- cific Ocean.	Natal.	Spain.
Germany.	Netherlands.	Spanish Col. Africa.
Gibraltar.	Netherland Col. Am.	Spanish Col. Amer.
Great Britain.	Netherland Col. Asia.	Spanish Col. Asia.
Greece.	Netherland Col. Ocean.	Spanish Col. Ocean.
Greenland.	Newfoundland.	Straits Settlements.
Guatemala.	New Guinea.	St. Vincent.
Hawaii.	New South Wales.	Sweden.
Hayti.	New Zealand.	Switzerland.
Heligoland.	Nicaragua.	Tasmania.
Honduras.	North Borneo.	Transvaal (South Af- rican Republic).
Hong Kong.	Norway.	Trinidad.
Iceland.	Paraguay.	Tunis.
Ireland.	Persia.	Turkey.
Italy.	Peru.	Uruguay.
Jamaica.	Portugal.	Venezuela.
Japan.	Portuguese Col. Afr.	Victoria (Australia).
Labuan.	Portuguese Col. Asia.	West Australia.
	Queensland.	
	Roumania.	

## NOT INCLUDED IN POSTAL UNION.

Africa (South), Cape of Good Hope, Orange Free State, Caffraria, etc., . . . .	10c.	Madagascar (except St. Marie, Tamatave and Nossi Be), . .	10c.
Ascension, . . . .	10c.	St. Helena, . . . .	10c.
Zanzibar, . . . .		Zanzibar, . . . .	5c.

To Africa (South), including *Cape of Good Hope*, *Caffraria*, *Orange Free State*, etc., and to *St. Helena* and *Ascension*, the postage for newspapers is 2 cts., if not over 2 oz., and on other printed matter, and on samples, 2 cts. for each 2 oz. To *Madagascar*, newspapers are 2 cts., if not over 2 oz.

To Canada, comprising *Provinces of Ontario* and *Quebec*, *British Columbia*, *Manitoba*, *New Brunswick*, *Nova Scotia*, and *Prince Edward Island*, the postage for letters, merchandise and printed matter is the same as in the United States. All matter for Canada must be fully prepaid, except letters, which must be prepaid at least two cents.

\* For postage to Mexico, see special heading.

To Mexico the postage for letters and printed matter is the same as in the United States.

All mail matter may be registered to the above places upon prepayment of ten cents for each address, besides the postage.

**UNMAILABLE MATTER.**—Liquids,—ardent, vinous, spirituous or malt,—poisons, explosive and inflammable articles, and envelopes and postal cards upon which obscene language is written or printed.

No letter or circular concerning lotteries, so-called gift concerts, or other similar enterprises, offering prizes, or concerning schemes devised and intended to deceive and defraud the public, for the purpose of obtaining money under false pretences, shall be carried in the mail. Any person who shall knowingly deposit or send anything to be conveyed by mail in violation of this section shall be punishable by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars nor less than one hundred dollars, with costs of prosecution.

VOTE FOR PRESIDENT IN 1892.  
(BY COUNTIES.)

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**NOTE.** — The vote given is that for the candidate for elector-at-large on each ticket for whom the most ballots were cast. A summary at the end of the tables gives the aggregate vote for all the chief candidates for electors-at-large.

COUNTY OF BARNSTABLE.

TOWNS.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Bidwell.	Weaver.	Wing.	All others.
Barnstable, . . . .	530	252	12	2	-	-
Bourne, . . . .	217	103	15	2	-	-
Brewster, . . . .	137	53	5	1	-	-
Chatham, . . . .	270	100	7	-	-	-
Dennis, . . . .	424	44	17	-	-	-
Eastham, . . . .	79	37	3	-	-	-
Falmouth, . . . .	378	126	12	-	-	-
Harwich, . . . .	354	114	28	3	4	-
Mashpee, . . . .	56	10	2	-	-	-
Orleans, . . . .	191	55	4	1	-	-
Provincetown, . . . .	381	187	6	6	-	-
Sandwich, . . . .	207	136	20	1	-	-
Truro, . . . .	93	26	5	1	-	-
Wellfleet, . . . .	44	51	5	-	-	-
Yarmouth, . . . .	327	79	9	-	-	-
Totals, . . . .	3,688	1,373	150	17	4	-

COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE.

Adams, . . . .	508	497	13	1	35	-
Alford, . . . .	24	61	2	1	-	-
Becket, . . . .	81	84	18	-	-	-
Cheshire, . . . .	123	122	7	-	-	-
Clarksburg, . . . .	102	35	2	1	-	-
Dalton, . . . .	282	244	20	1	1	-
Egremont, . . . .	109	92	9	-	-	-
Florida, . . . .	44	11	6	1	-	-
Great Barrington, . . . .	450	466	39	-	-	-
Hancock, . . . .	72	23	4	1	-	-
Hinsdale, . . . .	130	167	6	-	-	-
Lanesborough, . . . .	118	67	8	1	-	-
Lee, . . . .	345	387	34	-	-	-

COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE—*Concluded.*

TOWNS.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Bidwell.	Weaver.	Wing.	All others.
Lenox, . . .	151	248	3	1	-	-
Monterey, . . .	61	40	6	-	-	-
Mount Washington, .	21	9	1	-	-	-
New Ashford, .	17	15	-	-	-	-
New Marlborough, .	123	132	14	1	-	-
North Adams, . . .	1,539	1,101	45	4	12	-
Otis, . . .	74	45	3	2	-	-
Peru, . . .	37	25	4	-	-	-
PITTSFIELD, . . .	1,610	1,850	48	11	7	-
Richmond, . . .	76	53	3	-	-	-
Sandisfield, . . .	78	81	7	-	-	-
Savoy, . . .	69	48	9	-	-	-
Sheffield, . . .	206	141	12	-	-	-
Stockbridge, . . .	207	180	12	-	-	-
Tyringham, . . .	59	33	1	-	-	-
Washington, . . .	37	33	6	-	-	-
West Stockbridge, .	119	162	5	-	-	-
Williamstown, . . .	403	201	23	-	-	-
Windsor, . . .	61	44	14	-	-	-
<b>Totals, . . .</b>	<b>7,336</b>	<b>6,697</b>	<b>384</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>-</b>

## COUNTY OF BRISTOL.

Acushnet, . . .	138	30	6	-	-	-
Attleborough, . . .	737	363	72	1	-	-
Berkley, . . .	152	17	7	-	-	-
Dartmouth, . . .	293	42	24	1	-	-
Dighton, . . .	227	59	26	-	-	-
Easton, . . .	447	484	13	5	-	-
Fairhaven, . . .	327	142	20	-	-	-
FALL RIVER, . . .	4,812	4,451	76	22	11	-
Freetown, . . .	174	33	2	-	-	-
Mansfield, . . .	357	195	46	1	-	-
NEW BEDFORD, . . .	3,407	2,136	150	9	32	-
North Attleborough, .	653	536	15	7	-	-
Norton, . . .	202	63	1	2	-	-
Raynham, . . .	220	35	7	1	-	-
Rehoboth, . . .	237	88	21	-	-	-
Seekonk, . . .	108	65	7	1	-	-
Somerset, . . .	222	107	14	2	-	-
Swanzey, . . .	191	75	14	1	-	-
TAUNTON, . . .	2,564	1,862	46	10	11	-
Westport, . . .	264	42	15	-	-	-
<b>Totals, . . .</b>	<b>15,732</b>	<b>10,825</b>	<b>582</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>-</b>

## COUNTY OF DUKES COUNTY.

TOWNS.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Bidwell.	Weaver.	Wing.	All others.
Chilmark, . . .	40	33	8	-	-	-
Cottage City, . . .	118	42	10	1	-	-
Edgartown, . . .	195	58	2	-	-	-
Gay Head, . . .	14	2	-	-	-	-
Gosnold, . . .	19	9	1	-	-	-
Tisbury, . . .	132	65	13	-	-	-
West Tisbury, . . .	70	29	23	-	-	-
Totals, . . .	588	238	57	1	-	-

## COUNTY OF ESSEX.

Amesbury, . . .	901	649	35	14	2	-
Andover, . . .	648	345	34	4	-	-
Beverly, . . .	1,237	582	90	31	1	-
Boxford, . . .	102	54	6	1	-	-
Bradford, . . .	451	315	13	22	-	-
Danvers, . . .	801	503	29	119	-	-
Essex, . . .	225	104	7	6	1	-
Georgetown, . . .	282	217	4	7	-	-
GLOUCESTER,	1,961	1,063	21	75	1	-
Groveland, . . .	206	220	7	10	-	-
Hamilton, . . .	123	63	4	-	-	-
HAVERHILL,	2,749	2,163	119	207	5	1
Ipswich, . . .	474	237	33	6	-	-
LAWRENCE, . . .	3,362	3,485	128	27	81	-
LYNN, . . .	5,542	4,598	289	368	18	-
Lynnfield, . . .	116	40	8	1	-	-
Manchester, . . .	220	117	17	-	-	-
Marblehead, . . .	890	798	23	47	-	-
Merrimac, . . .	275	249	29	4	-	-
Methuen, . . .	537	302	18	8	2	-
Middleton, . . .	101	42	1	1	-	-
Nahant, . . .	58	106	2	-	-	-
Newbury, . . .	225	64	6	4	-	-
NEWBURYPORT, . . .	1,374	1,106	19	12	-	-
North Andover, . . .	382	302	9	7	-	-
Peabody, . . .	957	1,010	33	22	1	-
Rockport, . . .	396	171	8	-	-	-
Rowley, . . .	222	106	4	-	-	-
SALEM, . . .	2,739	2,206	46	38	-	-
Salisbury, . . .	185	111	16	1	-	-

COUNTY OF ESSEX--*Concluded.*

TOWNS.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Bidwell.	Weaver.	Wing.	All others.
Saugus, . . .	443	300	31	18	1	-
Swampscott, . . .	405	142	15	15	1	-
Topsfield, . . .	124	47	9	2	-	-
Wenham, . . .	131	48	3	-	-	-
West Newbury, . . .	244	110	7	5	-	-
Totals, . . .	29,088	21,975	1,123	1,082	114	1

## COUNTY OF FRANKLIN.

Ashfield, . . .	159	73	9	-	-	-
Bernardston, . . .	131	56	9	-	-	-
Buckland, . . .	163	177	11	5	-	-
Charlemont, . . .	141	67	15	1	-	-
Colrain, . . .	199	59	5	-	-	-
Conway, . . .	160	84	28	-	-	-
Deerfield, . . .	296	244	8	-	-	-
Erving, . . .	109	100	6	2	-	-
Gill, . . .	92	43	10	-	-	-
Greenfield, . . .	625	559	34	4	1	-
Hawley, . . .	87	11	10	-	-	-
Heath, . . .	82	24	-	-	-	-
Leverett, . . .	86	35	8	3	-	-
Leyden, . . .	55	28	2	-	-	-
Monroe, . . .	31	11	1	-	-	-
Montague, . . .	420	491	16	5	-	-
New Salem, . . .	88	18	17	1	-	-
Northfield, . . .	180	140	16	5	-	-
Orange, . . .	724	335	10	12	-	-
Rowe, . . .	57	22	6	-	-	-
Shelburne, . . .	252	82	9	4	-	-
Shutesbury, . . .	52	35	-	-	-	-
Sunderland, . . .	112	25	18	-	-	-
Warwick, . . .	58	44	6	-	-	-
Wendell, . . .	49	42	7	-	-	-
Whately, . . .	102	81	6	3	-	-
Totals, . . .	4,510	2,886	267	45	1	-

## COUNTY OF HAMPDEN.

TOWNS.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Bidwell.	Weaver.	Wing.	All others.
Agawam, . . .	192	201	7	1	-	-
Blandford, . . .	99	76	7	-	-	-
Brimfield, . . .	112	73	8	-	-	-
Chester, . . .	171	112	6	1	-	-
CHICOPEE, . . .	820	1,076	30	23	1	-
Granville, . . .	114	82	9	-	-	-
Hampden, . . .	70	68	3	-	-	-
Holland, . . .	28	16	2	-	-	-
HOLYOKE, . . .	1,787	2,607	79	11	44	-
Longmeadow, . . .	163	126	12	-	-	-
Ludlow, . . .	149	112	15	1	-	-
Monson, . . .	342	272	23	-	-	-
Montgomery, . . .	41	21	3	-	-	-
Palmer, . . .	463	469	15	1	1	-
Russell, . . .	77	75	3	-	-	-
Southwick, . . .	123	84	10	-	-	-
SPRINGFIELD, . . .	4,797	4,092	176	60	33	-
Tolland, . . .	40	33	-	-	-	-
Wales, . . .	81	54	1	-	1	-
Westfield, . . .	1,062	1,119	59	1	3	-
West Springfield, . . .	483	377	16	4	3	-
Wilbraham, . . .	159	83	20	-	-	-
Totals, . . .	11,373	11,228	504	103	86	-

## COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE.

Amherst, . . .	507	263	40	-	-	-
Belchertown, . . .	228	151	12	1	-	-
Chesterfield, . . .	98	46	11	-	-	-
Cummington, . . .	132	50	16	4	-	-
Easthampton, . . .	381	349	24	1	-	-
Enfield, . . .	132	49	11	-	-	-
Goshen, . . .	50	6	4	1	-	-
Granby, . . .	89	49	13	-	-	-
Greenwich, . . .	67	41	5	-	-	-
Hadley, . . .	218	79	3	2	-	-
Hatfield, . . .	146	117	3	-	-	-
Huntington, . . .	135	106	7	3	-	-
Middlefield, . . .	48	25	-	-	-	-
NORTHAMPTON, . . .	1,163	1,235	59	23	1	-
Pelham, . . .	58	26	6	1	-	-
Plainfield, . . .	102	15	2	-	-	-
Prescott, . . .	48	18	2	-	-	-

COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE — *Concluded.*

TOWNS.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Bidwell.	Weaver.	Wing.	All others.
South Hadley, . . .	374	231	15	1	—	—
Southampton, . . .	136	44	12	3	—	—
Ware, . . .	411	542	33	—	—	—
Westhampton, . . .	60	18	16	—	—	—
Williamsburg, . . .	180	183	38	1	—	—
Worthington, . . .	126	35	3	—	—	—
Totals, . . .	4,887	3,678	335	41	8	—

## COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

Acton, . . .	269	166	12	2	—	—
Arlington, . . .	557	529	8	7	—	—
Ashby, . . .	139	54	17	—	—	—
Ashland, . . .	194	172	17	13	—	—
Ayer, . . .	225	213	3	4	—	—
Bedford, . . .	128	63	1	1	—	—
Belmont, . . .	205	169	5	3	—	1
Billerica, . . .	329	149	9	1	—	—
Boxborough, . . .	41	37	—	—	—	—
Burlington, . . .	46	48	3	—	—	—
CAMBRIDGE, . . .	4,945	5,996	182	59	6	—
Carlisle, . . .	71	19	4	—	—	—
Chelmsford, . . .	362	149	15	1	—	—
Concord, . . .	371	317	3	—	—	—
Dracut, . . .	213	182	1	1	—	1
Dunstable, . . .	63	38	—	—	—	—
EVERETT, . . .	1,315	774	50	21	—	—
Framingham, . . .	880	787	14	4	—	—
Groton, . . .	261	136	2	1	—	—
Holliston, . . .	304	315	25	4	—	1
Hopkinton, . . .	366	430	8	5	—	—
Hudson, . . .	450	397	34	34	—	—
Lexington, . . .	365	252	5	2	—	—
Lincoln, . . .	82	65	11	—	—	—
Littleton, . . .	134	52	2	3	—	—
LOWELL, . . .	5,974	6,225	102	29	6	—
MALDEN, . . .	2,495	1,752	88	38	6	—
MARLBOROUGH, . . .	1,143	1,343	58	48	1	—
Maynard, . . .	267	227	8	—	—	—
MEDFORD, . . .	1,340	912	38	18	—	—
Melrose, . . .	1,074	653	44	15	—	—
Natick, . . .	733	912	74	32	4	—
NEWTON, . . .	2,416	1,673	59	18	—	—

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX—*Concluded.*

TOWNS.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Bidwell.	Weaver.	Wing.	All others.
North Reading, . . .	101	45	1	1	-	-
Pepperell, . . .	396	231	13	1	-	-
Reading, . . .	508	287	32	9	-	-
Sherborn, . . .	123	66	6	-	-	-
Shirley, . . .	150	58	1	-	-	-
SOMERVILLE, . . .	4,222	2,826	125	42	3	1
Stoneham, . . .	750	518	47	12	1	-
Stow, . . .	105	80	1	-	-	-
Sudbury, . . .	120	71	4	3	-	-
Tewksbury, . . .	199	67	10	1	-	-
Townsend, . . .	251	135	31	1	-	-
Tyngsborough, . . .	59	49	7	-	-	-
Wakefield, . . .	770	591	25	12	1	-
WALTHAM, . . .	1,980	1,606	52	42	-	-
Watertown, . . .	624	619	23	2	2	-
Wayland, . . .	173	157	10	12	-	-
Westford, . . .	241	145	9	-	-	-
Weston, . . .	161	92	31	2	-	-
Wilmington, . . .	140	69	2	1	-	-
Winchester, . . .	510	484	12	12	-	-
WOBURN, . . .	1,026	1,367	33	13	3	-
Totals, . . .	40,375	34,769	1,377	530	38	1

## COUNTY OF NANTUCKET.

Nantucket, . . .	440	220	9	3	-	-
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## COUNTY OF NORFOLK.

Avon, . . .	185	188	2	1	-	-
Bellingham, . . .	125	73	4	-	-	-
Braintree, . . .	486	397	5	6	-	-
Brookline, . . .	1,056	983	31	-	-	-
Canton, . . .	356	472	3	-	-	-
Cohasset, . . .	238	161	3	1	-	-
Dedham, . . .	653	595	6	19	12	-
Dover, . . .	64	63	9	-	-	-
Foxborough, . . .	340	223	23	2	-	-
Franklin, . . .	534	334	26	5	-	-

COUNTY OF NORFOLK — *Concluded.*

TOWNS.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Bidwell.	Weaver.	Wing.	All others.
Holbrook, . . .	299	243	5	2	-	-
Hyde Park, . . .	1,051	804	36	12	-	-
Medfield, . . .	194	110	9	1	-	-
Medway, . . .	326	260	16	11	-	-
Millis, . . .	122	88	1	1	-	-
Milton, . . .	435	318	2	6	1	-
Needham, . . .	327	215	5	17	-	-
Norfolk, . . .	79	57	1	-	-	-
Norwood, . . .	419	377	13	11	-	-
QUINCY, . . .	1,482	1,513	36	47	-	-
Randolph, . . .	369	465	2	8	1	-
Sharon, . . .	170	118	2	4	-	-
Stoughton, . . .	518	478	18	15	-	-
Walpole, . . .	269	227	14	2	-	-
Wellesley, . . .	266	251	8	-	-	-
Weymouth, . . .	1,193	1,162	56	33	5	-
Wrentham, . . .	306	152	9	-	-	-
Totals, . . .	11,862	10,327	345	204	26	-

## COUNTY OF PLYMOUTH.

Abington, . . .	493	480	8	12	-	-
Bridgewater, . . .	434	339	10	2	-	-
BROCKTON, . . .	3,081	2,222	56	73	1	1
Carver, . . .	56	71	17	18	-	-
Duxbury, . . .	196	134	4	-	-	-
East Bridgewater, .	348	274	15	8	-	-
Halifax, . . .	74	30	5	-	-	-
Hanover, . . .	267	115	7	16	-	-
Hanson, . . .	172	70	10	1	-	-
Hingham, . . .	505	321	28	6	-	-
Hull, . . .	55	95	2	-	-	-
Kingston, . . .	220	110	-	9	-	-
Lakeville, . . .	91	35	7	1	-	-
Marion, . . .	118	65	6	-	-	-
Marshfield, . . .	191	90	2	-	-	-
Mattapoisett, . . .	189	18	7	-	-	-
Middleborough, .	733	412	81	23	1	-
Norwell, . . .	188	137	10	2	-	-
Pembroke, . . .	155	62	6	1	1	-
Plymouth, . . .	811	521	23	8	-	-
Plympton, . . .	74	56	5	-	-	-
Rochester, . . .	128	27	10	-	-	-

COUNTY OF PLYMOUTH—*Concluded.*

TOWNS.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Bidwell.	Weaver.	Wing.	All others.
Rockland, . . .	606	582	21	14	-	-
Scituate, . . .	233	126	20	6	-	-
Wareham, . . .	246	251	15	3	-	-
West Bridgewater, .	221	142	6	1	-	-
Whitman, . . .	616	511	18	30	-	-
Totals, . . .	10,501	7,296	399	234	3	1

## COUNTY OF SUFFOLK.

BOSTON, . . .	31,555	41,931	709	517	170	-
CHELSEA, . . .	2,883	1,948	73	42	7	-
Revere, . . .	520	470	27	8	-	-
Winthrop, . . .	346	155	29	2	-	-
Totals, . . .	35,304	44,504	838	569	177	-

## COUNTY OF WORCESTER.

Ashburnham, . . .	262	142	15	-	-	-
Athol, . . .	735	589	38	5	1	-
Auburn, . . .	103	83	5	-	-	-
Barre, . . .	227	139	38	-	-	-
Berlin, . . .	131	24	13	3	-	-
Blackstone, . . .	243	570	6	-	-	-
Bolton, . . .	95	27	12	-	-	-
Boylston, . . .	101	22	-	-	-	-
Brookfield, . . .	298	326	16	-	-	-
Charlton, . . .	231	124	9	-	-	-
Clinton, . . .	920	941	26	2	12	-
Dana, . . .	62	47	22	-	-	-
Douglas, . . .	171	169	8	-	-	-
Dudley, . . .	156	224	3	2	3	-
FITCHBURG, . . .	2,162	1,602	58	7	36	-
Gardner, . . .	758	742	83	3	-	-
Grafton, . . .	449	283	15	1	-	-
Hardwick, . . .	213	130	8	-	1	-
Harvard, . . .	130	69	4	-	-	-
Holden, . . .	223	115	11	1	-	-
Hopedale, . . .	205	76	7	1	-	-
Hubbardston, . . .	164	86	15	1	-	-

COUNTY OF WORCESTER—*Concluded.*

TOWNS.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Bidwell.	Weaver.	Wing.	All others.
Lancaster, . . .	213	98	2	1	-	-
Leicester, . . .	351	284	3	2	-	-
Leominster, . . .	1,050	578	42	4	1	-
Luneburg, . . .	157	56	10	5	-	-
Mendon, . . .	132	64	5	2	-	-
Milford, . . .	824	936	39	10	-	-
Millbury, . . .	373	273	6	2	1	-
New Braintree, . . .	58	56	1	-	-	-
Northborough, . . .	197	111	14	1	-	-
Northbridge, . . .	387	288	32	3	-	-
North Brookfield, . . .	374	437	13	-	-	-
Oakham, . . .	76	48	3	-	-	-
Oxford, . . .	251	181	9	1	-	-
Paxton, . . .	63	25	1	1	-	-
Petersham, . . .	102	74	3	-	-	-
Phillipston, . . .	60	18	2	-	-	-
Princeton, . . .	142	44	6	-	-	-
Royalston, . . .	145	58	11	1	-	-
Rutland, . . .	108	59	11	1	-	-
Shrewsbury, . . .	180	78	5	-	-	-
Southborough, . . .	188	146	3	3	-	-
Southbridge, . . .	497	592	9	3	-	-
Spencer, . . .	698	580	31	57	-	-
Sterling, . . .	210	61	10	-	-	-
Sturbridge, . . .	177	148	10	-	-	-
Sutton, . . .	199	151	19	-	-	-
Templeton, . . .	370	204	18	-	1	-
Upton, . . .	260	152	7	2	-	-
Uxbridge, . . .	330	290	18	3	-	-
Warren, . . .	335	356	31	14	-	-
Webster, . . .	480	484	19	3	21	-
Westborough, . . .	497	381	58	16	-	-
West Boylston, . . .	250	133	6	3	-	-
West Brookfield, . . .	159	152	10	-	-	-
Westminster, . . .	243	77	18	-	-	-
Winchendon, . . .	530	271	40	4	-	-
WORCESTER, . . .	8,422	6,332	232	117	6	-
Totals, . . .	27,130	20,797	1,169	292	83	-

## Aggregate of Votes for Presidential Electors-at-Large for 1892.

COUNTIES.	HARRISON.	CLEVELAND.	BIDWELL.	WEAVER.	WING.	All others.
	John D. Long.	John E. Collins, P. Babcock N. Abbott P. Banks.	John E. Russell, Collier Patrick A.	John E. Bascom, Richard Cone.	George F. Washburn, Edward Bellamy.	Jacob Thomas.
Barnstable,	*	3,688	3,688	1,373	1,375	150
Berkshire,	*	7,336	7,337	6,697	6,687	384
Bristol,	*	15,732	15,732	10,825	16,826	582
Dukes,	*	588	587	238	239	57
Essex,	*	29,088	29,985	21,975	21,977	1,123
Franklin,	*	4,510	4,508	2,886	2,885	2,67
Hampden,	*	11,373	11,371	11,228	11,222	504
Hampshire,	*	4,887	4,887	3,678	3,678	335
Middlesex,	*	40,375	40,380	34,709	34,778	1,377
Nantucket,	*	440	440	220	220	9
Norfolk,	*	11,862	11,863	10,327	10,333	345
Plymouth,	*	10,501	10,527	7,296	7,294	399
Suffolk,	*	35,304	35,300	44,504	44,499	838
Worcester,	*	27,130	27,106	20,797	20,797	1,169
Totals,	.	202,814	202,811	176,813	176,810	7,539
						3,210
						3,204
						649
						3

## VOTE FOR GOVERNOR.

(BY COUNTIES.)

## COUNTY OF BARNSTABLE.

TOWNS.	William H. Halle of Springfield, Re- publican.	Wolcott Hamlin of Amherst, Prohibi- tion.	Squire E. Putney of Somerville, Social- ist Labor.	William E. Russell of Cambridge, Democratic.	Henry Winn of Mal- den, People's Party.	All others.
Barnstable, . . . . .	496	14	1	259	-	-
Bourne, . . . . .	193	14	-	96	1	-
Brewster, . . . . .	128	5	-	54	-	-
Chatham, . . . . .	239	9	-	108	-	-
Dennis, . . . . .	392	12	-	55	-	-
Eastham, . . . . .	75	3	-	42	-	-
Falmouth, . . . . .	352	16	-	121	-	-
Harwich, . . . . .	293	14	-	129	-	-
Mashpee, . . . . .	51	1	1	11	-	-
Orleans, . . . . .	180	4	-	63	-	-
Provincetown, . . . . .	334	6	-	217	2	-
Sandwich, . . . . .	192	19	-	141	-	-
Truro, . . . . .	92	2	3	30	1	-
Wellfleet, . . . . .	135	2	-	54	-	-
Yarmouth, . . . . .	303	12	1	83	-	-
Totals, . . . . .	3,455	133	5	1,463	6	-

## COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE.

Adams, . . . . .	479	11	35	519	1	-
Alford, . . . . .	21	1	-	58	-	-
Becket, . . . . .	78	16	-	80	-	-
Cheshire, . . . . .	106	7	1	126	-	-
Clarksburg, . . . . .	95	2	-	43	-	-
Dalton, . . . . .	263	17	1	251	-	-
Egremont, . . . . .	112	9	-	93	-	-
Florida, . . . . .	47	5	-	11	1	-

## COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE—Concluded.

TOWNS.	William H. Haile of Springfield, Republican.	Wolcott Hamlin of Amherst, Prohibition.	Squire E. Putney of Somerville, Socialist Labor.	William E. Russell of Cambridge, Democratic.	Henry Wm of Malden, People's Party.	All others.
Great Barrington, . . . .	434	42	-	461	1	-
Hancock, . . . .	71	3	-	27	-	-
Hinsdale, . . . .	122	6	-	169	-	-
Lanesborough, . . . .	106	6	-	65	1	-
Lee, . . . .	312	38	-	385	2	-
Lenox, . . . .	130	2	-	250	-	-
Monterey, . . . .	57	5	-	45	-	-
Mount Washington, . . . .	19	1	-	9	-	-
New Ashford, . . . .	12	-	-	17	-	-
New Marlborough, . . . .	112	13	-	133	1	-
North Adams, . . . .	1,411	36	15	1,164	4	-
Otis, . . . .	65	5	-	45	-	-
Peru, . . . .	32	5	-	30	-	-
PITTSFIELD, . . . .	1,443	46	8	1,911	8	-
Richmond, . . . .	72	3	-	45	-	-
Sandisfield, . . . .	74	7	-	79	-	-
Savoy, . . . .	66	7	-	48	-	-
Sheffield, . . . .	191	12	-	148	-	-
Stockbridge, . . . .	187	11	-	170	-	-
Tyringham, . . . .	57	1	-	32	-	-
Washington, . . . .	34	6	-	35	-	-
West Stockbridge, . . . .	102	5	-	157	-	-
Williamstown, . . . .	368	23	1	221	-	-
Windsor, . . . .	60	15	-	45	-	-
Totals, . . . .	6,738	366	61	6,872	21	-

## COUNTY OF BRISTOL.

Acushnet, . . . .	125	6	-	28	-	-
Attleborough, . . . .	676	69	-	370	-	-
Berkley, . . . .	131	7	-	25	-	-
Dartmouth, . . . .	239	28	-	51	1	-
Dighton, . . . .	200	23	-	65	-	-
Easton, . . . .	402	11	1	483	4	-
Fairhaven, . . . .	289	18	-	145	-	-
FALL RIVER, . . . .	3,981	60	12	4,912	11	-
Freetown, . . . .	177	3	-	34	-	-
Mansfield, . . . .	317	43	-	206	-	-
NEW BEDFORD, . . . .	2,935	132	34	2,314	5	-

## COUNTY OF BRISTOL—Concluded.

TOWNS.	William H. Haile of Springfield, Republican.	Wolcott Ilamlin of Amherst, Prohibition.	Squire E. Putney of Somerville, Socialist Labor.	William E. Russell of Cambridge, Democratic.	Henry Winn of Malden, People's Party.	All others.
North Attleborough, . . .	607	13	2	540	7	-
Norton, . . . . .	189	2	-	72	3	-
Raynham, . . . . .	209	8	-	33	-	-
Rehoboth, . . . . .	188	23	-	66	-	-
Seekonk, . . . . .	97	6	-	65	1	-
Somerset, . . . . .	213	14	-	112	1	-
Swanzey, . . . . .	175	11	-	76	-	1
TAUNTON, . . . . .	2,317	61	12	1,873	13	-
Westport, . . . . .	227	17	-	45	-	-
Totals, . . . . .	13,694	555	61	11,524	46	1

## COUNTY OF DUKES COUNTY.

Chilmark, . . . . .	28	8	-	30	-	-
Cottage City, . . . . .	100	7	-	45	-	-
Edgartown, . . . . .	156	2	-	63	-	-
Gay Head, . . . . .	15	-	-	1	-	-
Gosnold, . . . . .	15	-	-	13	-	-
Tisbury, . . . . .	107	13	-	66	-	-
West Tisbury, . . . . .	57	21	-	33	-	-
Totals, . . . . .	478	51	-	251	-	-

## COUNTY OF ESSEX.

Amesbury, . . . . .	809	31	2	686	7	-
Andover, . . . . .	603	28	-	367	2	-
Beverly, . . . . .	1,083	87	1	712	15	-
Boxford, . . . . .	104	4	-	55	-	-
Bradford, . . . . .	385	10	1	370	13	-
Danvers, . . . . .	750	25	-	555	94	-
Essex, . . . . .	186	4	1	135	6	-
Georgetown, . . . . .	255	2	2	245	4	-
GLoucester, . . . . .	1,571	23	1	1,357	44	-
Groveland, . . . . .	182	7	1	235	3	-
Hamilton, . . . . .	108	5	-	66	1	-
HAVERHILL, . . . . .	2,245	98	10	2,648	117	-
Ipswich, . . . . .	434	28	-	259	7	-

COUNTY OF ESSEX—*Concluded.*

TOWNS.	William H. Haile of Springfield, Republcan.	Wolcott Hamlin of Amherst, Prohibition.	Squire E. Putney of Somerville, Social-ist Labor.	William E. Russell of Cambridge, Democratic.	Henry Winn of Malden, People's Party.	All others.
LAWRENCE, . . . . .	2,898	112	78	3,731	22	-
LYNN, . . . . .	4,950	269	13	5,183	223	-
Lynnfield, . . . . .	102	9	-	44	-	-
Manchester, . . . . .	198	18	-	127	-	-
Marblehead, . . . . .	768	16	1	900	33	-
Merrimac, . . . . .	264	26	-	251	-	-
Methuen, . . . . .	477	18	2	327	8	-
Middleton, . . . . .	90	1	-	50	3	-
Nahant, . . . . .	50	2	-	111	-	-
Newbury, . . . . .	211	6	1	74	-	-
NEWBURYPORT, . . . . .	1,200	16	9	1,242	3	-
North Andover, . . . . .	329	7	-	334	4	-
Peabody, . . . . .	865	24	3	1,068	13	-
Rockport, . . . . .	353	10	1	179	1	-
Rowley, . . . . .	212	2	-	110	-	-
SALEM, . . . . .	2,498	39	7	2,382	19	1
Salisbury, . . . . .	151	15	-	130	-	-
Saugus, . . . . .	390	29	1	335	14	-
Swampscott, . . . . .	363	19	-	163	11	-
Topsfield, . . . . .	114	9	-	48	-	-
Wenham, . . . . .	120	4	-	53	-	-
West Newbury, . . . . .	228	6	-	116	3	-
Totals, . . . . .	25,546	1,009	135	24,648	670	1

## COUNTY OF FRANKLIN.

Ashfield, . . . . .	141	11	-	77	-	-
Bernardston, . . . . .	129	8	-	53	-	-
Buckland, . . . . .	140	8	-	188	3	-
Charlemont, . . . . .	137	11	-	61	3	-
Colrain, . . . . .	181	6	-	62	-	-
Conway, . . . . .	143	22	-	92	1	-
Deerfield, . . . . .	247	21	-	277	3	-
Erving, . . . . .	95	4	-	106	1	-
Gill, . . . . .	95	10	-	41	-	-
Greenfield, . . . . .	571	31	2	583	6	-
Hawley, . . . . .	85	7	-	11	-	-
Heath, . . . . .	76	-	-	23	-	-
Leverett, . . . . .	77	7	-	45	2	-
Leyden, . . . . .	50	2	-	34	-	-

COUNTY OF FRANKLIN—*Concluded.*

TOWNS.	William H. Haile of Springfield, Re- publican.	Wolcott Hamlin of Amherst, Prohibi- tion.	Squire E. Putney of Somerville, Social- ist Labor.	William E. Russell of Cambridge, Democratic.	Henry Winn of Mal- den, People's Party.	All others.
Monroe, . . . . .	28	1	—	11	—	—
Montague, . . . . .	368	14	—	515	2	—
New Salem, . . . . .	80	18	—	21	2	—
Northfield, . . . . .	169	12	—	136	—	—
Orange, . . . . .	679	11	—	368	9	—
Rowe, . . . . .	53	6	—	21	1	—
Shelburne, . . . . .	236	14	—	83	2	—
Shutesbury, . . . . .	49	—	—	34	—	—
Sunderland, . . . . .	105	16	—	32	—	—
Warwick, . . . . .	53	4	—	50	—	—
Wendell, . . . . .	43	3	1	45	—	—
Whately, . . . . .	81	7	—	94	1	—
Totals, . . . . .	4,111	254	3	3,063	37	—

## COUNTY OF HAMPDEN.

Agawam, . . . . .	177	7	—	209	—	—
Blandford, . . . . .	94	7	—	78	—	—
Brimfield, . . . . .	104	9	—	73	—	—
Chester, . . . . .	152	4	2	111	—	—
CHICOPEE, . . . . .	708	28	1	1,133	13	—
Granville, . . . . .	103	9	—	81	—	—
Hampden, . . . . .	67	1	—	65	1	—
Holland, . . . . .	26	—	—	15	—	—
HOLYOKE, . . . . .	1,527	63	54	2,763	7	—
Longmeadow, . . . . .	153	13	—	130	—	—
Ludlow, . . . . .	145	13	—	118	—	—
Monson, . . . . .	315	23	—	266	—	—
Montgomery, . . . . .	36	3	—	23	—	—
Palmer, . . . . .	414	15	1	476	—	—
Russell, . . . . .	68	1	—	81	—	—
Southwick, . . . . .	109	10	—	95	—	—
SPRINGFIELD, . . . . .	4,572	147	45	4,148	42	—
Tolland, . . . . .	36	—	—	32	—	—
Wales, . . . . .	66	2	1	57	—	—
Westfield, . . . . .	972	55	3	1,164	2	—
West Springfield, . . . . .	443	18	4	377	4	—
Wilbraham, . . . . .	155	19	—	85	—	—
Totals, . . . . .	10,442	447	111	11,580	70	—

## COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE.

TOWNS.	William H. Hale of Springfield, Republican.	Wolcott Hamlin of Amherst, Prohibition.	Squire E. Putney of Somerville, Socialist Labor.	William E. Russell of Cambridge, Democratic.	Henry Winn of Melville, People's Party.	All others.
Amherst, . . . . .	442	43	-	283	-	-
Belchertown, . . . . .	198	14	1	150	-	-
Chesterfield, . . . . .	93	10	1	48	-	-
Cummington, . . . . .	118	16	-	58	-	-
Easthampton, . . . . .	342	22	5	878	-	-
Enfield, . . . . .	122	16	-	50	-	-
Goshen, . . . . .	51	3	-	7	-	-
Granby, . . . . .	83	13	-	54	-	-
Greenwich, . . . . .	59	8	1	43	-	-
Hadley, . . . . .	183	3	-	109	-	-
Hatfield, . . . . .	129	3	2	117	-	-
Huntington, . . . . .	121	6	1	105	3	-
Middlefield, . . . . .	46	-	-	23	-	-
NORTHAMPTON, . . . . .	1,005	55	1	1,283	19	-
Pelham, . . . . .	54	7	-	27	1	-
Plainfield, . . . . .	100	3	-	18	-	-
Prescott, . . . . .	45	1	-	19	-	-
South Hadley, . . . . .	326	16	4	264	1	-
Southampton, . . . . .	119	14	-	47	2	-
Ware, . . . . .	363	8	1	574	-	-
Westhampton, . . . . .	57	16	-	20	-	-
Williamsburg, . . . . .	168	30	-	181	1	-
Worthington, . . . . .	115	2	1	41	-	-
Totals, . . . . .	4,339	309	18	3,899	30	-

## COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

Acton, . . . . .	253	13	-	175	2	-
Arlington, . . . . .	540	8	2	529	2	-
Ashby, . . . . .	133	13	-	52	-	-
Ashland, . . . . .	181	18	-	168	5	-
Ayer, . . . . .	205	3	-	221	3	-
Bedford, . . . . .	116	5	-	65	1	-
Belmont, . . . . .	194	2	-	183	3	-
Billerica, . . . . .	310	7	-	157	1	-
Boxborough, . . . . .	39	-	-	37	-	-
Burlington, . . . . .	40	1	-	53	-	-
CAMBRIDGE, . . . . .	4,471	197	9	6,369	37	-
Carlisle, . . . . .	64	5	-	22	-	-

## COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX—Concluded.

TOWNS.	William H. Haile of Springfield, Republican.	Wolcott Hamlin of Amherst, Prohibition.	Squire E. Putney of Somerville, Socialist Labor.	William E. Russell of Cambridge, Democratic.	Henry Winn of Malden, People's Party.	All others.
Chelmsford, . . . . .	325	17	1	171	-	-
Concord, . . . . .	350	3	1	310	-	-
Dracut, . . . . .	182	1	-	199	-	-
Dunstable, . . . . .	60	-	-	40	-	-
EVERETT, . . . . .	1,207	45	1	849	13	-
Framingham, . . . . .	828	19	1	832	7	-
Groton, . . . . .	237	2	-	142	1	-
Holliston, . . . . .	277	25	-	336	-	-
Hopkinton, . . . . .	338	6	1	420	-	-
Hudson, . . . . .	393	24	-	441	17	-
Lexington, . . . . .	346	3	-	265	5	-
Lincoln, . . . . .	77	10	-	60	-	-
Littleton, . . . . .	123	4	1	60	1	-
LOWELL, . . . . .	5,579	116	10	6,360	20	-
MALDEN, . . . . .	2,256	69	10	1,849	36	-
MARLBOROUGH, . . . . .	981	51	1	1,449	11	-
Maynard, . . . . .	239	6	1	246	-	-
MEDFORD, . . . . .	1,222	45	-	949	16	-
Melrose, . . . . .	1,014	40	-	682	10	-
Natick, . . . . .	666	70	2	959	14	-
NEWTON, . . . . .	2,277	63	2	1,731	15	-
North Reading, . . . . .	97	-	-	48	2	-
Pepperell, . . . . .	365	8	1	228	2	-
Reading, . . . . .	480	33	-	296	7	-
Sherborn, . . . . .	116	3	1	64	-	-
Shirley, . . . . .	130	2	-	57	-	-
SOMERVILLE, . . . . .	3,890	119	8	2,957	24	-
Stoneham, . . . . .	676	51	-	559	4	-
Stow, . . . . .	93	1	-	81	-	-
Sudbury, . . . . .	129	2	-	74	3	-
Tewksbury, . . . . .	183	8	-	78	-	-
Townsend, . . . . .	236	30	-	141	-	-
Tyngsborough, . . . . .	56	6	-	51	-	-
Wakefield, . . . . .	738	17	4	601	5	-
WALTHAM, . . . . .	1,856	48	3	1,668	29	-
Watertown, . . . . .	577	23	1	642	2	-
Wayland, . . . . .	160	9	-	168	4	-
Westford, . . . . .	228	8	-	141	-	-
Weston, . . . . .	143	30	14	83	1	-
Wilmington, . . . . .	127	3	-	64	1	-
Winchester, . . . . .	488	10	-	483	5	-
WOEBURN, . . . . .	918	24	5	1,391	6	-
Totals, . . . . .	37,209	1,326	80	36,256	315	-

## COUNTY OF NANTUCKET.

TOWNS.	William H. Haile of Springfield, Republican.	Wolcott Hamlin of Amherst, Prohibition.	Squire E. Putney of Somerville, Socialist Labor.	William F. Russell of Cambridge, Democratic.	Henry Winn of Malden, People's Party.	All others.
Nantucket, . . . .	368	10	1	238	-	-

## COUNTY OF NORFOLK.

Avon, . . . .	182	2	-	190	3	-
Bellingham, . . . .	120	3	1	68	4	-
Braintree, . . . .	449	6	-	401	1	-
Brookline, . . . .	982	28	-	1,033	1	-
Canton, . . . .	332	3	1	467	1	-
Cohasset, . . . .	222	5	1	166	1	-
Dedham, . . . .	608	5	7	636	11	-
Dover, . . . .	66	7	-	55	1	-
Foxborough, . . . .	318	22	-	228	2	-
Franklin, . . . .	505	26	-	345	2	-
Holbrook, . . . .	269	5	1	249	1	-
Hyde Park, . . . .	977	36	8	840	9	-
Medfield, . . . .	173	6	-	128	1	-
Medway, . . . .	285	18	-	265	10	-
Millis, . . . .	112	1	1	85	1	-
Milton, . . . .	407	2	2	323	7	-
Needham, . . . .	296	6	-	217	10	-
Norfolk, . . . .	69	3	-	57	-	-
Norwood, . . . .	377	8	-	412	3	-
QUINCY, . . . .	1,375	32	3	1,546	28	-
Randolph, . . . .	321	4	1	490	1	-
Sharon, . . . .	164	3	1	121	4	-
Stoughton, . . . .	491	13	1	487	10	-
Walpole, . . . .	244	15	-	227	1	-
Wellesley, . . . .	245	8	1	254	-	-
Weymouth, . . . .	1,086	47	-	1,192	22	-
Wrentham, . . . .	277	10	-	155	-	-
Totals, . . . .	10,952	324	29	10,637	134	-

## COUNTY OF PLYMOUTH.

Abington, . . . .	453	5	-	493	5	-
Bridgewater, . . . .	413	6	-	339	3	-
BROCKTON, . . . .	2,718	54	3	2,447	21	-
Carver, . . . .	52	14	-	76	11	-

COUNTY OF PLYMOUTH—*Concluded.*

TOWNS.	William H. Haile of Springfield, Republican.	Wolcott Hamlin of Amherst, Prohibition.	Squire E. Putney of Somerville, Socialist Labor.	William E. Russell of Cambridge, Democratic.	Henry Winn of Malden, People's Party.	All others.
Duxbury, . . . . .	178	6	-	134	-	-
East Bridgewater, . . . . .	322	15	-	278	6	-
Halifax, . . . . .	73	4	-	31	-	-
Hanover, . . . . .	244	4	-	127	13	-
Hanson, . . . . .	156	12	1	73	1	-
Hingham, . . . . .	481	28	1	328	3	-
Hull, . . . . .	36	2	-	108	-	-
Kingston, . . . . .	194	10	-	116	5	-
Lakeville, . . . . .	83	5	-	37	1	-
Marion, . . . . .	106	5	-	65	-	-
Marshfield, . . . . .	169	1	-	93	-	-
Mattapoisett, . . . . .	162	6	-	26	-	-
Middleborough, . . . . .	669	63	2	433	16	-
Norwell, . . . . .	182	7	1	134	2	-
Pembroke, . . . . .	133	5	1	68	7	-
Plymouth, . . . . .	745	16	2	534	4	-
Plympton, . . . . .	66	2	-	56	-	-
Rochester, . . . . .	124	8	-	24	-	-
Rockland, . . . . .	563	19	1	599	4	-
Scituate, . . . . .	212	15	-	133	6	-
Wareham, . . . . .	201	13	2	253	3	-
West Bridgewater, . . . . .	197	6	-	151	1	-
Whitman, . . . . .	560	22	-	536	12	-
Totals, . . . . .	9,492	353	15	7,692	124	-

## COUNTY OF SUFFOLK.

BOSTON, . . . . .	28,949	675	244	43,437	310	1
CHELSEA, . . . . .	2,736	64	8	1,992	18	-
Revere, . . . . .	473	26	2	498	7	-
Winthrop, . . . . .	318	28	-	166	-	-
Totals, . . . . .	32,476	793	254	46,093	335	1

## COUNTY OF WORCESTER.

Ashburnham, . . . . .	235	10	1	148	1	-
Athol, . . . . .	660	33	2	613	1	-
Auburn, . . . . .	90	2	-	83	1	-

COUNTY OF WORCESTER — *Continued.*

## TOWNS.

TOWNS.	William H. Halle of Springfield, Re-publican.	Wolcott Hamlin of Amherst, Prohibi-tion.	Squire E. Putney of Somerville, Social-ist Labor.	William E. Russell of Cambridge, Democratic.	Henry Wins of Mal-den, People's Party.	All others.
Barre, . . . . .	203	30	- - - - -	143	- - - - -	- - - - -
Berlin, . . . . .	124	13	- - - - -	31	- - - - -	- - - - -
Blackstone, . . . . .	203	6	- - - - -	574	- - - - -	- - - - -
Bolton, . . . . .	87	12	- - - - -	30	- - - - -	- - - - -
Boylston, . . . . .	92	12	- - - - -	26	- - - - -	- - - - -
Brookfield, . . . . .	286	14	- - - - -	343	- - - - -	- - - - -
Charlton, . . . . .	221	11	- - - - -	130	- - - - -	- - - - -
Clinton, . . . . .	841	30	11 - - - -	975	- - - - -	- - - - -
Dana, . . . . .	55	21	- - - - -	45	- - - - -	- - - - -
Douglas, . . . . .	155	9	- - - - -	185	- - - - -	- - - - -
Dudley, . . . . .	134	2	- - - - -	239	- - - - -	- - - - -
FITCHBURG, . . . . .	1,968	57	39 - - - -	1,667	12	- - - - -
Gardner, . . . . .	709	17	1 - - - -	757	2	- - - - -
Grafton, . . . . .	395	19	- - - - -	323	1	- - - - -
Hardwick, . . . . .	203	6	1 - - - -	187	- - - - -	- - - - -
Harvard, . . . . .	121	3	- - - - -	68	- - - - -	- - - - -
Holden, . . . . .	205	12	1 - - - -	120	- - - - -	- - - - -
Hopedale, . . . . .	193	5	- - - - -	81	- - - - -	- - - - -
Hubbardston, . . . . .	153	11	- - - - -	95	1	- - - - -
Lancaster, . . . . .	199	3	- - - - -	110	1	- - - - -
Leicester, . . . . .	321	3	- - - - -	308	- - - - -	- - - - -
Leominster, . . . . .	968	33	1 - - - -	597	3	- - - - -
Lunenburg, . . . . .	139	6	- - - - -	67	3	- - - - -
Mendon, . . . . .	128	5	- - - - -	64	- - - - -	- - - - -
Milford, . . . . .	766	46	3 - - - -	967	4	- - - - -
Millbury, . . . . .	325	7	1 - - - -	291	1	- - - - -
New Braintree, . . . . .	57	- - - - -	- - - - -	55	- - - - -	- - - - -
Northborough, . . . . .	173	15	- - - - -	126	- - - - -	- - - - -
Northbridge, . . . . .	345	32	- - - - -	296	- - - - -	- - - - -
North Brookfield, . . . . .	345	9	- - - - -	441	4	- - - - -
Oakham, . . . . .	69	3	- - - - -	54	- - - - -	- - - - -
Oxford, . . . . .	223	11	- - - - -	194	- - - - -	- - - - -
Paxton, . . . . .	59	1	- - - - -	24	- - - - -	- - - - -
Petersham, . . . . .	90	5	- - - - -	78	- - - - -	- - - - -
Phillipston, . . . . .	53	2	- - - - -	20	- - - - -	- - - - -
Princeton, . . . . .	136	4	- - - - -	47	- - - - -	- - - - -
Royalston, . . . . .	143	12	- - - - -	59	- - - - -	- - - - -
Rutland, . . . . .	91	15	- - - - -	67	- - - - -	- - - - -
Shrewsbury, . . . . .	171	7	- - - - -	77	- - - - -	- - - - -
Southborough, . . . . .	176	6	- - - - -	143	- - - - -	- - - - -
Southbridge, . . . . .	466	10	- - - - -	645	3	- - - - -
Spencer, . . . . .	646	32	1 - - - -	610	44	- - - - -
Sterling, . . . . .	200	11	- - - - -	64	- - - - -	- - - - -
Sturbridge, . . . . .	175	9	- - - - -	142	1	- - - - -
Sutton, . . . . .	169	20	- - - - -	169	- - - - -	- - - - -

COUNTY OF WORCESTER — *Concluded.*

TOWNS.	William H. Haile of Springfield, Republican.	Wolcott Hamlin of Amherst, Prohibition.	Squire E. Putney of Somerville, Socialist Labor.	William E. Russell of Cambridge, Democratic.	Henry Winn of Malden, People's Party.	All others.
Templeton, . . . . .	342	17	- - -	216	1	-
Upton, . . . . .	245	7	- - -	156	2	-
Uxbridge, . . . . .	317	18	- - -	292	9	-
Warren, . . . . .	314	23	- - -	365	2	-
Webster, . . . . .	373	16	16	582	14	-
Westborough, . . . . .	455	52	- - -	399	-	-
West Boylston, . . . . .	222	8	- - -	145	-	-
West Brookfield, . . . . .	151	6	- - -	161	-	-
Westminster, . . . . .	226	16	- - -	85	1	-
Winchendon, . . . . .	480	36	- - -	294	2	-
WORCESTER, . . . . .	7,452	246	12	6,938	64	-
Totals, . . . . .	24,543	1,137	98	22,161	188	-

## AGGREGATE OF VOTES FOR GOVERNOR.

COUNTIES.	William H. Haile of Springfield, Republican.	Wolcott Hamlin of Amherst, Prohibition.	Squire E. Putney of Somerville, Socialist Labor.	William E. Russell of Cambridge, Democratic.	Henry Winn of Malden, People's Party.	All others.
Barnstable, . . . . .	3,455	133	5	1,463	6	-
Berkshire, . . . . .	6,738	366	61	6,872	21	-
Bristol, . . . . .	13,694	555	61	11,524	46	-
Dukes County, . . . . .	478	51	-	251	-	-
Essex, . . . . .	25,546	1,009	135	24,648	670	-
Franklin, . . . . .	4,111	254	3	3,063	37	-
Hampden, . . . . .	10,442	447	111	11,580	70	-
Hampshire, . . . . .	4,339	309	18	3,899	30	-
Middlesex, . . . . .	37,209	1,326	80	36,256	315	-
Nantucket, . . . . .	368	10	1	238	-	-
Norfolk, . . . . .	10,952	324	29	10,637	134	-
Plymouth, . . . . .	9,492	353	15	7,692	124	-
Suffolk, . . . . .	32,476	793	254	46,093	335	1
Worcester, . . . . .	24,543	1,137	98	22,161	188	-
Totals, . . . . .	183,843	7,067	871	186,377	1,976	3

**For Governor.**

William E. Russell of Cambridge (Democratic), . . . . .	186,377 votes.
William H. Haile of Springfield (Republican), . . . . .	182,843 "
Wolcott Hamlin of Amherst (Prohibition), . . . . .	7,067 "
Henry Winn of Malden (People's Party), . . . . .	1,976 "
Squire E. Putney of Somerville (Socialist Labor), . . . . .	871 "
All others, . . . . .	3 "

**For Lieutenant-Governor.**

Roger Wolcott of Boston (Republican), . . . . .	180,358 votes.
James B. Carroll of Springfield (Democratic), . . . . .	170,121 "
Edward Kendall of Cambridge (Prohibition), . . . . .	9,162 "
William J. Shields of Boston (People's Party), . . . . .	2,732 "
Charles N. Wentworth of Lynn (Socialist Labor), . . . . .	1,351 "
All others, . . . . .	5 "

**For Secretary of the Commonwealth.**

William M. Olin of Boston (Republican), . . . . .	177,435 votes.
Charles S. Hamlin of Brookline (Democratic), . . . . .	160,036 "
Samuel B. Shapleigh of Boston (Prohibition), . . . . .	9,074 "
George Kempton of Sharon (People's Party), . . . . .	3,197 "
Frederick A. Nagler of West Springfield (Socialist Labor), . . . . .	1,585 "
All others, . . . . .	3 "

**For Treasurer and Receiver-General.**

George A. Marden of Lowell (Republican), . . . . .	181,870 votes.
James S. Grinnell of Greenfield (Democratic), . . . . .	158,414 "
Wilbert D. Farnham, Jr., of Somerville (Prohibition), . . . . .	9,655 "
Thomas A. Watson of Braintree (People's Party), . . . . .	3,161 "
James R. Nugent of Boston (Socialist Labor), . . . . .	1,466 "
All others, . . . . .	3 "

**For Auditor.**

John W. Kimball of Fitchburg (Republican), . . . . .	184,144 votes.
Irving B. Sayles of Millbury (Democratic), . . . . .	156,744 "
Alfred H. Evans of Ashburnham (Prohibition), . . . . .	10,039 "
Maurice W. Landers of Springfield (People's Party), . . . . .	3,739 "
Michael Lynch of Boston (Socialist Labor), . . . . .	2,009 "
All others, . . . . .	2 "

**For Attorney-General.**

Albert E. Pillsbury of Boston (Republican), . . . . .	185,962 votes.
Charles S. Lilley of Lowell (Democratic), . . . . .	156,932 "
Robert F. Raymond of New Bedford (Prohibition), . . . . .	9,183 "
Herbert McIntosh of Worcester (People's Party), . . . . .	3,679 "
James Walcock of Boston (Socialist Labor), . . . . .	1,195 "
All others, . . . . .	5 "

## For Executive Councillors.

## FIRST DISTRICT.

Ziba C. Keith of Brockton,	.	.	.	.	.	.	23,565 votes.
Daniel D. Sullivan of Fall River,	.	.	.	.	.	.	14,167 "
All others,	.	.	.	.	.	.	12 "

## SECOND DISTRICT.

David Hall Rice of Brookline,	.	.	.	.	.	.	24,724 votes.
William B. Rice of Quincy,	.	.	.	.	.	.	24,225 "
Charles E. Miles of Brookline,	.	.	.	.	.	.	1,228 "
All others,	.	.	.	.	.	.	2 "

## THIRD DISTRICT.

Joseph R. Leeson of Newton,	.	.	.	.	.	.	24,510 votes.
Christopher E. Rymes of Somerville,	.	.	.	.	.	.	20,145 "
All others,	.	.	.	.	.	.	3 "

## FOURTH DISTRICT.

James Donovan of Boston,	.	.	.	.	.	.	23,472 votes.
George A. Hibbard of Boston,	.	.	.	.	.	.	15,389 "
All others,	.	.	.	.	.	.	2 "

## FIFTH DISTRICT.

Arthur B. Breed of Lynn,	.	.	.	.	.	.	22,446 votes.
Francis E. Hines of Salem,	.	.	.	.	.	.	16,378 "
All others,	.	.	.	.	.	.	2 "

## SIXTH DISTRICT.

Luman T. Jefts of Hudson,	.	.	.	.	.	.	25,514 votes.
James H. Carmichael of Lowell,	.	.	.	.	.	.	22,465 "
All others,	.	.	.	.	.	.	2 "

## SEVENTH DISTRICT.

George F. Morse of Leominster,	.	.	.	.	.	.	25,264 votes.
Dexter Knight of Leicester,	.	.	.	.	.	.	20,375 "
William E. Cole of Worcester,	.	.	.	.	.	.	1,645 "

## EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Ellesha Morgan of Springfield,	.	.	.	.	.	.	24,252 votes.
George D. Eldredge of Chicopee,	.	.	.	.	.	.	22,123 "
William W. Nash of Williamsburg,	.	.	.	.	.	.	1,790 "
All others,	.	.	.	.	.	.	1 vote.

REPRESENTATIVES — FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

(BY DISTRICTS.)

ELECTION, NOVEMBER 8, 1892.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 1.

TOWNS.	John C. Crosby of Pittsfield, Democratic.	John L. Kilbon of Lee, Prohibi- tion.	Ashley B. Wright of North Adams, Republican.	All others.
Adams, . . . . .	537	11	487	- - - - -
Agawam, . . . . .	203	5	168	- - - - -
Alford, . . . . .	63	1	23	- - - - -
Ashfield, . . . . .	62	16	132	- - - - -
Becket, . . . . .	89	17	74	- - - - -
Bernardston, . . . . .	49	9	121	- - - - -
Blandford, . . . . .	75	8	93	- - - - -
Buckland, . . . . .	174	9	143	- - - - -
Charlemont, . . . . .	59	11	138	- - - - -
Cheshire, . . . . .	135	3	110	- - - - -
Chester, . . . . .	108	6	153	- - - - -
Chesterfield, . . . . .	54	14	87	- - - - -
Clarksburg, . . . . .	36	3	92	- - - - -
Colrain, . . . . .	50	7	175	- - - - -
Conway, . . . . .	84	22	137	- - - - -
Cummington, . . . . .	53	14	120	- - - - -
Dalton, . . . . .	258	18	260	- - - - -
Deerfield, . . . . .	255	22	256	1
Egremont, . . . . .	94	9	107	- - - - -
Florida, . . . . .	13	4	43	- - - - -
Gill, . . . . .	31	10	85	- - - - -
Goshen, . . . . .	7	3	50	- - - - -
Granville, . . . . .	75	8	100	- - - - -
Great Barrington, . . . . .	464	42	430	- - - - -
Greenfield, . . . . .	512	35	571	- - - - -
Hancock, . . . . .	28	3	71	- - - - -
Hatfield, . . . . .	128	3	129	- - - - -
Hawley, . . . . .	8	8	81	- - - - -

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 1—*Concluded.*

TOWNS.	John C. Crosby of Pittsfield, Democratic.	John L. Kilbon of Lee, Prohibi- tion.	Ashley B. Wright of North Adams, Republican.	All others.
Heath, . . . . .	22	-	69	-
Hinsdale, . . . . .	174	4	134	-
HOLYoke, . . . . .	2,645	79	1,639	-
Huntington, . . . . .	103	8	114	-
Lanesborough, . . . . .	78	4	104	-
Lee, . . . . .	406	43	300	-
Lenox, . . . . .	271	7	123	-
Leyden, . . . . .	29	2	52	-
Middlefield, . . . . .	22	-	45	-
Monroe, . . . . .	12	2	26	-
Monterey, . . . . .	46	6	56	-
Montgomery, . . . . .	17	3	32	-
Mount Washington, . . . . .	11	1	18	-
New Ashford, . . . . .	15	-	15	-
New Marlborough, . . . . .	137	11	112	-
North Adams, . . . . .	992	38	1,654	-
Otis, . . . . .	53	4	62	-
Peru, . . . . .	26	2	38	-
PITTSFIELD, . . . . .	2,046	48	1,414	-
Plainfield, . . . . .	13	4	97	-
Richmond, . . . . .	58	3	65	-
Rowe, . . . . .	21	7	49	-
Russell, . . . . .	80	1	59	-
Sandisfield, . . . . .	81	8	71	-
Savoy, . . . . .	49	8	63	-
Sheffield, . . . . .	159	10	188	-
Shelburne, . . . . .	83	13	236	-
Southampton, . . . . .	37	15	122	-
Southwick, . . . . .	91	10	116	-
Stockbridge, . . . . .	182	15	184	-
Tolland, . . . . .	33	1	35	-
Tyringham, . . . . .	34	2	57	-
Washington, . . . . .	39	5	31	-
Westfield, . . . . .	1,111	70	1,010	-
Westhampton, . . . . .	18	16	58	-
West Springfield, . . . . .	371	29	411	-
West Stockbridge, . . . . .	170	6	98	-
Whately, . . . . .	86	11	75	-
Williamsburg, . . . . .	178	39	165	-
Williamstown, . . . . .	207	23	391	-
Windsor, . . . . .	46	14	61	-
Worthington, . . . . .	39	3	113	-
Totals, . . . . .	13,995	896	14,198	2

## CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 2.

TOWNS.	Frederick H. Gillett of Springfield, Republican.	Edward How- ard Lathrop of Springfield, Democratic.	Herbert M. Small of Tem- pleton, Prohi- bition.	All others.
Amherst, . . . . .	455	226	38	- - - - -
Athol, . . . . .	644	516	41	- - - - -
Barre, . . . . .	203	119	34	- - - - -
Belchertown, . . . . .	186	122	16	- - - - -
Brimfield, . . . . .	106	69	8	- - - - -
Brookfield, . . . . .	296	304	16	- - - - -
CHICOPEE, . . . . .	735	1,041	38	- - - - -
Dana, . . . . .	59	40	19	- - - - -
Easthampton, . . . . .	370	339	23	- - - - -
Enfield, . . . . .	118	46	16	- - - - -
Erving, . . . . .	89	82	5	- - - - -
Granby, . . . . .	85	38	15	- - - - -
Greenwich, . . . . .	58	33	7	- - - - -
Hadley, . . . . .	183	82	5	- - - - -
Hampden, . . . . .	67	54	3	- - - - -
Hardwick, . . . . .	206	121	7	- - - - -
Holland, . . . . .	28	13	1	- - - - -
Leverett, . . . . .	78	35	9	- - - - -
Longmeadow, . . . . .	157	115	13	- - - - -
Ludlow, . . . . .	140	105	13	- - - - -
Monson, . . . . .	303	254	26	- - - - -
Montague, . . . . .	375	463	22	- - - - -
New Braintree, . . . . .	58	53	-	- - - - -
New Salem, . . . . .	76	13	18	- - - - -
NORTHAMPTON, . . . . .	1,040	1,119	61	- - - - -
North Brookfield, . . . . .	347	415	17	- - - - -
Northfield, . . . . .	159	114	16	- - - - -
Oakham, . . . . .	63	40	6	- - - - -
Orange, . . . . .	624	314	17	- - - - -
Palmer, . . . . .	424	429	14	- - - - -
Pelham, . . . . .	54	19	8	- - - - -
Petersham, . . . . .	87	67	4	- - - - -
Phillipston, . . . . .	54	18	3	- - - - -
Prescott, . . . . .	43	18	2	- - - - -
Royalston, . . . . .	130	49	12	- - - - -
Shutesbury, . . . . .	45	29	-	- - - - -
South Hadley, . . . . .	340	211	19	- - - - -
SPRINGFIELD, . . . . .	4,628	3,898	230	1
Sunderland, . . . . .	109	25	18	- - - - -
Templeton, . . . . .	326	175	31	- - - - -
Wales, . . . . .	68	49	1	- - - - -
Ware, . . . . .	358	530	39	- - - - -
Warren, . . . . .	315	348	35	- - - - -
Warwick, . . . . .	48	42	8	- - - - -

**CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 2 — *Concluded.***

TOWNS.	Frederick H. Gillett of Springfield, Republican.	Edward How- ard Lathrop of Springfield, Democratic.	Herbert M. Small of Tem- pleton, Prohi- bition.	All others.
Wendell, . . . . .	37	39	5	-
West Brookfield, . . . . .	145	155	10	-
Wilbraham, . . . . .	153	81	22	-
Winchendon, . . . . .	459	251	48	-
Totals, . . . . .	15,131	12,718	1,019	1

## **CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 3.**

TOWNS.	Erastus M. Elbridge of Worcester, People's Party.	M. Elbridge of Worcester, Democratic.	Joseph H. Walker of Worcester, Republican.	Melvin H. Walker of Westborough, Prohibition.	All others.
Auburn, . . . . .	- - - - -	83	93	3	- - - - -
Blackstone, . . . . .	- - - - -	578	205	8	- - - - -
Charlton, . . . . .	- - - - -	129	219	13	- - - - -
Douglas, . . . . .	- - - - -	185	159	8	- - - - -
Dudley, . . . . .	- - - - -	233	139	1	- - - - -
Grafton, . . . . .	- - - - -	307	411	18	- - - - -
Holden, . . . . .	- - - - -	121	202	14	- - - - -
Hopkinton, . . . . .	- - - - -	423	339	10	- - - - -
Leicester, . . . . .	- - - - -	287	337	3	- - - - -
Mendon, . . . . .	- - - - -	62	128	5	- - - - -
Millbury, . . . . .	- - - - -	287	338	3	- - - - -
Northbridge, . . . . .	- - - - -	311	344	33	- - - - -
Oxford, . . . . .	- - - - -	193	209	7	- - - - -
Paxton, . . . . .	- - - - -	31	50	6	- - - - -
Rutland, . . . . .	- - - - -	64	91	12	- - - - -
Shrewsbury, . . . . .	- - - - -	74	170	7	- - - - -
Southbridge, . . . . .	- - - - -	629	468	13	- - - - -
Spencer, . . . . .	54 - - - -	595	648	41	- - - - -
Sturbridge, . . . . .	- - - - -	145	167	9	- - - - -
Sutton, . . . . .	- - - - -	165	163	20	- - - - -
Upton, . . . . .	1 - - - -	154	239	9	- - - - -
Uxbridge, . . . . .	3 - - - -	296	315	16	- - - - -

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 3—*Concluded.*

TOWNS.	Brastus M. Elbridge of Worcester, People's Party.	John R. Thayer of Worcester, Democratic.	Joseph H. Walker of Worcester, Republican.	Melvin H. Walker of Westborough, Prohibition.	All others.
Webster, . . . . .	4	521	412	23	
Westborough, . . . . .	16	385	456	61	
West Boylston, . . . . .	1	143	223	6	
WORCESTER, . . . . .	130	6,861	7,614	222	
Totals, . . . . .	226	13,262	14,139	571	3

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 4.

TOWNS.	Lewis Dewart Apsley of Hudson, Republican.	Frederic S. Coolidge of Ashburnham, Democratic.	Frank M. Forbush of Natick, Prohibition.	All others.
Acton, . . . . .	252	159	12	
Ashburnham, . . . . .	203	192	7	
Ashby, . . . . .	127	50	16	
Ashland, . . . . .	180	162	13	
Ayer, . . . . .	203	216	3	
Bedford, . . . . .	112	61	6	
Berlin, . . . . .	129	28	12	
Billerica, . . . . .	313	142	17	
Bolton, . . . . .	95	24	11	
Boxborough, . . . . .	37	34	-	
Boylston, . . . . .	86	21	-	
Burlington, . . . . .	43	49	-	
Carlisle, . . . . .	62	17	-	
Chelmsford, . . . . .	319	139	16	
Clinton, . . . . .	864	947	32	
Concord, . . . . .	354	291	5	
Dunstable, . . . . .	56	40	1	
FITCHBURG, . . . . .	1,889	1,722	55	
Framingham, . . . . .	840	745	34	
Gardner, . . . . .	682	714	85	
Groton, . . . . .	240	125	3	
Harvard, . . . . .	117	65	4	
Hubbardston, . . . . .	158	75	12	

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 4—*Concluded.*

TOWNS.	Lewis Dewart Appley of Hudson, Re- publican.	Frederic S. Coolidge of Ashburnham, Democratic.	Frank M. For- bush of Na- tict, Prohibi- tion.	All others.
Hudson, . . . . .	498	365	24	- - - - -
Lancaster, . . . . .	200	93	2	- - - - -
Leominster, . . . . .	909	588	33	- - - - -
Lexington, . . . . .	357	236	5	- - - - -
Lincoln, . . . . .	73	59	9	- - - - -
Littleton, . . . . .	124	48	3	- - - - -
Lunenburg, . . . . .	130	52	8	- - - - -
MARLBOROUGH, . . . . .	1,072	1,350	61	- - - - -
Maynard, . . . . .	251	223	9	- - - - -
Natick, . . . . .	680	880	135	- - - - -
Northborough, . . . . .	186	102	14	- - - - -
Pepperell, . . . . .	361	200	14	- - - - -
Princeton, . . . . .	131	43	5	- - - - -
Shirley, . . . . .	117	59	3	- - - - -
Southborough, . . . . .	170	135	6	- - - - -
Sterling, . . . . .	193	61	10	- - - - -
Stow, . . . . .	103	63	3	- - - - -
Sudbury, . . . . .	128	66	5	- - - - -
Townsend, . . . . .	225	121	27	- - - - -
Tyngsborough, . . . . .	54	50	5	- - - - -
WALTHAM, . . . . .	1,896	1,560	66	- - - - -
Wayland, . . . . .	168	150	11	- - - - -
Wellesley, . . . . .	237	240	19	- - - - -
Westford, . . . . .	227	126	10	- - - - -
Westminster, . . . . .	214	89	15	- - - - -
Weston, . . . . .	144	81	25	- - - - -
Totals, . . . . .	16,209	13,058	893	- - - - -

## CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 5.

TOWNS.	Walter A. Dut- ton of Lowell, Prohibition.	William S. Knox of Law- rence, Repub- lican.	Moses T. Stev- ens of North Andover, Democratic.	All others.
Andover, . . . . .	28	567	390	- - - - -
Dracut, . . . . .	2	183	191	- - - - -
LAWRENCE, . . . . .	141	2,863	3,874	- - - - -
LOWELL, . . . . .	185	5,489	6,363	- - - - -
Lynfield, . . . . .	8	98	44	- - - - -
Methuen, . . . . .	25	455	364	- - - - -
North Andover, . . . . .	8	288	398	- - - - -

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 5—*Concluded.*

TOWNS.		Walter A. Dut-ton of Lowell, Prohibition.	William S. Knox of Lawrence, Repub-lican.	Moses T. Stevens of North Andover, Democratic.	All others.
North Reading, . . . . .		3	93	50	-
Peabody, . . . . .		29	866	1,023	-
Reading, . . . . .		37	465	291	-
Tewksbury, . . . . .		11	172	81	-
Wilmington, . . . . .		2	121	66	-
WOBURN, . . . . .		41	985	1,288	-
Totals, . . . . .		520	12,645	14,423	-

## CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 6.

TOWNS.		Elbridge Gerry Brown of Boston, Peo-ple's Party.	William Cogswell of Salem, Republican.	John H. Davis of Haverhill, Prohibition.	Henry B. Little of Newbury-port, Demo-cratic.	All others.
Amesbury, . . . . .		13	845	34	581	-
Beverly, . . . . .		34	1,150	109	521	-
Boxford, . . . . .		1	98	5	47	-
Bradford, . . . . .		25	443	18	271	-
Danvers, . . . . .		129	760	32	482	-
Essex, . . . . .		5	195	7	81	-
Georgetown, . . . . .		5	290	2	205	-
GLoucester, . . . . .		99	1,817	32	926	-
Groveland, . . . . .		5	206	12	198	-
Hamilton, . . . . .		-	115	4	58	-
HAVERHILL, . . . . .		251	2,585	179	1,853	-
Ipswich, . . . . .		6	463	32	204	-
Manchester, . . . . .		-	216	16	105	-
Marblehead, . . . . .		62	864	31	747	-
Merrimac, . . . . .		2	268	33	205	-
Middleton, . . . . .		4	90	9	40	-
Newbury, . . . . .		2	208	6	69	-
NEWBURYPORT, . . . . .		9	1,317	16	1,081	-
Rockport, . . . . .		1	382	6	141	-
Rowley, . . . . .		1	213	2	100	-
SALEM, . . . . .		53	2,865	52	1,904	-
Salisbury, . . . . .		1	161	16	97	-
Swampscott, . . . . .		21	368	20	120	-
Topfield, . . . . .		4	122	9	41	-
Wenham, . . . . .		1	123	6	43	-
West Newbury, . . . . .		6	221	8	108	-
Totals, . . . . .		740	16,385	696	10,228	-

## CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 7.

TOWNS.	William Everett of Quincy, Democratic.	Fred P. Greenwood of Everett, Prohibition.	Henry Cabot Lodge of Nahant, Republican.	All others.
BOSTON:				
Ward 4, . . . . .	1,171	37	986	- - -
" 5, . . . . .	1,326	20	957	- - -
CHELSEA, . . . . .	1,920	93	2,729	- - -
EVERETT, . . . . .	795	81	1,210	1
LYNN, . . . . .	4,791	334	5,335	10
MALDEN, . . . . .	1,755	92	2,328	- - -
Melrose, . . . . .	653	52	1,011	- - -
Nahant, . . . . .	86	3	79	- - -
Revere, . . . . .	496	29	480	- - -
Saugus, . . . . .	310	31	407	- - -
Stoneham, . . . . .	497	55	716	- - -
Wakefield. . . . .	591	24	764	- - -
Totals, . . . . .	14,391	851	17,002	11

## CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 8.

TOWNS.	John F. Andrew of Boston, Democratic.	Samuel W. McCall of Winchester, Republican.	All others.
Arlington, . . . . .	515	560	- - -
BOSTON:			
Ward 9, . . . . .	1,021	1,017	- - -
" 10, . . . . .	799	808	- - -
" 11, . . . . .	2,052	2,623	1
CAMBRIDGE, . . . . .	6,044	4,770	2
MEDFORD, . . . . .	934	1,261	-
SOMERVILLE, . . . . .	2,838	4,096	3
Winchester, . . . . .	476	536	-
Totals, . . . . .	14,679	15,671	6

## CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 9.

TOWNS.	BENJAMIN C. LANE OF BOS- TON, REPUBLI- CAN.	ALONZO A. MINER OF BOS- TON, PROHIBI- TION.	JOSEPH H. O'NEIL OF BOS- TON, DEMO- CRATIC.	ALL OTHERS.
BOSTON:				
Ward 1, . . . . .	1,701	71	1,445	-
" 2, . . . . .	594	28	1,769	-
" 3, . . . . .	769	82	1,579	-
" 6, . . . . .	23	18	1,383	-
" 7, . . . . .	275	17	926	-
" 8, . . . . .	428	21	1,352	-
" 12, . . . . .	380	33	1,186	1
" 16, . . . . .	645	22	1,430	1
" 17, . . . . .	1,220	85	1,403	-
" 18, . . . . .	1,599	76	1,031	-
Precincts 2, 3, 4, 6 of Ward 19,	472	24	724	-
Winthrop, . . . . .	316	40	126	1
Totals, . . . . .	8,622	517	14,354	3

## CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 10.

TOWNS.	HARRISON H. AT- WOOD OF BOSTON, REPUBLICAN.	RICHARD C. HUM- PHREYS OF BOS- TON, INDEPENDENT.	WILLIAM W. MAR- PLE OF QUINCY, PROHIBITION.	MICHAEL J. McET- TRICK OF BOSTON, DEM. CITIZEN.	WILLIAM S. MC- NARY OF BOSTON, DEMOCRATIC.	ALL OTHERS.
BOSTON:						
Ward 13, . . . . .	293	15	7	1,200	1,202	-
" 14, . . . . .	1,327	163	41	1,320	1,335	-
" 15, . . . . .	654	108	13	840	1,215	-
" 20, . . . . .	1,160	409	59	1,997	849	-
" 22, . . . . .	810	96	20	1,408	667	-
" 24, . . . . .	2,509	1,027	72	1,168	924	1
Precincts 1, 5, 7, 8, 9 of Ward 19, . . .	494	50	10	923	335	-
Milton, . . . . .	337	130	4	73	169	-
QUINCY, . . . . .	1,238	237	48	578	895	-
Totals, . . . . .	8,822	2,235	274	9,507	7,591	1

## CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 11.

TOWNS.	William F. Drapier of Hopedale, Republican.	Joseph D. Hunt of Mil- ford, Prohi- bition.	Fred Williams of Dedham, Democratic.	All others.
Bellingham,	120	6	67	-
Belmont,	208	1	167	-
BOSTON:				
Ward 21,	2,395	65	2,061	1
" 23,	2,192	92	2,280	1
" 25,	1,121	30	1,152	-
Brookline,	1,073	21	924	1
Dedham,	640	9	641	-
Dover,	70	7	55	-
Foxborough,	325	21	222	-
Franklin,	542	16	324	-
Holliston,	287	19	333	-
Hopedale,	238	3	42	-
Hyde Park,	996	32	840	-
Mcfield,	177	4	125	-
Medway,	315	12	259	-
Milford,	956	31	844	-
Millis,	121	-	85	-
Needham,	316	9	208	-
NEWTON,	2,379	88	1,601	-
Norfolk,	70	2	61	-
North Attleborough,	614	17	543	1
Norwood,	394	8	398	-
Sharon,	170	4	110	-
Sherborn,	111	6	72	-
Walpole,	250	16	228	-
Watertown,	597	30	609	-
Wrentham,	284	11	153	-
Totals,	16,961	560	14,404	4

## CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 12.

TOWNS.	Elbridge Cushman of Lakeville, Democratic.	George W. Dyer of Weymouth, Prohibition.	Elijah Morse of Canton, Republican.	All others.
Abington, . . . . .	436	13	471	1
Attleborough, . . . . .	336	82	642	-
Avon, . . . . .	172	2	184	-
Berkley, . . . . .	18	5	141	-
Braintree, . . . . .	363	14	466	-
Bridgewater, . . . . .	296	13	423	1
BROCKTON, . . . . .	2,005	93	2,934	-
Canton, . . . . .	424	6	365	-
Carver, . . . . .	68	16	58	-
Cohasset, . . . . .	145	5	217	-
Dighton, . . . . .	51	29	183	-
Duxbury, . . . . .	110	7	175	-
East Bridgewater, . . . . .	259	24	326	-
Easton, . . . . .	467	14	400	-
Halifax, . . . . .	27	4	75	-
Hanover, . . . . .	116	12	247	-
Hanson, . . . . .	58	13	159	-
Hingham, . . . . .	305	31	484	-
Holbrook, . . . . .	215	9	284	-
Hull, . . . . .	94	2	41	-
Kingston, . . . . .	105	11	201	-
Lakeville, . . . . .	34	9	81	-
Mansfield, . . . . .	173	47	324	-
Marshfield, . . . . .	72	2	181	-
Middleborough, . . . . .	375	81	655	-
Norton, . . . . .	56	3	192	-
Norwell, . . . . .	133	17	161	-
Pembroke, . . . . .	54	7	142	-
Plymouth, . . . . .	461	33	762	-
Plympton, . . . . .	50	5	72	-
Randolph, . . . . .	442	6	345	-
Raynham, . . . . .	30	7	200	-
Rehoboth, . . . . .	50	24	163	-
Rockland, . . . . .	568	33	559	-
Scituate, . . . . .	112	23	211	-
Seekonk, . . . . .	62	9	97	-
Stoughton, . . . . .	460	17	514	-
TAUNTON, . . . . .	1,731	76	2,306	-
West Bridgewater, . . . . .	121	5	206	-
Weymouth, . . . . .	1,119	77	1,107	-
Whitman, . . . . .	500	30	502	-
Totals, . . . . .	12,673	916	17,316	2

## CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 13.

TOWNS.	Charles S. Ran-dall of New Bedford, Re-publican.	Henry C. Thacher of Yarmouth, Democratic.	All others.
Acushnet, . . . . .	133	18	-
Barnstable, . . . . .	497	235	-
Bourne, . . . . .	184	79	-
Brewster, . . . . .	127	53	-
Chatham, . . . . .	228	122	-
Chilmark, . . . . .	30	31	-
Cottage City, . . . . .	100	41	-
Dartmouth, . . . . .	248	42	-
Dennis, . . . . .	378	48	-
Eastham, . . . . .	61	45	-
Edgartown, . . . . .	164	35	-
Fairhaven, . . . . .	312	111	-
FALL RIVER, . . . . .	4,078	4,624	-
Falmouth, . . . . .	340	108	-
Freetown, . . . . .	173	26	-
Gay Head, . . . . .	16	1	-
Gosnold, . . . . .	18	10	-
Harwich, . . . . .	287	123	-
Mariou, . . . . .	104	64	-
Mashpee, . . . . .	51	11	-
Mattapoisett, . . . . .	174	15	-
Nantucket, . . . . .	394	214	-
NEW BEDFORD, . . . . .	3,519	1,835	-
Orleans, . . . . .	168	58	-
Provincetown, . . . . .	317	208	-
Rochester, . . . . .	121	20	-
Sandwich, . . . . .	191	142	10
Somerset, . . . . .	210	101	-
Swanzey, . . . . .	177	67	-
Tisbury, . . . . .	131	47	-
Truro, . . . . .	85	34	-
Wareham, . . . . .	212	231	-
Wellfleet, . . . . .	133	57	-
Westport, . . . . .	235	35	-
West Tisbury, . . . . .	67	17	-
Yarmouth, . . . . .	282	98	-
Totals, . . . . .	13,945	9,006	16

## For Representatives in the 53d Congress.

## FIRST DISTRICT.

Ashley B. Wright of North Adams (Republican), . . . . .	14,198
John C. Crosby of Pittsfield (Democratic), . . . . .	13,995
John L. Kilbon of Lee (Prohibition), . . . . .	896
All others, . . . . .	2

## SECOND DISTRICT.

Frederick H. Gillett of Springfield (Republican), . . . . .	15,131
Edward Howard Lathrop of Springfield (Democratic), . . . . .	12,718
Herbert M. Small of Templeton (Prohibition), . . . . .	1,019
All others, . . . . .	1

## THIRD DISTRICT.

Joseph H. Walker of Worcester (Republican), . . . . .	14,139
John R. Thayer of Worcester (Democratic), . . . . .	13,262
Melvin H. Walker of Westborough (Prohibition), . . . . .	571
Erastus M. Eldridge of Worcester (People's Party), . . . . .	226
All others, . . . . .	3

## FOURTH DISTRICT.

Lewis Dewart Apsley of Hudson (Republican), . . . . .	16,209
Frederic S. Coolidge of Ashburnham (Democratic), . . . . .	13,058
Frank M. Forbush of Natick (Prohibition), . . . . .	893

## FIFTH DISTRICT.

Moses T. Stevens of North Andover (Democratic), . . . . .	14,423
William S. Knox of Lawrence (Republican), . . . . .	12,645
Walter A. Dutton of Lowell (Prohibition), . . . . .	520

## SIXTH DISTRICT.

William Cogswell of Salem (Republican), . . . . .	16,385
Henry B. Little of Newburyport (Democratic), . . . . .	10,228
Elbridge Gerry Brown of Boston (People's Party), . . . . .	740
John H. Davis of Haverhill (Prohibition), . . . . .	696
All others, . . . . .	2

## SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Henry Cabot Lodge of Nahant (Republican), . . . . .	17,002
William Everett of Quincy (Democratic), . . . . .	14,391
Fred P. Greenwood of Everett (Prohibition), . . . . .	851
All others, . . . . .	11

## EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Samuel W. McCall of Winchester (Republican), . . . . .	15,671
John F. Andrew of Boston (Democratic), . . . . .	14,679
All others, . . . . .	6

## NINTH DISTRICT.

Joseph H. O'Neil of Boston (Democratice), . . . . .	14,354
Benjamin C. Lane of Boston (Republican), . . . . .	8,622
Alonzo A. Miner of Boston (Prohibition), . . . . .	517
All others, . . . . .	3

## TENTH DISTRICT.

Michael J. McEttrick of Boston (Democrat Citizen), . . . . .	9,507
Harrison H. Atwood of Boston (Republican), .	8,822
William S. McNary of Boston (Democratic), .	7,591
Richard C. Humphreys of Boston (Independent), . . . . .	2,235
William W. Marple of Quincy (Prohibition), .	274
All others, . . . . .	1

## ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

William F. Draper of Hopedale (Republican),	16,961
George Fred Williams of Dedham (Democratic), . . . . .	14,404
Joseph D. Hunt of Milford (Prohibition), .	560
All others, . . . . .	4

## TWELFTH DISTRICT.

Elljah A. Morse of Canton (Republican), . . . . .	17,316
Elbridge Cushman of Lakeville (Democratic),	12,673
George W. Dyer of Weymouth (Prohibition), .	916
All others, . . . . .	2

## THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

Charles S. Randall of New Bedford (Republican), . . . . .	13,945
Henry C. Thacher of Yarmouth (Democratic),	9,006
All others, . . . . .	16



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RULES OF THE SENATE.

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## RULES OF THE SENATE.

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[The dates under each rule indicate when the rule and its amendments were adopted. The rules as they are here printed were adopted by the Senate on Jan. 18, 1893.

The date 1817 denotes the time when the several rules against which it is placed were first preserved. Previous to that year these rules are not to be found, although from the Senate Journal it appears that they were printed.

Numbers enclosed in parentheses following each rule indicate the corresponding House rule.]

### THE PRESIDENT.

1. The President shall take the chair at the hour to which the Senate stands adjourned, shall call the members to order, and, on the appearance of a quorum, shall proceed to business. (1.) [1831; 1888.]

2. The President shall preserve order and decorum, may speak to points of order in preference to other members, and shall decide all questions of order subject to an appeal to the Senate. He shall rise to put a question, or to address the Senate, but may read sitting. (2, 5.)  
[1817; between 1821 and 1826; 1831; 1888.]

3. The President may vote on all questions. (4.)  
[1826.]

4. The President may appoint a member to perform the duties of the chair for a period not exceeding three days at any one time. (7.) [1831; 1862; 1865; 1888.]

5. In case of a vacancy in the office of President, or in case the President, or the member appointed by him to

perform the duties of the chair, is absent at the hour to which the Senate stands adjourned, the eldest senior member present shall call the Senate to order, and shall preside until a President, or a President *pro tempore*, is elected by ballot, and such election shall be the first business in order. (8.) [1831; 1885; 1888.]

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#### CLERK.

6. The Clerk shall keep a journal of the proceedings of the Senate, and shall cause the same to be printed daily. He shall, in the journal, make note of all questions of order, and enter at length the decisions thereon. He shall insert in an appendix to the journal the rules of the Senate and the joint rules of the two branches. (11, 12.)

[1882; 1888.]

7. The Clerk shall prepare and cause to be printed each day a calendar of matters in order for consideration; a list of matters lying on the table; and such other memoranda as he may deem necessary, and as the Senate or the President may direct. (13.) [1882; 1888.]

8. The Clerk shall retain bills and other papers, in reference to which any member has a right to move a reconsideration (except petitions, bills and resolves introduced on leave, orders of inquiry, orders of notice, reports of committees asking to be discharged from the further consideration of a subject, and enacted bills), until the right of reconsideration has expired. (15, 57.)

[1855; 1856; 1875; 1882; 1885; 1888; 1891.]

9. When a bill or resolve coming from the other branch does not appear in print in the form in which it was passed in that branch, the Clerk shall either indicate the amendments on the Orders of the Day, or shall have the bill or resolve reprinted, at his discretion. [1882.]

## MEMBERS OF THE SENATE.

**10.** No member shall be permitted to act on a committee or to vote upon a question in which his private right, distinct from the public interest, is immediately concerned. (24, 63.) [1855; 1888; 1889.]

**11.** No member shall absent himself from the Senate without leave, unless there is a quorum without his presence. (17.) [1817.]

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## COMMITTEES.

**12.** The following standing committees shall be appointed at the beginning of the political year, to wit:—

A committee on the Judiciary;  
To consist of five members.

A committee on Probate and Insolvency;  
A committee on the Treasury;  
A committee on Bills in the Third Reading;  
A committee on Engrossed Bills;  
Each to consist of three members.

A committee on Rules;  
To consist of the President and four members. (20.)

[1831; 1836; 1840; 1844; 1847; 1863; 1864; 1870;  
1876; 1882; 1885; 1886; 1888; 1891.]

**13.** Committees shall be appointed by the President, unless the Senate shall otherwise specially order, and the member first named upon a committee shall be its chairman. In case of the election of a committee by ballot, the member having the highest number of votes shall act as chairman. (21, 22.)

[1817; between 1821 and 1826; 1831; 1888.]

**14.** No committee shall be allowed to occupy the Senate Chamber without a vote of the Senate. (100.)  
[1836; 1863; 1888.]

**15.** No legislation affecting the rights of individuals or the rights of a private or municipal corporation, otherwise than as it affects generally the people of the whole Commonwealth or the people of the city or town to which it specifically applies, shall be proposed or introduced except by a petition, nor shall any bill or resolve embodying such legislation be reported by a committee, except upon a petition duly referred, nor shall such a bill or resolve be reported by a committee, whether on an original reference or on a recommittal with instructions to hear the parties, until it is made to appear to the satisfaction of the committee that proper notice of the proposed legislation has been given by public advertisement or otherwise to all parties interested, without expense to the Commonwealth, or until evidence satisfactory to the committee is produced that all parties interested have in writing waived notice. A committee reporting leave to withdraw or reference to the next General Court for want of proper notice or of a waiver thereof shall set forth this fact in its report, and no bill or resolve shall be in order as a substitute for, or amendment of, such report. Objection to the violation of this rule may be taken at any stage prior to that of the third reading. (31.)

[1870; 1871; 1885; 1890.]

**16.** When the object of an application, whether by petition, or bill or resolve introduced on leave, can be secured under existing laws, or, without detriment to the public interests, by a general law, the committee to whom the matter is referred shall report leave to withdraw, ought not to pass, or a general law, as the case may be. (30.) [1882; 1885; 1888; 1891; 1893.]

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FORM OF BILLS AND RESOLVES.

**17.** Bills and resolves shall be presented in a legible form without material erasures or interlineations, on not

less than one sheet of paper, with suitable margins and spaces between the several sections or resolves, and dates and numbers shall be written in words at length. Bills amending existing laws shall not provide for striking words from, or inserting words in, such laws, unless such course is the best calculated to show clearly the subject and nature of the amendment. No repealed law and no law which has expired by limitation, and no part of any such law, shall be re-enacted by reference merely.  
(42.)

[1844; 1857; 1880; 1882; 1885; 1888; 1889.]

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#### INTRODUCTION OF BUSINESS.

**18.** Every member presenting a petition, memorial, or remonstrance, shall endorse his name thereon, and a brief statement of the nature and object of the instrument; and the reading of the instrument shall be dispensed with, unless specially ordered. (37.) [1831; 1888.]

**19.** All motions contemplating legislation shall be founded upon petition or upon bill or resolve proposed to be introduced on leave. Committees to whom messages from the Governor, reports of State officers, boards, commissions, and others authorized to report to the Legislature shall be referred, may report by bill or otherwise such legislation as may be germane to the subject-matter referred to them. (40.)

[1858; 1888; 1891; 1893.]

**20.** All bills and resolves for introduction on leave, resolutions, and petitions for legislation accompanied by bills or resolves embodying the subject-matter prayed for, and all orders of inquiry, which are intended for presentation or introduction to the Senate, and all reports of State officers, shall first be deposited with the Clerk, and, prior to their presentation or introduction, shall be sub-

mitted by him to the committee on Rules for inspection. The committee shall examine the same for the purpose of ascertaining (1) whether the legislation proposed is plainly and specifically stated or already provided for; (2) whether such bills, resolves, resolutions, petitions and orders are in proper form; and (3) that compliance has been had with the rules of the Senate and the joint rules of the two branches. Every such matter shall be returned by the committee on Rules to the Clerk not later than the third legislative day succeeding the day of its deposit with him, unless consent in writing to the longer detention thereof is filed with the Clerk by the member presenting the matter, and it shall be by the Clerk submitted to the President and by him laid before the Senate not later than on the next legislative day after it is so returned. Bills, resolves and resolutions which have been laid before the Senate and introduced shall be read, and shall be, by the President, with the consent of the Senate, referred to the appropriate committees, and when so introduced they shall be printed under the direction of the Clerk. They shall retain, during all subsequent stages, their original numbers and shall also bear such new numbers as may be necessary. Every petition which is not accompanied by a bill or resolve shall be deposited with the Clerk and be retained in his custody until a bill or resolve embodying the legislation prayed for shall be filed with him, when he shall present the same to the committee on Rules, to be disposed of as provided above. The Senate may at any time by order make any other disposition of petitions and remonstrances in the hands of the Clerk. Petitions and remonstrances relating to matters already sent to committees shall be by the President referred to the appropriate committees. (28.)

[1891; 1893.]

**21.** The committee on Rules shall make no change in the substance or form of any matter referred to them in

accordance with the preceding rule, without the consent of the member depositing the same, but upon the presentation or introduction of any such matter to the Senate it shall be the duty of some member of the committee on Rules, acting under the committee's instruction, to suggest any failure to comply with the rules, and to offer such amendment or propose such other action as is determined proper or necessary by the committee within the scope of its duties, as above set forth. If, upon such motion, before a petition is referred to a committee, the petitioner is given leave to withdraw because the petition is not in proper form, such action shall not be deemed to be a final rejection under Rule 54, and shall not prejudice the right of a member to present a petition for the same object conformably to the rules of the Senate and the joint rules of the two branches. [1893. — Partly embodied in Rule 20 of 1891.]

**22.** Any petition remaining in the hands of the Clerk subsequent to adjournment on the second Wednesday of March, for the reason that no bill or resolve embodying the legislation prayed for has been presented, shall be forthwith submitted by him to the President, and by him, at the legislative session next succeeding, be referred to the next General Court. (29.) [1893.]

**23.** No bill or resolve shall be proposed or introduced unless received from the House of Representatives, reported by a committee, or moved as an amendment to the report of a committee, except that special leave may be granted to a member to introduce a bill or resolve, and such bill or resolve shall thereupon be referred to the proper committee for consideration and report. (47.)

[1881; 1882; 1888.]

**24.** The consideration of any order proposed for adoption, or of any request for leave to introduce a bill or resolve, or of any motion to suspend Senate Rule 15, or joint

rule 8, 9 or 12, shall be postponed without question to the day after that on which the order is proposed or request made, if any member asks such postponement. (41.)

[1885; 1891.]

**25.** A petition for the incorporation of a town or city, or for the division of an existing town or city, or for the incorporation of a railroad, street railway, elevated railroad or canal company, or for the amendment, alteration or extension of the charter or corporate powers or privileges of any such company, either specially incorporated or organized under general laws, or for authority to take water for a water supply, or relative to building structures over navigable or tide waters, shall be referred to the next General Court, and not to a committee, unless the petitioner has given the notice required by chapter 24 of the Acts of the year 1885, as amended by chapter 302 of the Acts of the year 1890, or by other provisions of law; but if, no objection being raised, such a petition is referred to a committee, without such required notice, the committee shall forthwith report reference to the next General Court, setting forth as the reason for such report, failure to give the required notice, unless evidence satisfactory to the committee is produced that all parties interested have in writing waived notice. In case a bill or resolve is reported by a committee upon such a petition, after proof of such waiver of notice, this fact shall be set forth in the report of the committee. When a report of reference to the next General Court is made by a committee on account of failure to give the required notice, no bill or resolve shall be substituted for such report, nor shall such report be recommitted or referred to another committee; but reference of the petition to the next General Court for want of proper notice under this rule shall not affect action upon any other measure involving the same subject-matter. (32.) [1890; 1891.] (See Rule 15.)

## COURSE OF PROCEEDINGS.

**26.** Bills and resolves from the House, after they are read a first time, shall be referred to a committee of the Senate, unless they have been reported by a joint committee. Bills and resolves reported in the Senate, and bills and resolves from the House reported by joint committees, shall, after they have been read once, be placed in the Orders of the Day for the next day for a second reading without a question, except as otherwise provided by Rule 27. Resolutions received from the House, or introduced or reported in the Senate, shall be read and, pending the question on their adoption, shall be placed in the Orders of the Day for the next day. (45, 56.)

[1825; 1885; 1888; 1890; 1891.]

**27.** Bills and resolves involving the expenditure of public money, or a grant of public property, unless the subject-matter has been acted upon by the joint committee on Expenditures, shall, after the first reading, be referred in course to the committee on the Treasury, whose duty it shall be to report on their relation to the finances of the Commonwealth or of any county thereof. (44.)

[1871; 1882; 1887; 1888; 1889.]

**28.** No bill or resolve shall pass to be engrossed without three readings on three several days. (51.)

[1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1881; 1882; 1885.]

**29.** Bills and resolves, in their several readings, and resolutions, shall be read by their titles, unless objection is made. (48.)

[1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1881; 1882; 1885; 1890.] .

**30.** If a committee to whom a bill or resolve is referred report that the same ought not to pass, the question shall be "Shall this bill (or resolve) be rejected?" If the rejection is negative, the bill or resolve, if it has been

read but once, shall go to its second reading without a question; and if it has been read more than once it shall be placed in the Orders of the Day for the next day, pending the question on ordering to a third reading, or engrossment, as the case may be. (43.)

[1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1881; 1882; 1885.]

**31.** If an amendment is made at the second or third reading of a bill or resolve, substantially changing the greater part thereof, the question shall not be put forthwith on ordering the bill or resolve to a third reading or to be engrossed, as the case may be, but the bill or resolve, as amended, shall be placed in the Orders of the next day after that on which the amendment is made, and shall then be open to further amendment before such question is put. In like manner, when an amendment is made in any proposition of such a nature as to change its character, as from a bill to an order, or the like, the proposition as amended shall be placed in the Orders of the next day after that on which the amendment was made. (62.) [1882; 1888.]

**32.** Bills or resolves ordered to a third reading shall be placed in the Orders for the next day for such reading. (58) [1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1881; 1882; 1885.]

**33.** Bills and resolves when ordered to a third reading shall be referred to the committee on Bills in the Third Reading, whose duty it shall be to examine and correct them, for the purpose of avoiding repetitions and unconstitutional provisions, and of insuring accuracy in the text and references, and consistency with the language of existing statutes; but any change in the sense or legal effect, or any material change in construction, shall be reported to the Senate as an amendment. Resolutions received from the House or introduced or reported in the Senate shall, after they are read and before they are adopted, be referred, in like manner, to the committee on

Bills in the Third Reading. When a bill, resolve or resolution has been so referred, no further action shall be taken until report thereon has been made by the committee. (26, 50.) [1817; 1836; 1882; 1888; 1890; 1891.]

**34.** Engrossed bills and resolves shall be referred to the committee on Engrossed Bills, whose duty it shall be carefully to compare the same with the bills or resolves as passed to be engrossed; and, if found by them to be rightly and truly engrossed, they shall so endorse on the envelope thereof; and the question of enactment or final passage shall be taken thereon without further reading, unless specially ordered. (27, 52, 54.)

[1817; 1831; 1882; 1888.]

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#### ORDERS OF THE DAY.

**35.** The unfinished business in which the Senate was engaged at the time of the last adjournment shall have the preference in the Orders of the Day next after motions to reconsider. (60.) [1830; 1870.]

**36.** Reports of committees not by bill or resolve shall be placed in the Orders of the next day after that on which they are made to the Senate or received from the House, as the case may be; except that the report of a committee asking to be discharged from the further consideration of a subject, and recommending that it be referred to another committee, shall be immediately considered. Amendments to a measure, which have been made by the House and sent back to the Senate for concurrence, shall be placed in the Orders of the next day after that on which they are received. (46, 57.)

[1845; 1853; 1888; 1891.]

**37.** After entering upon the consideration of the Orders of the Day, the Senate shall proceed with them in regular

course, as follows: Matters not giving rise to a motion or debate shall first be disposed of in the order in which they stand in the calendar; then the matters that were passed over shall be considered and disposed of in like order. (59.)

[1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1882; 1885.]

**38.** No matter which has been duly placed in the Orders of the Day shall be discharged therefrom or considered out of its regular course. (61.) [1885.]

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#### RULES OF DEBATE.

**39.** Every member, when he speaks, shall stand in his place and address the President. (73.)

[1817; 1831; 1871.]

**40.** When two or more members rise to speak at the same time, the President shall designate the member who is entitled to the floor. (74.) [1831; 1888.]

**41.** No member shall speak more than once to the prevention of any other member who has not spoken and desires to speak on the same question. (76.)

[1817; 1886.]

**42.** No member shall interrupt another while speaking, except by rising to call to order. (75.) [1817; 1831.]

**43.** After a question is put to vote no member shall speak to it. [1817.]

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#### MOTIONS.

**44.** Any motion shall be reduced to writing, if the President so directs. A motion need not be seconded and may be withdrawn by the mover if no objection is made. (77, 78.) [1817; 1844; 1871; 1888.]

**45.** A question containing two or more propositions, capable of division, shall be divided whenever desired by any member. When a motion to strike out and insert is thus divided, the failure of the motion to strike out shall not preclude amendment; or, if the motion to strike out prevails, the matter proposed to be inserted shall be open to amendment before the question is taken on inserting it.  
(91.) [1817; 1841; 1888.]

**46.** When a question is under debate the President shall receive no motion that does not relate to the same, except a motion to adjourn or some other motion which has precedence by express rule of the Senate, or because it is privileged in its nature; and he shall receive no motion relating to the same except:—

- (1) *To lay on the table;*
- (2) *To close debate at a specified time;*
- (3) *To postpone to a day certain;*
- (4) *To commit (or recommit);*
- (5) *To amend;*
- (6) *To refer to the next General Court; or*
- (7) *To postpone indefinitely;*

These motions shall have precedence in the order in which they stand. (80.)

[Between 1821 and 1826; 1831; 1844; 1870; 1882; 1885; 1888.]

**47.** Debate may be closed at any time not less than one hour from the adoption of a motion to that effect. On this motion not more than ten minutes shall be allowed for debate, and no member shall speak more than three minutes. (85.) [1882.]

**48.** When motions are made to refer a subject to different committees, the committees proposed shall be considered in the following order:—

- (1) A standing committee of the Senate;
- (2) A special committee of the Senate;
- (3) A joint standing committee of the two branches;
- (4) A joint special committee of the two branches. (88.)  
[1884; 1888.]

**49.** No engrossed bill or resolve shall be amended.  
(53.) [1837.]

**50.** No motion or proposition of a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted under the color of an amendment. (90.) [1882.]

**51.** In filling blanks the largest sum and longest time shall be put first. (87, 92.) [1882.]

**52.** The motion to adjourn, and the call for yeas and nays, shall be decided without debate. On the motions to lay on the table and take from the table, to commit or recommit (except with instructions), not exceeding ten minutes shall be allowed for debate, and no member shall speak more than three minutes. (69, 79.)

[1817; 1859; 1870; 1874; 1882; 1885.]

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#### RECONSIDERATION.

**53.** When a vote has passed, except on motion to adjourn, for the yeas and nays, to lay on the table or to take from the table, it shall not be in order for any member to move a reconsideration thereof except on the same day or before the Orders of the Day are taken up on the succeeding day. Such motion, if made on the same day, shall be placed first in the Orders of the Day for the day succeeding that on which it is made; but if first moved on such succeeding day, it shall be forthwith considered; and, when a motion for reconsideration is decided, that decision shall not be reconsidered: *provided, however,* that a motion to reconsider a vote upon any incidental or sub-

sidiary question shall not remove the main subject under consideration from before the Senate, but shall be considered at the time when it is made. (70, 71.)

[1817; between 1821 and 1826; 1858; 1885; 1888; 1891.]

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#### REJECTED MEASURES.

**54.** When any measure has been finally rejected, no measure substantially the same shall be introduced by any committee or member during the session. (49.)

[1817—dispensed with in 1831, and revived in 1838  
—amended in 1841; 1844; 1877; 1882.]

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#### VOTING.

**55.** The President shall declare all votes; but if a member doubts a vote, the President shall order a return of the number voting in the affirmative, and in the negative, without further debate. (3, 66.) [1831; 1888.]

**56.** When a member moves that a question be taken by yeas and nays, the President shall take the sense of the Senate in that manner, provided one-fifth of the members present so direct. If, before the question is taken, a member states to the Senate that he has paired with another member and how each would vote on the pending question, the fact shall be entered on the journal immediately after the record of the yeas and nays, and such member shall be excused from voting. (68.)

[1817; 1852; 1888.]

**57.** Whenever a question is taken by yeas and nays, the Clerk shall call the names of all the members, except the President, in alphabetical order, and every member present shall answer to his name, unless excused before

the vote is taken; and no member shall be permitted to vote after the decision is announced from the chair. (64, 68.)

[1837; 1844.]

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#### ELECTIONS BY BALLOT.

**58.** In all elections by ballot a time shall be assigned for such election, at least one day previous thereto, except in case of an election of President or President *pro tempore*, under the provisions of rule 5. (96.)

[1831; 1891.]

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#### REPORTERS.

**59.** Seats for reporters shall be numbered, and assigned by lot, under the direction of the Clerk of the Senate.

[1847.]

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#### THE SENATE CHAMBER AND ADJOINING ROOMS.

**60.** No person not a member shall be allowed to sit at the Senate table while the Senate is in session. (99.)

[1853; 1888.]

**61.** No person except members of the legislative and executive departments of the State Government, past members of the Senate, and members of the press, shall be admitted, during the half hour preceding or during the half hour succeeding the session of the Senate, to the Clerk's room or to the room intervening between that and the Senate Chamber, unless invited by the President or Clerk, or introduced by a Senator in person at the time of such admission. No person other than those above specified, unless so invited or introduced, shall, while the Senate

is in session, be admitted within the bar of the Senate. No person except members of the legislative and executive departments of the State Government, past members of the Senate and legislative reporters shall be permitted to remain in the Clerk's room or in the room intervening between that and the Senate Chamber, while the Senate is in session. (99.)

[1870; 1875; 1886; 1891.]

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#### PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

**62.** The Rules of Parliamentary Practice comprised in Cushing's Manual, and the Principles of Parliamentary Law, set forth in Cushing's larger work, shall govern the Senate in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with the rules of the Senate, or the joint rules of the two branches. (101.)

[1847; 1858; 1882.]

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#### ALTERATIONS, SUSPENSION OR REPEAL OF RULES.

**63.** This rule and rules 24, 31, 33, 34 and 53, shall not be suspended if objection is made; rule 22 shall not be rescinded, amended or suspended, except by a vote of four-fifths of the members present and voting thereon; and no other rule shall be altered, suspended, or repealed, except by vote of two-thirds of the members present. (103.)

[1817; 1841; 1848; 1882; 1888; 1891; 1893.]

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RULES  
OF THE  
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

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# RULES OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

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[This schedule of Rules was adopted Jan. 27, 1874. Subsequent amendments are noted under each Rule which has been amended.]

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## THE SPEAKER.

**1.** The Speaker shall take the chair at the hour to which the House stands adjourned, call the members to order, and, on the appearance of a quorum, proceed to business. (Senate Rule 1.)

**2.** He shall preserve decorum and order; may speak to points of order in preference to other members; and shall decide all questions of order, subject to an appeal to the House. (2.)

[With regard to appeals, see Rules 83 and 94.]

**3.** He shall declare all votes, subject to verification as hereinafter provided. (53.)

[See Rules 65 to 69.]

**4.** In all cases he may vote. (3.)

**5.** He shall rise to put a question, or to address the House, but may read sitting. (2.)

**6.** He shall each day examine the Journal of the House.

7. He may appoint a member to perform the duties of the chair for a period not exceeding three days at one time. (4.)

[Amended Jan. 14, 1892.]

8. In case of a vacancy in the office of Speaker, or in case the Speaker or the member named by him in accordance with the preceding rule is absent at the hour to which the House stands adjourned, the senior member present shall call the House to order, and shall preside until a Speaker *pro tempore* or a Speaker is elected by ballot, which shall be the first business in order. (5.)

#### MONITORS.

9. Two monitors shall be appointed by the Speaker for each division of the House, whose duty it shall be to see to the due observance of the Rules and, on request of the Speaker, to return the number of votes and members in their respective divisions.

10. If a member transgress any of the Rules after being notified thereof by a monitor, it shall be the duty of such monitor to report the case to the House.

[See Rule 19.]

#### CLERK.

11. The Clerk shall keep the journal of the House. He shall enter therein a record of each day's proceedings, and submit it to the Speaker before the hour fixed for the next sitting, and shall cause the same to be printed daily. (6.)

[Amended Jan. 16, 1888.]

12. Every question of order with the decision thereon shall be entered at large in the journal, and shall be noted in an appendix, which shall also contain the Rules of the House, and of the two branches. (6.)

[Amended Feb. 2, 1891.]

**13.** The Clerk shall prepare and cause to be printed each day a calendar of matters in order for consideration; a list of matters laying on the table; and such other memoranda as the House or the Speaker may direct. (7.)

[Amended Jan. 16, 1888.]

**14.** Any objection to the calendar shall be made and disposed of before the House votes to proceed to the consideration of the Orders of the Day.

**15.** The Clerk shall retain bills and other papers, in reference to which any member has a right to move a reconsideration (except petitions, enacted bills, orders of inquiry and orders of notice), until the right of reconsideration has expired: *provided*, that the operation of this Rule shall be suspended during the last week of the session. (8.)

#### MEMBERS.

**16.** No member shall stand up, to the inconvenience of others, while a member is speaking; or pass unnecessarily between the Speaker of the House and the member speaking; or stand in the passages, or in the area in front of the chair; nor stand at the Clerk's desk while a roll-call is in progress.

[Amended Feb. 2, 1891.]

**17.** No member shall be absent more than two days, without leave of the House. No member shall absent himself from the House without leave, unless there be a quorum without his presence. When it appears to the presiding officer that the presence of a quorum is endangered he shall order the doors to be closed until the House takes action thereon. (11.)

[Amended Feb. 2, 1891.]

**18.** Papers in possession of a member obtaining leave of absence, or at the end of the session, shall be left by him with the Clerk.

**19.** If a member is guilty of a breach of any of the Rules, he may be required by the House, on motion, to make satisfaction therefor; and, until he has done so, he shall not be allowed to vote or speak, except by way of excuse.

[See Rule 10.]

#### COMMITTEES.

**20.** At the beginning of the political year, standing committees shall be appointed as follows:— (12.)

A committee on Rules;

(to consist of the Speaker, who shall be chairman of the committee, and eight other members).

A committee on the Judiciary;

A committee on Probate and Insolvency;

A committee on Finance;

(to consist of nine members each).

A committee on Elections;

A committee on County Estimates;

(to consist of seven members each).

A committee on Bills in the Third Reading;

A committee on Engrossed Bills;

A committee on Pay-Roll;

A committee on Leave of Absence;

(to consist of three members each).

[Amended Feb. 2, 1891.]

**21.** Unless other provision is made in any case all committees shall be appointed by the Speaker, and the member first named shall be chairman. (13.)

**22.** In case of the election of a committee by ballot, the member having the highest number of votes shall be chairman. (13.)

**23.** No member shall be required to be on more than two committees at the same time, nor chairman of more than one.

**24.** No member shall serve on any committee in any question where his private right is immediately concerned, distinct from the public interest. (10.)

**25.** The committee on Finance shall report, in appropriation bills, only such items of expenditure as are authorized by law, or such as the committee has been directed by the House to insert, and shall state in its report the total amount of appropriations in the accompanying bill; and also at the end of each item in said bill the amount, if any, appropriated the previous year for the same purpose.

[Amended Feb. 2, 1891.]

**26.** The committee on Bills in the Third Reading shall examine and correct the bills which are referred to it, for the purpose of avoiding repetitions and unconstitutional provisions, insuring accuracy in the text and references, and consistency with the language of existing statutes: *provided*, that any change in the sense or legal effect, or any material change in construction, shall be reported to the House as an amendment. (33.)

[Amended Jan. 15, 1880.]

**27.** The committee on Engrossed Bills shall carefully examine and compare engrossed bills, and report them rightly and truly engrossed, when found to be so, without delay. (34.)

**28.** All resolutions, bills and resolves for introduction on leave, intended for presentation by any member of the House, and all reports of State officers, shall first be deposited with the Clerk, and prior to their presentation shall be submitted by him to the Speaker for his examination; and at the session of that or the succeeding day the Speaker shall, before the orders of the day are considered, present the same to the House, when they, in the case of resolutions, bills and resolves, shall be read, and

shall by the Speaker with the consent of the House be referred to the appropriate committee; and all such resolutions, bills and resolves shall be printed under the direction of the Clerk. They shall retain their original provided numbers, when reprinted, together with new numbers thereafter, during all subsequent stages. All petitions asking for legislation shall, if accompanied by a bill or resolve embodying the subject-matter prayed for, be referred with such bill or resolve as provided above. The same disposition shall be made of petitions and remonstrances referring to matters previously sent to a committee. Petitions not so accompanied shall be retained in the custody of the Clerk until a bill or resolve embodying the legislation prayed for shall be filed with him, when he shall present the same to the Speaker, to be disposed of as provided above. The House may at any time by order make any other disposition of petitions and remonstrances in the hands of the Clerk. (20.)

[Adopted Jan. 13, 1893.]

**29.** Any petition remaining in the hands of the Clerk subsequent to adjournment on the second Wednesday of March, for the reason that no bill or resolve embodying the legislation prayed for has been presented, shall be forthwith submitted by him to the Speaker, and by him, at the legislative session next succeeding, be referred to the next General Court. This rule shall not be rescinded or revoked or suspended except by a vote of four-fifths of the members present and voting thereon. (22.)

[Adopted Jan. 13, 1893.]

**30.** When the object of an application can be secured without a special act under existing laws, or without detriment to the public interests, by a general law, the committee to which the matter is referred shall report such general law, or leave to withdraw, or ought not to pass, as the case may be. (16.)

[Amended Jan. 15, 1880; Jan. 13, 1893.]

**31.** No legislation affecting the rights of individuals or the rights of a private or municipal corporation, otherwise than as it affects generally the people of the whole Commonwealth or the people of the city or town to which it specifically applies, shall be proposed or introduced except upon a petition; nor shall any bill or resolve embodying such legislation be reported by a committee except upon a petition duly referred; nor shall such a bill or resolve be reported by a committee, whether on an original reference or on a recommittal with instructions to hear the parties, until it is made to appear to the satisfaction of the committee that proper notice of the proposed legislation has been given, by public advertisement or otherwise, to all parties interested, without expense to the Commonwealth, or until evidence satisfactory to the committee is produced that all parties interested have in writing waived notice. A committee reporting leave to withdraw or reference to the next General Court, for want of proper notice or of a waiver thereof, shall set forth this fact in its report, and no bill or resolve shall be in order as a substitute for or amendment of such report. Objection to the violation of this rule may be taken at any stage prior to that of the third reading. (15.)

[Adopted Feb. 11, 1890; amended Jan. 13, 1893.]

**32.** A petition for the incorporation of a town or city, or for the division of an existing town or city, or for the incorporation of a railroad, street railway, elevated railroad or canal company, or for the amendment, alteration, or extension of the charter or corporate powers or privileges of any such company, either specially incorporated or organized under general laws, or for authority to take water for a water supply, or relative to building structures over navigable or tide waters, shall be referred to the next General Court, and not to a committee, unless the petitioner has given the notice required by chapter 24 of the

Acts of the year 1885 as amended by chapter 302 of the Acts of the year 1890 or by other provisions of law; but if, no objection being raised, such a petition is referred to a committee without such required notice, the committee shall forthwith report reference to the next General Court, setting forth as the reason for such report failure to give the required notice, unless evidence satisfactory to the committee is produced that all parties interested have in writing waived notice. In case a bill or resolve is reported by a committee upon such a petition, after proof of such waiver of notice, this fact shall be set forth in the report of the committee. When a report of reference to the next General Court is made by a committee, on account of failure to give the required notice, no bill or resolve shall be substituted for such report, nor shall such report be recommitted or referred to another committee; but reference of the petition to the next General Court for want of proper notice under this rule shall not affect action upon any other measure involving the same subject-matter. (25.)

[Adopted Feb. 11, 1890; amended Feb. 2, 1891.]

**33.** On or before the fourth Wednesday in March, committees shall make final report upon matters referred to them prior to that day.

[Amended Feb. 15, 1883; Feb. 2, 1891.]

*Committee of the Whole.*

**34.** When the House determines to go into a committee of the whole, the chairman shall be appointed by the Speaker.

**35.** The Rules of the House shall be observed in a committee of the whole, so far as they may be applicable, except the rules limiting debate. A motion to rise, report progress, and ask leave to sit again, shall be always first in order and be decided without debate.

REGULAR COURSE OF PROCEEDINGS.

*Petitions, etc., and Reports of Committees.*

**36.** Petitions, memorials, remonstrances and papers of a like nature, and reports of committees, shall be presented before the House proceeds to the consideration of the Orders of the Day, and the Speaker shall call for such papers..

**37.** The member presenting a petition, memorial, or remonstrance, shall indorse his name thereon, with a brief statement of the nature and object of the paper; and the reading thereof shall be dispensed with, unless specially ordered. (18.)

*Papers from the Senate.*

**38.** Papers from the Senate shall be laid before the House by the Speaker, and received for action conformably to such of these Rules as are applicable thereto, before the House proceeds to the consideration of the Orders of the Day.

*Papers addressed to the House, not Petitions.*

**39.** Papers addressed to the House, or the General Court, other than petitions, memorials and remonstrances, or those received from the Senate, may be presented by the Speaker, or by a member in his place, and shall be read, unless it is specially ordered that the reading be dispensed with.

*Motions contemplating Legislation, &c.*

**40.** All motions contemplating legislation shall be founded upon petition or upon bill or resolve proposed to be introduced on leave.

The committee on Finance may originate and report appropriation bills based upon existing law. Messages

from the Governor shall, unless otherwise ordered, be referred to the appropriate committee, which may report by bill or otherwise thereon. A similar disposition shall, unless otherwise ordered, be made of reports by State officers and recess committees authorized to report to the Legislature, and similar action may be had thereon. (19.)

[Adopted Jan. 13, 1893.]

*Postponement to the Next Day on Request of a Member.*

**41.** The consideration of an order or resolution proposed for adoption, or of any request for leave to introduce a bill, or any motion to suspend Joint Rules eight, nine, twelve or fourteen, or House Rules thirty-one, thirty-two, forty-five or forty-six shall be postponed without question to the day after that on which the order is proposed or request made, if any member asks such postponement. (24.)

[Amended June 13, 1890; Jan. 13, 1893.]

*Bills and Resolves.* [See Rule 95.]

**42.** Bills shall be printed or written in a legible hand, without material erasure or interlineation, on not less than one sheet of paper, with suitable margins and spaces between the several sections, dates and numbers being written in words at length. Bills amending existing laws shall not provide for striking words from, or inserting words in, such laws, unless such course is best calculated to show clearly the subject and nature of the amendment. No repealed law, and no part of any repealed law, shall be re-enacted by reference merely. (17.)

[Amended Jan. 15, 1880; Feb. 2, 1891.]

**43.** If a committee to whom a bill is referred report that the same ought not to pass, the question shall be, "Shall this bill be rejected?" If the question on rejection is negative, the bill, if it has been read but once, shall go

to a second reading without question; otherwise it shall be placed in the orders for the next day, pending the question on ordering to a third reading, or engrossment, as the case may be. (30.)

[Amended Jan. 10, 1883.]

**44.** Bills involving an expenditure of public money, or grant of public property, shall, after their first reading, be referred to the committee on Finance, for report on their relation to the finances of the Commonwealth. New provisions shall not be added to such bills by the committee on Finance, unless directly connected with the financial features thereof. (27.)

[Amended Jan. 24, 1887; Feb. 11, 1890.]

**45.** Bills from the Senate, after their first reading, shall be referred to a committee of the House, unless they were reported to the Senate by a joint committee. (26.)

**46.** Amendments proposed by the Senate and sent back to the House for concurrence shall be referred to the committee which reported the measure proposed to be amended, unless such committee is composed of members of both branches; in which case such amendments shall be placed in the Orders of the Day for the next day. (36.)

[Amended April 9, 1878.]

**47.** No bill shall be proposed or introduced unless received from the Senate, reported by a committee, or moved as an amendment to the report of a committee: *provided*, that the House may grant special leave to a member to introduce a bill; but, when leave is asked for the introduction of a bill, it shall be read for information before the question is put on granting leave; and, if leave is granted, it shall be committed before it is ordered to a second reading. (23.)

**48.** Bills, resolves and other papers that have been, or, under the rules or usage of the House, are to be printed, shall be read by their titles only, unless the full reading is requested. (29.)

[Adopted Jan. 10, 1883.]

**49.** When a bill, order, petition, memorial or remonstrance has been finally rejected by the House, no measure substantially the same shall be introduced by any committee or member during the same session. (54.)

[Amended April 26, 1877; Feb. 11, 1890.]

**50.** Bills in their third reading shall be referred to the committee on Bills in the Third Reading for examination, correction and report. (33.)

[See Rule 26.]

**51.** No bill shall pass to be engrossed without having been read on three several days. (28.)

**52.** Engrossed bills shall be referred to the committee on Engrossed Bills for examination, comparison and report. (34.)

[See Rule 27.]

**53.** No engrossed bill shall be amended except by striking out the enacting clause. (34.) (49.)

[Amended Feb. 2, 1891.]

**54.** Engrossed bills, reported by the committee on Engrossed Bills to be rightly and truly engrossed, shall be put upon their passage to be enacted; and engrossed resolves, when so reported, shall be put upon their passage without further reading, unless specially ordered. (34.)

**55.** No engrossed bill shall be sent to the Senate without notice thereof being given by the Speaker.

*Orders of the Day.*

**56.** Bills from the Senate, after their first reading, when not referred to a committee of the House, bills favorably reported to the House by committees, and bills the question of the rejection of which is negatived, shall be placed in the orders for the next day, and, if they have been read but once, shall go to a second reading without question. (26.)

[Amended Jan. 10, 1883; Feb. 5, 1886.]

**57.** Reports of committees not by bill or resolve shall be placed in the orders of the next day after that on which they are received from the Senate, or made to the House, as the case may be: *provided*, that the report of a committee asking to be discharged from the further consideration of a subject, and recommending that it be referred to another committee, shall be immediately considered and shall not be subject to the provisions of Rule fifteen. (36.)

[Amended Jan. 15, 1880; Feb. 2, 1891.]

**58.** Bills ordered to a third reading shall be placed in the orders of the next day for such reading, but shall not be acted upon until report is made thereon by the committee on Bills in the Third Reading. (32.) (33.)

[Amended Feb. 2, 1891.]

**59.** After entering upon the consideration of the Orders of the Day, the House shall proceed with them in regular course as follows: Matters not giving rise to a motion or debate shall first be disposed of in the order in which they stand in the calendar; after which the matters that were passed over shall be considered in like order and disposed of. (37.)

**60.** When the House does not finish the consideration of the Orders of the Day, those which had not been acted upon shall be the orders of the next and each succeeding

day until disposed of, and shall be entered in the calendar, without change in their order, to precede matters added under Rules fifty-six, fifty-seven and fifty-eight. The unfinished business in which the house was engaged at the time of adjournment shall have the preference in the orders of the next day, after motions to reconsider. (35.)

[Amended Jan. 13, 1893.]

*Special Rules affecting the Course of Proceedings.*

[For postponement of Order, etc., to the next day, on request of a member, see Rule 41.]

**61.** No matter which has been duly placed in the Orders of the Day shall be discharged therefrom, or considered out of the regular course. (38.)

**62.** If, under the operation of the previous question, or otherwise, an amendment is made at the second or third reading of a bill substantially changing the greater part of such bill, the question shall not be put forthwith on ordering the bill to a third reading or to be engrossed (as the case may be), but the bill, as amended, shall be placed in the orders of the next day after that on which the amendment is made, and shall then be open to further amendment before such question is put. In like manner, when, under the operation of the previous question or otherwise, an amendment is made in any proposition of such a nature as to change its character, as from a bill to an order, or the like, the proposition as amended shall be placed in the orders of the next day after that on which the amendment was made. (31.)

VOTING.

**63.** No member shall vote upon any question where his private right is immediately concerned, distinct from the public interest. (10.)

**64.** Members desiring to be excused from voting shall make application to that effect before the division of the House or the taking of the yeas and nays is begun. Such application may be accompanied by a brief statement of reasons by the member making it, but shall be decided without debate, and shall not be subject to the provisions of Rule sixty-eight. (57.)

[Amended Jan. 8, 1877; Feb. 5, 1886; Jan. 13, 1893.]

**65.** When a question is put, the sense of the House shall be taken by the voices of the members, and the Speaker shall first announce the vote as it appears to him by the sound. (55.)

**66.** If the Speaker is unable to decide by the sound of the voices, or if his announcement made thereupon is doubted by a member rising in his place for that purpose, the Speaker shall order a return by divisions of the number voting in the affirmative and in the negative, without further debate upon the question. (55.)

[For duty of monitors in case of a division, see Rule 9.]

**67.** When a return by divisions is ordered, the members for or against the question, when called on by the Speaker, shall rise in their places, and stand until they are counted. If upon the taking of such a vote the presence of a quorum is doubted, a count of the House shall be had, and if a quorum is present the vote shall stand.

[Amended Feb. 11, 1889.]

**68.** The sense of the House shall be taken by yeas and nays whenever required by thirty of the members present. When the yeas and nays are taken, the roll of the House shall be called in alphabetical order, and no member shall be allowed to vote who was not on the floor before the vote is declared. If, before such time, a member states to the House that he has paired with another member, and how each would vote upon the pending question, the fact shall be entered on the journal immediately after the

record of the yeas and nays, and such member shall be excused from voting, but shall be included with the members voting for the purposes of a quorum. (56.) (57.)

[Amended Jan. 4, 1878; April 2, 1878; April 1, 1879; Feb. 2, 1891.]

**69.** The call for the yeas and nays shall be decided without debate. If the yeas and nays have been ordered before the question is put, the proceedings under Rules sixty-five, sixty-six and sixty-seven, shall be omitted; if not, they may be called for in lieu of a return by divisions when the Speaker's announcement is doubted by a member rising in his place, and, if then ordered, the proceedings under Rules sixty-six and sixty-seven shall be omitted. (52.)

[Amended Jan. 13, 1893.]

#### *Reconsideration.*

**70.** When a vote has passed (except as provided in the next rule), it shall only be in order for any member to move the reconsideration thereof on the same or the succeeding day, and such motion, if made on the same day, shall (except in the last week of the session) be placed first in the orders of the next day after that on which it is made; but if first moved on such succeeding day, it shall be moved before the Orders of the Day are taken up and shall be forthwith considered: *provided, however,* that a motion to reconsider a vote upon any incidental or subsidiary question shall not remove the main subject under consideration from before the House, but shall be considered at the time when it is made. (53.)

[Amended June 13, 1890; Feb. 2, 1891.]

**71.** When a motion for reconsideration is decided, that decision shall not be reconsidered, and no question shall be twice reconsidered; nor shall any vote be reconsidered upon either of the following motions:—

- to adjourn,
- to lay on the table,
- to take from the table; or,
- for the previous question. (53.)

**72.** Debate on motions to reconsider shall be limited to thirty minutes, and no member shall occupy more than five minutes; but on a motion to reconsider a vote upon any subsidiary or incidental question, debate shall be limited to ten minutes, and no member shall occupy more than three minutes.

[Amended Feb. 5, 1886; June 13, 1890.]

[For rule requiring the Clerk to retain papers, except, etc., until the right of reconsideration has expired, see Rule 15.]

#### RULES OF DEBATE.

**73.** Every member, when about to speak, shall rise and respectfully address the Speaker; shall confine himself to the question under debate, and avoid personalities; and shall sit down when he has finished. No member shall speak out of his place without leave of the Speaker. (39.)

**74.** When two or more members rise at the same time the Speaker shall name the member entitled to the floor, preferring one who rises in his place to one who does not. (40.)

**75.** No member shall interrupt another while speaking, except by rising to call to order. (42.)

**76.** No member shall speak more than once to the prevention of those who have not spoken and desire to speak on the same question. (41.)

#### *Motions.*

**77.** Every motion shall be reduced to writing, if the Speaker so directs. (44.)

**78.** A motion need not be seconded, and may be withdrawn by the mover if no objection is made. (44.)

**79.** A motion to adjourn shall be always first in order, and shall be decided without debate; and on the motions

to lay on the table, to take from the table, to commit, to recommit or to postpone to a time certain, not exceeding ten minutes shall be allowed for debate; and no member shall speak more than three minutes. (52.)

[Amended Feb. 19, 1878; Jan. 26, 1880; Feb. 2, 1891.]

[For application to be excused from voting, to be decided without debate, see Rule 64.]

[For call for yeas and nays, to be decided without debate, see Rule 69.]

[For questions of order, arising after the previous question is moved, to be decided without debate, except on appeal, see Rule 84.]

**80.** When a question is before the House, until it is disposed of, the Speaker shall receive no motion that does not relate to the same, except the motion to adjourn, or some other motion that has precedence either by express rule of the House, or because it is privileged in its nature; and he shall receive no motion relating to the same, except,—

to lay on the table,	See Rule 79.
for the previous question,	See Rules 81-86.
to close the debate at a specified time,	See Rules 85, 86.
to postpone to a time certain,	See Rules 79 and 87.
to commit (or recommit),	See Rules 79 and 88.
to amend,	See Rules 89-92.
to refer to the next General Court,	
which several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they are arranged in this rule. (46.)	

[Amended Jan. 14, 1892.]

#### *Previous Question.*

**81.** The previous question shall be put in the following form: “*Shall the main question be now put?*”—and all debate upon the main question shall be suspended until the previous question is decided.

**82.** On the previous question, not exceeding ten minutes shall be allowed for debate, and that only to give

reasons why the main question should not be put; and no member shall speak more than three minutes.

**83.** All questions of order arising after a motion is made for the previous question shall be decided without debate, excepting on appeal; and on such appeal, no member shall speak more than once without leave of the House.

[See Rule 94.]

**84.** The adoption of the previous question shall put an end to all debate except as provided in Rule eighty-six, and bring the House to a direct vote upon pending amendments, if any, in their regular order, and then upon the main question.

[Amended Jan. 14, 1892; Jan. 13, 1893.]

*Motion to Close Debate at a Specified Time.*

**85.** Debate may be closed at any time not less than thirty minutes from the adoption of a motion to that effect. On this motion, not exceeding ten minutes shall be allowed for debate, and no member shall speak more than three minutes. In case the time is extended by unanimous consent, the same rule shall apply at the end of the extended time as at the time originally fixed. (47.)

[Amended Jan. 8, 1877; Jan. 15, 1880.]

[See the next Rule.]

*When Debate is closed, Ten Minutes allowed, etc.*

**86.** When debate is closed by ordering the previous question, or by a vote to close debate at a specified time, the member in charge of the measure under consideration shall be allowed to speak ten minutes, and may grant to any other member any portion of his time. When the measure under consideration has been referred to the committee on Finance, under House Rule forty-four, the member originally reporting it shall be considered in

charge, except where the report of the committee on Finance is substantially different from that referred to them, in which case the member originally reporting the measure, and the member of the Finance Committee reporting thereon, shall each be allowed to speak five minutes, the latter to have the close. When the member entitled to speak under this rule is absent, the member standing first in order upon the committee reporting the measure, who is present and joined in the report, shall have the right to occupy such time.

[Amended March 28, 1877; Feb. 11, 1890; Jan. 13, 1893.]

*Motion to Postpone to a Time Certain.*

**87.** When a motion is made to postpone to a time certain, and different times are proposed, the question shall first be taken on the most remote time; and the time shall be determined before the question is put on postponement, which may then be rejected if the House see fit.  
(51.)

*Motion to Commit.*

**88.** When a motion is made to commit, and different committees are proposed, the question shall be taken in the following order: —

- a standing committee of the House,
- a select committee of the House,
- a joint standing committee,
- a joint select committee;

and a subject may be recommitted to the same committee or to another committee at the pleasure of the House.

(48.)

*Motions to Amend.*

**89.** A motion to amend an amendment may be received; but no amendment in the third degree shall be allowed.

**90.** No motion or proposition of a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted under color of amendment. (50.)

**91.** A question containing two or more propositions capable of division shall be divided whenever desired by any member. When a motion to strike out and insert is thus divided, the failure of the motion to strike out shall not preclude amendment; or, if the motion to strike out prevails, the matter proposed to be inserted shall be open to amendment before the question is taken on inserting it. (45.)

**92.** In filling blanks, the largest sum and longest time shall be put first. (51.)

*Enacting Clause.*

**93.** A motion to strike out the enacting clause of a bill shall only be received when the bill is before the House for enactment.

[Amended June 13, 1890.]

**APPEAL.**

**94.** No appeal from the decision of the Speaker shall be entertained unless it is seconded; and no other business shall be in order until the question on the appeal has been disposed of.

[See Rule 83.]

**RESOLVES.**

**95.** Such of these Rules as are applicable to bills, whether of the House or of the Senate, shall apply likewise to such resolves as require the concurrence of the Senate and approval by the Governor, in order to become laws and have force as such; except in Rule fifty-four the word "bill" shall be equivalent to the word "resolve" in the same place.

[Amended Jan. 13, 1893.]

**ELECTIONS BY BALLOT.**

**96.** A time shall be assigned for elections by ballot, at least one day previous thereto, except in the cases provided for in Rule eight. (58.)

[Amended Feb. 2, 1891.]

## SECRET SESSION.

**97.** All proceedings in secret session, and matters relating thereto, shall be kept secret until the House removes the injunction of secrecy.

## SEATS.

**98.** (1.) The desk on the right of the Speaker shall be assigned to the use of the Clerk and such persons as he may employ to assist him, and that on the left to the use of the Chairman of the committees on Bills in the Third Reading and on Engrossed Bills.

(2.) The senior member of the House, and the oldest member of the House who is not the senior member, shall be allowed to select their seats from those not otherwise assigned, before the drawing of seats by the members.

[Amended Jan. 7, 1878.]

(3.) The seat numbered 34, in the first division, shall be assigned to the use of the Chairman of the committee on the Judiciary; that numbered 15, in the sixth division, to the use of the Chairman of the committee on Finance; that numbered 52, in the first division, to the use of the Chairman of the committee on Probate and Insolvency; and that numbered 39, in the sixth division, to the use of the Chairman of the committee on Railroads on the part of the House.

[Amended Jan. 7, 1878; Jan. 6, 1882.]

(4.) The following seats shall be assigned to the use of the monitors:—

Those numbered 8 and 11, in the first division;  
100 and 104, in the second division;  
96 and 99, in the third division;  
92 and 95, in the fourth division;  
87 and 91, in the fifth division; and  
4 and 7, in the sixth division.

[Amended Jan. 6, 1882.]

(5.) The first business in order, after the appointment of standing committees and monitors is announced by the Speaker, shall be the drawing of the other seats upon the floor of the House.

(6.) The Clerk shall call the roll of the members in alphabetical order, omitting the names of the Speaker, the senior member, the oldest member, the chairmen of committees hereinbefore mentioned, and the monitors; and the drawing shall be had in presence of the House, under the supervision of a committee of three selected from the members mentioned in this paragraph.

(7.) The seat assigned to any member, or drawn by him, shall be his seat for the year, unless an exchange is made and notice thereof given to the Sergeant-at-Arms within five days from the day of the drawing.

#### PRIVILEGE OF THE FLOOR.

**99.** The following persons shall be entitled to admission to the floor of the House, during the session thereof, to occupy seats not numbered: —

(1.) The Governor and Lieutenant-Governor, Secretary of the Commonwealth, Treasurer and Receiver-General, Auditor and Attorney-General, Librarian and Assistant Librarian.

(2.) The members of the Senate.

(3.) Persons in the exercise of an official duty directly connected with the business of the House.

(4.) The legislative reporters assigned to seats in the reporters' gallery. (58.)

(5.) Contestants for seats in the House, whose papers are in the hands of the committee on Elections, may be admitted, while their cases are pending, to seats to be assigned by the Speaker.

No other person shall be admitted to the floor during the session except upon the permission of the Speaker;

and it shall not be in order for the Speaker to entertain a motion for the suspension of this rule or to present from the chair the request of any member for unanimous consent. (60.) (61.)

[Adopted Jan. 10, 1890.]

#### REPRESENTATIVES' CHAMBER.

**100.** Use of the Representatives' Chamber shall not be granted except by a vote of four-fifths of the members present and voting thereon: *provided*, that the use of the chamber for the purpose of holding a hearing before a joint committee or a committee of the House may be granted by a vote of two-thirds of the members present and voting thereon. (14.)

[Amended Feb. 2, 1891.]

#### PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

**101.** The rules of parliamentary practice shall govern the House in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with these Rules or the joint rules of the two branches. (62.)

#### DEBATE ON MOTIONS FOR THE SUSPENSION OF RULES.

**102.** Debate upon a motion for the suspension of any of the joint rules or House Rules shall be limited to fifteen minutes, and no member shall occupy more than three minutes.

[Amended Feb. 11, 1889; June 13, 1890; Feb. 2, 1891.]

#### SUSPENSION, AMENDMENT AND REPEAL.

**103.** Nothing in these Rules shall be dispensed with, altered or repealed, unless two-thirds of the members present consent thereto; but this Rule, and Rules forty-one, forty-nine, fifty, sixty-two, seventy, ninety-nine and

one hundred, shall not be suspended, unless by unanimous consent of the members present. (63.)

[Amended Jan. 10, 1890; June 13, 1890; Feb. 2, 1891; Jan. 13, 1893.]

QUORUM.

**104.** One hundred and twenty-one members shall constitute a quorum for the organization of the House and the transaction of business.

[Adopted Feb. 8, 1892.]

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JOINT RULES OF THE TWO BRANCHES.

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## JOINT RULES OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

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### *Committees.*

1. Joint standing committees shall be appointed at the beginning of the political year as follows:—

- A committee on Agriculture;
- A committee on Banks and Banking;
- A committee on Cities;
- A committee on Constitutional Amendments;
- A committee on Drainage;
- A committee on Education;
- A committee on Election Laws;
- A committee on Federal Relations;
- A committee on Fisheries and Game;
- A committee on Harbors and Public Lands;
- A committee on Insurance;
- A committee on Labor;
- A committee on the Liquor Law;
- A committee on Manufactures;
- A committee on Mercantile Affairs;
- A committee on Military Affairs;
- A committee on Parishes and Religious Societies;
- A committee on Printing;
- A committee on Prisons;
- A committee on Public Charitable Institutions;
- A committee on Public Health;
- A committee on Public Service;
- A committee on Roads and Bridges;
- A committee on State House;
- A committee on Street Railways;

A committee on Taxation;

A committee on Towns;

A committee on Water Supply;

A committee on Woman Suffrage;

Each to consist of three members on the part of the Senate, and eight on the part of the House.

A committee on Railroads, to consist of four members on the part of the Senate, and eleven on the part of the House.

A committee on Expenditures, to consist of the committee on the Treasury of the Senate, and the committee on Finance of the House.

Matters referred by either the Senate or the House to its committee on the Judiciary, on Probate and Insolvency, or on Rules, shall be considered by the respective committees of the two branches, acting as joint committees, when, in the judgment of the chairmen of the respective committees of the two branches, the interests of legislation or the expedition of business will be better served by such joint consideration. Matters may also be referred respectively to the committees on the Judiciary, on Probate and Insolvency, and on Rules, of the two branches, as joint committees.

The committees on Rules, together with the presiding officers of the two branches, acting as a joint committee, may consider and suggest such measures as shall, in their judgment, tend to facilitate the business of the session.  
[Amended Jan. 6, 1882; Jan. 5, 1883; Jan. 7, 1884; Jan. 8, 1885; Jan. 26, 1885; Jan. 8, 1886; Jan. 12, 1887; Jan. 9, 1888; Jan. 28, 1889; Jan. 8, 1890; Feb. 2, 1891; Jan. 11, 1892; Feb. 10, 1892, and Feb. 7, 1893.]

2. No member of either branch shall act as counsel for any party before any committee of the Legislature.

3. No joint committee shall be given authority to travel outside of the limits of the Commonwealth except

by a concurrent vote of two-thirds of the members of each branch present and voting thereon, and no committee shall so travel except at the expense of the Commonwealth. In any case when a committee is authorized to travel, the Sergeant-at-Arms shall provide transportation only for members of the committee and the officer accompanying them, and the reasonable travelling expenses of such members and officers only shall be charged to or paid by the Commonwealth. Neither the Sergeant-at-Arms nor the officer detailed by him shall permit any person to accompany such committee while in the discharge of its official duties, unless invited by vote of the committee.

All bills for the travelling expenses of committees shall, in such form and detail as may be prescribed by the Auditor of the Commonwealth, be submitted by the Sergeant-at-Arms to the committee by whom they have been incurred; and such bills, before they are presented to the Auditor of the Commonwealth, shall first be approved by a majority of the committee incurring them. The Sergeant-at-Arms shall procure from the Auditor and shall, on the first Monday in each month, transmit to the General Court in print a statement of all such bills which have been presented to the Auditor during the preceding month. [Adopted Feb. 7, 1890. Amended Feb. 2, 1891.]

**4.** Joint committees may report by bill, resolve, or otherwise, to either branch, at their discretion, having reference to an equal distribution of business between the two branches, except that money bills shall be reported to the House; and except that when a report is made from any committee to either branch, and the subject-matter thereof is subsequently referred therein to a joint committee, such committee shall report its action to the branch in which the original report was made. [See also next rule.]

5. Reports of joint committees may be recommitted to the same committees at the pleasure of the branch first acting thereon, and bills or resolves may be recommitted in either branch, but no such recommittal shall be made after the fourth Wednesday in March. A concurrent vote shall, however, be necessary for the recommitment of such reports, bills, or resolves, with instructions. After recommitment, report shall, in all cases, be made to the branch originating the recommitment. [Amended Feb. 2, 1891.]

6. Bills and resolves reported by joint committees shall be printed or fairly written in a legible hand, without material erasure or interlineation, and on not less than one sheet of paper, with suitable margins, and with spaces between the several sections. Dates and numbers shall be printed or written in words at length. [Amended Jan. 28, 1889.]

7. Whenever, upon any application for an act of incorporation or other legislation, the purpose for which such legislation is sought can be secured without detriment to the public interests by a general law or under existing laws, the committee to which the matter is referred shall report such general law, or "leave to withdraw," or "ought not to pass." [Amended Feb. 2, 1891 and Feb. 7, 1893.]

*Notice to Parties Interested.*

8. No legislation affecting the rights of individuals or the rights of a private or municipal corporation, otherwise than as it affects generally the people of the whole Commonwealth or the people of the city or town to which it specifically applies, shall be proposed or introduced except by a petition, nor shall any bill or resolve embodying such legislation be reported by a committee except upon a petition duly referred, nor shall such a bill or resolve be reported by a committee, whether on an original reference

or on a recommittal with instructions to hear the parties, until it is made to appear to the satisfaction of the committee that proper notice of the proposed legislation has been given by public advertisement or otherwise to all parties interested, without expense to the Commonwealth, or until evidence satisfactory to the committee is produced that all parties interested have in writing waived notice. A committee reporting leave to withdraw or reference to the next General Court for want of proper notice or of a waiver thereof shall set forth this fact in its report, and no bill or resolve shall be in order as a substitute for, or amendment of, such report. Objection to the violation of this rule may be taken at any stage prior to that of the third reading. [Adopted Feb. 7, 1890.]

9. A petition for the incorporation of a town or city, or for the division of an existing town or city, or for the incorporation of a railroad, street railway, elevated railroad or canal company, or for the amendment, alteration or extension of the charter or corporate powers or privileges of any such company, either specially incorporated or organized under general laws, or for authority to take water for a water supply, or relative to building structures over navigable or tide waters, shall be referred to the next General Court, and not to a committee, unless the petitioner has given the notice required by chapter 24 of the Acts of the year 1885, as amended by chapter 302 of the Acts of the year 1890, or by other provisions of law; but if, no objection being raised, such a petition is referred to a committee without such required notice, the committee shall forthwith report reference to the next General Court, setting forth as the reason for such report failure to give the required notice, unless evidence satisfactory to the committee is produced that all parties interested have in writing waived notice. In case a bill or resolve is reported by a committee upon such a petition

after proof of such waiver of notice, this fact shall be set forth in the report of the committee. When a report of reference to the next General Court is made by a committee on account of failure to give the required notice, no bill or resolve shall be substituted for such report, nor shall such report be recommitted or referred to another committee; but reference of the petition to the next General Court for want of proper notice under this rule shall not affect action upon any other measure involving the same subject-matter. [Adopted Feb. 7, 1890. Amended Feb. 2, 1891.]

*Limit of Time Allowed for Reports of Committees.*

**10.** Joint committees shall make final report upon all matters previously referred to them, on or before the fourth Wednesday in March. All matters upon which no report has then been made, shall, on or before the following Monday, be reported by the chairman of the committee on the part of the branch in which they were respectively introduced, with a recommendation of reference to the next General Court under this rule. [Amended Feb. 2, 1891.]

*Committees of Conference.*

**11.** Committees of Conference shall consist of three members on the part of each branch, representing its vote; and their report, if agreed to by a majority of each committee, shall be made to the branch asking the conference, and may be either accepted or rejected, but no other action shall be had, except through a new committee of Conference.

*Limit of Time Allowed for New Business.*

**12.** Resolutions, and petitions, memorials, bills and resolves introduced on leave and all other subjects of legislation, except reports required to be made to the

Legislature, deposited with the Clerk of either branch subsequent to adjournment on the first Wednesday in February, shall, when presented, be referred to the next General Court; but this rule shall not apply to petitions in aid of, and remonstrances against, legislation already introduced and pending, nor shall it apply to a petition offered in place of a former one having in view the same object, upon which, before reference to a committee, leave to withdraw was given because the same was not in proper form, provided that such subsequent petition is deposited with the Clerk of either branch within one week from the day on which leave to withdraw was given. This rule shall not prevent the introduction of bills, resolves or resolutions, based upon the report of a committee upon an order of inquiry offered subsequent to adjournment on the first Wednesday of February, provided such bills, resolves or resolutions are introduced within one week after the committee's report is submitted. This rule shall not be rescinded, amended, or suspended, except by a concurrent vote of four-fifths of the members of each branch present and voting thereon. [Amended Feb. 7, 1890, Feb. 2, 1891, and Feb. 7, 1893.]

13. In case the preceding rule is, on or before the first Wednesday in March, suspended with reference to a petition for legislation, the petition shall, unless accompanied by a bill or resolve embodying the legislation requested, be returned to the clerk of the branch in which it was presented, and shall remain in his custody until such bill or resolve is filed with him; but if no such bill or resolve has been so filed previous to adjournment on the second Wednesday in March, he shall forthwith submit the petition to the presiding officer of the branch of which he is clerk, and said petition shall, at the legislative session next succeeding, be referred to the next General Court.

Any such petition, with reference to which the preced-

ing rule is suspended subsequent to the first Wednesday in March, shall be returned to the clerk of the branch in which it was presented, and if no bill or resolve is filed to accompany it within one week from the day on which the rule was concurrently suspended, the petition shall be submitted to the presiding officer and referred to the next General Court, as above provided.

This rule shall not be rescinded, amended or suspended except by a concurrent vote of four-fifths of the members of each branch present and voting thereon. [Adopted Feb. 7, 1893.]

*Requests for Legislation to be Deposited with the Clerks.*

**14.** Petitions, memorials, bills and resolves for introduction on leave and all other subjects of legislation, and all resolutions and orders of inquiry, intended for presentation to the General Court by any member, shall be deposited with the Clerk of the branch to which such member belongs, and shall be laid before such branch not later than at the session of the fourth legislative day succeeding the day on which the same have been so deposited. [Adopted Feb. 7, 1890. Amended Feb. 2, 1891 and Feb. 7, 1893.]

**15.** The joint committee on Rules shall have authority to prescribe the manner and form of keeping the dockets of legislative counsel and agents which are required by law. [Adopted Feb. 2, 1891.]

*Duties of the Clerks.*

**16.** If any part of the report of a committee over the signature of the chairman or members of the committee is amended in either branch, the Clerk of that branch shall endorse upon the report such amendment.

**17.** All papers, while on their passage between the two branches, may be under the signature of the respec-

tive Clerks, except bills and resolves in their last stage. Messages may be sent by such persons as each branch may direct.

**18.** After bills have passed both branches to be engrossed, they shall be in the charge of the Clerks of the two branches, who shall deliver the same to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, to be engrossed in the manner prescribed by law; and when engrossed the said Clerks shall forthwith deliver the same to the committee of the House of Representatives on Engrossed Bills; and when the same have passed to be enacted in that House, they shall, in like manner, be delivered to the committee of the Senate on Engrossed Bills.

**19.** If any petition, memorial, bill, resolve or order, presented or originating in one branch, is adversely acted upon in the other, notice thereof shall be given, under the signature of the Clerk, to the branch in which the same originated.

**20.** The Clerk of the branch in which a bill originated shall make an endorsement thereon, certifying in which branch the same originated, which endorsement shall be entered on the journals by the Clerks respectively.  
[Amended Jan. 28, 1889.]

#### *Printing and Distribution of Documents.*

**21.** The committee on Printing may make regulations for the distribution of all documents printed or assigned for the use of the Legislature not otherwise disposed of, and such regulations shall be reported to and be subject to the order of the two branches.

Under the general order to print a report, bill or other document, the number printed shall be nine hundred.

Leave to report in print shall not be construed to authorize the printing of extended reports of evidence.

Bills, reports and other documents, printed under the general order of either branch, shall be distributed as follows, to wit:—two copies to each member of the Senate and House of Representatives (to be placed on his file under the direction of the Sergeant-at-Arms, if desired by the member); three copies to each Clerk in either branch, and three copies to each reporter in regular attendance, to whom a seat has been assigned in either branch; twenty copies to the Executive; twenty copies to the Secretary's office; six copies to the State Library; one copy to each Public Library in the Commonwealth, which shall make due application therefor to the Sergeant-at-Arms, and shall make proper provision for the transmission and preservation thereof; and, when the document is the report of a committee, ten copies shall be assigned to the committee making the report. The Sergeant-at-Arms shall preserve as many as may be necessary for the permanent files to be placed in the lobbies, and distribute the remainder under such regulations as may be prescribed by said joint committee. [Amended Jan. 8, 1886 and Jan. 28, 1889.]

**22.** Bills, resolves and other papers requiring the approval of the Governor shall be laid before him for his approbation by the Clerk of the Senate, who shall enter upon the journal of the Senate the day on which the same were so laid before the Governor. [Amended Jan. 28, 1889.]

*Constitutional Amendments.*

**23.** All resolves proposing amendments to the Constitution shall have three several readings in each branch, and the question upon agreeing to an amendment to the Constitution shall be taken by yeas and nays. [Amended Jan. 28, 1889.]

*Joint Conventions.*

**24.** The President of the Senate shall preside in Conventions of the two branches, and such Conventions shall be holden in the Representatives' Chamber; the Clerk of the Senate shall be Clerk of the Convention, and a record of the proceedings of the Convention shall be entered at large on the journals of both branches.

**25.** When an agreement has been made by the two branches to go into Convention, such agreement shall not be altered or annulled, except by concurrent vote.

**26.** No business shall be entered on, in Convention, other than that which may be agreed on before the Convention is formed.

*Joint Elections.*

**27.** In all elections by joint ballot a time shall be assigned therefor at least one day previous to such election.

*Elections of United States Senators.*

**28.** The joint assembly required to be held by the statutes of the United States, relating to the elections for Senators in Congress, shall be deemed a Convention of the two branches, and the proceedings therein shall be in accordance with the provisions of said statutes. The President of the Convention shall receive no motion on any day until one vote for Senator has been taken. After one vote for Senator has been taken, no motion shall be in order except a motion to adjourn, for a recess, or to proceed to vote for Senator; and these motions shall have precedence in the order of their arrangement, and shall be decided without debate. If a motion is made for a recess, and different times are proposed, the question shall first be taken on the most remote time; and the time shall be determined, but without debate, before the ques-

tion is put upon taking the recess. On either of the questions permitted by this rule, the sense of the Convention shall be taken by yeas and nays, whenever required by one-fifth of the members present. When the yeas and nays are taken, the roll of the Convention shall be called in alphabetical order; and no member shall be allowed to vote who was not on the floor when his name was called or before the roll-call was finished. The call for the yeas and nays shall be decided without debate.

**29.** Any joint rule, except the twelfth and thirteenth, may be altered, suspended, or rescinded, two-thirds of the members present in each branch consenting thereto.  
[Amended Feb. 7, 1893.]

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NOTES OF RULINGS  
OF THE  
PRESIDING OFFICERS

*FROM THE YEAR 1833.*

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PREPARED BY HON. GEORGE G. CROCKER.

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MEMORANDA.—S. stands for Senate Journal, H. for House Journal.  
Citations from Journals which have never been printed refer to the  
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# NOTES OF RULINGS

OF THE

## PRESIDING OFFICERS ON THE CONSTITUTION OF MASSACHUSETTS.

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POWER OF PRESIDING OFFICERS TO DECIDE CONSTITUTIONAL QUESTIONS.—In a decision on a money bill, in which it was held that it was within the province of the chair to decide the constitutional question involved, the following statement was made: “It is of course not intended to assume to the chair any right of decision as to the constitutionality of matters of legislation in relation to their substance; but where the question relates to form and manner of proceeding in legislation, or, in other words, is one of order, it is the duty of the chair to rule upon the same, although it may depend upon the provisions of the Constitution for its solution.” Cases of a proposition to adjourn for more than two days, of proceedings without a quorum, of a faulty enacting form, and of neglecting to take the yeas and nays on a vetoed bill, are cited. PITMAN, S. 1869, p. 341. See also JEWELL, H. 1868, p. 386; STONE, H. 1866, p. 436. See also notes on “Courtesy between the Branches,” under the heading “Sundry Rulings.”

CHAP. I., SECT. I., ART. II.—“*No bill or resolve.*” See LONG, H. 1878, p. 58; NOYES, H. 1880, p. 123.

“*Laid before the Governor for his revisal.*” If either branch desires for any reason to revise an enacted bill,

joint action of the two branches must be had, and the motion should be one providing that a message be sent by the two branches requesting the Governor to return the bill to the Senate. JEWELL, H. 1869, p. 645. Notwithstanding this ruling, it is customary for the Senate, when it desires to revise an enacted bill, to request the return of the bill, without asking the concurrent action of the House.

*“Who shall enter the objections . . . and proceed to reconsider the same.”* In a case in which a resolve and the objections thereto were laid on the table, it was held that it was then out of order to introduce a new resolve of a similar nature. GOODWIN, H. 1860, p. 613.

*“But if, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of the said Senate or House of Representatives shall, notwithstanding the said objections, agree to pass the same, it shall, together with the objections, be sent to the other branch of the Legislature, where it shall also be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of the members present, shall have the force of a law.”* Under this provision it has been held that in the branch first taking action a vote of two-thirds of the members present is sufficient to pass a bill. CLIFFORD, S. 1862, p. 625; BULLOCK, H. 1862, p. 586.

In 1862 in a case in which, the President not voting, 33 votes were cast, of which 22 were in favor of the passage of the bill, it was held that the record of the yeas and nays was the only evidence of the number of the names of the members present, and that the necessary two-thirds had been obtained. CLIFFORD, S. 1862, p. 625. Later decisions do not support this position. SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 564; PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 584; HARTWELL, S. 1889, p. 589; BARRETT, H. 1889, p. 226. See also House Rule 67.

It is permissible to reconsider a vote refusing to pass a bill over the Executive veto, notwithstanding the first vote is described in the Constitution as a reconsideration of the bill. SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 983. But see *Sank v. Phila.*, 4 Brewster, 133. Wilson's Digest, 2058.

CHAP. I., SECT. I., ART. IV.—“*All manner of wholesome and reasonable orders.*” See LONG, H. 1878, p. 60.

“*To set forth the several duties, powers and limits of the several civil and military officers.*” For certain resolves defining the powers of the Legislature, especially the power to prescribe duties to the Governor and other executive officers, see H. 1857, p. 557.

CHAP. I., SECT. II., ART. VI.—“*Provided such adjournments do not exceed two days at a time.*” Sunday is not to be counted, but Fast Day must be counted. JEWELL, H. 1868, p. 311; STONE, H. 1867, p. 270.

CHAP. I., SECT. III., ART. VI.—For a case of an arraignment of a State official at the bar of the House, see HALE, H. 1859, p. 149.

CHAP. I., SECT. III., ART. VII.—“*All money bills shall originate in the House of Representatives.*” The Senate can originate a bill or resolve appropriating money, or directly or indirectly involving expenditure. OPINION OF JUSTICES, S. 1878, appendix; COGSWELL, S. 1878, p. 279; PITMAN, S. 1869, p. 340. See, *contra*, LONG, H. 1878, pp. 197, 563; JEWELL, H. 1869, p. 630; JEWELL, H. 1868, p. 385. See LORING, S. 1873, p. 409, for opinion that money bills should be allowed to originate in either branch.

Bills designating certain property as subject to or exempt from taxation, as well as bills imposing a tax in terms, are “money bills.” BISHOP, S. 1881, p. 419. See also SANFORD, H. 1873, p. 283; STONE, H. 1866, p. 436.

But it has been held that a bill exempting from taxation certain property in a particular town is not a “money bill.” PILLSBURY (acting President), S. 1884, p. 259.

A bill is considered as originating in that branch in which it is first acted upon. BRACKETT, H. 1885, p. 759.

For a case in which the Senate instructed a committee to report a bill to the House, see PILLSBURY, S. 1886, p. 702.

CHAP. I., SECT. III., ART. VIII.—“*Provided such adjournments shall not exceed two days at a time.*” Sunday is not to be counted, but Fast Day must be counted. JEWELL, H. 1868, p. 311; STONE, H. 1867, p. 270.

CHAP. I., SECT. III., ART. X.—“*And settled the rules and orders of proceeding in their own House.*” See LONG, H. 1878, p. 60.

CHAP. VI., ART. II.—“*But their being chosen or appointed to, and accepting the same, shall operate as a resignation of their seat in the Senate or House of Representatives.*” It is not within the province of the chair to decide whether a member has forfeited his membership by accepting an office incompatible with his seat in the Legislature. HALE, H. 1859, p. 48.

ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT, VIII.—See note to Constitution, Chap. VI., Art. II.

ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT, IX.—An amendment of the Constitution may be amended on the second year of its consideration, but such action will necessitate its reference to the next Legislature. BISHOP, S. 1880, p. 321; NOYES, H. 1880, p. 57; DEWEY (acting Speaker), H. 1890, p. 369.

It has also been held that an amendment to the Constitution cannot be amended on the second year of its consideration. PHELPS, H. 1857, p. 906; PHELPS, S. 1859, p. 323.

A vote agreeing to an article of amendment of the Constitution can be reconsidered. MARDEN, H. 1883, pp. 377, 422–427.

As to the method of procedure in acting on an amendment on the second year, and in providing for its submission to the people, see NOYES, H. 1881, p. 466.

ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT, XXXIII.—See note to House Rule 68.

It is immaterial that a quorum does not vote if a quorum is present. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 584; HARTWELL, S. 1889, p. 589. See note to House Rule 67, and note to Senate Rules under VOTING. *Contra*, see CLIFFORD, S. 1862, p. 625.

## NOTES OF RULINGS

ON THE

SENATE RULES.

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### THE PRESIDENT.

The President has no power, either by general parliamentary law or by special authority vested in him by the Senate, to cause any document to be printed or distributed, or to prevent any document from being printed or distributed; and, upon the simple request of a member of the Senate, he has no authority to issue an order to the Sergeant-at-Arms to remove from the desks and files of the Senators a report, portions of which are claimed to be unparliamentary. CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 489, 575.

### CLERK.

RULE 8. See notes to House Rule 70.

*“Except petitions, bills and resolves introduced on leave, orders of inquiry,” etc.* As to the reason for these exceptions and their effect, see LORING, S. 1873, pp. 295, 299. It would seem that the right to reconsider the enactment of a bill, the reference of a petition or bill, or the adoption of an order, should expire when the bill, petition or order passes out of the hands of the Clerk.

### MEMBERS OF THE SENATE.

RULE 10. See notes to House Rule 63.

## COMMITTEES.

RULE 12. For sundry rulings as to committees, see notes on the Joint Rules, under the head of "COMMITTEES."

"*A Committee on the Treasury.*" See notes to House Rules 20, 25.

RULE 15. A bill relating to the taxation of telegraph companies was held not to come within the provisions of this section, although it appeared that there might be but one such company in existence. HARTWELL, S. 1889, p. 732. See also notes to House Rule 31 and Joint Rule 8.

RULE 16. A special act, as distinguished from a general law, is one which directly affects individuals as such differently from the class to which they belong or from the people at large. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, pp. 558, 589. It is not within the province of the chair to rule that the object of an application can be secured under existing laws, or without detriment to the public interests by a general law. This question must be determined by the committee (PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 588), unless it appears on the face of the papers that the object can be secured under existing laws. PILLSBURY, S. 1886, p. 700. For a case in which it was held not to be allowable to substitute a general law for a special act, see PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 589. See note to House Rule 30.

## FORM OF BILLS AND RESOLVES.

RULE 17. Objection that this rule is violated cannot be sustained in the case of a House bill. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 582.

## INTRODUCTION OF BUSINESS.

RULE 23. See note to House Rule 47.

RULE 24. For cases in which an order has been held to be unparliamentary in form, see SPRAGUE, S. 1890, p. 189; PILLSBURY, S. 1886, p. 140.

#### COURSE OF PROCEEDINGS.

RULE 28. The subsequent rejection of a bill substituted for a report of committee recommending "no legislation" does not revive the question upon the adoption of the recommendation of the report. The requirement that every bill shall be read three times does not render the substitution liable to be nullified by the rejection of the bill at a subsequent stage. BISHOP, S. 1881, p. 212.

#### ORDERS OF THE DAY.

See note to House Rule 61.

#### RULES OF DEBATE.

See notes upon this division of the House Rules.

#### MOTIONS.

See notes upon this division of the House Rules.

A motion, in its nature trivial and absurd, will not be entertained. SPRAGUE, S. 1890, p. 189; PILLSBURY, S. 1886, p. 140.

The Senate having passed a general order that the reading of the Journal should be dispensed with unless otherwise ordered, it was held that a Senator could not require the reading of the Journal without a vote to that effect, and that a motion that the Journal be read was not a question of privilege. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 290.

APPEALS. In accordance with Cushing's Law and Practice of Legislative Assemblies (Sect. 1467), which, by Rule 62, is adopted as an authority governing the Senate, it has been held that a question on an appeal may be laid on the table, and if such action is taken, the matter, whatever it

may be, which gives rise to the appeal, proceeds as if no appeal had been taken CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 288, 289. In the House it has been held that a motion to lay an appeal on the table is not in order, and this would seem to be the better practice. See MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 582. See also notes to House Rule 94.

It is to be noted that the Senate, by its Rule 62, is required to follow Cushing's statement of Parliamentary Law, even though such statement may be erroneous, while the House, by its Rule 101, is simply required to conform to correct principles of parliamentary practice.

RULE 45. See notes to House Rule 91.

RULE 46. "*To adjourn.*" See notes to House Rule 79.

"*Or some other motion which has precedence.*" Where the Senate assigned one matter for 2.30 P.M., and one matter for 3 P.M., it was held to be the duty of the presiding officer to call up the second assignment at 3 P.M., even though the consideration of the first assignment was not finished. PITMAN, S. 1889, p. 316. See notes to House Rule 80.

"*To lay on the table.*" Pending the consideration of one of the orders of the day, a motion to lay the orders of the day on the table is admissible. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 287.

A motion to postpone laying the orders on the table is inadmissible. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 287.

"*To close debate at a specified time.*" See note to House Rule 80.

A motion that the debate be closed in one hour is inadmissible, although, under a general order, the Senate would adjourn before the expiration of the hour. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 286.

After the time for closing debate has arrived, the taking of the question cannot be postponed by a motion to

adjourn or to commit, or that the Journal be read, and these motions cannot then be entertained. CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 288, 289.

If a motion to close debate in one hour is reconsidered, the question does not recur upon the original motion because that motion owing to the lapse of time is out of order. The debate will proceed without limitation unless a new motion to close it is made. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 589.

"To commit (*or recommit*)."  
A motion to recommit with instructions to report a bill broader in its scope than the measures upon which the bill is based is out of order. PINKERTON, S. 1892, p. 266.

"To amend."  
A substitute which, by Rule 28, must have three several readings on three successive days, can be amended in the second degree. COOLIDGE, S. 1870, p. 416.

It is not out of order to substitute an entire bill for another entire bill. BRASTOW, S. 1868, p. 48. See also Senate Rule 28.

The substitution of a question on the rejection of an order for a question on the passage of the order is not a parliamentary substitution, because one is simply the negative of the other. CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 575, 578.

If an amendment has been once rejected, the same or substantially the same amendment cannot again be moved at the same stage of the bill, but the rejection of the amendment may be reconsidered. HOWLAND (acting President), S. 1886, p. 611.

See notes to House Rule 90.

RULE 50.  
It seems that, in the absence of a rule excluding amendments proposing subjects different from those under consideration, such amendments, under Senate Rule 62, would be in order. CUSHING'S MANUAL, sect. 102; Senate Rule 62. BRASTOW, S. 1868, p. 51.

If a committee reports only in part, amendments must be germane to that portion of the subject which is reported on. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 86.

Amendments are admissible if they are germane to any portion of the subject-matter which is the basis of a committee's report. SPRAGUE, S. 1891, p. 715.

For instances of amendments which have been held not to be germane, see PINKERTON, S. 1892, pp. 740, 751, 771, 806; SPRAGUE, S. 1891, p. 682; SPRAGUE, S. 1890, p. 313; HARTWELL, S. 1889, pp. 451, 588, 699; PILLSBURY, S. 1886, p. 701; PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 589; BISHOP, S. 1882, p. 310. (*Contra*, NOYES, H. 1882, p. 197.)

For instances of amendments which have been held to be germane, see PINKERTON, S. 1892, pp. 608, 707; SPRAGUE, S. 1891, pp. 711, 715; SPRAGUE, S. 1890, p. 792; HARTWELL, S. 1889, p. 646; PILLSBURY, S. 1885, pp. 435, 582, 585; SESSIONS (acting President), S. 1885, p. 320; CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 209, 573; BISHOP, S. 1882, p. 347; BISHOP, S. 1881, p. 384.

Amendments changing a special act into a general law are admissible because, under Senate Rule 16, the committee could have reported a general law. PINKERTON, S. 1892, p. 707.

See also notes to House Rule 90.

RULE 51. Prior to the adoption of this rule it was held that the smallest sum and the longest time must be put first. COGSWELL, S. 1879, p. 376.

See note to House Rule 91.

RULE 52. "*Not exceeding ten minutes shall be allowed for debate.*" Time consumed in taking the question on a motion to adjourn is not to be deducted from the ten minutes allowed for the debate. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 288.

See notes to Senate Rule 46 and House Rules 79, 80.

### RECONSIDERATION.

RULE 53. President LORING (S. 1873, p. 299) went so far as to say that there is no reconsideration of votes to commit petitions, etc.; but it would seem that a better position to take would be that there can be no reconsideration after such petition, etc., has actually been handed over by the Clerk to the committee.

The same would be true, *mutatis mutandis*, with reference to enacted bills. In the case of the latter, a method sometimes adopted is to request the Governor to return the bill, and then consider its enactment. See Senate Rule 8 and notes thereto. See also note to Constitution, Chap. I., Sect. I., Art. II.

As to the effect of a reconsideration of a vote to close debate at a specified time, see PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 589.

"*Except on motion to adjourn,*" etc. This exception cuts off any reconsideration of votes on the motions mentioned. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 287.

See notes to House Rules 70 and 71.

### REJECTED MEASURES.

RULE 54. See notes to House Rule 49.

This rule is an expression of a principle of parliamentary law. For a discussion of its origin and effect, see BISHOP, S. 1880, p. 243.

General parliamentary practice not only forbids the introduction of a proposition which is substantially the same as a proposition previously rejected but also forbids the introduction of a proposition substantially the same as one already pending, or substantially the same as one previously adopted or passed. In legislative procedure a bill is not passed within the meaning of the foregoing general parliamentary rule until it has passed to be enacted. SPRAGUE, S. 1891, p. 713.

"*Finally rejected.*" These words must be construed to refer either to a rejection by both Houses, or to such

action of the Senate as amounts to a final rejection of the measure independently of any action of the House. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 584. See also BARRETT, H. 1889, p. 864.

“ When an order is rejected, or a petition excluded, or leave is refused to bring in a bill, or a bill or resolve is refused any one of its stages of advancement, it is ‘ finally rejected.’ ” COGSWELL, S. 1877, pp. 301, 306. Indefinite postponement is a final rejection. PINKERTON, S. 1892, p. 808.

“ The phrase ‘ when any measure shall be finally rejected ’ must be construed to apply solely to such measures as the Senate has power finally to reject, and cannot of course apply to amendments which may be offered at any stage of a bill, even if rejected at a previous stage; nor has it ever been denied that an amendment rejected by the Senate may be adopted by the House and sent up for concurrence. A substitute is an amendment differing only in this, that it is capable of amendment in the second degree, and by rules of the Senate, but not of the House, requires three several readings. To propose a substitute is therefore only to propose an amendment, and it does not become a ‘ measure,’ until it is adopted. The rule being made by the Senate, and applicable to the Senate alone, must mean that no senator shall introduce a second time a ‘ measure,’ that is, a bill or resolve, and some kinds of orders, which has been once and finally rejected by the Senate. Any other interpretation would put it in the power of a single senator to defeat any bill, which might be pending in either branch or in the committee, and to which he was opposed, by offering it as a substitute for any other bill which he had reason to believe the Senate was desirous of passing, and so compelling the Senate to choose between two bills, both of which it might be desirous of passing.” COOLIDGE, S. 1870, p. 415. This ruling was made before the adoption of Senate Rule 50. See, *contra*, PITMAN, S. 1869, p. 517.

In conformity with the foregoing it was held that a bill passed in the branch in which it began might be sent from that branch to the other, and so introduced, although a similar bill was there pending, or had been passed or rejected. COGSWELL, S. 1877, pp. 301, 306. See also BISHOP, S. 1882, p. 307.

So also in a case when a report "inexpedient to legislate" had been adopted by the Senate, it was held that the Senate was still bound to entertain a House bill on the same subject, if the report had not been concurred in by the House. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 585.

When the above decisions of Presidents Coolidge and Cogswell were given, the words "by any committee or member" were not embodied in the rule, and the rule ended as follows: "and this rule shall apply as well to measures originating in the House as to those originating in the Senate." These words were left out in 1877.

The fact that a bill has been finally rejected in one branch does not prevent its introduction in the other. HARTWELL, S. 1889, p. 822.

If, however, a bill or measure has been once rejected by both branches, general parliamentary law as well as this rule, would prevent any measure substantially the same from being again introduced into either branch at the same session; and the fact that one branch had passed such measure and forwarded it to the other, would not justify its introduction in the latter branch. Thus, where a report of "leave to withdraw" had been accepted by both branches, it was held that a bill which embodied a measure substantially the same as that contemplated in the petition must be laid aside, even though the bill came from the other branch. BISHOP, S. 1880, p. 243. See also PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 583.

It seems that, notwithstanding this rule, an amendment of the Constitution can be introduced, although it is substantially the same as an amendment which came from the

previous Legislature and which has been rejected. PHELPS, S. 1859, p. 325.

“*No measure substantially the same.*” A resolve providing only for biennial elections is not substantially the same as a resolve providing for biennial elections and biennial sessions of the Legislature. BRUCE, S. 1884, p. 581. See also PILLSBURY, S. 1886, p. 635.

For a case in which a bill was ruled out under this provision, see HARTWELL, S. 1889, p. 804.

“*Shall be introduced.*” The rejection of a measure does not prevent the consideration of a measure substantially the same, if it was introduced previously to such rejection. BOARDMAN, S. 1888, p. 485; but the fact that an order was presented and laid upon the table prior to the indefinite postponement of another order practically identical was held not to be an introduction within the meaning of this section. PINKERTON, S. 1892, p. 808.

#### VOTING.

A vote of less than a quorum is not conclusive proof that a quorum is not present, and is valid, provided a quorum is in fact present. SPRAGUE, S. 1890, p. 905; PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 584; HARTWELL, S. 1889, p. 589; SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 564.

RULE 57. “*Unless excused before the vote is taken.*” After a *viva voce* vote has been taken, a request to be excused from voting cannot be entertained. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 583.

“*And no member shall be permitted to vote after the decision is announced from the chair.*” If other business has intervened, a vote cannot be cast even if this rule is suspended. HARTWELL, S. 1889, p. 650.

#### PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

RULE 62. See notes to House Rule 101.

## NOTES OF RULINGS

### ON THE HOUSE RULES.

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#### CLERK.

RULE 15. "*Except petitions, enacted bills, orders of inquiry and orders of notice.*" See notes to Senate Rules 8 and 53, and to House Rule 70.

#### MEMBERS.

If the report of a committee that Mr. A., a sitting member, is not entitled to a seat, has been accepted, it is out of order for Mr. A. to take part in the proceedings, although a motion to reconsider the acceptance of the report is pending. PHELPS, H. 1856, p. 493.

RULE 17. "*No member shall absent himself from the House without leave.*" The phrase "the House" refers to the Representatives' Chamber alone. SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 313.

The presence of a quorum is not necessary to excuse a member from attending. BARRETT, H. 1890, p. 774.

#### COMMITTEES.

RULE 20. For sundry rulings as to reports of committees, see notes on the Joint Rules under the head of "COMMITTEES."

*"A committee on Finance."* Notwithstanding a previous investigation and report by the Committee on Claims, or other committee, the Finance Committee has power to examine every matter before it as a new question, and decide for or against it, on its merits. JEWELL, H. 1870, p. 454. See also note to House Rule 25.

RULE 25. Under an order authorizing the Committee on Finance to report from time to time such appropriation bills as may be required, the committee cannot properly report an appropriation not authorized by law. LONG, H. 1878, p. 347. See also note to House Rule 20.

RULE 30. After a bill has been ordered to a third reading it is too late to raise the point of order that the bill is in violation of this rule. BARRETT, H. 1892, p. 698.

It is the province of the committee, not of the Speaker, to determine whether the object of an application can be secured under existing laws. BARRETT, H. 1892, p. 1160.

*"Can be secured. . . . under existing laws."* Pending the point of order that the object desired by a bill could be secured by existing law, a motion to recommit was entertained. NOYES, H. 1887, p. 808.

*"Or without detriment to the public interests by a general law."* Prior to the adoption of this rule a committee could not change a special to a general bill. SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 502. Nor could the Legislature change a private or special bill by amendment into a general law. SANFORD, H. 1874, pp. 217, 513; LONG, H. 1878, pp. 117, 361. See also NOYES, H. 1888, p. 600.

RULE 31. See notes to Joint Rule 8.

*"No legislation affecting the rights of individuals," etc.* A bill to prohibit the imposition of fines, or deductions of wages of employees engaged in weaving, was held not to

affect the rights of individuals otherwise than as it affected the interests of the whole people. NOYES, H. 1888, p. 476.

An amendment restricting the scope of a general bill to certain particular cases does not affect the rights of individuals otherwise than as they were affected by the original bill. MARDEN, H. 1883, pp. 484, 522, 523.

Under this rule in the form which it had before 1890 it was held that an order to consider the expediency of legislation limiting the maximum fares on trunk or main lines of steam railroads did not affect the "legal" rights of such corporations otherwise than as it affected generally the interests of the whole people of the Commonwealth. BARRETT, H. 1889, p. 230.

A bill requiring railroad corporations, when issuing new stock, to sell the same at auction was held not to come within the scope of this rule. BARRETT, H. 1891, p. 638.

A bill contemplating legislation affecting certain trust companies differently from other trust companies of the same class was held to be within the scope of the rule. BARRETT, H. 1891, p. 866.

"*Shall be proposed or introduced except upon a petition.*" On a petition asking the extension of the provisions of a certain Act, a bill cannot be reported extending the provisions of a different Act. SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 392.

For instances in which bills have been ruled out because not based upon petition, see BARRETT, H. 1889, pp. 26, 230, 390.

RULE 32. See notes to Joint Rule 9.

#### REGULAR COURSE OF PROCEEDINGS.

RULE 37. After a petition has been presented in accordance with the rules, and the question on its reference has been stated, it is then too late to call for a vote on its reception. HALE, H. 1859, p. 64.

RULE 41. This rule is not applicable to motions for adjournment. RICE (acting Speaker), H. 1859, p. 224.

Quære, whether an order can be postponed without question after the discussion of it has begun. See KINNICKUTT, H. 1844, p. 524; BARRETT, H. 1889, p. 700. After an order has been laid over, considered and amended, it cannot be postponed upon request under this rule. BARRETT, H. 1889, p. 753.

In order to make a request for postponement a member must obtain the floor in the regular way. BARRETT, H. 1889, p. 699.

“*Or resolution.*” These words were inserted in the rule in 1890, it having been held that the word “order” did not include resolutions. BARRETT, H. 1890, p. 538.

RULE 43. When the question, “Shall this bill be rejected?” is pending, a motion to amend the bill is not in order (PHELPS, H. 1856, p. 323), but it is in order to move the previous question. PHELPS, H. 1856, p. 332.

RULE 44. A bill will be referred under this rule to the Committee on Finance, even if the fact that it involves the expenditure of public money is not discovered until the question on its engrossment is pending. BRACKETT, H. 1885, pp. 709, 732; BARRETT, H. 1889, p. 795; BARRETT, H. 1892, pp. 330, 824, 1168.

RULE 47. As to whether it is proper under this rule to move to take from the files of last year a bill (which was then referred to the next General Court), and move its reference to a committee, without getting special leave to introduce it, see LONG, H. 1877, p. 466, and OSGOOD, appellant, p. 469.

“*Moved as an amendment to the report of a committee.*” After a bill has been substituted for the report of a committee, it is too late to raise the point of order that the bill

is broader in its scope than the subject-matter referred to the committee. NOYES, H. 1888, p. 463.

RULE 49. See notes to Senate Rule 54.

"*Finally rejected by the House.*" The words "by the House" were added in 1890, embodying the principle enunciated in a ruling by Speaker BARRETT, H. 1889, p. 864.

It is not in order under this Rule to move as an amendment a bill which has once been finally rejected. MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 819.

After a bill "making appropriations for expenses of various charitable and reformatory institutions," was rejected, it was held that one of the sections of that bill could be introduced without violating this rule. MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 569.

On an order relative to memorializing Congress for an amendment to the Constitution of the United States so as to provide for election of United States Senators by direct popular vote, a joint committee reported to the House no legislation necessary. Resolutions offered as a substitute for the report were rejected by the House and the report was accepted and sent to the Senate for concurrence. The Senate substituted the resolutions which had been rejected by the House, and sent them to the House. The Speaker ruled that under this rule they must be laid aside. BARRETT, H. 1890, p. 419.

Previous to the foregoing ruling it had been held that a bill may be received from the Senate and considered by the House, although a similar bill is there pending, or has been passed or rejected. Once in the House, and there referred to a committee of the House, a subsequent report of it back from that committee is a part of its career, and not such an introduction of it as to bring it within this rule as "introduced by a committee." LONG, H. 1877, p.

424; GOODWIN, H. 1860, p. 550. *Contra*, see SANFORD, H. 1875, p. 323; OSGOOD (acting Speaker), H. 1877, p. 416.

A bill changed in but a single essential provision is not substantially the same. NOYES, H. 1881, p. 402. See also NOYES, H. 1881, p. 447; JEWELL, H. 1868, p. 204.

A bill is excluded under this rule if it embraces a measure substantially the same as that covered by a previously rejected petition, or by an order on which a report of inexpedient to legislate has been accepted. SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 349; BISHOP, S. 1880, p. 243; MARDEN, H. 1884, p. 555.

For a case in which a memorial was introduced and referred to a committee, although it related to the same subject as that embraced in a petition upon which a report of leave to withdraw had been accepted, see PHELPS, H. 1856, p. 683.

After a bill reported on a petition has been rejected, the petition cannot be further considered. SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 511. See SANFORD, H. 1873, p. 198; KIMBALL (acting Speaker), H. 1871, p. 400.

The acceptance of a report "no legislation necessary on the Governor's message," was held not to cut off action on a substitute for a bill previously reported by the same committee, although such bill and substitute covered matter embraced in the Governor's message. NOYES, H. 1888, p. 584.

It seems that reference to the next Legislature is not a final rejection. See GOODWIN, H. 1860, p. 550.

"*Introduced by any committee or member.*" As to the effect of these words, see LONG, H. 1877, p. 427.

**RULE 50.** It is within the province of the Committee on Bills in the Third Reading to report that a bill ought not to pass. BARRETT, H. 1890, pp. 862, 864.

**RULE 53.** Notice of an amendment of an engrossed bill or resolve adopted by one branch should be communicated

to the other by a message. See WALLEY, H. 1846, pp. 314, 440, 578, 606. The formality of a message is now dispensed with.

RULE 59. Matters in the calendar must be acted upon separately. A single request that several matters be passed for debate is not in order. BARRETT, H. 1890, p. 604.

A motion that several matters in the calendar be laid upon the table is not in order. BARRETT, H. 1890, p. 604.

RULE 60. "*The unfinished business,*" etc. See KINNICKUTT, H. 1844, p. 524.

RULE 61. If a matter is discharged from the orders of the day, the vote cannot be reconsidered on the succeeding day. BLISS, H. 1853, p. 362.

RULE 62. "*If . . . an amendment is made.*" The word "made" is the equivalent of "adopted." BARRETT, H. 1889, p. 696.

"*And shall then be open to further amendment before such question is put.*" By general parliamentary law it is not in order to amend a substitute at the same stage in which it is adopted. PHELPS, H. 1857, p. 984.

#### VOTING.

It is the duty of every member to vote unless excused from so doing, or debarred by private interests. BARRETT, H. 1892, p. 1207. See note to House Rule 64.

A member has no right to change his vote after the result is declared, even though the declaration is erroneous, and the right is claimed prior to a corrected statement. PHELPS, H. 1856, p. 496.

A vote may be declared null and void after it has been recorded. EDDY, H. 1855, p. 1570.

Pending a roll-call it is not in order to move that the doors be closed, because such a motion, if adopted, might

prevent a member who happened to be outside from voting. It is, however, in order to close the doors in case of a call of the House, because it is the very object of the proceeding to ascertain who is present. HALE, II. 1859, p. 335.

RULE 63. In the case of a creditor or stockholder of the Eastern Railroad, it was held that he could vote on the bill "for the relief of the Eastern Railroad Company and the securing of its debts and liabilities," inasmuch as such creditor's or stockholder's interest was not "distinct from the public interest, but was inseparately mixed with it." LONG, H. 1876, p. 181, and cases there cited. See also WINTHROP, H. 1838, pp. 202, 212.

A director of a bank which has petitioned for an increase of capital was held not to be excluded by interest from voting on a motion to instruct the Committee on Banks and Banking to report leave to withdraw on all petitions by banks for an increase of capital. BLISS, II. 1853, p. 605. See also WINTHROP, H. 1838, pp. 77, 78, 79; WINTHROP, H. 1840, p. 207.

In the case of a bill "to equalize the bounties of our soldiers," which provided for paying certain sums of money to a particular class of persons described in the bill, it was held that a member who, under the provisions of the bill, would be entitled to \$200, had such an interest as would deprive him of the right to vote. STONE, H. 1866, p. 364. See also cases there cited.

The proper time to raise a point of order questioning the right of a member to vote on account of interest is after the roll has been called and the member's vote recorded. BARRETT, H. 1892, p. 1125.

For other cases relating to this rule, see BANKS, H. 1852, p. 225; ASHMUN, H. 1841, p. 387.

RULE 64. Any member may require the observance by other members of the duty of voting while the vote is pro-

ceeding, and before it is declared; but it is too late to call for the enforcement of the rule after the vote has been completed and declared SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 564.

“*Members desiring to be excused from voting shall make application,*” etc. For a case which arose prior to the adoption of this provision, see BLISS, H. 1853, p. 367.

This rule applies only to main questions, and not to subsidiary, incidental or privileged questions. BRACKETT, H. 1885, p. 766.

“*And shall not be subject to the provisions of rule sixty-eight.*” This means that the yeas and nays cannot be taken on the question of excusing a member from voting. BARRETT, H. 1890, p. 607.

RULE 67. “*And if a quorum is present the vote shall stand.*” This is an expression of a general principle enunciated by Speaker SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 564. BARRETT, H. 1889, p. 226. See also Notes of Rulings on the Constitution, Articles of Amendment, XXXIII., and on the Senate Rules under “VOTING.”

RULE 68. Under a rule which enabled one-fifth of the members present and voting to order the yeas and nays, it was held that a vote for the yeas and nays could not be reconsidered, except by a four-fifths vote. EDDY, H. 1855, p. 15. *Contra*, PHELPS, H. 1856, p. 1120. CUSHING, § 1271.

When a question is before the House, and the yeas and nays have been ordered, a motion to reverse the roll-call is not in order. BLISS, H. 1853, p. 299.

It seems that a motion for the yeas and nays cannot be laid on the table. See ASIMUN, H. 1841, p. 385.

“*No member shall be allowed to vote who was not on the floor before the vote is declared.*” For a case arising when the rule provided that no member shall be allowed to vote who was not upon the floor when his name was called, or

before the roll-call was finished, see EDDY, H. 1855, pp. 1573, 1658.

*“If . . . a member states that he has paired . . . such member shall be excused from voting.”* It has been held not to be in order to pair on a motion to adjourn. BARNES (acting Speaker), H. 1889, p. 709.

*“But shall be included with the members voting for the purposes of a quorum.”* Prior to the addition of these words to the rule it was held that if the roll-call showed less than a quorum present and voting, the pairs announced could not be counted to make up a quorum. BARRETT, H. 1890, pp. 774, 779.

#### RECONSIDERATION.

RULE 70. Reconsideration can be had of a vote rejecting the report of a committee which declared that the seat of a member was vacant. HALE, H. 1859, p. 133.

As to reconsideration of votes to commit petitions, etc., and of the enactment of laws, see notes to Senate Rules 8 and 53.

The vote requiring the yeas and nays to be taken can be reconsidered. NOYES, H. 1881, p. 490.

A motion to suspend this rule may be entertained after the time allowed for a motion to reconsider has elapsed. NOYES, H. 1887, p. 331.

When a vote has been passed to close debate at a specified time, and that time has arrived, it is too late to move a reconsideration in order to extend the debate. NOYES, H. 1880, p. 220.

As to whether the adoption of an order can be reconsidered, after its execution has begun, see HALE, H. 1859, p. 270.

It has been held that a motion to reconsider a vote on an undebatable question cannot be debated. ROCKWELL, H. 1858, p. 331.

*"On the same or the succeeding day."* It has been held that a session held merely for the purpose of complying with the provisions of the Constitution, and not for the purpose of transacting business, is not to be considered as "the succeeding day." BARRETT, H. 1890, p. 1277.

*"Such motion, if made on the same day, shall, except in the last week of the session, be placed first in the orders of the next day,"* etc. Notwithstanding this rule, it is necessary to take up forthwith a motion to reconsider a vote that when the House adjourned it be to a day or hour different from that fixed by the rules. GOODWIN, H. 1860, p. 415.

The words "last week of the session" may be construed as meaning the week prior to the date of final adjournment voted by the House. BARRETT, H. 1889, p. 965.

*"It shall be moved before the orders of the day are taken up."* For a case in which a motion to reconsider was entertained after the orders of the day were taken up, see OLMSTEAD (acting Speaker), H. 1892, pp. 380, 381. But see also ST. JOHN (acting Speaker), H. 1892, p. 1202.

*"Shall be forthwith considered."* This does not prevent a postponement of action on the motion to reconsider by vote to that effect. HALE (acting Speaker), H. 1874, p. 23.

Where a bill had passed to be engrossed, and a motion to reconsider had been made, it was held that laying the motion to reconsider on the table would not carry the bill to the table, but would leave the Clerk at liberty to send it to the Senate. JEWELL, H. 1870, p. 428.

*"Provided, however,"* etc. For the origin of this proviso, see KINNICUTT, H. 1844, p. 524.

In the case of a motion to reconsider a vote whereby the House refused to discharge a matter from the orders of the day under a suspension of the rules, it was held that such motion should be considered at the time when made. TOBIN (acting Speaker), H. 1886, p. 524.

**RULE 71.** "*No question shall be twice reconsidered.*" Where a bill had been rejected, and reconsideration was carried, and the bill was then amended in an essential feature, it was held that a reconsideration of a second rejection would be in order, because the question on the second rejection was not the same as that on the first. STONE, H. 1867, p. 218; HEYWOOD (acting President), S. 1865, p. 533.

The same question cannot twice be reconsidered. The fact that the question has been decided once in the affirmative and once in the negative makes no difference. BLISS, H. 1853, p. 721.

It is competent for the House to reconsider a vote refusing to pass a bill over the executive veto, notwithstanding the first vote is described in the Constitution as a "reconsideration of the bill." SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 983.

It has been held that this rule can be suspended so as to allow a second reconsideration. PHELPS, H. 1856, p. 481.

#### RULES OF DEBATE.

Remarks should be addressed to the presiding officer, not to the House in general. BULLOCK, H. 1865, p. 155.

When a member yields the floor to another, he loses the right to it altogether. BRACKETT, H. 1855, p. 741.

No person not a member of the legislative body has any right to take part in the debates. For a case in which application of this rule was made to the chaplain's prayer, see SANFORD, H. 1872, p. 291.

The uniform custom in the House has been to allude to a member by his residence. The pronouncing of the name of one member by another in debate is liable to lead to the excitement of personal feeling, and to a disturbance of that harmony and courtesy among the members which are essential to the highest style of order in a deliberative assembly. BULLOCK, H. 1865, p. 155.

Allusions should not be made to the opinions or wishes of the executive for the purpose of influencing the decision of any question. This point is not one merely of formality or propriety, but one of principle, affecting the independence of the several branches of the government. The official acts and orders of the executive, and his opinions officially communicated to the Legislature, are properly subjects of discussion, and may well be referred to for the purpose of influencing the action of the legislative body; but it is irregular and unparliamentary in debate for a member, with a view to securing the passage or defeat of a measure, to refer to the supposed opinion or wish of the executive not officially promulgated. BULLOCK, H. 1865, p. 155; MORRISON (acting Speaker), H. 1889, page 800.

After a point of order has been raised, the subject can be postponed to give the chair time for consideration. NOYES, H. 1882, p. 446.

A point of order will not lie for the reason that a bill does not conform to the subject matter as stated in the title. BARRETT, H. 1892, p. 1160.

An order having been adopted that the Speaker should declare an adjournment on the completion of the business on which the House was engaged at five o'clock, it was held that a motion to take a recess until 7.30, made after five o'clock, was not in order, for the reason that the order had not been suspended. BRACKETT, II. 1885, pp. 771, 775.

RULE 76. The House has refused to sustain a ruling that the intent of this rule is to give the preference in speaking only to such members who have not spoken as rise at the same time with a member who may desire to speak a second time. HALE, H. 1859, p. 288.

#### MOTIONS.

In general terms, it is a principle of parliamentary law that no question can be moved a second time upon which

the judgment of the House has already been expressed. See WADE, H. 1879, p. 540; HALE, H. 1859, p. 277; PHELPS, H. 1856, p. 530.

If a motion to lay on the table is lost, another motion to lay on the table is not in order until some substantial business has been transacted. The rejection of a motion to adjourn is not substantial business. BLISS, H. 1853, p. 281. See also CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 286.

A motion to suspend the rule limiting the time allowed to each speaker is in order pending a debate, although before the debate began a similar motion had been made and defeated. HALE, H. 1859, p. 603.

No two resolutions nor any two bills contradictory to each other can be passed at the same session. See WADE, H. 1879, p. 540.

If, however, an amendment is made at one stage of a bill, inserting certain words, the same words, or any part of them, may be stricken out by amendment at a subsequent stage without reconsideration of the first amendment. SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 246. For further modifications and explanations of this principle, see notes to Senate Rule 54 and House Rule 49.

A resolution disapproving of the course of a member is not admissible, unless such course has been in violation of the rules and privileges of the House. SANFORD, H. 1872, p. 292.

RULE 78. "*A motion . . . may be withdrawn by the mover if no objection is made.*" Where a motion to reconsider was made, and under the rule went over to the succeeding day, it was held that it was no longer before the House and could not be withdrawn until reached on such succeeding day, unless the rule was suspended so that it could be at once considered. PHELPS, H. 1857, p. 533.

RULE 79. "*A motion to adjourn shall be always first in order.*" A motion to adjourn is not in order pending

the verification of a vote. If the previous question is ordered, a motion to adjourn is not in order until the main question is decided. BLISS, H. 1853, pp. 274, 365. See also LORING, S. 1874, pp. 551, 554; CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 289.

A motion to adjourn to a specified time is not entitled to precedence. BLISS, H. 1853, p. 302.

If a motion to adjourn has been negatived, it cannot be renewed until substantial business has intervened. BLISS, H. 1853, p. 303.

The ordering of the yeas and nays on the pending question, and the interposition of a request to be excused from voting and ordering the yeas and nays on this question, is not substantial business. BRACKETT, H. 1885, p. 356.

If there is no other motion before the House, a motion to adjourn may be amended by specifying a particular day, and it has been held that it is not even then debatable. CROWNINSFIELD, H. 1849, p. 314.

RULE 80. See notes to House Rules 68 and 79.

*"Or some other motion that has precedence."* If a special assignment is not called up on the day assigned for its consideration, it has been held that it falls through and loses its privilege, but this ruling was overruled by the House. BLISS, H. 1853, p. 347. See note to Senate Rule 46.

*"To close the debate at a specified time."* The House is not bound by a vote to take the question at a given time. The previous question would be in order, or the time might be extended for taking the vote. SANFORD, H. 1873, p. 262. When, however, the time fixed for taking the vote has arrived, it is too late to move a reconsideration in order to extend the time. NOYES, H. 1880, p. 220.

It has been held that a motion to close the debate must be put to the question before the time specified in the

motion, even if it is necessary to interrupt a speaker for the purpose of so doing. UPHAM, S. 1858, p. 448.

The motion to close the debate at a specified time cannot be applied to a motion to refer a matter to the next General Court. BRACKETT, H. 1885, p. 599.

*"To commit (or recommit)."* See note to Senate Rule 46.

*"To amend."* See notes to House Rule 90 and Senate Rules 46 and 50.

*"To refer to the next General Court."* It has been held that a motion to refer to the next General Court can be applied to a motion to reconsider. BARRETT, H. 1890, p. 1277.

RULE 81. If the House adjourns pending a motion for the previous question, the consideration of said motion is not removed from before the House on the following day. BARRETT, H. 1890, p. 604.

RULE 84. If a motion for the previous question is carried while a motion to reconsider the adoption of an amendment is pending, the motion to reconsider is not thereby made the main question. ELDRIDGE (acting Speaker), H. 1860, p. 288.

*"And then upon the main question."* The announcement of a vote for the preacher of the election sermon having shown that no person had a majority, a motion was made that the person having the highest number of votes be declared elected, and the previous question was then moved and carried, and it was held that the main question was the motion that a plurality should elect. BRADBURY, H. 1848, p. 273.

RULE 86. When a bill has been substituted for the report of a committee, the member who made the motion to substitute is not in charge of the measure within the meaning of this rule. BARRETT, H. 1890, p. 863.

If the Committee on Bills in the Third Reading reports adversely on a bill which has been substituted for the report of a committee, the chairman of the Committee on Bills in the Third Reading is not in charge of the bill, within the meaning of this rule. BARRETT, H. 1890, p. 863.

Reference to the Committee on Rules for the purpose of modifying a bill so as to make it conform to the provisions of the order upon which it was based, was held not to take the bill out of the charge of the member of the committee by whom it was originally reported. POWERS (acting Speaker), H. 1892, p. 914.

A bill reported to the House by the Committee on Education, having been amended in the Senate by the substitution of another bill, and the latter on reaching the House having been referred under the rule to the Finance Committee, which reported that the substituted bill ought to pass, it was held that the member of the Committee on Education, who had charge of the original bill, was still in charge. DEWEY (acting Speaker), H. 1891, p. 1037.

*“When the member entitled to speak under this rule is absent,” etc.* Prior to the addition of this clause it was held that in the absence of the member in charge, no other member of the committee could be considered as in charge, and entitled to speak. BRACKETT, H. 1885, p. 677.

RULE 89. See notes to Senate Rule 46 under “*to amend.*”

RULE 90. Before the Joint Rules allowed committees to report a general law upon a petition for special legislation, it was held that a private or special act could not be changed by amendment to a general law. SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 217; LONG, H. 1878, pp. 117, 361.

Amendments extending the provisions of a private or special bill, so as to make it general, are admissible if the

committee might have reported such a general bill on the order referred to it. MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 630.

Resolutions general in their scope may be moved as a substitute for resolutions special in character. BARRETT, H. 1891, p. 60; BARRETT, H. 1890, p. 866. See House Rule 30 and notes thereto, and House Rule 95.

If the subject-matter referred to a committee is general in its character, it is not in order to propose amendments changing the bill reported thereon from a general law to a special act. NOYES, H. 1887, pp. 700, 785. WADLIN (acting Speaker), H. 1887, p. 448. See also MARDEN, H. 1884, p. 450; NOYES, H. 1888, p. 600.

An amendment is not in order if it extends beyond the scope of the subject-matter on which the report of a committee is based. NOYES, H. 1887, pp. 422, 532, 654, 668; MARDEN, H. 1883, pp. 232, 558. See notes on Senate Rule 50. See also ruling by Speaker BARRETT, cited in notes on Joint Rules under "COMMITTEES."

A bill contemplating legislation is not admissible as an amendment to a report of a committee, leave to withdraw, on a petition which simply asks for a public hearing and not for legislation. TUCKER (acting Speaker), H. 1892, p. 460.

In a case where a bill permissive in its character was the subject-matter referred, it was held that an amendment, which, if adopted, would make the bill mandatory, was not in order. McDONOUGH (acting Speaker), H. 1888, p. 535.

An amendment which provides for a modification of an existing law is not germane to a bill which provides for a repeal of the law. MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 512; BARRETT, H. 1892, p. 786.

For instances of amendments which have been held not to be germane, see BARRETT, H. 1892, pp. 551, 564, 839, 975, 1159; POWERS (acting Speaker), H. 1892, p. 246; TUCKER (acting Speaker), H. 1892 p. 522. LYFORD (acting

Speaker), H. 1892, p. 903; BARRETT, H. 1891, pp. 126, 628, 733, 921, 932, 1111; WARDWELL (acting Speaker), H. 1891, p. 914; BARRETT, H. 1890, pp. 323, 434, 468, 549, 686, 891, 1003, 1116, 1146, 1150; BARRETT, H. 1889, pp. 309, 792, 832; NOYES, H. 1888, pp. 575, 676, 715, 828; NOYES, H. 1887, p. 458; BRACKETT, H. 1886, p. 739; BRACKETT, H. 1885, pp. 650, 710, 723; MARDEN, H. 1884, pp. 320, 387, 408, 492, 506, 537; MARDEN, H. 1883, pp. 259, 457, 598, 671, 702, 765; NOYES, H. 1882, p. 197; NOYES, H. 1882, p. 289; NOYES, H. 1882, p. 380; NOYES, H. 1881, p. 480; NOYES, H. 1880, pp. 178, 184; LONG, H. 1878, pp. 216, 411; LONG, H. 1877, pp. 390, 554; LONG, H. 1876, p. 245; SANFORD, H. 1875, p. 304; JEWELL, H. 1870, p. 483; JEWELL, H. 1868, p. 573. See also notes to Senate Rule 50.

For instances of amendments which have been held to be germane, see BARRETT, H. 1892, pp. 840, 499, 914, 922, 1008; POWERS (acting Speaker), H. 1892, pp. 246, 812; BARRETT, H. 1891, pp. 60, 541, 622, 919, 920, 935, 952, 1131; BARRETT, H. 1890, pp. 340, 596, 696, 718, 729, 801, 929, 930, 944; BARRETT, H. 1889, pp. 60, 833, 929; WYMAN (acting Speaker), H. 1889, p. 809; NOYES, H. 1888, p. 582; TEELE (acting Speaker), H. 1887, p. 419; BRACKETT, H. 1885, p. 665; MARDEN, H. 1883, pp. 232, 558; NOYES, H. 1882, p. 197; BROWN (acting Speaker), H. 1882, p. 515; LONG, H. 1878, p. 521; LONG (acting Speaker), H. 1875, p. 470. See also note to Senate Rule 50.

The House has a right in granting legislation to impose such provisos, conditions or limitations as to it may seem fit. BARRETT, H. 1892, pp. 536, 839, 840.

It is too late to raise objection that an amendment is not germane to a bill after the amendment has been adopted (NOYES, H. 1888, p. 463), or after the consideration of the amendment has occupied the attention of the House a portion of two sessions. SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 367. See also DEWEY (acting Speaker), H. 1877, p. 463; NOYES,

H. 1881, p. 480. See notes to Joint Rules under the head of "COMMITTEES."

RULE 91. This rule does not save the right to amend when a simple motion to strike out (i. e., a motion not embracing a proposition to insert) has been made and rejected. SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 499.

"*A question containing two or more propositions capable of division.*" The question, "Shall this bill pass to be engrossed?" is not divisible. Thus, in passing to be engrossed a bill fixing certain salaries, the bill cannot be divided so as to allow the salary of each official to be voted on separately. NOYES, H. 1881, p. 490.

"*Strike out and insert.*" See NOYES, H. 1880, p. 60.

RULE 92. Where there is no blank, and amendments are offered, changing the sum or time, the matter is to be treated as if the sum or time were left blank in the original motion, and the sum or time therein stated is to take its place among the amendments in accordance with the provisions of this rule. WADE, H. 1879, p. 144.

See note to Senate Rule 51.

#### APPEAL.

RULE 94. An appeal from the ruling of the chair must be taken at once. The right to appeal is cut off by the intervention of other business. PHELPS, H. 1857, p. 907. Also CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 289.

For a case where the chair refused to entertain an appeal because the question had previously been decided by a ruling of the chair, which was confirmed by a vote of the House, see BLISS, H. 1853, p. 366. See also CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 289, 290.

The decision upon an appeal can be reconsidered. BLISS, H. 1853, pp. 730, 736.

A motion to lay an appeal on the table is not in order. MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 582. See notes to Senate Rules, under heading "MOTIONS."

**ELECTIONS BY BALLOT.**

RULE 96. The election of a State director of the Troy and Greenfield Railroad Company was held to be within this rule. GOODWIN, H. 1860, p. 665.

**PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.**

RULE 101. It is not competent for the House on motion to suspend the principles of general parliamentary law. The House could not suspend the rule that the rejection of a motion to strike out precludes amendment, any more than it could suspend the rule requiring a majority of votes to pass a motion. SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 499.

## NOTES OF RULINGS

ON THE  
JOINT RULES.

## COMMITTEES.

A report adopted at a duly notified meeting of a committee, a quorum being present, was held to be a valid report of the committee, although an unsigned memorandum was written on the report, to the effect that certain members, constituting a majority of the committee, dissented. BOARDMAN, S. 1888, p. 378.

It is not within the province of the chair upon a point of order to inquire into the internal workings of a committee with a view to determining whether a bill has been properly considered by such committee. BARRETT, H. 1891, p. 1127.

When a report is received, the committee's duties as to the matter reported on are ended, and they can make no further report upon it, unless the subject is recommitted to them by vote of the assembly. CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 489, 576; BARRETT, H. 1891, p. 789; MARDEN, H. 1883, pp. 529, 669.

A report of a committee made without authority cannot be considered. BARRETT, H. 1892, p. 877.

Every report should conclude with some substantive proposition for the consideration of the assembly, such as,

that a bill, resolve, order or resolution ought or ought not to pass, that it is inexpedient to legislate, that the petitioners have leave to withdraw, etc., etc.

If a report recommends the passage of a bill or resolve, action is had upon the bill or resolve alone, and it takes its several readings, or is otherwise disposed of, as to the assembly seems fit. In such cases nothing is done about "accepting the report." The statement of facts and arguments embodied in the report in support of the recommendation of the committee is not accepted or adopted, . . . and the assembly, by passing the bill or resolve, does not endorse that statement of fact or argument any more than, when it passes a vote, it endorses every speech made in support of the motion.

What is true of a report recommending the passage of a bill or resolve is equally true of a report recommending the passage of a resolution or order, reference to another committee or to the next General Court, or any other action. The substantive proposition of the report is the motion, as it were, of the committee, and that proposition alone is before the assembly for its action. The preliminary statement of facts and of opinions contained in reports in the usual forms is not before the assembly for its action, and therefore cannot be amended. If, however, the proposition of a report is that its statement of facts and of opinions should be endorsed and adopted by the assembly itself, then and then only such statement would properly be before the assembly, and might be amended or otherwise acted upon. CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 489, 576; BARRETT, H. 1890, p. 1254.

Whatever the proposition of the report is, the question should be so framed as to embody that proposition in distinct terms. The ordinary form of putting the question, namely, "Shall this report be accepted?" is inaccurate, ambiguous, misleading, and ought to be abolished. CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 489, 576.

If a committee report in part only, their report should expressly state that it is "in part," and should clearly define what portion of the subject-matter committed to them is covered by the report. The use of the words "in part" is, however, not essential. If the committee intended to report in part only, and the phraseology of their report is consistent with such intent, their report will be treated as a report in part. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 87; BARRETT, H. 1889, p. 843. See also SPRAGUE, S. 1891, p. 713.

A committee to which the report of a commission has been referred may report a bill on a subject covered by the report of the commission, although such report omits to recommend legislation. NOYES, H. 1888, p. 670. But see HARTWELL, S. 1889, p. 733. See also SPRAGUE, S. 1891, p. 514.

A committee to which a report of a commission has been referred should make separate reports on the various subjects on which legislation is specially suggested, and a final report,—"no further legislation necessary." In a case, however, where a committee reported a bill on one only of several subjects, deeming that legislation on the other subjects was inexpedient, and plainly indicated that its report was intended to be a report in full, it was held that any amendment within the scope of the matter referred to the committee was admissible, though such amendment might not be germane to the subject-matter covered by the reported bill. Otherwise the committee would possess the power to bury by its own action, and without the power of revision, the issues referred to it. BARRETT, H. 1889, p. 842.

For a discussion as to the creation of joint committees, and their relation to the two branches, see HALE, H. 1859, p. 269.

A joint order having been adopted instructing joint committees to report reference to the next General Court on all matters remaining in their hands after a fixed date,

a bill reported subsequently to such date was held to be improperly before the House. NOYES, H. 1888, p. 832; BARRETT, H. 1889, p. 897.

As to whether the same subject may be referred to two committees, see SANFORD, H. 1872, p. 419. It seems that such action would conflict with the principle of parliamentary law, that no bill or measure shall be twice passed upon in the same session.

Committees must confine their report to the subject referred to them. For instances in which the point of order has been raised that this principle has been violated, see PINKERTON, S. 1892, pp. 242, 451; BARRETT, H. 1892, pp. 613, 623, 724, 814, 902; SPRAGUE, S. 1890, pp. 403, 884; BARRETT, H. 1891, p. 789; BARRETT, H. 1890, pp. 384, 425, 467, 468; HARTWELL, S. 1889, p. 581; BARRETT, H. 1889, pp. 716, 853, 864, 972; BOARDMAN, S. 1888, p. 439; BRACKETT, H. 1886, p. 713; BRACKETT, H. 1885, p. 858; JEWELL, H. 1870, pp. 454, 475; JEWELL, H., 1871, p. 342; SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 392; SANFORD, H. 1872, pp. 419, 421, 422. See also BRUCE, S. 1884, p. 581; MARDEN, H. 1884, p. 450; NOYES, H. 1880, pp. 68, 72, 77, 472; LONG, H. 1878, p. 216

A bill prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors was held not to be germane to a petition asking that the sale of malt and spirituous liquors be prohibited, for the reason that, as appears from 2 Gray, 502, there are intoxicating liquors other than malt and spirituous liquors. BARRETT, H. 1892, p. 730.

In determining the scope of an application for legislation, it should be construed liberally; but the chair is, at the same time, held to secure an observance of the rules made for obtaining well-considered legislation and to the end that all citizens of the Commonwealth shall have full notice of matters brought before the Legislature affecting their interests. SPRAGUE, S. 1890, pp. 405, 886;

PILLSBURY, S. 1886, p. 703; BOARDMAN, S. 1888, p. 352; NOYES, H. 1888, p. 700.

For a case in which the scope of an order was construed liberally, see BARRETT, H. 1890, p. 1259.

A committee can report a larger sum than that named in the resolve referred to it. PILLSBURY, S. 1886, p. 700.

A motion to recommit with instructions to report a bill broader in its scope than the measures upon which the bill is based is out of order. PINKERTON, S. 1892, p. 266.

As the greater includes the less, it is a general rule that a bill will not be ruled out because it does not cover all the objects embraced in the order. PILLSBURY, S. 1886, p. 395; PINKERTON, S. 1892, p. 428.

But on an order looking to general legislation relating to all cities and towns, a committee cannot report a special bill applicable to a single city. MARDEN, H. 1884, p. 450.

It has further been held that a bill providing for a modification of an existing law cannot be reported on a petition which asks for a repeal of the law. NOYES, H. 1887, pp. 523, 552.

As to what legislation can be based on the reference to a committee of a report of a commission or board of trustees, see JEWELL, H. 1870, p. 478; NOYES, H. 1888, p. 670.

If any part of a bill covers a matter not referred to the committee, the whole bill must be withdrawn or excluded. It cannot be amended before it is received. SANFORD, H. 1872, pp. 422, 429. SANFORD, H. 1875, p. 365; PILLSBURY, S. 1886, p. 702. But such a bill may be recommitted. SPRAGUE, S. 1890, p. 886; BRACKETT, H. 1885, p. 559; BRACKETT, H. 1886, p. 713; BARRETT, H. 1889, pp. 717, 853; BARRETT, H. 1892, p. 724.

A report, after its acceptance in one branch, can be laid aside in the other branch if it covers matter not referred to the committee. MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 478. But if an

amendment has been adopted by one branch, the other branch cannot refuse to entertain it on the ground that it is not germane. MARDEN, H. 1884, p. 451.

Objection that a bill covers matter not referred to the committee cannot be raised after deliberate action on the bill, by amendment, or by passing it to a third reading, or even after continued deliberation in regard to it. PINKERTON, S. 1892, p. 476; BARRETT, H. 1891, p. 807; BARRETT, H. 1890, pp. 340, 1020; BRACKETT, H. 1886, p. 503; DEWEY (acting Speaker), H. 1877, p. 464; SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 368; JEWELL, H. 1870, p. 477. See also NOYES, H. 1881, p. 480; WADE, H. 1879, p. 540.

Where a committee has referred to it several petitions on the same subject, or various papers involving either directly or remotely the same subject, whether simply or connected with other things, and the committee has once considered and reported upon any one subject involved in them, it has entirely exhausted its authority over that subject.

After such report has been once made, the subject passes beyond the control of the committee and becomes the property of the House.

Any papers left in the hands of the committee, which may indirectly involve the same subject, must be treated as if that question was not in them. It seems not to be within the power of a committee to withhold mention of any particular petition, report or other paper, and thus retain possession of a subject once reported upon as a basis for a new action and a new report.

General considerations support strongly this view. It is a maxim of jurisprudence that it is for the public advantage that strifes should come to an end. It is equally for the public interest that contentions, in what our fathers called the Great and General Court, should be settled once for all. Many persons have a deep interest in the matters

heard before committees. They appear in person or by counsel; and when the subject is, by report of the committee, brought before the Legislature, they appear to influence the action of members, as they have the right to do. When the matter is once disposed of, they depart, and suppose they may do so in safety. They have a right to believe their interests no longer require their presence. But, if a committee may revive questions once reported upon and settled, there will never be rest. JEWELL, H. 1870, p. 480. See also NOYES, H. 1888, p. 584; SPRAGUE, S. 1891, p. 516; BARRETT, H. 1891, p. 790.

A resolve, not an order, should be the form used to provide for printing a document not for the use of the Legislature, and involving the expenditure of public money. LONG, H. 1878, p. 58; NOYES, H. 1880, p. 123.

Further, as to cases in which orders would be suitable, see LONG, H. 1878, p. 58.

A motion that several bills comprised in one report should be placed separately in the orders of the day, is not in order before the report has been received and the bills read the first time. SANFORD, H. 1872, p. 404.

RULE 5. Under this rule a motion to recommit, made at a date later than that fixed in the rule, is out of order. BARRETT, H. 1891, pp. 866, 983.

RULE 7. "*Or other legislation*" Prior to 1891 this phrase was "*other special legislation*," and special legislation was held to be that which directly affects individuals as such differently from the class to which they belong or from the people at large. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, pp. 588, 589. See notes to Senate Rule 16.

#### NOTICE OF PARTIES INTERESTED.

RULE 8. See note to Senate Rule 15 and House Rule 31. A bill may be laid aside on the ground that it is in

violation of this rule after it has passed through one branch. BISHOP, S. 1882, p. 307.

A bill which is offered as a substitute for a report of a committee must be germane to the subject referred to the committee. JEWELL, H. 1871, p. 342.

It is sufficient if the petition bears the certificate of the Secretary of the Commonwealth that the required publication has been made. It is not necessary to state in detail in the publication all the provisions of the legislation desired. BARRETT, H. 1892, p. 995.

It is not within the province of the speaker, but within the province of the committee to determine whether a petition has been properly advertised. BARRETT, H. 1892, p. 1160.

*"No legislation"* Prior to 1890, the phraseology was "*no bill or resolve*," and under that phraseology it was held that an order that a committee investigate the management and condition of a certain society and report what legislation is necessary was within the operation of the rule, because any bill or resolve embodying the conclusions of such investigation would be within the scope of the rule. BRUCE, S. 1884, p. 580. *Contra*, PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 580.

*"Except by a petition."* Prior to 1890 the words "*by amendment or otherwise*" were also used. For an instance in which under that form of the rule an amendment was held to be barred by the rule, see BISHOP, S. 1880, p. 333. For an instance in which an amendment proposing a new treatment of a subject already in the bill, and not the introduction of a new subject into the bill, was held not to be barred by the rule, see BISHOP, S. 1881, p. 384.

Prior to 1890 the following words were used, "*Except by report of a committee on petition duly presented and referred*," and under this form of the rule various rulings were made. For cases in which a bill was ruled out, see

LONG, H. 1878, pp. 116, 120; COGSWELL, S. 1878, p. 178; NOYES, H. 1888, p. 479. For a case in which it was held that the words "duly presented" did not require compliance with the provisions of chapter 2 of the Public Statutes in regard to notice; that those provisions were mandatory only to the petitioner, and that the Legislature might, if it saw fit, hear the petitioner, notwithstanding his failure to comply with the law, see MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 533. See also NOYES, H. 1882, p. 90.

"*Objection to the violation of this rule may be taken at any stage prior to that of the third reading.*" For a case which arose prior to the insertion of these words, see DEWEY (acting Speaker), H. 1877, p. 463.

RULE 9. As to the form and evidence of publication see notes to Joint Rule 8.

#### COMMITTEES OF CONFERENCE.

RULE 11. It seems that any difference between the two branches can be submitted to a committee of conference. PILLSBURY, S. 1886, p. 702.

That which has been agreed to by both branches cannot be disturbed by a committee of conference. It is competent for a committee of conference to report such change in the sections or portions not agreed to as is germane to those sections BISHOP, S. 1882, p. 391.

#### LIMIT OF TIME ALLOWED FOR NEW BUSINESS.

RULE 12. This rule does not exclude matters of privilege. They may be considered whenever they arise. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 583; BARRETT, H. 1890, p. 1259.

"*All other subjects of legislation.*" See LONG, H. 1878, p. 572; BRACKETT, H. 1885, p. 354.

An order which is merely incidental to a subject of legislation before the House is not within the scope of this rule. MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 311.

*"Deposited with the Clerk of either branch."* In 1891 these words were substituted for the words "*proposed or introduced,*" previously used. Under the rule as it stood prior to 1891, it was twice ruled that matter referred by one General Court to the next, when called up in the General Court to which it is so referred, must be considered as the introduction of new business within the intent of this rule. In both cases the bill in question related to the compensation of members of the Legislature, and in both cases, on appeal, the decision of the chair was reversed. CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 521, 578; LONG, H. 1877, pp. 446-473.

*"Shall, when presented, be referred to the next General Court."* Under this rule, before the words "*when presented*" were inserted, in a case where a bill had passed to a third reading, it was held that it was then too late to secure its reference to the next General Court under the rule. DEWEY (acting Speaker), H. 1877, p. 463. See also WADE, H. 1879, p. 540.

For a case arising under a somewhat similar rule, see JEWELL, H. 1868, p. 591.

After the House had debated an order several times and had once adopted it, it was held too late to raise the point that the order came within the scope of this rule. BRACKETT, H. 1885, p. 354.

*"This rule shall not be . . . suspended except by a concurrent vote."* Pending the question on concurring in the suspension of this rule to admit a petition, it has been held not to be in order to move to lay the petition upon the table. NOYES, H. 1888, p. 260.

#### PRINTING AND DISTRIBUTION OF DOCUMENTS.

RULE 21. See notes on the Joint Rules under "COMMITTEES." For a ruling on this rule as it stood before 1886, see LONG, H. 1878, p. 116.

## SUNDRY RULINGS.

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### COURTESY BETWEEN THE BRANCHES.

Where one branch has passed upon a matter and forwarded it to the other, the latter is, as a rule, bound to receive and act upon it. For a discussion of this principle, and the exceptions to it, see SPRAGUE, S. 1890, pp. 317, 794; BARRETT, H. 1892, p. 1161; BARRETT, H. 1891, p. 790; MARDEN, H. 1883, pp. 523-528, also p. 478; BISHOP, S. 1882, p. 307; MARDEN, H. 1884, p. 451; PILLSBURY, S. 1885, pp. 582, 583; MORRISON (acting Speaker), H. 1882, p. 443; BROWN (acting Speaker), H. 1882, p. 515; BISHOP, S. 1881 (extra session), p. 19; BISHOP, S. 1881, p. 384; BISHOP, S. 1880, p. 243; COGSWELL, S. 1878, p. 178; COGSWELL, S. 1877, pp. 301, 306; LONG, H. 1877, p. 426; SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 392; SANFORD, H. 1872, p. 125; BULLOCK, H. 1865, Appendix, p. 492; PHELPS, S. 1859, p. 325.

See notes to Senate Rule 54 and House Rule 49.

### CONCURRENCE IN AMENDMENTS.

Where a bill passed in the House was sent to the Senate, and there passed with an amendment, and was then returned to the House for concurrence in the amendment, it was held that the House might agree or disagree with the amendment, or it might agree after amending the amendment, or it might refer the question of agreeing to the amendment to a committee, or might lay the subject

on the table, or defer action to some day certain, because all such motions are supposed to be not unfriendly in their nature, at least not decisive or destructive. On the other hand, a motion to postpone indefinitely the whole subject, or any motion which carries with it an original purpose of destruction to the bill, is not in order, because the two branches have already agreed to the bill as a whole, and such a motion would be irregular in itself, and in its parliamentary effects uncourteous towards the other branch of the Legislature. BULLOCK, H. 1865, Appendix, p. 493.

For a discussion as to proceedings in case of a disagreement between the two branches in relation to amendments, see HALE, H. 1859, p. 116.

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LIST OF THE  
Executive and Legislative Departments  
OF THE  
GOVERNMENT  
OF THE  
*COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS,*  
AND OFFICERS IMMEDIATELY CONNECTED THEREWITH,  
WITH PLACES OF RESIDENCE.

1893.

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## EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

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HIS EXCELLENCY WILLIAM E RUSSELL of Cambridge,  
GOVERNOR.

HIS HONOR ROGER WOLCOTT of Boston,  
LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

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### Council.

District I.—ZIBA C. KEITH of Brockton.  
II.—DAVID HALL RICE of Brookline.  
III.—JOSEPH R. LEESON of Newton.  
IV.—JAMES DONOVAN of Boston.  
V.—ARTHUR B. BREED of Lynn.  
VI.—LUMAN T. JEFTS of Hudson.  
VII.—GEORGE F. MORSE of Leominster.  
VIII.—ELISHA MORGAN of Springfield.

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*Private Secretary to the Governor.*  
SAMUEL ROADS, Jr., of Marblehead.

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*Executive Clerk.*  
EDWARD F. HAMLIN of Newton.

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*Executive Stenographer.*  
FRANK HURTUBIS, Jr., of Boston.

*Committees of the Council.*

*On Pardons.*—His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Morgan, Mr. Donovan, Mr. Morse, Mr. Leeson.

*On Finance.*—His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Morse, Mr. Morgan, Mr. Donovan, Mr. Leeson.

*On Harbors and Public Lands.*—Mr. Donovan, Mr. Breed, Mr. Keith, Mr. Rice, Mr. Jefts.

*On Charitable Institutions.*—His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Jefts, Mr. Breed, Mr. Rice, Mr. Keith.

*On Prisons.*—His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Morse, Mr. Donovan, Mr. Leeson, Mr. Breed.

*On Military Affairs.*—His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Morgan, Mr. Rice, Mr. Keith, Mr. Jefts.

*On Railroads.*—His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Morse, Mr. Keith, Mr. Breed, Mr. Morgan.

*On State House Extension.*—Mr. Donovan, Mr. Leeson, Mr. Rice.

*On Accounts.*—Mr. Morse, Mr. Keith, Mr. Breed.

*On Warrants.*—Mr. Morgan, Mr. Jefts, Mr. Leeson.

*Messenger to the Governor and Council.*

William H. Jarvis, . . . . . Lynn.

*Secretary of the Commonwealth.*

WILLIAM M. OLIN of Boston.

Isaac H. Edgett, *First Clerk and Deputy*, . . . . . Beverly.

George G. Spear, *Second Clerk and Deputy*, . . . . Wellesley.

Herbert H. Boynton, *Third Clerk*, . . . . . North Abington.

*Treasurer and Receiver-General.*

GEORGE A. MARDEN of Lowell.

John Q. Adams, *1st Clerk*, . . . . . Auburndale.

George S. Hall, *2d Clerk*, . . . . . Medford.

Lucy P. Bridge, *3d Clerk*, . . . . . Medford.

Wendell P. Marden, *Cashier*, . . . . . Medford.

Henry S. Bridge, *Receiving Teller*, . . . . . Medford.

James C. Bond, *Paying Teller*, . . . . . Boston.

Elizabeth A. Balch, *Fund Clerk*, . . . . . Boston.

Mary E. Barker, *Extra Clerk*, . . . . . Boston.

*Deputy Sealer of Weights and Measures.*

George S. Hatch, . . . . . Medford.

*Auditor of Accounts.**JOHN W. KIMBALL* of Fitchburg.

William D. Hawley, <i>1st Clerk,</i>	.	.	.	.	.	.	Malden.
James Pope, <i>2d Clerk,</i>	.	.	.	.	.	.	Melrose.
William H. Pomeroy, <i>Extra Clerk,</i>	.	.	.	.	.	.	Boston.
Matthew C. Grier, <i>Extra Clerk,</i>	.	.	.	.	.	.	Malden.
Laura Wilkins, <i>Extra Clerk,</i>	.	.	.	.	.	.	Cambridge.

*Attorney-General.**ALBERT E. PILLSBURY* of Boston.

George C. Travis, <i>1st Assistant Attorney-General,</i>	.	.	Newton.
Charles N. Harris, <i>2d Assistant Attorney-General,</i>	.	.	Cambridge.

*Governor's Staff.**Major General Samuel Dalton* of Boston, *Adjutant General.**Brigadier General Thomas Kittredge* of Salem, *Surgeon General.**Brigadier General Francis Peabody, Jr.,* of Boston, *Judge Advocate General.**Brigadier General Charles H. Taylor* of Boston, *Commissary General.**Colonel Walter Cutting* of Pittsfield, *Aide-de-Camp.**Colonel Michael T. Donahoe* of Boston, *Aide-de-Camp.**Colonel D. Howard Vincent* of Boston, *Aide-de-Camp.**Colonel Spencer Borden* of Fall River, *Aide-de-Camp.**Colonel William L. Chase* of Brookline, *Inspector General of Rifle Practice.**Colonel George A. Keeler* of Cambridge, *Assistant Inspector General.**Colonel Henry D. Andrews* of Boston, *Assistant Inspector General.**Colonel Fred B. Bogan* of Boston, *Assistant Inspector General.**Colonel Fred G. King* of Boston, *Assistant Inspector General.**Colonel James L. Carter* of Brookline, *Assistant Inspector General.**Colonel James E. Delaney* of Holyoke, *Assistant Adjutant General.**Colonel John T. Wheelwright* of Boston, *Assistant Adjutant General.**Colonel William A. Gaston* of Boston, *Assistant Adjutant General.**Colonel John H. Cunningham* of Chelsea, *Assistant Adjutant General.**Colonel Henry E. Russell* of Cambridge, *Assistant Adjutant General.**Colonel Jeremiah W. Coveney* of Cambridge, *Assistant Quartermaster General.**Colonel John E. Thayer* of Lancaster, *Assistant Quartermaster General.**Colonel James H. Carmichael* of Lowell, *Assistant Quartermaster General.**Colonel Horace B. Verry* of Worcester, *Assistant Quartermaster General.*

Massachusetts Volunteer Militia.

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*First Brigade.*

Brig. Gen. Benjamin F. Bridges, Jr., . . . . . Deerfield.

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*Second Brigade.*

Brig. Gen. Benjamin F. Peach, Jr., . . . . . Lynn.

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*Corps of Cadets—Unattached.*

First Corps Cadets, Lieut. Col. Thomas F. Edmands, . . Boston.  
Second Corps Cadets, Lieut. Col. John W. Hart, . . Salem.

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LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

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## SENATE

## BY DISTRICTS.

## Hon. ALFRED S. PINKERTON (Fourth Worcester), President.

DISTRICT.	N A M E.	RESIDENCE.	DURING THE SESSION.
Berkshire, . . . . .	Stephen A. Hickox, .	Williamstown, .	Adams House.
Berkshire and Hampshire, . . . . .	Henry A. Kimball, .	Northampton, .	Copley Square Hotel.
First Bristol, . . . . .	Everett S. Horton, .	Attleborough, .	At home.
Second " . . . . .	Robert Howard, .	Fall River, .	At home.
Third " . . . . .	William M. Butler, .	New Bedford, .	At home.
Cape, . . . . .	John Kenrick, Jr., .	Orleans, .	Adams House.
First Essex, . . . . .	Charles H. Baker, .	Lynn, .	At home.
Second " . . . . .	Francis T. Berry, .	Salem, .	At home.
Third " . . . . .	Luther Dame, .	Newbury, .	At home.

DISTRICT.	NAME.			RESIDENCE.	During the Session.
Fourth Essex, .	•	•	Edward P. Shaw,	•	Newburyport, •
Fifth " "	•	•	Samuel L. Sawyer,	•	Danvers, •
Sixth " "	•	•	Richard A. Carter,	•	Lawrence, •
Franklin, .	•	•	Joseph F. Bartlett,	•	Montague, •
First Hampden, .	•	•	Solomon F. Cushman,	•	Monson, •
Second " "	•	•	William P. Buckley, .	•	Holyoke, •
First Middlesex, .	•	•	William B. Lawrence,	•	Medford, •
Second " "	•	•	Henry S. Milton,	•	Waltham, •
Third " "	•	•	John Read, .	•	Cambridge, •
Fourth " "	•	•	Maurice F. Coughlin,	•	Holliston, •
Fifth " "	•	•	Elisha H. Shaw,	•	Chelmsford, •
Sixth " "	•	•	Charles F. Brown,	•	Reading, •
Seventh " "	•	•	Frederick Lawton, .	•	Lowell, •

First Norfolk,	•	•	John F. Merrill,	•	Quincy,	•	At home.
Second " "	•	•	William F. Ray,	•	Franklin,	•	At home.
First Plymouth,	•	•	Francis P. Arnold,	•	North Pembroke,	•	At home.
Second "	•	•	Hiram A. Monk,	•	Campello,	•	At home.
First Suffolk,	•	•	Albert S. Burnham,	•	Revere,	•	At home.
Second "	•	•	John H. Dee,	•	Boston,	•	14 Monu. Ave , Charlest'n.
Third "	•	•	John F. Fitzgerald,	•	Boston,	•	4 Garden Court Street.
Fourth "	•	•	Patrick J. Kennedy,	•	Boston,	•	151 Meridian St., E.Boston.
Fifth "	•	•	Henry Parkman,	•	Boston,	•	30 Commonwealth Ave.
Sixth "	•	•	Edward J. Leary,	•	Boston,	•	25 West Fifth St., S.Boston.
Seventh "	•	•	Abraham C. Ratshesky,	•	Boston,	•	535 Columbus Avenue.
Eighth "	•	•	Herbert L. Baker,	•	Boston,	•	315 Huntington Avenue.
Ninth "	•	•	Francis W. Kittredge,	•	Boston,	•	144 Warren St., Roxbury.
First Worcester,	•	•	Stephen Salisbury,	•	Worcester,	•	At home.
Second "	•	•	George K. Nichols,	•	Grafton,	•	At home.

DISTRICT.	N A M E.	RESIDENCE.	DURING THE SESSION.
Third Worcester, •	Eben S. Stevens, •	Dudley, •	Hotel Bellevue.
Fourth " •	Alfred S. Pinkerton, •	Worcester, •	At home.
Worcester and Hampshire, •	George H. B. Green, •	Belchertown, •	39 Bowdoin Street.

ARRANGEMENT OF THE SENATE.

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HON. ALFRED S. PINKERTON, PRESIDENT.

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## RIGHT.

1. Hon. Herbert L. Baker.
2. Hon. John Read.
3. Hon. Edward P. Shaw.
4. Hon. Charles F. Brown.
5. Hon. John F. Merrill.
6. Hon. Henry A. Kimball.
7. Hon. John F. Fitzgerald.
8. Hon. Patrick J. Kennedy.
9. Hon. Richard A. Carter.
10. Hon. Edward J. Leary.
11. Hon. Maurice F. Coughlin.
12. Hon. George H. B. Green.
13. Hon. William P. Buckley.
14. Hon. William B. Lawrence.
15. Hon. Albert S. Burnham.
16. Hon. Francis P. Arnold.
17. Hon. Hiram A. Monk.
18. Hon. John Kenrick, Jr.
19. Hon. John H. Dee.
20. Hon. Eben S. Stevens.

## LEFT.

1. Hon. Robert Howard.
2. Hon. William M. Butler.
3. Hon. Henry Parkman.
4. Hon. William F. Ray.
5. Hon. Abraham C. Ratshe-sky.
6. Hon. Joseph F. Bartlett.
7. Hon. Elisha H. Shaw.
8. Hon. Henry S. Milton.
9. Hon. Francis W. Kittredge.
10. Hon. Francis T. Berry.
11. Hon. Stephen Salisbury.
12. Hon. Frederick Lawton.
13. Hon. Stephen A. Hickox.
14. Hon. Everett S. Horton.
15. Hon. Samuel L. Sawyer.
16. Hon. Luther Dame.
17. Hon. George K. Nichols.
18. Hon. Solomon F. Cushman.
19. Hon. Charles H. Baker.

# SENATE, ALPHABETICALLY.

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HON. ALFRED S. PINKERTON (Fourth Worcester),  
PRESIDENT.

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Arnold, Francis P., . . . . .	<i>First Plymouth District.</i>
Baker, Charles H., . . . . .	<i>First Essex</i> “
Baker, Herbert L., . . . . .	<i>Eighth Suffolk</i> “
Bartlett, Joseph F., . . . . .	<i>Franklin</i> “
Berry, Francis T., . . . . .	<i>Second Essex</i> “
Brown, Charles F., . . . . .	<i>Sixth Middlesex</i> “
Buckley, William P., . . . . .	<i>Second Hampden</i> “
Burnham, Albert S., . . . . .	<i>First Suffolk</i> “
Butler, William M., . . . . .	<i>Third Bristol</i> “
Carter, Richard A., . . . . .	<i>Sixth Essex</i> “
Coughlin, Maurice F., . . . . .	<i>Fourth Middlesex</i> “
Cushman, Solomon F., . . . . .	<i>First Hampden</i> “
Dame, Luther, . . . . .	<i>Third Essex</i> “
Dee, John H., . . . . .	<i>Second Suffolk</i> “
Fitzgerald, John F., . . . . .	<i>Third Suffolk</i> “
Green, George H. B., . . . . .	• { <i>Worcester and Hampshire</i> } “
Hickox, Stephen A., . . . . .	<i>Berkshire</i> “
Horton, Everett S., . . . . .	<i>First Bristol</i> “
Howard, Robert, . . . . .	<i>Second Bristol</i> “
Kennedy, Patrick J., . . . . .	<i>Fourth Suffolk</i> “
Kenrick, John, Jr., . . . . .	<i>Cape</i> “

Kimball, Henry A., . . . . .	. { <i>Berkshire and Hampshire</i> }	<i>District.</i>
Kittredge, Francis W., . . . . .	. <i>Ninth Suffolk</i>	"
Lawrence, William B., . . . . .	. <i>First Middlesex</i>	"
Lawton, Frederick, . . . . .	. <i>Seventh Middlesex</i>	"
Leary, Edward J., . . . . .	. <i>Sixth Suffolk</i>	"
Merrill, John F., . . . . .	. <i>First Norfolk</i>	"
Milton, Henry S., . . . . .	. <i>Second Middlesex</i>	"
Monk, Hiram A., . . . . .	. <i>Second Plymouth</i>	"
Nichols, George K., . . . . .	. <i>Second Worcester</i>	"
Parkman, Henry, . . . . .	. <i>Fifth Suffolk</i>	"
Pinkerton, Alfred S., . . . . .	. <i>Fourth Worcester</i>	"
Ratshesky, Abraham C., . . . . .	. <i>Seventh Suffolk</i>	"
Ray, William F., . . . . .	. <i>Second Norfolk</i>	"
Read, John, . . . . .	. <i>Third Middlesex</i>	"
Salisbury, Stephen, . . . . .	. <i>First Worcester</i>	"
Sawyer, Samuel L., . . . . .	. <i>Fifth Essex</i>	"
Shaw, Edward P., . . . . .	. <i>Fourth Essex</i>	"
Shaw, Elisha H., . . . . .	. <i>Fifth Middlesex</i>	"
Stevens, Eben S., . . . . .	. <i>Third Worcester</i>	"

OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

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HENRY D. COOLIDGE, CONCORD, . . . *Clerk.*

WILLIAM H. SANGER, BOSTON, . . . *Assistant Clerk.*

JOHN G. B. ADAMS, LYNN, . . . *Sergeant-at-Arms.*

REV. EDMUND DOWSE, SHERBORN, *Chaplain.*

**HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.**  
 (BY COUNTIES.)

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COUNTY OF BARNSTABLE.

No of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
1	Falmouth, Bourne, . Sandwich, Mashpee, . Barnstable, Yarmouth, Dennis, .	Charles H. Nye, Elkanah Crowell,	Barnstable. Yarmouth.
2	Harwich, . Chatham, . Brewster, Orleans, .	Augustus M. Nickerson,	Harwich.
3	Eastham, . Wellfleet, Truro, . Provincetown,	John A. Clark,	Eastham.

COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE.

1	New Ashford, . Williamstown, North Adams, . Florida, . Clarksburg,	Gilbert L. Jewett, Edward W. Gleason,	North Adams. Clarksburg.
2	Adams, . Cheshire, . Savoy, .	John M. Morin,	Adams.

COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE—*Concluded.*

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
3 {	Hancock, . . . Lanesborough, . . . Lenox, . . . Windsor, . . . Peru, . . . Hinsdale, . . . Washington, . . . Richmond, . . .	} James S. Barnes, . . .	Peru.
4 {	Pittsfield, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, . . . Dalton, . . .	} Franklin F. Read, . . . Charles W. French, . . .	Pittsfield. "
5 {	Stockbridge, . . . Lee, . . . . . Becket, . . . . .	} Abner Rice, . . . . .	Lee.
6 {	West Stockbridge, . . . Alford, . . . . . Egremont, . . . . . Great Barrington, . . .	} John N. Easland, . . . .	Gt. Barrington.
7 {	Monterey, . . . Otis, . . . . . Sandisfield, . . . New Marlborough, . . . Sheffield, . . . . . Mount Washington, . . . Tyringham, . . .	} Frank B. Schutt, . . . .	Mt. Washingt'n.

## COUNTY OF BRISTOL.

1 {	Attleborough, . . . North Attleborough, . . . Norton, . . . . . Seekonk, . . . . .	} Burrill Porter, Jr., . . . Albert W. Sturdy, . . .	N. Attleboro'. Attleborough.
2 {	Mansfield, . . . . . Easton, . . . . . Raynham, . . . . .	} Edward B. Hayward, . .	Easton.
3 {	Taunton, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, . . . Berkley, . . . . .	} George A. Crane, . . . John C. Alden, . . . Robert C. Brown, . . .	Taunton. " "
4 {	Fairhaven, . . . Acushnet, . . . . . Freetown, . . . . .	} Moses S. Douglas, . . .	Acushnet.

COUNTY OF BRISTOL—*Concluded.*

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
5 {	New Bedford, W'ds 1, 2, 3, . . . .	{ Isaac B. Tompkins, Samuel Ross, . . . .	New Bedford. “
6 {	New Bedford, Wd's 4, 5, 6, . . . .	{ George M. Eddy, Charles P. Rugg, . . . .	New Bedford. “
7 {	Westport, Dartmouth, . . . .	{ James E. Allen, John Brown, . . . .	Dartmouth. Fall River.
8 {	Fall River, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, . . . .	{ James J. Sullivan, Francis Connolly, . . . .	“ “
9 {	Fall River, Wards 5, 7, 8, 9, . . . .	{ Patrick Delaney, Michael F. Sullivan, . . . .	Fall River. “
10 {	Dighton, . . . . Somerset, . . . . Swanzey, . . . . Rehoboth, . . . .	{ Esek H. Pierce, . . . .	Rehoboth.

## COUNTY OF DUKES COUNTY.

1 {	Chilmark, . . . . Cottage City, . . . . Edgartown, . . . . Gay Head, . . . . Gosnold, . . . . Tisbury, . . . . West Tisbury, . . . .	{ Asa Smith,* . . . .	Chilmark.
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## COUNTY OF ESSEX.

1 {	Salisbury, . . . . Amesbury, . . . . Merrimac, . . . . West Newbury, . . . .	{ John J. Prevaux, . . . . George E. Ricker, . . . .	Amesbury. Merrimac.
2 {	Haverhill, Wards 1, 2, 4, 6, . . . .	{ Warren Hoyt, . . . . Nathaniel C. Bartlett, . . . .	Haverhill. “
3 {	Haverhill, Wards 3, 5, . . . . Methuen, . . . . Bradford, . . . .	{ Robert A. Richardson, . . . . Edward J. Donahue, . . . .	Haverhill. “

\* Died February 6.

## COUNTY OF ESSEX--Continued.

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
4 {	Lawrence, Wards 1, 2, 3, . . . .	{ Dennis E. Halley, . . Thomas A. Brooks, . .	Lawrence. "
5 {	Lawrence, Wards 4, 5, 6, . . . .	{ James H. Derbyshire, . . John Haigh, . . . .	Lawrence. "
6 {	Andover, . . . . North Andover, . . . .	{ James B. Smith, . . . .	Andover.
7 {	Groveland, . . . . Georgetown, . . . . Boxford, . . . . Topsfield, . . . .	{ Gardner S. Morse, . . . .	Boxford.
8 {	Newburyport, W'ds 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, . . Newbury, . . . .	{ Oliver B. Merrill, . . . . Eben S. Dole, . . . .	Newburyport. "
9 {	Rowley, . . . . Ipswich, . . . . Hamilton, . . . . Wenham, . . . .	{ Phineas A. Dodge, . . . .	Rowley.
10 {	Gloucester, Wards 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, . . Essex, . . . . Manchester, . . . .	{ Sylvanus Smith, . . . . Clarence E. Richardson, . . . . Jacob Tucker, . . . .	Gloucester. " "
11 {	Gloucester, Ward 2, Rockport, . . . .	{ George H. Friend, . . . .	Gloucester.
12	Beverly, . . . .	George A. Galloupe, . . . .	Beverly.
13	Salem, Wards 1, 2,	Samuel A. Potter, . . . .	Salem.
14	Salem, Wards 3, 5,	Joseph L. Lougee, . . . .	"
15	Salem, Wards 4, 6,	William D. Dennis, . . . .	"
16	Marblehead, . . . .	Frank L. Wadden, . . . .	Marblehead.
17 {	Swampscott, . . . . Lynn, Wards 2, 3, . .	{ Eugene A. Bessom, . . . . Charles T. Jackson, . . . .	Lynn. Swampscott.
18 {	Lynn, Ward 4, . . . . Nahant, . . . .	{ Lewis H. Bartlett, . . . . John B. Newhall, . . . .	Lynn. "
19 {	Lynn, Wards 1, 5, . . Lynnfield, . . . .	{ Amos Beckford, . . . . George C. Higgins, . . . .	Lynn. "
20 {	Lynn, Wards 6, 7, . . Saugus, . . . .	{ Herbert C. Bayrd, . . . . William W. Lowe, . . . .	Lynn. Saugus.

COUNTY OF ESSEX—*Concluded.*

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
21	Peabody, . . .	Thomas Carroll, . . .	Peabody.
22 {	Danvers, . . . Middleton, . . .	Samuel A. Fletcher, . . .	Middleton.

## COUNTY OF FRANKLIN.

1 {	Greenfield, Shelburne, Bernardston, . . .	{ Dana Malone, . . . .	Greenfield.
2 {	Warwick, Orange, . . . New Salem, . . . Erving, . . . Shutesbury, . . .	} Joseph B. Farley, . . . .	Orange.
3 {	Northfield, Gill, . . . Montague, . . . Wendell, . . .	} George A. Fleming, . . . .	Wendell.
4 {	Leverett, . . . Sunderland, . . . Whately, . . . Deerfield, . . . Conway, . . .	} George A. Elder, . . . .	Whately.
5 {	Ashfield, . . . Buckland, . . . Charlemont, . . . Colrain, . . . Hawley, . . . Heath, . . . Leyden, . . . Rowe, . . . Monroe, . . .	} Lucius Hunt, . . . .	Hawley.

## COUNTY OF HAMPDEN.

1 {	Chester, . . . Blandford, . . . Tolland, . . . Granville, . . . Southwick, Agawam, . . .	{ William H. Granger, . . . .	Agawam.
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COUNTY OF HAMPDEN—*Concluded.*

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
2 {	Montgomery, . . . Russell, . . . Westfield, . . . West Springfield, . . .	} Arthur S. Kneil, . . . Henry W. Ashley, . . .	Westfield. “
3 {	Holyoke, Wards 5, 6, 7, . . .	} Frank L. Buck, . . .	Holyoke.
4 {	Holyoke, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, . . .	} Roger P. Donoghue, . . .	Holyoke.
5 {	Chicopee, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, . . .	} Eugene J. O'Neil, . . .	Chicopee.
6 {	Springfield, Wards 1, 4, 8, . . .	} Ralph W. Ellis, . . . John W. Adams, . . .	Springfield. “
7	Springfield, Ward 5,	Edwin F. Lyford, . . .	Springfield.
8 {	Springfield, Wards 2, 3, 6, 7, . . .	} Stephen C. Warriner, . . . Edward S. Brewer, . . .	Springfield. “
9 {	Longmeadow, . . . Hampden, . . . Wilbraham, . . . Monson, . . . Wales, . . .	} Alvin A. Gage, . . .	Monson.
10 {	Ludlow, . . . Palmer, . . . Brimfield, . . . Holland, . . .	} Edward E. Fuller, . . .	Ludlow.

## COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE.

1 {	Northampton, W'ds 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, . . . Easthampton, . . . Southampton, . . .	} Eugene W. Wood, . . . Arthur F. Nutting, . . .	Easthampton. Northampton.
2 {	Chesterfield, . . . Cummington, . . . Goshen, . . . Huntington, . . . Middlefield, . . . Plainfield, . . . Westhampton, . . . Worthington, . . .	} Hiram Taylor, . . .	Middlefield.

COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE—*Concluded.*

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
3 {	Hatfield, . . . .		
	Hadley, . . . .	{ Benjamin C. Brainard, . .	South Hadley.
	South Hadley, . . . .		
	Williamsburg, . . . .		
4 {	Amherst, . . . .		
	Belchertown, . . . .	{ Charles E. Wakefield, . .	Amherst.
	Granby, . . . .		
5 {	Enfield, . . . .		
	Greenwich, . . . .	{ Frederick A. Volk, . .	Ware.
	Pelham, . . . .		
	Prescott, . . . .		
	Ware, . . . .		

## COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

1 {	Cambridge, Wards 1, 5, . . . .	{ James J. Myers, . . . .	Cambridge.
		{ John E. Parry, . . . .	"
2 {	Cambridge, Ward 2,	{ Albert E. Lynch, . . . .	Cambridge.
		{ Daniel H. Coakley, . . . .	"
3	Cambridge, Ward 3,	Stephen Anderson, . . . .	Cambridge.
4 {	Cambridge, Ward 4,	{ Malcolm E. Rideout, . . . .	Cambridge.
		{ William M. Townsend, . . . .	"
5	Somerville, Ward 1,	Charles H. Crane, . . . .	Somerville.
6	Somerville, Ward 2,	Allen F. Carpenter, . . . .	"
7 {	Somerville, Wards 3, 4, . . . .	{ George O. Proctor, . . . .	Somerville.
8 {	Medford, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, . . . .	{ William P. Martin, . . . .	Medford.
9 {	Malden, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, . . . .	{ Charles F. Shute, . . . .	Malden.
		{ Arthur H. Wellman, . . . .	"
10 {	Everett, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, . . . .	{ Frank P. Bennett, . . . .	Everett.
11	Melrose, . . . .	William E. Barrett, . . . .	Melrose.
12	Stoneham, . . . .	William H. Sprague, . . . .	Stoneham.
13	Wakefield, . . . .	Edwin C. Miller, . . . .	Wakefield.
14 {	Woburn, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, . . . .	{ Michael J. Meagher, . . . .	Woburn.
	Reading, . . . .	{ Henry C. Hall, . . . .	"

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX—*Continued.*

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
15 {	Arlington, Winchester, : : :	{ Fred Joy, . . .	Winchester.
16 {	Watertown, Belmont, : : :	{ John E. Abbott, . .	Watertown.
17 {	Newton, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, : :	{ Dwight Chester, . . Edward J. Estabrooks, .	Newton. “
18 {	Waltham, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, : : Weston, : : :	{ Mahlon R. Leonard, . . Charles O. Morrill, .	Waltham. “
19 {	Lexington, Lincoln, : : : Concord, : : : Bedford, : : : Burlington, : : :	} Matthew H. Merriam, .	Lexington.
20 {	Chelmsford, Billerica, : : : Tewksbury, : : : Wilmington, : : : North Reading, : : :	} Chas H. Kohlrausch, Jr.,	Billerica.
21	Lowell, Ward 1, .	Daniel Murphy, . . .	Lowell.
22	Lowell, Ward 2, .	James Stuart Murphy, . .	“
23	Lowell, Ward 3, .	John W. McEvoy, . .	“
24 {	Lowell, W'ds 4, 5, . Dracut, : : : Tyngsborough, : : :	{ Ether S. Foss, . . . William H. I. Hayes, . . Charles F. Varnum, .	Lowell. “ “
25	Lowell, Ward 6, .	Philip J. Farley, . . .	Lowell.
26	Natick, : : .	Edgar S. Dodge, . . .	Natick.
27 {	Hopkinton, Ashland, : : :	{ Samuel Crooks,* . . .	Hopkinton.
28 {	Holliston, Sherborn, : : : Framingham, : : : Wayland, : : :	{ Henry E. Bullard, . . . George E. Cutler, . .	Holliston. Framingham.
29 {	Marlborough, W'ds 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, . Hudson, : : . Sudbury, : : .	{ William H. Brigham, . . Charles Favreau, . .	Hudson. Marlborough.

\* Died February 7.

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX—*Concluded.*

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
30	Maynard, . . .	Isaiah Hutchins, . . .	Acton.
	Stow, . . .		
	Boxborough, . . .		
	Littleton, . . .		
	Acton, . . .		
31	Carlisle, . . .	Frank Leighton, . . .	Pepperell.
	Westford, . . .		
	Groton, . . .		
	Pepperell, . . .		
32	Dunstable, . . .	William U. Sherwin, . . .	Ayer.
	Ayer, . . .		
	Shirley, . . .		
	Townsend, . . .		
	Ashby, . . .		

## COUNTY OF NANTUCKET.

1	Nantucket, . . .	Anthony Smalley, . . .	Nantucket.
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## COUNTY OF NORFOLK.

1 {	Dedham, . . .	James A. Hartshorn, . . .	Norwood.
	Norwood, . . .		
2	Brookline, . . .	William H. White, . . .	Brookline.
3	Hyde Park, . . .	Francis W. Darling, . . .	Hyde Park.
4 {	Milton, . . .	George R. R. Rivers, . . .	Milton.
	Canton, . . .		
5 {	Quincy, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, . . .	John R. Graham, . . . Charles L. Hammond, . . . Albert P. Worthen, . . .	Quincy.
	Weymouth, . . .		"
			Weymouth.
6 {	Braintree, . . .	Frederick W. Whitcomb, . . .	Holbrook.
	Holbrook, . . .		
7 {	Randolph, . . .	William Moore, . . . Timothy F. Quinn, . . .	Walpole.
	Stoughton, . . .		
	Avon, . . .		
	Sharon, . . .		Sharon.
	Walpole, . . .		

COUNTY OF NORFOLK—*Concluded.*

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
8	Franklin, .	Amos P. Woodward, . Clarke P. Harding, .	Franklin. Medway.
	Foxborough, .		
	Wrentham, .		
	Bellingham, .		
	Medway, .		
9	Norfolk, .	Oliver C. Livermore, .	Wellesley.
	Needham, .		
	Dover, .		
	Medfield, .		
	Wellesley, Millis, .		

## COUNTY OF PLYMOUTH.

1	Plymouth, . . .	Edward B. Atwood, .	Plymouth.
2	Marshfield, . . .	John Sherman, . . .	Plympton.
	Plympton, . . .		
	Kingston, . . .		
	Duxbury, . . .		
3	Seituate, . . .	Henry H. Collamore, . . .	Pembroke.
	Norwell, . . .		
	Hanson, . . .		
	Pembroke, . . .		
4	Cohasset(Norf'kCo.), . . .	Joseph B. Lincoln, . . .	Cohasset.
	Hingham, . . .		
	Hull, . . .		
5	Rockland, . . .	Joshua S. Gray, . . .	Rockland.
	Hanover, . . .		
6	Whitman, . . .	Jeremiah T. Richmond, . . .	Abington.
	Abington, . . .		
7	Mattapoisett, . . .	John G. Dexter, . . .	Rochester.
	Marion, . . .		
	Wareham, . . .		
	Rochester, . . .		
8	Carver, . . .	Jabez P. Thompson, . . .	Halifax.
	Middleborough, . . .		
	Lakeville, . . .		
	Halifax, . . .		

COUNTY OF PLYMOUTH—*Concluded.*

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
9 {	Bridgewater, East Bridgewater, West Bridgewater,	{ James C. Leach, . . .	Bridgewater.
10 {	Brockton, Wards 4, 5, 6, . . .	{ George H. Garfield, . . .	Brockton.
11 {	Brockton, Wards 2, 3, . . . .	{ Emery M. Low, . . .	"
12 {	Brockton, Wards 1, 7, . . . .	{ Fredric W. Hathaway, . . .	"

## COUNTY OF SUFFOLK.

1	Boston, Ward 1, .	{ Lewis Burnham, . . . Frank C. Wood, . . .	Boston. "
2	Boston, Ward 2, .	{ William J. Donovan, . . . Benjamin J. Sullivan, . . .	"
3	Boston, Ward 3, .	{ John J. Mahoney, . . . James E. Hayes, . . .	"
4	Boston, Ward 4, .	{ Myron D. Cressy, . . . Jeremiah J. McCarthy, . . .	"
5	Boston, Ward 5, .	{ Michael J. O'Brien, . . . Charles M. Dacey, . . .	"
6	Boston, Ward 6, .	{ Jeremiah J. Crowley, . . . William H. McInerney,	"
7	Boston, Ward 7, .	{ Patrick F. Brogan, . . . Cornelius H. Toland, . . .	"
8	Boston, Ward 8, .	{ Hugh McLaughlin, . . . Michael B. Gilbride, . . .	"
9	Boston, Ward 9, .	{ Charles E. Harris, . . . George v. L. Meyer, . . .	"
10	Boston, Ward 10, .	{ Bowdoin S. Parker, . . . Marcus C. Cook, . . .	"
11	Boston, Ward 11, .	{ Royal Robbins, . . . Thomas Russell, . . .	"

COUNTY OF SUFFOLK—*Concluded.*

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
12	Boston, Ward 12, .	{ John Quinn, Jr., . . Daniel P. Toomey, . .	Boston. "
13	Boston, Ward 13, .	{ Joseph J. Kelley, . . . Thomas A. Quinn, . . .	" "
14	Boston, Ward 14, .	{ James F. Gleason, . . . Daniel J. Kinnaly, . . .	" "
15	Boston, Ward 15, .	{ William H. McMorrow, . . . Enoch J. Shaw, . . .	" "
16	Boston, Ward 16, .	{ Isaac Rosnosky, . . . John L. Murphy, . . .	" "
17	Boston, Ward 17, .	{ Richard J. Hayes, . . . James H. Doyle, . . .	" "
18	Boston, Ward 18, .	{ Augustus G. Perkins, . . . George E. Lovett, . . .	" "
19	Boston, Ward 19, .	{ Charles H. Bryant, . . . William J. Dolan, . . .	" "
20	Boston, Ward 20, .	{ John J. Hoar, . . . John Golding, . . .	" "
21	Boston, Ward 21, .	{ Benjamin F. Brown, . . . John S. Richardson, . . .	" "
22	Boston, Ward 22, .	Richard Sullivan, . . .	"
23	Boston, Ward 23, .	{ Salem D. Charles, . . . James A. Tilden, . . .	" "
24	Boston, Ward 24, .	{ Frederic W. Bliss, . . . John E. Tuttle, . . .	" "
25	Boston, Ward 25, .	Granville A. Fuller, . . .	"
26	Chelsea, Wards 1, 2, 3, . . . . .	{ Charles H. Holmes, . . . George H. Buck, . . .	Chelsea. "
27	Chelsea, Ward 4, . . . Revere, . . . . . Winthrop, . . . . .	{ Thomas W. Rich, . . . Arthur B. Curtis, . . .	" Revere.

## COUNTY OF WORCESTER.

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
1 {	Athol, Royalston, Phillipston,	George Whitney, . .	Royalston.
2 {	Gardner, Winchendon, Templeton, Ashburnham,	Moses P. Greenwood, . . Samuel S. Gleason, . .	Ashburnham. Gardner.
3 {	Barre, Dana, Petersham, Hardwick, Rutland,	William A. Warner, . .	Hardwick.
4 {	Westminster, Hubbardston, Princeton, Holden, Paxton,	Hobart Raymond, . .	Westminster.
5 {	Brookfield, North Brookfield, West Brookfield, New Braintree, Oakham, Sturbridge, Warren,	Henry P. Austin, . . Chesselden L. Ellis, . .	Oakham. Brookfield.
6 {	Spencer, Leicester,	John E. Bacon, . .	Spencer.
7 {	Charlton, Dudley, Southbridge,	Albert W. Martin, . .	Southbridge.
8 {	Webster, Oxford, Auburn,	Joseph L. Woodbury, . .	Oxford.
9 {	Douglas, Millbury, Sutton,	Henry C. Batcheller, . .	Sutton.
10 {	Uxbridge, Northbridge, Upton,	William E. Hayward, . .	Uxbridge.

COUNTY OF WORCESTER—*Concluded.*

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
11 {	Blackstone, . . . Mendon, . . . Milford, . . . Hopetdale, . . .	John T. McLoughlin, . . George P. Sheldon, . .	Milford. Hopetdale.
12 {	Westborough, . . . Northborough, . . . Southborough, . . . Berlin, . . . Shrewsbury, . . . Grafton, . . .	Silas A. Forbush, . . . Charles Potter, . . .	Grafton. Northborough.
13 {	Boylston, . . . Bolton, . . . West Boylston, . . . Clinton, . . . Harvard, . . . Lancaster, . . . Sterling, . . .	Lyman S. Walker, . . . Wellington E. Parkhurst,	Boylston. Clinton.
14 {	Leominster, . . . Lunenburg, . . .	Edward F. Blodgett, . .	Leominster.
15 {	Fitchburg, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, . . .	Edward W. Ackley, . . Henry F. Rockwell, . .	Fitchburg. "
16	Worcester, Ward 1,	Alfred S. Roe, . . .	Worcester.
17	Worcester, Ward 2,	James P. Crosby, . . .	"
18	Worcester, Ward 3,	Eugene M. Moriarty, . .	"
19	Worcester, Ward 4,	James H. Mellen, . . .	"
20	Worcester, Ward 5,	James F. Melaven, . . .	"
21	Worcester, Ward 6,	Henry J. Jennings,* . .	"
22	Worcester, Ward 7,	Edward I. Comins, . . .	"
23	Worcester, Ward 8,	Eben F. Thompson, . . .	"

\* Died February 9.

# HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, . . . ALPHABETICALLY.

WITH THE DISTRICTS REPRESENTED, PLACES OF RESIDENCE, AND PLACE OF ADDRESS  
DURING THE SESSION.

## HON. WILLIAM E. BARRETT, Speaker.

NAME.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.			No. of Seat.
			At home,	•	•	
Abbott, John E.,	•	16, Middlesex,	Watertown,	•	•	120
Ackley, Edward W.,	•	15, Worcester,	Fitchburg,	•	•	126
Adams, John W.,	•	6, Hampden,	Springfield,	•	Copley Square Hotel,	9
Alden, John C.,	•	3, Bristol,	Taunton,	•	At home,	65
Allen, James E.,	•	7, Bristol,	Dartmouth,	•	At home,	229
Anderson, Stephen,	•	3, Middlesex,	Cambridge,	•	At home,	119
Ashley, Henry W.,	•	2, Hampden,	Westfield,	•	Adams House,	19

*House of Representatives,*

NAME.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Atwood, Edward B.,	1, Plymouth,	Plymouth,	At home, . . . .	226
Austin, Henry P.,	5, Worcester,	Oakham, . .	Newtonville, . .	208
Bacon, John E.,	6, Worcester,	Spencer, . .	At home, . . .	228
Barnes, James S.,	3, Berkshire,	Peru, . .	Adams House, . .	133
Barrett, William E.,	11, Middlesex,	Melrose, . .	At home, . . .	Spk'r.
Bartlett, Lewis H.,	18, Essex, .	Lynn, . .	At home, . . .	106
Bartlett, Nathaniel C.,	2, Essex, .	Haverhill, .	At home, . . .	128
Batcheller, Henry C.,	9, Worcester,	Sutton, . .	At home, . . .	41
Bayrd, Herbert C.,	20, Essex, .	Lynn, . .	At home, . . .	167
Beckford, Amos,	19, Essex, .	Lynn, . .	Hotel Winthrop, .	148
Bennett, Frank P.,	10, Middlesex,	Everett, . .	185 Franklin Street, .	3
Besson, Eugene A.,	17, Essex, .	Lynn, . .	At home, . . .	105
Bliss, Frederic W.,	24, Suffolk,	Boston, . .	184 Adams Street, Dorchester, .	8

Blodgett, Edward F.,	14, Worcester,	Leominster,	At home,	178
Brainard, Benjamin C.,	3, Hampshire,	South Hadley,	Adams House,	220
Brewer, Edward S.,	8, Hampden,	Springfield,	Copley Square Hotel,	71
Brigham, William H.,	29, Middlesex,	Hudson,	At home,	72
Brogan, Patrick F.,	7, Suffolk,	Boston,	66 North Margin Street,	156
Brooks, Thomas A.,	4, Essex,	Lawrence,	At home,	216
Brown, Benjamin F.,	21, Suffolk,	Boston,	24 Cliff Street, Roxbury,	138
Brown, John,	8, Bristol,	Fall River,	At home,	179
Brown, Robert C.,	3, Bristol,	Taunton,	At home,	49
Bryant, Charles H.,	19, Suffolk,	Boston,	1066 Tremont Street,	152
Buck, Frank L.,	3, Hampden,	Holyoke,	Adams House,	183
Buck, George H.,	26, Suffolk,	Chelsea,	At home,	84
Bullard, Henry E.,	28, Middlesex,	Holliston,	At home,	46
Burnham, Lewis,	1, Suffolk,	Boston,	51 Marion St., East Boston,	213
Carpenter, Allen F.,	6, Middlesex,	Somerville,	At home,	66

*House of Representatives,*

NAME.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.				No. of Seat.
			At home,	•	•	•	
Carroll, Thomas,	• •	21, Essex, •	Peabody, •	•	Gordon Street, Jamaica Plain,	•	166
Charles, Salem D.,	• •	23, Suffolk, •	Boston, •	Newton Centre, •	•	7	7
Chester, Dwight,	• •	17, Middlesex, •	Newton, •	93 Bryant Street, Malden, •	•	76	125
Clark, John A., •	• •	3, Barnstable, •	Eastham, •	At home, •	•	•	33
Coakley, Daniel H.,	• •	2, Middlesex, •	Cambridge, •	At home, •	•	•	176
Collamore, Henry H.,	• •	3, Plymouth, •	Pembroke, •	At home, •	•	•	68
Comins, Edward I.,	• •	22, Worcester, •	Worcester, •	At home, •	•	•	94
Connolly, Francis,	• •	8, Bristol, •	Fall River, •	At home, •	•	•	121
Cook, Marcus C.,	• •	10, Suffolk, •	Boston, •	4 Ashburton Place, Somerville, •	•	•	238
Crane, Charles H.,	• •	5, Middlesex, •	•	Taunton, •	•	•	135
Crane, George A.,	• •	3, Bristol, •	Boston, •	At home, •	•	•	129
Cressy, Myron D.,	• •	4, Suffolk, •	•	9 Albion Place, Charlestown, •	•	•	236
Crooks, Samuel,*	• •	27, Middlesex, •	Hopkinton, •	At home, •	•	•	•

Crosby, James P.,	.	17, Worcester,	.	Worcester, .	At home,	.	.	.	.	196
Crowell, Elkanah,	.	1, Barnstable,	.	Yarmouth,	.	33 Bowdoin Street,	.	.	.	23
Crowley, Jeremiah J.,	.	6, Suffolk,	.	Boston,	.	1 Foster Street,	.	.	.	210
Curtis, Arthur B.,	.	27, Suffolk,	.	Revere,	.	At home,	.	.	.	59
Cutler, George E.,	.	28, Middlesex,	.	Framingham,	.	South Framingham,	.	.	.	145
Dacey, Charles M.,	.	5, Suffolk,	.	Boston,	.	23 Washington St., Charlest'n,	.	.	.	27
Darling, Francis W.,	.	3, Norfolk,	.	Hyde Park,	.	At home,	.	.	.	44
Delaney, Patrick,	.	9, Bristol,	.	Fall River,	.	At home,	.	.	.	154
Denis, William D.,	.	15, Essex,	.	Salem,	.	At home,	.	.	.	131
Derbyshire, James H.,	.	5, Essex,	.	Lawrence, .	.	At home,	.	.	.	43
Dexter, John G.,	.	7, Plymouth,	.	Rochester, .	.	At home,	.	.	.	85
Dodge, Edgar S.,	.	26, Middlesex,	.	Natick,	.	At home,	.	.	.	2
Dodge, Phineas A.,	.	9, Essex,	.	Rowley,	.	At home,	.	.	.	157
Dolan, William J.,	.	19, Suffolk,	.	Boston,	.	2389 Washington Street,	.	.	.	73

\* Died February 7.

*House of Representatives,*

NAME.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of seat.
Dole, Eben S., . . .	8, Essex, . . .	Newburyport, .	At home, . . . .	201
Donahue, Edward J., .	3, Essex, . . .	Haverhill, .	At home, . . . .	79
Donoghue, Roger P., .	4, Hampden, .	Holyoke, .	Adams House, . . .	217
Donovan, William J., .	2, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	141 London St., East Boston,	219
Douglas, Moses S., .	4, Bristol, .	Acushnet, .	At home, . . . .	207
Doyle, James H., . . .	17, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	35 Fabin Street, .	232
Easland, John N., . . .	6, Berkshire, .	Great Barrington, .	Parker House, . . .	188
Eddy, George M., . . .	6, Bristol, .	New Bedford, .	At home, . . . .	54
Elder, George A., . . .	4, Franklin, .	Whately, .	American House, . .	227
Ellis, Cheshelden L., . .	5, Worcester, .	Brookfield, .	At home, . . . .	130
Ellis, Ralph W., . . .	6, Hampden, .	Springfield, .	Copley Square Hotel, .	13
Estabrooks, Edward J. H., .	17, Middlesex, .	Newton, .	At home, . . . .	47
Farley, Joseph B., . . .	2, Franklin, .	Orange, .	American House, . .	36

Farley, Philip J., . . . .	25, Middlesex, . . . .	Lowell, . . . .	At home, . . . .	114
Favreau, Charles, . . . .	29, Middlesex, . . . .	Marlborough, . .	At home, . . . .	144
Fleming, George A., . . . .	3, Franklin, . . . .	Wendell, . . . .	39 Bowdoin Street,	197
Fletcher, Samuel A., . . . .	22, Essex, . . . .	Middleton, . . . .	At home, . . . .	132
Forbush, Silas A., . . . .	12, Worcester, . . . .	Grafton, . . . .	At home, . . . .	204
Foss, Ether S., . . . .	24, Middlesex, . . . .	Lowell, . . . .	At home, . . . .	222
French, Charles W., . . . .	4, Berkshire, . . . .	Pittsfield, . . . .	Church Street, Winchester, .	78
Friend, George H., . . . .	11, Essex, . . . .	Gloucester, . . . .	At home, . . . .	186
Fuller, Edward E., . . . .	10, Hampden, . . . .	Ludlow, . . . .	39 Bowdoin Street,	192
Fuller, Granville A., . . . .	25, Suffolk, . . . .	Boston, . . . .	15 Sparhawk Street, Brighton,	28
Gage, Alvin A., . . . .	9, Hampden, . . . .	Monson, . . . .	United States Hotel, . .	146
Galloupe, George A., . . . .	12, Essex, . . . .	Beverly, . . . .	At home, . . . .	91
Garfield, George H., . . . .	10, Plymouth, . . . .	Brockton, . . . .	At home, . . . .	150
Gilbride, Michael B., . . . .	8, Suffolk, . . . .	Boston, . . . .	10 Billerica Street, .	215
Gleason, Edward W., . . . .	1, Berkshire, . . . .	Clarksburg, . . . .	Adams House, . . . .	61

*House of Representatives,*

NAME.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of seat.
Gleason, James F., . .	14, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	502 E. Second St., So. Boston, .	58
Gleason, Samuel S., . .	2, Worcester, .	Gardner, .	At home, . . . .	159
Golding, John, . .	20, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	31 Blue Hill Ave., Roxbury, .	168
Graham, John R., . .	5, Norfolk, .	Quincy, .	At home, . . .	6
Granger, William H., . .	1, Hampden, .	Agawam, .	Copley Square Hotel, .	140
Gray, Joshua S., . .	5, Plymouth, .	Rockland, .	At home, . . .	155
Greenwood, Moses P., . .	2, Worcester, .	Ashburnham, .	At home, . . .	134
Haight, John, . .	5, Essex, .	Lawrence, .	At home, . . .	113
Hall, Henry C., . .	14, Middlesex, .	Woburn, .	At home, . . .	98
Halley, Dennis E., . .	4, Essex, .	Lawrence, .	At home, . . .	221
Hammond, Charles L., . .	5, Norfolk, .	Quincy, .	At home, . . .	151
Harding, Clarke P., . .	8, Norfolk, .	Medway, .	At home, . . .	212
Harris, Charles E., . .	9, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	24 Phillips Street, . . .	17

Hartshorn, James A.,	1, Norfolk,	Norwood, .	At home, .	103
Hathaway, Fredric W.,	12, Plymouth,	Brockton, .	At home, .	93
Hayes, James E.,	3, Suffolk,	Boston, .	20 Everett St., Charlestown, .	5
Hayes, Richard J.,	17, Suffolk,	Boston, .	48 Union Park Street, .	63
Hayes, William H. I.,	24, Middlesex,	Lowell, .	At home, .	162
Hayward, Edward B.,	2, Bristol,	Easton, .	At home, .	214
Hayward, William E.,	10, Worcester,	Uxbridge, .	At home, .	164
Higgins, George C.,	19, Essex, .	Lynn, .	At home, .	170
Hoar, John J.,	20, Suffolk,	Boston, .	22 Marshfield St., Roxbury, .	116
Holmes, Charles H.,	26, Suffolk,	Chelsea, .	At home, .	177
Hoyt, Warren, .	2, Essex, .	Haverhill, .	At home, .	96
Hunt, Lucius, .	5, Franklin,	Hawley, .	5 Northfield Street, .	195
Hutchins, Isaiah,	30, Middlesex,	Acton, .	At home, .	31
Jackson, Charles T.,	17, Essex, .	Swampscott, .	At home, .	224
Jennings, Henry J.,*	21, Worcester, .	Worcester, .	At home, .	22

\* Died February 9.

NAME.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Jewett, Gilbert L.,	1, Berkshire,	North Adams, .	Allston, . . . . .	171
Joy, Fred, . . .	15, Middlesex, .	Winchester, .	At home, . . . . .	56
Kelley, Joseph J.,	13, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	290 Fourth St , South Boston,	32
Kinnaly, Daniel J.,	14, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	407 E. Seventh St., So. Boston,	108
Kneil, Arthur S.,	2, Hampden, .	Westfield, .	Adams House, . . .	223
Kohlrausch, Charles H., Jr.,	20, Middlesex, .	Billerica, .	At home, . . . . .	153
Leach, James C.,	9, Plymouth, .	Bridgewater, .	At home, . . . . .	191
Leighton, Frank,	31, Middlesex, .	Pepperell, .	At home, . . . . .	112
Leonard, Mahlon R.,	18, Middlesex, .	Waltham, .	At home, . . . . .	137
Lincoln, Joseph B.,	4, Plymouth, .	Cohasset, .	338 Commonwealth Avenue, .	81
Livermore, Oliver C.,	9, Norfolk, .	Wellesley, .	At home, . . . . .	16
Lougee, Joseph L.,	14, Essex, .	Salem, .	At home, . . . . .	234
Lovett, George E.,	18, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	36 Greenwich Park, .	38

Low, Emery M., . . . .	11, Plymouth, . . . .	Brockton, . . . .	At home, . . . .	64
Lowe, William W., . . . .	20, Essex, . . . .	Saugus, . . . .	Cliffondale, . . . .	110
Lyford, Edwin F., . . . .	7, Hampden, . . . .	Springfield, . . . .	Copley Square Hotel, . . . .	52
Lynch, Albert E., . . . .	2, Middlesex, . . . .	Cambridge, . . . .	Cambridgeport, . . . .	82
Mahoney, John J., . . . .	3, Suffolk, . . . .	Boston, . . . .	9 Summer Street, . . . .	42
Malone, Dana, . . . .	1, Franklin, . . . .	Greenfield, . . . .	Parker House, . . . .	70
Martin, Albert W., . . . .	7, Worcester, . . . .	Southbridge, . . . .	Quincy House, . . . .	109
Martin, William P., . . . .	8, Middlesex, . . . .	Medford, . . . .	At home, . . . .	161
McCarthy, Jeremiah J., . . . .	4, Suffolk, . . . .	Boston, . . . .	7 Albion Place, Charlestown, . . . .	136
McEvoy, John W., . . . .	23, Middlesex, . . . .	Lowell, . . . .	At home, . . . .	100
McInerney, William H., . . . .	6, Suffolk, . . . .	Boston, . . . .	3 Webster Place, . . . .	118
McLaughlin, Hugh, . . . .	8, Suffolk, . . . .	Boston, . . . .	56 Auburn Street, . . . .	101
McLoughlin, John T., . . . .	11, Worcester, . . . .	Milford, . . . .	At home, . . . .	10
McMorrow, William H., . . . .	15, Suffolk, . . . .	Boston, . . . .	287 Dorchester St., So. Boston, . . . .	60
Meagher, Michael J., . . . .	14, Middlesex, . . . .	Woburn, . . . .	At home, . . . .	173

*House of Representatives,*

NAME.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.			No. of Seat.
Melaven, James F.,	• 20, Worcester,	Worcester,	• At home,	•	•	111
Mellen, James H.,	• 19, Worcester,	Worcester,	• At home,	•	•	11
Merriam, Matthew H.,	• 19, Middlesex,	Lexington,	• At home,	•	•	12
Merrill, Oliver B.,	• 8, Essex,	Newburyport,	• At home,	•	•	53
Meyer, George v. L.,	• 9, Suffolk,	Boston,	• 54 Beacon Street,	•	•	39
Miller, Edwin C.,	• 13, Middlesex,	Wakefield,	• At home,	•	•	69
Moore, William,	• 7, Norfolk,	Walpole,	• At home,	•	•	21
Moriarty, Eugene M.,	• 20, Worcester,	Worcester,	• At home,	•	•	29
Morin, John M.,	• 2, Berkshire,	Adams,	• 13 Allston Street,	•	•	200
Morrill, Charles O.,	• 18, Middlesex,	Waltham,	• At home,	•	•	158
Morse, Gardner S.,	• 7, Essex,	Boxford,	• At home,	•	•	189
Murphy, Daniel,	• 21, Middlesex,	Lowell,	• At home,	•	•	230
Murphy, James Smart,	• 22, Middlesex,	Lowell,	• At home,	•	•	209

Murphy, John L., . . .	16, Suffolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	60 Middlesex Street, . . .	187
Myers, James J., . . .	1, Middlesex, . .	Cambridge, . .	At home, . . .	24
Newhall, John B., . . .	18, Essex, . . .	Lynn, . .	At home, . . .	57
Nickerson, Augustus M., .	2, Barnstable, . .	Harwich, . .	46 Bowdoin Street, . . .	180
Nutting, Arthur F., . . .	1, Hampshire, . .	Northampton, .	At home, . . .	18
Nye, Charles H., . . .	1, Barnstable, . .	Barnstable, .	Hyannis, . . .	80
O'Brien, Michael J., . .	5, Suffolk, . .	Boston, . .	37 Austin Street, . . .	71
O'Neil, Eugene J., . . .	5, Hampden, . .	Chicopee, . .	Chicopee Falls, . . .	90
Parker, Bowdoin S., . .	10, Suffolk, . .	Boston, . .	50 Bowdoin Street, . . .	34
Parkhurst, Wellington E., .	13, Worcester, . .	Clinton, . .	At home, . . .	4
Parry, John E., . . .	1, Middlesex, . .	Cambridge, . .	At home, . . .	175
Perkins, Augustus G., .	18, Suffolk, . .	Boston, . .	34 Worcester Square, . . .	35
Pierce, Esek H., . . .	10, Bristol, . .	Rehoboth, . .	Adams House, . . .	124
Porter, Burrill, Jr., . . .	1, Bristol, . .	No. Attleborough, .	At home, . . .	202
Potter, Charles, . . .	12, Worcester, . .	Northborough, .	At home, . . .	203

*House of Representatives,*

NAME.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.			No. of Seat.
			1	2	3	
Potter, Samuel A.,	• • 13, Essex, •	Salem, •	At home, •	•	•	45
Prevaux, John J.,	• • 1, Essex, •	Amesbury, •	At home, •	•	•	30
Proctor, George O.,	• • 7, Middlesex, •	Somerville, •	At home, •	•	•	74
Quinn, John, Jr.,	• • 12, Suffolk, •	Boston, •	30 Wendell Street, •	•	•	89
Quinn, Thomas A.,	• • 13, Suffolk, •	Boston, •	47 Seventh St., South Boston, •	225		
Quinn, Timothy F.,	• • 7, Norfolk, •	Sharon, •	At home, •	•	•	67
Raymond, Hobart,	• • 4, Worcester, •	Westminster, •	46 Bowdoin Street, •	218		
Read, Franklin F.,	• • 4, Berkshire, •	Pittsfield, •	United States Hotel, •	206		
Rice, Abner,	• • 5, Berkshire, •	Lee, •	Adams House, •	•	•	26
Rich, Thomas W.,	• • 27, Suffolk, •	Chelsea, •	At home, •	•	•	211
Richardson, Clarence E.,	• • 10, Essex, •	Gloucester, •	At home, •	•	•	185
Richardson, John S.,	• • 21, Suffolk, •	Boston, •	2 Grosvenor Place, Roxbury, •	127		
Richardson, Robert A.,	• • 3, Essex, •	Haverhill, •	At home, •	•	•	235

Richmond, Jeremiah T., .	6, Plymouth, .	Abington, .	At home, .	•	•	•	•	95
Ricker, George E., .	1, Essex, .	Merrimac, .	At home, .	•	•	•	•	40
Rideout, Malcolm E., .	4, Middlesex, .	Cambridge, .	At home, .	•	•	•	•	15
Rivers, George R. R., .	4, Norfolk, .	Milton, .	At home, .	•	•	•	•	92
Robbins, Royal, .	11, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	375 Beacon Street, .	•	•	•	•	83
Rockwell, Henry F., .	15, Worcester, .	Fitchburg, .	At home, .	•	•	•	•	104
Roe, Alfred S., .	16, Worcester, .	Worcester, .	At home, .	•	•	•	•	190
Rosnosky, Isaac, .	16, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	11 Dwight Street, .	•	•	•	•	99
Ross, Samuel, .	5, Bristol, .	New Bedford, .	At home, .	•	•	•	•	122
Rugg, Charles P., .	6, Bristol, .	New Bedford, .	At home, .	•	•	•	•	50
Russell, Thomas, .	11, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	178 Beacon Street, .	•	•	•	•	147
Schutt, Frank B., .	7, Berkshire, .	Mt. Washington, .	13 Allston Street, .	•	•	•	•	231
Shaw, Enoch J., .	15, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	10 Leeds St., South Boston, .	•	•	•	•	123
Sheldon, George P., .	11, Worcester, .	Hopedale, .	At home, .	•	•	•	•	160
Sherman, John, .	2, Plymouth, .	Plympton, .	At home, .	•	•	•	•	143

*House of Representatives,*

NAME.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Sherwin, William U.,	• 32, Middlesex, •	Ayer, • •	At home, • • •	19½
Shute, Charles F.,	• 9, Middlesex, •	Malden, • •	At home, • •	75
Smalley, Anthony,	• 1, Nantucket, •	Nantucket, •	43 Hancock Street, •	102
Smith, Asa,*	• 1, Dukes, •	Chilmark, •	13 Allston Street, •	88
Smith, James B.,	• 6, Essex, •	Andover, •	At home, • •	107
Smith, Sylvanus,	• 10, Essex, •	Gloucester, •	At home, • •	37
Sprague, William H.,	• 12, Middlesex, •	Stoneham, •	At home, • •	97
Sturdy, Albert W.,	• 1, Bristol, •	Attleborough, •	At home, • •	184
Sullivan, Benjamin J.,	• 2, Suffolk, •	Boston, •	21 London St., East Boston, •	51
Sullivan, James J.,	• 8, Bristol, •	Fall River, •	At home, • •	142
Sullivan, Michael F.,	• 9, Bristol, •	Fall River, •	At home, • •	198
Sullivan, Richard,	• 22, Suffolk, •	Boston, •	91 Smith Street, •	117
Taylor, Hiram, •	• 2, Hampshire, •	Middlefield, •	Adams House, •	25

				At home,				Desk.
Thompson, Eben F.,	.	23, Worcester,	Worcester,	.	.	.	.	.
Thompson, Jabez P.,	.	8, Plymouth,	Halifax,	.	At home,	.	.	139
Tilden, James A.,	.	23, Suffolk,	Boston,	.	Centre Street, West Roxbury,	.	.	163
Toland, Cornelius H.,	.	7, Suffolk,	Boston,	.	212 Endicott Street,	.	.	169
Tompkins, Isaac B.,	.	5, Bristol,	New Bedford,	.	At home,	.	.	181
Toomey, Daniel P.,	.	12, Suffolk,	Boston,	.	89 Tyler Street,	.	.	172
Townsend, William M.,	.	4, Middlesex,	Cambridge,	.	At home,	.	.	205
Tucker, Jacob,	.	10, Essex,	Gloucester,	.	At home,	.	.	237
Tuttle, John E.,	.	24, Suffolk,	Boston,	.	734 Broadway, South Boston,	.	.	115
Varnum, Charles F.,	.	24, Middlesex,	Lowell,	.	At home,	.	.	20
Volk, Frederick A.,	.	5, Hampshire,	Ware,	.	Adams House,	.	.	193
Wadden, Frank L.,	.	16, Essex,	Marblehead,	.	At home,	.	.	1
Wakefield, Charles E.,	.	4, Hampshire,	Amherst,	.	39 Bowdoin Street,	.	.	199
Walker, Lyman S.,	.	13, Worcester,	Boylston,	.	At home,	.	.	182

\* Died February 6.

NAME.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of seat.
Warner, William A., .	3, Worcester, .	Hardwick, .	Waltham, .	174
Warriner, Stephen C., .	8, Hampden, .	Springfield,	United States Hotel,	Desk.
Wellman, Arthur H., .	9, Middlesex, .	Malden, .	At home, .	86
Whitcomb, Frederick W., .	6, Norfolk, .	Holbrook, .	At home, .	149
White, William H., .	2, Norfolk, .	Brookline, .	At home, .	62
Whitney, George, .	1, Worcester, .	Royalston,	American House, .	14
Wood, Eugene W., .	1, Hampshire, .	Easthampton,	Copley Square Hotel,	55
Wood, Frank C., .	1, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	406 Meridian St., E. Boston, .	87
Woodbury, Joseph L., .	8, Worcester, .	Oxford, .	At home, .	141
Woodward, Amos P., .	8, Norfolk, .	Franklin, .	At home, .	165
Worthen, Albert P., .	5, Norfolk, .	Weymouth,	At home, .	77

OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

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EDWARD A. McLAUGHLIN, BOSTON, . *Clerk.*

JAMES W. KIMBALL, LYNN, . . . . *Assistant Clerk.*

JOHN G. B. ADAMS, LYNN, . . . . *Sergeant-at-Arms.*

REV. DANIEL W. WALDRON, BOSTON, . *Chaplain.*

MONITORS OF THE HOUSE.

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FIRST DIVISION, . . .	{	Messrs. BLISS of Boston. MELLEN of Worcester.
SECOND DIVISION, . . .	{	Messrs. McEVOY of Lowell. ROCKWELL of Fitchburg.
THIRD DIVISION, . . .	{	Messrs. ROSNOSKY of Boston. HOYT of Haverhill.
FOURTH DIVISION, . . .	{	Messrs. RIVERS of Milton. RICHMOND of Abington.
FIFTH DIVISION, . . .	{	Messrs. GALLOUPE of Beverly. WOOD of Boston.
SIXTH DIVISION, . . .	{	Messrs. CHARLES of Boston. PARKHURST of Clinton.

*Sergeant-at-Arms and Appointees.*

John G. B. Adams, . . . . . Lynn.  
*Sergeant-at-Arms.*

## APPOINTEES.

*Clerk.*—Charles G. Davis.  
*Messengers.*—James N. Tolman, Calvin B. Hutchinson, Charles W. Philbrick.

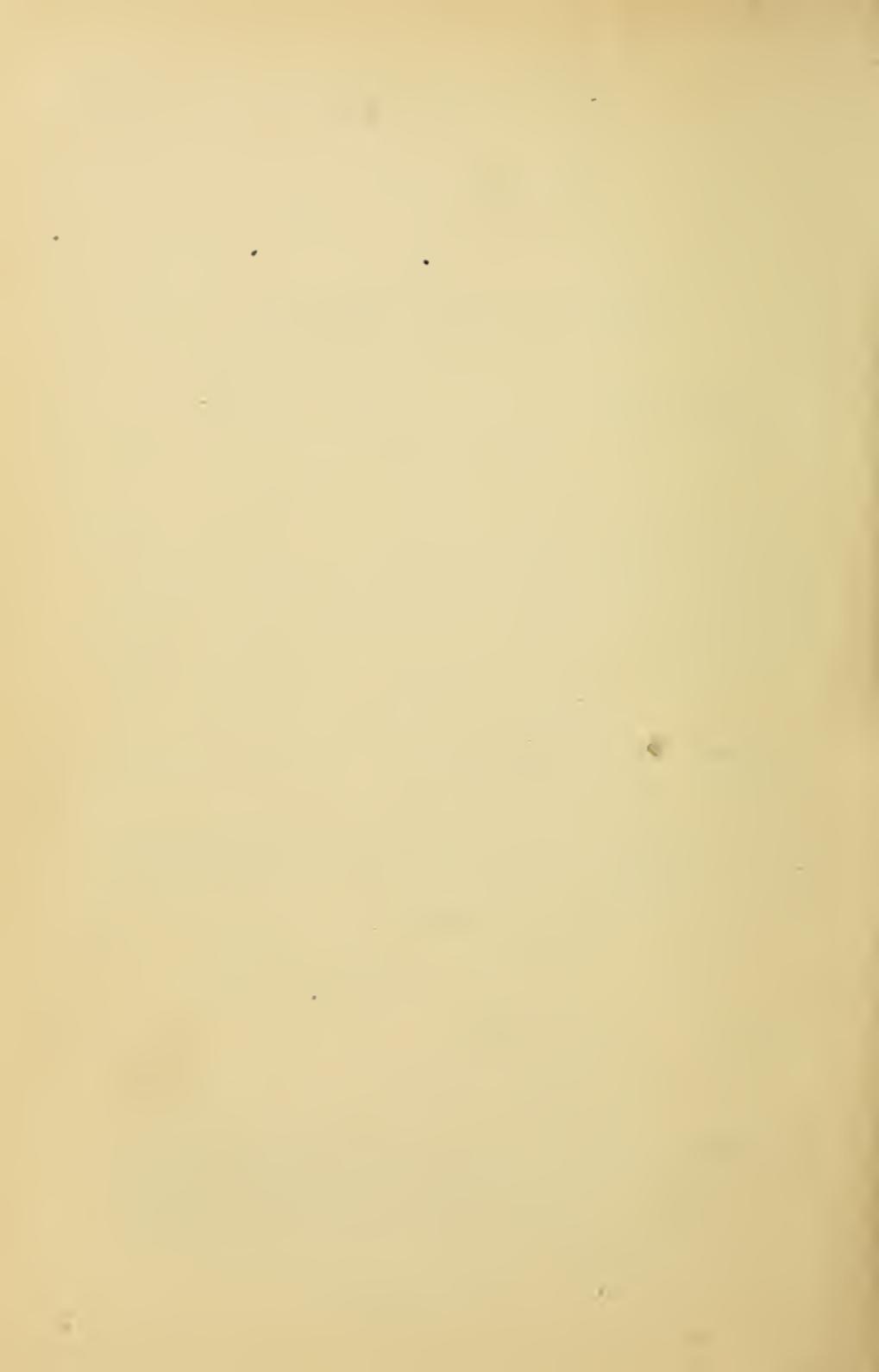
*Engineer.*—John C. Newton.

## ASSIGNED TO THE SENATE.

*Doorkeeper.*—David T. Remington.  
*Assistant Doorkeeper.*—Joseph Sidwell.  
*Messengers.*—James E. Armstrong, Charles N. Marsh, William H. Whiting, Luke K. Davis, Benjamin H. Jellison, Charles H. Johnson, Augustus Stone.  
*Pages.*—Henry S. Finan, J. Philip Carney.

## ASSIGNED TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

*Doorkeeper.*—Thomas J. Tucker.  
*Assistant Doorkeeper.*—John Kinnear.  
*Postmaster.*—James Beatty.  
*Messengers.*—Ezra T. Pope, Francis Steele, John B. Hollis, Jr., Joseph Conneton, Thomas F. Pedrick, Henry W. Sykes, Charles D. Ufford, Charles R. Ayer, Benjamin B. Brown, Thomas Coyne, Sidney Gardner, B. F. Willson, John B. Fisher, Edwin Carter Gould, Mark C. London.  
*Pages.*—George Lysholm, Fred C. Nichols.



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## COMMITTEES.

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# STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE.

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## ON THE JUDICIARY.

Messrs. BUTLER . . . . .	of Bristol.
KITTREDGE . . . . .	of Suffolk.
LAWRENCE . . . . .	of Middlesex.
LAWTON . . . . .	of Middlesex
BAKER . . . . .	of Suffolk.

## ON PROBATE AND INSOLVENCY.

Messrs. MILTON . . . . .	of Middlesex.
BUTLER . . . . .	of Bristol.
LAWTON . . . . .	of Middlesex.

## ON THE TREASURY.

Messrs. LAWRENCE . . . . .	of Middlesex
STEVENS . . . . .	of Worcester.
SALISBURY . . . . .	of Worcester.

## ON BILLS IN THE THIRD READING.

Messrs. BAKER . . . . .	of Suffolk.
BUTLER . . . . .	of Bristol.
RATSHESKY . . . . .	of Suffolk.

## ON ENGRAVED BILLS.

Messrs. FITZGERALD . . . . .	of Suffolk.
SALISBURY . . . . .	of Worcester.
SAWYER . . . . .	of Essex.

## ON RULES.

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RAY . . . . .	of Norfolk.
STEVENS . . . . .	of Worcester.
LAWRENCE . . . . .	of Middlesex.

## STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE.

---

### ON THE JUDICIARY.

Messrs. PARKER . . . . .	of Boston.
KNEIL . . . . .	of Westfield.
JOY . . . . .	of Winchester.
MURPHY, JAMES STUART . .	of Lowell.
MALONE . . . . .	of Greenfield.
BROWN . . . . .	of Taunton.
FRENCH . . . . .	of Pittsfield.
WORTHEN . . . . .	of Weymouth.
HAYES, JAMES E. . . . .	of Boston.

### ON PROBATE AND INSOLVENCY.

Messrs. LYFORD . . . . .	of Springfield.
DOLAN . . . . .	of Boston.
MYERS . . . . .	of Cambridge.
RUSSELL . . . . .	of Boston.
HIGGINS . . . . .	of Lynn.
BUCK . . . . .	of Chelsea.
FARLEY . . . . .	of Lowell.
SULLIVAN, RICHARD . .	of Boston.
WHITE . . . . .	of Brookline.

### ON FINANCE.

Messrs. RIDEOUT . . . . .	of Cambridge.
SHUTE . . . . .	of Malden.
HOYT . . . . .	of Haverhill.
NYE . . . . .	of Barnstable.
CROWLEY . . . . .	of Boston.
FULLER . . . . .	of Boston.
GREENWOOD . . . . .	of Ashburnham.
ELLIS . . . . .	of Brookfield.
SHIELDON . . . . .	of Hopedale.

## ON COUNTY ESTIMATES.

Messrs. ALLEN . . . . .	of Dartmouth.
HARRIS . . . . .	of Boston.
ABBOTT . . . . .	of Watertown.
FARLEY . . . . .	of Orange.
SMITH * . . . . .	of Chilmark.
DONOOGHUE . . . . .	of Holyoke.
BAYRD . . . . .	of Lynn.

## ON ELECTIONS.

Messrs. RUSSELL . . . . .	of Boston.
CROWLEY . . . . .	of Boston.
MYERS . . . . .	of Cambridge.
HAYES . . . . .	of Lowell.
WAKEFIELD . . . . .	of Amherst.
CROOKS † . . . . .	of Hopkinton.
WHITCOMB . . . . .	of Holbrook.

## ON RULES.

## THE SPEAKER.

Messrs. MELLEN . . . . .	of Worcester.
BENNETT . . . . .	of Everett.
RIVERS . . . . .	of Milton.
THOMPSON . . . . .	of Worcester.
MYERS . . . . .	of Cambridge.
KNEIL . . . . .	of Westfield.
HIGGINS . . . . .	of Lynn.
FRENCH . . . . .	of Pittsfield.

## ON ENGROSSED BILLS.

Messrs. WARRINER . . . . .	of Springfield.
GILBRIDE . . . . .	of Boston.
TAYLOR . . . . .	of Middlefield.

\* Died February 6.

† Died February 7.

**ON BILLS IN THE THIRD READING.**

Messrs. THOMPSON	.	.	.	.	.	of Worcester.
DOLAN	.	.	.	.	.	of Boston.
MARTIN	.	.	.	.	.	of Medford.

**ON LEAVE OF ABSENCE.**

Messrs. NEWHALL	.	.	.	.	.	of Lynn.
WARNER	.	.	.	.	.	of Hardwick.
DOYLE	.	.	.	.	.	of Boston.

**ON PAY ROLL.**

Messrs. KOHLRAUSCH	.	.	.	.	.	of Billerica.
BROWN	.	.	.	.	.	of Boston.
WHITE	.	.	.	.	.	of Brookline.

## JOINT STANDING COMMITTEES.

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### ON AGRICULTURE.

*Of the Senate.* — Messrs. HICKOX . . . of Berkshire.

BARTLETT . . . of Franklin.

MONK . . . of Plymouth.

*Of the House.* — Messrs. WOODWARD . . of Franklin.

BATCHELLER . . of Sutton.

BACON . . . of Spencer.

WALKER . . . of Boylston.

HUNT . . . of Hawley.

GRANGER . . . of Agawam.

BARNES . . . of Peru.

WOODBURY . . of Oxford.

### ON BANKS AND BANKING.

*Of the Senate.* — Messrs. BARTLETT . . . of Franklin.

SHAW . . . of Essex.

KIMBALL of Berkshire and Hampshire.

*Of the House.* — Messrs. BRIGHAM . . . of Hudson.

LOWE . . . of Saugus.

BESSOM . . . of Lynn.

EDDY . . . of New Bedford.

LEACH . . . of Bridgewater.

HAYWARD . . . of Uxbridge.

ALDEN . . . of Taunton.

MURPHY, D. . . of Lowell.

### ON CITIES.

*Of the Senate.* — Messrs. PARKMAN . . . of Suffolk.

BUCKLEY . . . of Hampden.

RATSHESKY . . . of Suffolk.

<i>Of the House.</i> — Messrs.	WELLMAN . . .	of Malden.
	McEVY . . .	of Lowell.
	PROCTOR . . .	of Somerville.
	DOLE . . .	of Newburyport.
	TILDEN . . .	of Boston.
	TOWNSEND . . .	of Cambridge.
	ROBBINS . . .	of Boston.
	DONOVAN . . .	of Boston.

#### ON CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

<i>Of the Senate.</i> — Messrs.	MERRILL . . .	of Norfolk.
	LEARY . . .	of Suffolk.
	KITTREDGE . . .	of Suffolk.
<i>Of the House.</i> — Messrs.	PREVAUX . . .	of Amesbury.
	CHARLES . . .	of Boston.
	LYFORD . . .	of Springfield.
	McEVY . . .	of Lowell.
	KNEIL . . .	of Westfield.
	PORTER . . .	of N. Attleborough.
	ABBOTT . . .	of Watertown.
	SULLIVAN, R. . .	of Boston.

#### ON DRAINAGE.

<i>Of the Senate.</i> — Messrs.	BURNHAM . . .	of Suffolk.
	BAKER . . .	of Essex.
	MONK . . .	of Plymouth.
<i>Of the House.</i> — Messrs.	ESTABROOKS . . .	of Newton.
	MELAVEN . . .	of Worcester.
	RICHARDSON . . .	of Gloucester.
	PARRY . . .	of Cambridge.
	POTTER . . .	of Northborough.
	MERRIAM . . .	of Lexington.
	BROOKS . . .	of Lawrence.
	DOYLE . . .	of Boston.

## ON EDUCATION.

<i>Of the Senate.</i> — Messrs.	SALISBURY . . .	of Worcester.
	READ . . .	of Middlesex.
	LEARY . . .	of Suffolk.
<i>Of the House.</i> — Messrs.	ROE . . .	of Worcester.
	GILBRIDE . . .	of Boston.
	SULLIVAN, B. J.	of Boston.
	RICH . . .	of Chelsea.
	MERRILL . . .	of Newburyport.
	FORBUSH . . .	of Grafton.
	RICE . . .	of Lee.
	CARROLL . . .	of Peabody.

## ON ELECTION LAWS.

<i>Of the Senate.</i> — Messrs.	LAWTON . . .	of Middlesex.
	PARKMAN . . .	of Suffolk.
	FITZGERALD . . .	of Suffolk.
<i>Of the House.</i> — Messrs.	BURNHAM . . .	of Boston.
	RIVERS . . .	of Milton.
	READ . . .	of Pittsfield.
	GALLOUPE . . .	of Beverly.
	BARTLETT . . .	of Haverhill.
	BRAINARD . . .	of South Hadley.
	BROGAN . . .	of Boston.
	BAYRD . . .	of Lynn.

## ON EXPENDITURES.

<i>Of the Senate.</i> — Messrs.	LAWRENCE . . .	of Middlesex.
	STEVENS . . .	of Worcester.
	SALISBURY . . .	of Worcester.
<i>Of the House.</i> — Messrs.	RIDEOUT . . .	of Cambridge.
	SHUTE . . .	of Malden.
	HOYT . . .	of Haverhill.
	NYE . . .	of Barnstable.
	CROWLEY . . .	of Boston.

<i>Of the House.</i> — Messrs.	FULLER . . .	of Boston.
	GREENWOOD . . .	of Ashburnham.
	ELLIS . . .	of Brookfield.
	SHELDON . . .	of Hopedale.

#### ON FEDERAL RELATIONS.

<i>Of the Senate.</i> — Messrs.	READ . . .	of Middlesex.
	KENRICK . . .	of the Cape.
	BUCKLEY . . .	of Hampden.
<i>Of the House.</i> — Messrs.	GALLOUPE . . .	of Beverly.
	LOW . . .	of Brockton.
	BESSOM . . .	of Lynn.
	QUINN, T. A.	of Boston.
	RICKER . . .	of Merrimac.
	SHERWIN . . .	of Ayer.
	COLLAMORE . . .	of Pembroke.
	KINNALLY . . .	of Boston.

#### ON FISHERIES AND GAME.

<i>Of the Senate.</i> — Messrs.	DAME . . .	of Essex.
	HICKOX . . .	of Berkshire.
	SHAW . . .	of Essex.
<i>Of the House.</i> — Messrs.	SMITH . . .	of Gloucester.
	ALLEN . . .	of Dartmouth.
	LOW . . .	of Brockton.
	CONNOLLY . . .	of Fall River.
	PREVAUX . . .	of Amesbury.
	CLARK . . .	of Eastham.
	DEXTER . . .	of Rochester.
	GLEASON . . .	of Boston.

#### ON HARBORS AND PUBLIC LANDS.

<i>Of the Senate.</i> — Messrs.	ARNOLD . . .	of Plymouth.
	BERRY . . .	of Essex.
	DEE . . .	of Suffolk.

<i>Of the House.</i> — Messrs.	HOLMES . . .	of Chelsea.
	LOUCEE . . .	of Salem.
	COOK . . .	of Boston.
	PIERCE . . .	of Rehoboth.
	HATHAWAY . .	of Brockton.
	NICKERSON . .	of Harwich.
	MCCARTHY . .	of Boston.
	MURPHY . .	of Boston.

## ON INSURANCE.

<i>Of the Senate.</i> — Messrs.	STEVENS . . .	of Worcester.
	SHAW . . .	of Essex.
	BURNHAM . .	of Suffolk.
<i>Of the House.</i> — Messrs.	CHESTER . . .	of Newton.
	BROWN . . .	of Boston.
	MORIARTY . .	of Worcester.
	BLODGETT . .	of Leominster.
	ELLIS . . .	of Springfield.
	HAYES, R. J. .	of Boston.
	KELLEY . . .	of Boston.
	SULLIVAN, J. J.	of Fall River.

## ON LABOR.

<i>Of the Senate.</i> — Messrs.	HOWARD . . .	of Bristol.
	GREEN	of Worcester and Hampshire.
	BURNHAM . .	of Suffolk.
<i>Of the House.</i> — Messrs.	ROSS . . .	of New Bedford.
	SMITH . . .	of Andover.
	BROWN . . .	of Fall River.
	FULLER . . .	of Ludlow.
	WARNER . . .	of Hardwick.
	MORIN . . .	of Adams.
	FAVREAU . . .	of Marlborough.
	MEAGHER . .	of Woburn.

## ON THE LIQUOR LAW.

<i>Of the Senate.</i> — Messrs.	MONK . . .	of Plymouth.
	DAME . . .	of Essex.
	FITZGERALD .	of Suffolk.
<i>Of the House.</i> — Messrs.	PERKINS . . .	of Boston.
	HALLEY . . .	of Lawrence.
	BUCK . . .	of Chelsea.
	HAYES . . .	of Lowell.
	BROWN . . .	of Fall River.
	THOMPSON . .	of Halifax.
	DONOGHUE .	of Holyoke.
	WHITCOMB .	of Holbrook.

## ON MANUFACTURES.

<i>Of the Senate.</i> — Messrs.	BAKER . . .	of Essex.
	HOWARD . . .	of Bristol.
	BROWN . . .	of Middlesex.
<i>Of the House.</i> — Messrs.	ACKLEY . . .	of Fitchburg.
	O'NEIL . . .	of Chicopee.
	HALL . . .	of Woburn.
	KOHLRAUSCH .	of Billerica.
	WHITNEY . .	of Royalston.
	MCLoughlin .	of Milford.
	GAGE . . .	of Monson.
	HAMMOND .	of Quincy.

## ON MERCANTILE AFFAIRS.

<i>Of the Senate.</i> — Messrs.	RATSHESKY .	of Suffolk.
	CARTER . . .	of Essex.
	MERRILL . . .	of Norfolk.
<i>Of the House.</i> — Messrs.	BREWER . . .	of Springfield.
	MORIARTY . .	of Worcester.
	COAKLEY . .	of Cambridge.
	RICHARDSON .	of Boston.
	BRYANT . . .	of Boston.

*Of the House.* — Messrs. DARLING . . . of Hyde Park.  
LEIGHTON . . . of Pepperell.  
LINCOLN . . . of Cohasset.

## ON MILITARY AFFAIRS.

*Of the Senate.* — Messrs. SHAW . . . of Middlesex.  
DEE . . . of Suffolk.  
BARTLETT . . . of Franklin.  
*Of the House.* — Messrs. JEWETT . . . of North Adams.  
BRIGHAM . . . of Hudson.  
JACKSON . . . of Swampscott.  
LOVETT . . . of Boston.  
LIVERMORE . . . of Wellesley.  
RICHARDSON . . . of Haverhill.  
MOORE . . . of Walpole.  
CROSBY, J. P. . . of Worcester.

## ON PARISHES AND RELIGIOUS SOCIETIES.

*Of the Senate.* — Messrs. KIMBALL of Berkshire and Hampshire.  
HORTON . . . of Bristol.  
PARKMAN . . . of Suffolk.  
*Of the House.* — Messrs. AUSTIN . . . of Oakham.  
CHESTER . . . of Newton.  
ANDERSON . . . of Cambridge.  
LEONARD . . . of Waltham.  
DODGE . . . of Natick.  
TAYLOR . . . of Middlefield.  
MERRIANI . . . of Lexington.  
BARNES . . . of Peru.

## ON PRINTING.

*Of the Senate.* — Messrs. GREEN of Worcester and Hampshire.  
CARTER . . . of Essex.  
BUTLER . . . of Bristol.

<i>Of the House.</i> — Messrs.	HOYT . . .	of Haverhill.
	PORTER . . .	of N. Attleborough.
	LOUGEE . . .	of Salem.
	GOLDING . . .	of Boston.
	HALLEY . . .	of Lawrence.
	WARRINER . . .	of Springfield.
	DOUGLAS . . .	of Acushnet.
	TOLAND . . .	of Boston.

## ON PRISONS.

<i>Of the Senate.</i> — Messrs.	BERRY . . .	of Essex.
	NICHOLS . . .	of Worcester.
	COUGHLIN . . .	of Middlesex.
<i>Of the House.</i> — Messrs.	POTTER . . .	of Salem.
	RICHMOND . . .	of Abington.
	DACEY . . .	of Boston.
	SULLIVAN, M. F.	of Fall River.
	TOMPKINS . . .	of New Bedford.
	TOOMEY . . .	of Boston.
	FARLEY . . .	of Orange.
	ELDER . . .	of Whately.

## ON PUBLIC CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

<i>Of the Senate.</i> — Messrs.	SAWYER . . .	of Essex.
	HOWARD . . .	of Bristol.
	CUSHMAN . . .	of Hampden.
<i>Of the House.</i> — Messrs.	PARKHURST . . .	of Clinton.
	GLEASON . . .	of Gardner.
	BECKFORD . . .	of Lynn.
	DELANEY . . .	of Fall River.
	TUTTLE . . .	of Boston.
	CURTIS . . .	of Revere.
	WOOD . . .	of Easthampton.
	WADDEN . . .	of Marblehead.

## ON PUBLIC HEALTH.

<i>Of the Senate.</i> — Messrs.	NICHOLS . . .	of Worcester.
	SHAW . . .	of Middlesex.
	GREEN	of Worcester and Hampshire.
<i>Of the House.</i> — Messrs.	HUTCHINS . . .	of Acton.
	CRANE . . .	of Somerville.
	FLETCHER . . .	of Middleton.
	GLEASON . . .	of Clarksburg.
	COOK . . .	of Boston.
	MAHONEY . . .	of Boston.
	O'BRIEN . . .	of Boston.
	MCINERNEY . . .	of Boston.

## ON PUBLIC SERVICE.

<i>Of the Senate.</i> — Messrs.	BUCKLEY . . .	of Hampden.
	SAWYER . . .	of Essex.
	KENRICK . . .	of the Cape.
<i>Of the House.</i> — Messrs.	MILLER . . .	of Wakefield.
	MELAVEN . . .	of Worcester.
	HARRIS . . .	of Boston.
	CROOKS*	of Hopkinton.
	ELLIS . . .	of Springfield.
	FLETCHER . . .	of Middleton.
	SHAW . . .	of Boston.
	HAIGH . . .	of Lawrence.

## ON RAILROADS.

<i>Of the Senate.</i> — Messrs.	RAY . . . . .	of Norfolk.
	KIMBALL	of Berkshire and Hampshire.
	DAME . . . .	of Essex.
	MILTON . . . .	of Middlesex.
<i>Of the House.</i> — Messrs.	MEYER . . . .	of Boston.
	BLISS . . . .	of Boston.
	MELLEN . . . .	of Worcester.
	ROCKWELL . . . .	of Fitchburg.

\* Died February 7.

<i>Of the House.</i> — Messrs.	ROSNOSKY . . .	of Boston.
	BARTLETT . . .	of Lynn.
	RUGG . . .	of New Bedford.
	ATWOOD . . .	of Plymouth.
	ASHLEY . . .	of Westfield.
	FOSS . . .	of Lowell.
	MARTIN . . .	of Southbridge.

## ON ROADS AND BRIDGES.

<i>Of the Senate.</i> — Messrs.	HORTON . . .	of Bristol.
	CUSHMAN . . .	of Hampden.
	MILTON . . .	of Middlesex.
<i>Of the House.</i> — Messrs.	HARTSHORN . . .	of Norwood.
	CRANE . . .	of Taunton.
	BARTLETT . . .	of Haverhill.
	FRIEND . . .	of Gloucester.
	CRESSY . . .	of Boston.
	HAYWARD . . .	of Easton.
	DERBYSHIRE . . .	of Lawrence.
	BUCK . . .	of Holyoke.

## ON STATE HOUSE.

<i>Of the Senate.</i> — Messrs.	KENNEDY . . .	of Suffolk.
	HICKOX . . .	of Berkshire.
	BERRY . . .	of Essex.
<i>Of the House.</i> — Messrs.	CROWELL . . .	of Yarmouth.
	NUTTING . . .	of Northampton.
	BACON . . .	of Spencer.
	SULLIVAN, B. J.	of Boston.
	LYNCH . . .	of Cambridge.
	SMITH * . . .	of Chilmark.
	LOVETT . . .	of Boston.
	HUTCHINS . . .	of Acton.

\* Died February 6.

**ON STREET RAILWAYS.**

<i>Of the Senate.</i> — Messrs.	SHAW . . .	of Essex.
	KENNEDY . . .	of Suffolk.
	ARNOLD . . .	of Plymouth.
<i>Of the House.</i> — Messrs.	DENNIS . . .	of Salem.
	WOOD . . .	of Boston.
	JENNINGS * . .	of Worcester.
	SMALLEY . . .	of Nantucket.
	ANDERSON . . .	of Cambridge.
	GOLDING . . .	of Boston.
	HOAR . . .	of Boston.
	SPRAGUE . . .	of Stoneham.

**ON TAXATION.**

<i>Of the Senate.</i> — Messrs.	CUSHMAN . . .	of Hampden.
	BROWN . . .	of Middlesex.
	COUGHLIN . . .	of Middlesex.
<i>Of the House.</i> — Messrs.	COMINS . . .	of Worcester.
	MELLEN . . .	of Worcester.
	O'NEIL . . .	of Chicopee.
	RAYMOND . . .	of Westminster.
	MORSE . . .	of Boxford.
	MORRILL . . .	of Waltham.
	SCHUTT . . .	of Mt. Washington.
	MC LAUGHLIN . . .	of Boston.

**ON TOWNS.**

<i>Of the Senate.</i> — Messrs.	BROWN . . .	of Middlesex.
	DEE . . .	of Suffolk.
	MERRILL . . .	of Norfolk.
<i>Of the House.</i> — Messrs.	GRAY . . .	of Rockland.
	QUINN . . .	of Sharon.
	EASLAND . . .	of Great Barrington.
	DOUGLAS . . .	of Acushnet.
	HARDING . . .	of Medway.

\* Died February 8.

*Of the House.* — Messrs. FLEMING . . . of Wendell.  
 DODGE . . . of Rowley.  
 DONAHUE . . . of Haverhill.

#### ON WATER SUPPLY.

*Of the Senate.* — Messrs. READ . . . of Middlesex.  
 NICHOLS . . . of Worcester.  
 KENNEDY . . . of Suffolk.  
*Of the House.* — Messrs. CUTLER . . . of Framingham.  
 MARTIN . . . of Medford.  
 TUCKER . . . of Gloucester.  
 STURDY . . . of Attleborough.  
 BULLARD . . . of Holliston.  
 VOLK . . . of Ware.  
 LYNCH . . . of Cambridge.  
 McMORROW . . . of Boston.

#### ON WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

*Of the Senate.* — Messrs. ARNOLD . . . of Plymouth.  
 CARTER . . . of Essex.  
 BAKER . . . of Suffolk.  
*Of the House.* — Messrs. LEONARD . . . of Waltham.  
 PARKHURST . . . of Clinton.  
 READ . . . of Pittsfield.  
 SHUTE . . . of Malden.  
 ROSNOSKY . . . of Boston.  
 COAKLEY . . . of Cambridge.  
 TUTTLE . . . of Boston.  
 MOORE . . . of Walpole.

#### JOINT SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC RESERVATIONS.

*Of the Senate.* — Messrs. KENRICK . . . of the Cape.  
 RAY . . . . of Norfolk.  
 COUGHLIN . . . of Middlesex.

<i>Of the House.</i> — Messrs.	BENNETT . . .	of Everett.
	WAKEFIELD . . .	of Amherst.
	O'NEIL . . .	of Chicopee.
	ADAMS . . .	of Springfield.
	CARPENTER . . .	of Somerville.
	GLEASON . . .	of Clarksburg.
	SHERMAN . . .	of Plympton.
	FARLEY . . .	of Lowell.

## JOINT SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON RAPID TRANSIT.

<i>Of the Senate.</i> — Messrs.	KITTREDGE . . .	of Suffolk.
	BAKER . . .	of Essex.
	LEARY . . .	of Suffolk.
	HORTON . . .	of Bristol.
<i>Of the House.</i> — Messrs.	BENNETT . . .	of Everett.
	BLISS . . .	of Boston.
	CHARLES . . .	of Boston.
	NUTTING . . .	of Northampton.
	GRAHAM . . .	of Quincy.
	GARFIELD . . .	of Brockton.
	DODGE . . .	of Natick.
	VARNUM . . .	of Lowell.
	MCCARTHY . . .	of Boston.
	NEWHALL . . .	of Lynn.
	QUINN, J., Jr.	of Boston.

List of Members of the Senate with Committees of  
which each is a Member.

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NAMES.	COMMITTEES.
Arnold, Francis P. . .	Harbors and Public Lands ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Street Railways, Woman Suffrage ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Baker, Charles H. . .	Drainage, Manufactures ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Rapid Transit.
Baker, Herbert L. . .	Judiciary, Bills in the Third Reading ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Woman Suffrage.
Bartlett, Joseph F. . .	Agriculture, Banks and Banking ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Military Affairs.
Berry, Francis T. . .	Harbors and Public Lands, Prisons ( <i>Ch.</i> ), State House.
Brown, Charles F. . .	Manufactures, Taxation, Towns ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Buckley, William P. . .	Cities, Federal Relations, Public Service ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Burnham, Albert S. . .	Drainage ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Insurance, Labor.
Butler, William M. . .	Judiciary ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Probate and Insolvency, Bills in the Third Reading, Printing.
Carter, Richard A. . .	Mercantile Affairs, Printing, Woman Suffrage.
Coughlin, Maurice F. . .	Prisons, Taxation, Public Reservations.
Cushman, Solomon F. . .	Public Charitable Institutions, Roads and Bridges, Taxation ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Dame, Luther . . .	Fisheries and Game ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Liquor Law, Railroads.
Dee, John H. . . .	Harbors and Public Lands, Military Affairs, Towns.
Fitzgerald, John F. . .	Engrossed Bills ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Election Laws, Liquor Law.
Green, George H. B. . .	Labor, Printing ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Public Health.
Hickox, Stephen A. . .	Agriculture ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Fisheries and Game, State House.
Horton, Everett S. . .	Parishes and Religious Societies, Roads and Bridges ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Rapid Transit.
Howard, Robert . . .	Labor ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Manufactures, Public Charitable Institutions.
Kennedy, Patrick J. . .	State House ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Street Railways, Water Supply.
Kenrick, John, Jr. . . .	Federal Relations, Public Service, Public Reserva- tions ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Kimball, Henry A. . . .	Banks and Banking, Parishes and Religious Socie- ties ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Railroads.

NAMES.	COMMITTEES.
Kittredge, Francis W. . .	Judiciary, Constitutional Amendments, Rapid Transit ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Lawrence, William B. . .	Judiciary, Treasury ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Rules, Expenditures ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Lawton, Frederick . . .	Judiciary, Probate and Insolvency, Election Laws ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Leary, Edward J. . . .	Constitutional Amendments, Education, Rapid Transit.
Merrill, John F. . . .	Constitutional Amendments ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Mercantile Affairs, Towns.
Milton, Henry S. . . .	Probate and Insolvency ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Railroads, Roads and Bridges.
Monk, Hiram A. . . .	Agriculture, Drainage, Liquor Law ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Nichols, George K. . .	Prisons, Public Health ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Water Supply.
Parkman, Henry . . . .	Rules, Cities ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Election Laws, Parishes and Religious Societies.
Pinkerton, Alfred S. .	<i>President.</i>
Ratshesky, Abraham C.	Bills in the Third Reading, Cities, Mercantile Affairs ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Ray, William F. . . .	Rules, Railroads ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Public Reservations.
Read, John . . . .	Education, Federal Relations ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Water Supply ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Salisbury, Stephen . . .	Treasury, Engrossed Bills, Education ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Expenditures.
Sawyer, Samuel L. . . .	Engrossed Bills, Public Charitable Institutions ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Public Service.
Shaw, Edward P. . . .	Banks and Banking, Fisheries and Game, Insurance, Street Railways ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Shaw, Elisha H. . . .	Military Affairs ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Public Health.
Stevens, Eben S. . . .	Treasury, Rules, Expenditures, Insurance ( <i>Ch.</i> ).

**List of Members of the House of Representatives with  
Committees of which each is a Member.**

**A**

NAMES.	COMMITTEES.
Abbott, John E. . . .	County Estimates, Constitutional Amendments.
Ackley, Edward W. . . .	Manufactures ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Adams, John W. . . .	Public Reservations.

560      *List of Members with Committees.*

NAMES.	COMMITTEES.
Alden, John C. . . . .	Banks and Banking.
Allen, James E. . . . .	County Estimates ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Fisheries and Game.
Anderson, Stephen . . .	Parishes and Religious Societies, Street Railways.
Ashley, Henry W. . . . .	Railroads.
Atwood, Edward B. . . . .	Railroads.
Austin, Henry P. . . . .	Parishes and Religious Societies ( <i>Ch.</i> ).

**B**

Bacon, John E. ~ . . .	Agriculture, State House.
Barnes, James S. . . . .	Agriculture, Parishes and Religious Societies.
Barrett, William E. . . .	<i>Speaker.</i>
Bartlett, Lewis H. . . . .	Railroads.
Bartlett, Nathaniel C. . .	Election Laws, Roads and Bridges.
Batcheller, Henry C. . . .	Agriculture.
Bayrd, Herbert C. . . . .	County Estimates, Election Laws.
Beckford, Amos . . . . .	Public Charitable Institutions.
Bennett, Frank P. . . . .	Rules, Public Reservations ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Rapid Transit ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Bessom, Eugene A. . . . .	Banks and Banking, Federal Relations.
Bliss, Frederic W. . . . .	Railroads, Rapid Transit.
Blodgett, Edward F. . . .	Insurance.
Brainard, Benjamin C. . .	Election Laws.
Brewer, Edward S. . . . .	Mercantile Affairs ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Brigham, William H. . . .	Banks and Banking ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Military Affairs.
Brogan, Patrick F. . . . .	Election Laws.
Brooks, Thomas A. . . . .	Drainage.
Brown, Benjamin F. . . . .	Pay Roll, Insurance.
Brown, John . . . . .	Labor, Liquor Law.
Brown, Robert C. . . . .	Judiciary.
Bryant, Charles H. . . . .	Mercantile Affairs.
Buck, Frank L. . . . .	Roads and Bridges.
Buck, George H. . . . .	Probate and Insolvency, Liquor Law.
Bullard, Henry E. . . . .	Water Supply.
Burnham, Lewis . . . . .	Election Laws ( <i>Ch.</i> ).

**C**

Carpenter, Allen F. . . . .	Public Reservations.
Carroll, Thomas . . . . .	Education.
Charles, Salem D. . . . .	Constitutional Amendments, Rapid Transit.
Chester, Dwight . . . . .	Insurance ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Parishes and Religious Societies.

NAMES.	COMMITTEES.
Clark, John A. . . . .	Fisheries and Game.
Coakley, Daniel H. . . . .	Mercantile Affairs, Woman Suffrage.
Collamore, Henry H. . . . .	Federal Relations.
Comins, Edward I. . . . .	Taxation ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Connolly, Francis . . . . .	Fisheries and Game.
Cook, Marcus C. . . . .	Harbors and Public Lands, Public Health.
Crane, Charles H. . . . .	Public Health.
Crane, George A. . . . .	Roads and Bridges.
Cressy, Myron D. . . . .	Roads and Bridges.
Crooks, Samuel * . . . . .	Elections, Public Service.
Crosby, James P. . . . .	Military Affairs.
Cowell, Elkanah . . . . .	State House ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Crowley, Jeremiah J. . . . .	Finance, Elections, Expenditures.
Curtis, Arthur B. . . . .	Public Charitable Institutions.
Cutler, George E. . . . .	Water Supply ( <i>Ch.</i> ).

**D**

Dacey, Charles M. . . . .	Prisons.
Darling, Francis W. . . . .	Mercantile Affairs.
Delaney, Patrick . . . . .	Public Charitable Institutions.
Dennis, William D. . . . .	Street Railways ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Derbyshire, James H. . . . .	Roads and Bridges.
Dexter, John G. . . . .	Fisheries and Game.
Dodge, Edgar S. . . . .	Parishes and Religious Societies, Rapid Transit.
Dodge, Phineas A. . . . .	Towns.
Dolan, William J. . . . .	Probate and Insolvency, Bills in the Third Reading.
Dole, Eben S. . . . .	Cities.
Donahue, Edward J. . . . .	Towns.
Donoghue, Roger P. . . . .	County Estimates, Liquor Law.
Donovan, William J. . . . .	Cities.
Douglas, Moses S. . . . .	Printing, Towns.
Doyle, James H. . . . .	Leave of Absence, Drainage.

**E**

Easland, John N. . . . .	Towns.
Eddy, George M. . . . .	Banks and Banking.
Elder, George A. . . . .	Prisons.
Ellis, Chesselden L. . . . .	Finance, Expenditures.
Ellis, Ralph W. . . . .	Insurance, Public Service.
Estabrooks, Edward J.H. . . . .	Drainage ( <i>Ch.</i> ).

\* Died February 7.

**F**

NAMES.	COMMITTEES.
Farley, Joseph B. . . . .	County Estimates, Prisons.
Farley, Philip J. . . . .	Probate and Insolvency, Public Reservations.
Favreau, Charles . . . . .	Labor.
Fleming, George A. . . . .	Towns.
Fletcher, Samuel A. . . . .	Public Health, Public Service.
Forbush, Silas A. . . . .	Education.
Foss, Ether S. . . . .	Railroads.
French, Charles W. . . . .	Judiciary, Rules.
Friend, George H. . . . .	Roads and Bridges.
Fuller, Edward E. . . . .	Labor.
Fuller, Granville A. . . . .	Finance, Expenditures.

**G**

Gage, Alvin A. . . . .	Manufactures.
Galloupe, George A. . . . .	Election Laws, Federal Relations ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Garfield, George H. . . . .	Rapid Transit.
Gilbride, Michael B. . . . .	Engrossed Bills, Education.
Gleason, Edward W. . . . .	Public Health, Public Reservations.
Gleason, James F. . . . .	Fisheries and Game.
Gleason, Samuel S. . . . .	Public Charitable Institutions.
Golding, John . . . . .	Printing, Street Railways.
Graham, John R. . . . .	Rapid Transit.
Granger, William H. . . . .	Agriculture.
Gray, Joshua S. . . . .	Towns ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Greenwood, Moses P. . . . .	Finance, Expenditures.

**H**

Haigh, John, . . . . .	Public Service.
Hall, Henry C. . . . .	Manufactures.
Halley, Dennis E. . . . .	Liquor Law, Printing.
Hammond, Charles L. . . . .	Manufactures.
Harding, Clarke P. . . . .	Towns.
Harris, Charles E. . . . .	County Estimates, Public Service.
Hartshorn, James A. . . . .	Roads and Bridges ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Hathaway, Fredric W. . . . .	Harbors and Public Lands.
Hayes, James E. . . . .	Judiciary.
Hayes, Richard J. . . . .	Insurance.
Hayes, William H. I. . . . .	Elections, Liquor Law.
Hayward, Edward B. . . . .	Roads and Bridges.
Hayward, William E. . . . .	Banks and Banking.
Higgins, George C. . . . .	Probate and Insolvency, Rules.

NAMES.	COMMITTEES.
Hoar, John J. . . . .	Street Railways.
Holmes, Charles H. . . . .	Harbors and Public Lands ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Hoyt, Warren . . . . .	Finance, Expenditures, Printing ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Hunt, Lucius . . . . .	Agriculture.
Hutchins, Isaiah . . . . .	Public Health ( <i>Ch.</i> ), State House.

**J**

Jackson, Charles T. . . . .	Military Affairs.
Jennings, Henry J. * . . . .	Street Railways.
Jewett, Gilbert L. . . . .	Military Affairs ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Joy, Fred . . . . .	Judiciary.

**K**

Kelley, Joseph J. . . . .	Insurance.
Kinnaly, Daniel J. . . . .	Federal Relations.
Kneil, Arthur S. . . . .	Judiciary, Rules, Constitutional Amendments.
Kohlrausch, Chas. H., Jr.	Pay Roll ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Manufactures.

**L**

Leach, James C. . . . .	Banks and Banking.
Leighton, Frank . . . . .	Mercantile Affairs.
Leonard, Mahlon R. . . . .	Parishes and Religious Societies, Woman Suffrage ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Lincoln, Joseph B. . . . .	Mercantile Affairs.
Livermore, Oliver C. . . . .	Military Affairs.
Lougee, Joseph L. . . . .	Harbors and Public Lands, Printing.
Lovett, George E. . . . .	Military Affairs, State House.
Low, Emery M. . . . .	Federal Relations, Fisheries and Game.
Lowe, William W. . . . .	Banks and Banking.
Lyford, Edwin F. . . . .	Probate and Insolvency ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Constitutional Amendments.
Lynch, Albert E. . . . .	State House, Water Supply.

**M**

Mahoney, John J. . . . .	Public Health.
Malone, Dana . . . . .	Judiciary.
Martin, Albert W. . . . .	Railroads.
Martin, William P. . . . .	Bills in the Third Reading, Water Supply.
McCarthy, Jeremiah J. . . . .	Harbors and Public Lands, Rapid Transit.

\* Died February 9.

564      *List of Members with Committees.*

NAMES.

COMMITTEES.

McEvoy, John W. . . .	Cities, Constitutional Amendments.
McInerney, William H. .	Public Health.
McLaughlin, Hugh . . .	Taxation.
McLoughlin, John T. . .	Manufactures.
McMorrow, William H. .	Water Supply.
Meagher, Michael J. . .	Labor.
Melaven, James F. . . .	Drainage, Public Service.
Mellen, James H. . . .	Rules, Railroads, Taxation.
Merriam, Matthew H. .	Drainage, Parishes and Religious Societies.
Merrill, Oliver B. . . .	Education.
Meyer, George v. L. . .	Railroads ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Miller, Edwin C. . . .	Public Service ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Moore, William . . . .	Military Affairs, Woman Suffrage.
Moriarty, Eugene M. .	Insurance, Mercantile Affairs.
Morin, John M. . . .	Labor.
Morrill, Charles O. . .	Taxation.
Morse, Gardner S. . .	Taxation.
Murphy, Daniel . . . .	Banks and Banking.
Murphy, James Stuart .	Judiciary.
Murphy, John L. . . .	Harbors and Public Lands.
Myers, James J. . . .	Probate and Insolvency, Elections, Rules.

N

Newhall, John B. . . .	Leave of Absence ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Rapid Transit.
Nickerson, Augustus M..	Harbors and Public Lands.
Nutting, Arthur F. . . .	State House, Rapid Transit.
Nye, Charles H. . . .	Finance, Expenditures.

O

O'Brien, Michael J. . . .	Public Health.
O'Neil, Eugene J. . . .	Manufactures, Taxation, Public Reservations.

P

Parker, Bowdoin S. . . .	Judiciary ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Parkhurst, Wellington E.	Public Charitable Institutions ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Woman Suffrage.
Parry, John E. . . .	Drainage.
Perkins, Augustus G. . .	Liquor Law ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Pierce, Esek H. . . .	Harbors and Public Lands.
Porter, Burrill, Jr. . . .	Constitutional Amendments, Printing.
Potter, Charles . . . .	Drainage.

NAMES.	COMMITTEES.
Potter, Samuel A. . . . .	Prisons ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Prevaux, John J. . . . .	Constitutional Amendments ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Fisheries and Game.
Proctor, George O. . . . .	Cities.

**Q**

Quinn, John, Jr. . . . .	Rapid Transit.
Quinn, Thomas A. . . . .	Federal Relations.
Quinn, Timothy F. . . . .	Towns,

**R**

Raymond, Hobart . . . . .	Taxation.
Read, Franklin F. . . . .	Election Laws, Woman Suffrage.
Rice, Abner . . . . .	Education.
Rich, Thomas W. . . . .	Education.
Richardson, Clarence E. . .	Drainage.
Richardson, John S. . . . .	Mercantile Affairs.
Richardson, Robert A. . .	Military Affairs.
Richmond, Jeremiah T. . .	Prisons.
Ricker, George E. . . . .	Federal Relations.
Rideout, Malcolm E. . . . .	Finance ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Expenditures.
Rivers, George R. R. . . .	Rules, Election Laws.
Robbins, Royal . . . . .	Cities.
Rockwell, Henry F. . . . .	Railroads.
Roe, Alfred S. . . . .	Education ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Rosnosky, Isaac . . . . .	Railroads, Woman Suffrage.
Ross, Samuel . . . . .	Labor ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Rugg, Charles P. . . . .	Railroads.
Russell, Thomas . . . . .	Probate and Insolvency, Elections ( <i>Ch.</i> ).

**S**

Schutt, Frank B. . . . .	Taxation.
Shaw, Enoch J. . . . .	Public Service.
Sheldon, George P. . . . .	Finance, Expenditures.
Sherman, John . . . . .	Public Reservations.
Sherwin, William U. . . . .	Federal Relations.
Shute, Charles F. . . . .	Finance, Expenditures, Woman Suffrage.
Smalley, Anthony . . . . .	Street Railways.
Smith, Asa* . . . . .	County Estimates, State House.

\* Died February 6.

## NAMES.

## COMMITTEES.

Smith, James B. . . .	Labor.
Smith, Sylvanus . . . .	Fisheries and Game ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Sprague, William H. . . .	Street Railways.
Sturdy, Albert W. . . .	Water Supply.
Sullivan, Benjamin J. . . .	Education, State House.
Sullivan, James J. . . .	Insurance.
Sullivan, Michael F. . . .	Prisons.
Sullivan, Richard . . . .	Probate and Insolvency, Constitutional Amendments.

## T

Taylor, Hiram . . . .	Engrossed Bills, Parishes and Religious Societies.
Thompson, Eben F. . . .	Rules, Bills in the Third Reading ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Thompson, Jabez P. . . .	Liquor Law.
Tilden, James A. . . .	Cities.
Toland, Cornelius H. . . .	Printing.
Tompkins, Isaac B. . . .	Prisons.
Toomey, Daniel P. . . .	Prisons.
Townsend, William M. . . .	Cities.
Tucker, Jacob . . . .	Water Supply.
Tuttle, John E. . . .	Public Charitable Institutions, Woman Suffrage.

## V

Varnum, Charles F. . . .	Rapid Transit.
Volk, Frederick A. . . .	Water Supply.

## W

Wadden, Frank L. . . .	Public Charitable Institutions.
Wakefield, Charles E. . . .	Elections, Public Reservations.
Walker, Lyman S. . . .	Agriculture.
Warner, William A. . . .	Leave of Absence, Labor.
Warriner, Stephen C. . . .	Engrossed Bills ( <i>Ch.</i> ), Printing.
Wellman, Arthur H. . . .	Cities ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Whitcomb, Frederick W. . . .	Elections, Liquor Law.
White, William H. . . .	Probate and Insolvency, Pay Roll.
Whitney, George . . . .	Manufactures.
Wood, Eugene W. . . .	Public Charitable Institutions.
Wood, Frank C. . . .	Street Railways.
Woodbury, Joseph L. . . .	Agriculture.
Woodward, Amos P. . . .	Agriculture ( <i>Ch.</i> ).
Worthen, Albert P. . . .	Judiciary.

## REPORTERS.

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### IN THE SENATE.

FRANK H. FORBES,	.	.	.	.	<i>New Bedford Journal.</i>
A. M. BRIDGMAN,	.	.	.	.	{ <i>Worcester Telegram.</i> <i>Boston City Press Asso.</i>
EDWARD E. EDWARDS,	.	.	.	.	<i>Boston Transcript.</i>
CHARLES H. GLIDDEN,	.	.	.	.	<i>Boston Journal.</i>
J. B. SMITH,	.	.	.	.	<i>Boston Herald.</i>
MICHAEL E. HENNESSY,	.	.	.	.	<i>Boston Globe.</i>
F. T. FULLER,	.	.	.	.	<i>Boston Traveller.</i>
CHARLES F. GETTEMY,	.	.	.	.	{ <i>Boston Advertiser.</i> <i>Boston Record.</i>
CHARLES S. DREW,	.	.	.	.	<i>Boston Post.</i>
HENRY R. LLOYD,	.	.	.	.	<i>Springfield Union.</i>

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### IN THE HOUSE.

EDWARD E. EDWARDS,	.	.	.	<i>Boston Transcript.</i>
CHARLES H. GLIDDEN,	.	.	.	<i>Boston Journal.</i>
EDGAR PERRY,	.	.	.	<i>Boston Herald.</i>
FREDERICK T. FULLER,	.	.	.	<i>Boston Traveller.</i>
CHARLES S. DREW,	.	.	.	<i>Boston Post.</i>
MICHAEL E. HENNESSY,	.	.	.	<i>Boston Globe.</i>
CHARLES F. GETTEMY,	.	.	.	{ <i>Boston Advertiser.</i> <i>Boston Record.</i>
R. L. BRIDGMAN,	.	.	.	{ <i>Springfield Republican.</i> <i>Worcester Gazette.</i>
H. DONALD KENNEDY,	.	.	.	<i>Boston City Press Asso.</i>

STATE LIBRARY OF MASSACHUSETTS.

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The members of the Legislature are cordially invited to avail themselves of the privilege of the State Library. It contains about 60,000 volumes, and is strictly a reference library. The Librarian and assistants will be at the service of those in search of information, and should be freely consulted.

The fourteenth section of chapter five of the Public Statutes provides that the State Library shall be for the use of—

1. The Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, the Council, the Senate, the House of Representatives.
2. Such other officers of Government and other persons as may from time to time be permitted to use it.

REGULATIONS.

1. The Library is open every day in the year, except Sundays and Legal Holidays, from 9 A.M. to 5 P.M., except Saturdays, when it is closed at 2 P.M.
2. Visitors are requested to use the books at the tables,—not in the alcoves,—and to avoid conversation.
3. The Statutes, Law Reports, and some other reference books may be taken to any room in the State House for temporary use, but are not to be removed from the building.
4. Any book taken from the Library-room must be received for by the person taking it, who will be held responsible for its safe return.

TRUSTEES.

Arthur Lincoln, Hingham; Edward Everett Hale, Boston;  
Stephen O'Meara, Boston.

LIBRARIAN.

John W. Dickinson, *Ex officio*; C. B. Tillinghast, *Acting*.

ASSISTANTS.

Miss Ellen M. Sawyer, *Principal*; Miss Maria C. Smith,  
Miss Alice L. Munroe.

AGRICULTURAL LIBRARY.

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A valuable Agricultural Library, connected with the office of the Secretary of the Board of Agriculture, is also open at all hours of the day for the use of the members of the Legislature.

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BOSTON ATHENÆUM.

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By the Act of the General Court incorporating the Proprietors of the Boston Athenæum, it is provided that the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, the members of the Council, of the Senate, and of the House of Representatives, for the time being, shall have free access to the Library of the said corporation, and may visit and consult the same at all times, under the same regulations as may be provided by the by-laws of said corporation for the proprietors thereof.

The Boston Athenæum is situated in Beacon Street, near the State House; and members who may wish to avail themselves of their privilege can receive a note of introduction to the Librarian by applying to the Sergeant-at-Arms.

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MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

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Section 6 of the Act of Feb. 19, 1794, incorporating the Massachusetts Historical Society, provides that "either branch of the Legislature shall and may have free access to the library and museum of said society."

## THE STATE HOUSE.

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The present State House was erected in 1795-7, upon land purchased of the heirs of John Hancock, by the town of Boston, for the sum of £4,000, and conveyed by said town to the Commonwealth, May 2, 1795. The Commissioners on the part of the town to convey the "Governor's Pasture," as it was styled, to the Commonwealth, were William Tudor, Charles Jarvis, John Coffin Jones, William Eustis, William Little, Thomas Dawes, Joseph Russell, Harrison Gray Otis and Perez Morton. The agents for erecting the State House were named in the deed as follows: Thomas Dawes, Edward Hutchinson Robbins and Charles Bulfinch.

The corner-stone was laid July 4, 1795, by Governor Samuel Adams, assisted by Paul Revere, Master of the Grand Lodge of Masons. The stone was drawn to the spot by fifteen white horses, representing the number of States of the Union at that time. The building is 173 feet front; the height, including dome, is 110 feet; and the foundation is about that height above the waters of the bay. The dome is 53 feet in diameter and 35 feet high. The original cost of the building was estimated at \$133,333.33.

Extensive improvements, including a "new part" extending backward upon Mount Vernon Street, were made, chiefly under the direction of a commission, in the years 1853, 1854, 1855 and 1856.

Under a resolve of 1866 a commission was appointed to inquire and report concerning the whole subject of remodelling or rebuilding the State House. They reported three propositions without deciding in favor of either. The first was a plan of remodelling at an expense of \$375,430; the second, a plan of remodelling at an expense of \$759,872; and the third, a plan for a new building at an expense of \$2,042,574. The report of the commission was referred to the committee on the State House of the session of 1867, who recommended a plan of alterations at the estimated expense of \$150,000; and by Resolve No. 84 of that year the work was ordered to be executed under the supervision of a commission consisting of the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, who were authorized by the same resolve to

expend \$150,000, and, by a subsequent resolve, \$20,000 in addition. The President of the Senate died on the 29th of October, and thereafter the work was continued by the surviving commissioner. The improvements consisted of an almost entire reconstruction of the interior of the building, except the "new part" before referred to as having been added from 1853 to 1856. They were executed from the plans of the architects, Washburn & Son, and cost, including furniture, about \$250,000.

The legislature of 1868 made provision for reseating the Senate Chamber and the Hall of the House, which improvements were made under the supervision of legislative committees, in season for the accommodation of the legislature of 1869, at a cost of about \$6,600.

By Resolve chap. 68 of the year 1881, the sum of \$45,000 was authorized to be expended for improving the basement of the State House, in accordance with plans submitted by the joint standing committee on the State House. The work was begun soon after the regular session of 1881, and was carried on under the supervision of the commissioners on the State House, consisting of Oreb F. Mitchell, Sergeant-at-Arms, Hon. Daniel A. Gleason, Treasurer and Receiver-General, and Hon. Henry B. Peirce, Secretary of State, assisted by John W. Leighton and Asa H. Caton, both of Boston, and appointed, under the resolve referred to, by the Governor and Council. Under the plans the floor of the basement was brought down to a common level, and numerous additional office rooms and needed accommodations were obtained.

Under authority of chapter 70 of the Resolves of 1885, passenger elevators were erected in the east and west wings of the State House.

In accordance with the provisions of chapter 349 of the Acts of the year 1888, the Governor and Council, "for the purpose of providing suitable and adequate accommodations for the legislative and executive departments of the State government and for the several bureaus, boards and officers of the Commonwealth, whose offices are, or may be, located in the city of Boston, and for any other necessary and convenient uses of the Commonwealth," on November 7 of the same year, took possession in the name of the Commonwealth of the parcel of land lying next north of the State House, and bounded by Derne, Temple, Mount Vernon and Hancock streets, and also of a parcel of land lying to the east of Temple Street, between Mount Vernon and Derne streets, both lots with the buildings and improvements thereon, full power being given them to settle, by agreement or arbitration, the amount of compensation to be paid any person by reason of the taking of his property. They were also authorized to discontinue the whole of Temple Street between Mount Vernon and Derne streets, and to negotiate with the city of Boston concerning the construction of new streets or ways. By chapter 92 of the Resolves of the same year the Governor and Council

were allowed a sum not exceeding \$5,000, to enable them to devise and report to the next General Court a general plan for the better accommodation of the State government.

A plan was accordingly submitted to the General Court of 1889, and \$2,500 were appropriated for the further perfection of said plan. A bill to provide for the enlargement of the State House was subsequently reported in the Legislature and became a law (chapter 394 of the Acts of 1889). Under this act, the Governor was authorized to appoint three persons, to be known as the State House Construction Commissioners, and the treasurer was instructed to issue scrip or certificates of debt, in the name of the Commonwealth, to an amount not exceeding \$2,500,000, to be designated State House Construction Loan.

Messrs. John D. Long, Wm. Endicott, Jr., and Benjamin D. Whitcomb were appointed the Commissioners. The architects selected were Messrs. Brigham and Spofford of Boston.

On the 21st day of December, 1889, the corner-stone of the new building was laid by His Excellency Governor Ames with appropriate ceremonies.

#### **The Battle-Flags.**

The colors of the several regiments and batteries of Massachusetts which had served the country during the war of the Rebellion were returned to the State House on the 22d of December, 1865. A full account of the interesting ceremonies of the occasion may be found in the Adjutant-General's Report for the year 1865. The colors were grouped around the pillars in the Doric Hall, where they remained until, by authority of Resolve No. 38 of 1866, they were placed in the niches on the north side of the hall, and in the sides of the recess occupied by the Washington statue, according to a plan of A. R. Esty, Esq., architect, in whose charge the matter was placed by the Governor and Council. The flags are 269 in number,—194 being of infantry regiments, and 75 of cavalry and artillery. The cavalry flags are placed in the north-west angle niche of the hall; the infantry flags, in the Washington statue recess; and the artillery and battery flags, in the north-eastern niche. In the statue recess the national colors are located in regular numerical order upon the lowest shelf on either side of the statue, commencing No. 1 next to cavalry flags, with the State and other colors in the background. The flags are enclosed within mammoth panes of glass, and the openings are properly guarded by fencing.

**The Statue of Washington,**

BY CHANTREY, was placed in the State House in 1828 by the Washington Monument Association, at a cost of \$15,000.

In the pavement of the area, near the statue, are *fac-similes* of certain memorial stones from the parish church at Brington, near Althorp, Northamptonshire, England. They were presented by the Right Hon. Earl Spencer to the Hon. Charles Sumner, and by him to the Commonwealth Feb. 22, 1861.

**The Statue of Webster,**

BY POWERS, was erected upon the grounds in front of the State House, in 1859, by the Webster Memorial Committee, at a cost of \$10,000.

**The Statue of Mann,**

BY MISS STEBBINS, was erected in 1865.

**The Statue of Ex-Governor Andrew,**

BY THOMAS BALL, was placed in the Doric Hall in February, 1872.

**Lincoln, Wilson and Sumner.**

Busts of President Lincoln, Vice-President Wilson and Senator Sumner occupy niches in the Doric Hall.

**Ex-Secretary Boutwell.**

A bust of Ex-Secretary of the Treasury Hon. George S. Boutwell has been placed in the Library.

**Charles Sumner.**

The portrait of Charles Sumner, by Henry Ulke, in the Library, was a gift to the Commonwealth from the late James Wormley of Washington.

**Gen. Gage.**

An original portrait of Gen. Gage, in the Library, was a gift to the late Gen. W. H. Sumner from a son of Gen. Gage, and bequeathed to the State by Gen. Sumner.

## SEAL OF THE COMMONWEALTH.



COUNCIL RECORDS, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 13TH, 1780.

• • • • • • • • •

*Ordered,* That Nathan Cushing, Esqr., be a committee to prepare a Seal for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, who reported a Device for a Seal for said Commonwealth as follows, viz.: SAPPHIRE, an Indian, dressed in his Shirt, Moggosins, belted proper, in his right hand a Bow, TOPAZ, in his left an Arrow, its point towards the Base; of the second, on the Dexter side of the Indian's head, a Star, PEARL, for one of the United States of America.

CREST. On a Wreath a Dexter Arm clothed and ruffled proper, grasping a Broad Sword, the Pummel and Hilt, TOPAZ, with this Motto: *Ense petit placidam Sub libertate quietem.* And around the Seal: *Sigillum Reipublicæ Massachusettensis.*

Advised that the said Report be Accepted as the Arms of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

An Act concerning the Great Seal of the Commonwealth.

*Be it enacted, etc., as follows:*

SECTION 1. The great seal of the Commonwealth shall be circular in form, and shall bear upon its face a representation of the arms of the Commonwealth, with an inscription round about such representation, consisting of the words "*Sigillum Reipublicæ Massachusettensis;*" but the colors of such arms shall not be an essential part of said seal, and an impression from an engraved seal according to said design, on any commission, paper or document of any kind, shall be valid to all intents and purposes, whether such colors, or the representation of such colors by the customary heraldic lines or marks, be employed or not.

SECT. 2. The arms of the Commonwealth shall consist of a shield, whereof the field or surface is blue, and thereon an Indian dressed in his shirt and moceans, holding in his right hand a bow, in his left hand an arrow, point downward, all of gold; and in the upper corner above his right arm a silver star with five points. The crest shall be a wreath of blue and gold, whereon is a right arm bent at the elbow, and clothed and rufiled, the hand grasping a broadsword, all of gold. The motto shall be "*Ense petit placidam sub libertate quietem.*"

SECT. 3. The seal of the Commonwealth, now in use in the oflce of the secretary of the Commonwealth, shall be deemed the seal authorized by this act so long as its use may be continued.

SECT. 4. This act shall take effect upon its passage. [Approved June 4, 1885.

# ♦ CALENDAR ♦ 1893 ♦

## JANUARY.

Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31	..	..	..	..
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## FEBRUARY.

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## MARCH.

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## NOVEMBER.

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## DECEMBER.

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